

# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MICHAEL F. EASLEY
GOVERNOR

LYNDO TIPPETT SECRETARY

July 18, 2003

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 6508 Falls of the Neuse Road, Suite 120 Raleigh, North Carolina 27615

Attention:

Mr. Eric C. Alsmeyer

NCDOT Coordinator

Dear Mr. Alsmeyer:

Subject:

Modification to Individual Permit; Wake County; Northern Wake Expressway; State Project No. 8.U401711; TIP Nos. R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC; Action ID No. 199920387 (Original Action ID No. 199601917) \$475.00 Debit

work order 8.2401701, WBS Element 34365.1.1

The North Carolina Department of Transportation submitted an Individual Section 404 Permit Application to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for the subject project on March 29, 1996. On October 10, 1996, the Section 404 Permit was issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Action ID No. 199601917), and on September 27, 1996, a Section 401 Water Quality Certification was issued by the N.C. Division of Water Quality (DWQ Project 960319). Section A of the Northern Wake Expressway (Interstate 540) includes R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC and will extend from Interstate 40 in Durham and Wake Counties south to NC 55 in Wake County. This project is located in the Piedmont Physiographic Province in Durham and Wake Counties in the Neuse River Basin Hydrological Cataloguing Unit 03020201 and in the Cape Fear River Basin Hydrological Cataloguing Unit 03030002. Work is scheduled to commence on Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC of the Northern Wake Expressway in October 2003.

In compliance with Special Condition "m", we hereby request that the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 Permit and the N.C. Division of Water Quality Section 401 Water Quality Certification be modified to reflect an increase of impacts to wetlands and surface waters from that described in our application dated March 29, 1996. The impacts are depicted on the attached revised permit drawings for Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC.

Please note that the original application was submitted with preliminary plans for Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC. The final plans are now available.

<u>Summary of Impacts</u>: Impacts jurisdictional under the federal Clean Water Act for Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC consist of 1.98 acres of permanent wetland impacts to riverine

bottomland hardwood forests (Cape Fear River Basin impacts total 1.94 acres and Neuse River Basin impacts total 0.04 acre). Approximately 12,263 linear feet of jurisdictional stream will be impacted by the proposed project (10,669 linear feet in the Cape Fear River Basin and 1,594 linear feet within the Neuse River Basin). Permanent impacts to ponds (fill and/or draining) total 4.95 acres. In addition, 0.05 acre of isolated wetland impacts fall under the North Carolina Isolated Wetland Regulations. There are no temporary wetland impacts.

Table 1: Summary of Jurisdictional Impacts

Section	Permanent Wetland* (ac)	Isolated Wetland (ac)	Temporary Wetland (ac)	Ponds (ac)	Stream Impacts (lf)
R-2000AA	0.90	0.05**	0	1.16	2,753
R-2000AB	1.08	0	0	3.79	8,333
R-2000AC	0	0.001**	0	0	1,177
TOTALS	1.98	0.05	0	4.95	12,263

<sup>\*--</sup> Includes fill, excavation, and mechanized clearing.

<u>Summary of Mitigation</u>: Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC of the Northern Wake Expressway have been designed to avoid and minimize impacts to jurisdictional areas throughout the NEPA and design processes.

Compensatory mitigation for the impacts of Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC consist of:

- 3.88 acres of wetland restoration at South Buffaloe Creek Mitigation Site (to account for impacts within the Cape Fear River Basin to 1.94 acres of riverine wetland);
- 0.08 acre of wetland restoration at Benson Grove Mitigation Site (to account for impacts within the Neuse River Basin to 0.04 acre of riverine wetland);
- 1,299 linear feet of on-site stream relocation using natural channel design techniques (Cape Fear River Basin);
- 10,547 linear feet will be debited from NCDENR EEP (Cape Fear River Basin impacts to 8,953 linear feet of stream and Neuse River Basin impacts to 1,594 linear feet of stream); and
- Payment of \$738,765.12 to the DWQ Buffer Program, in compliance with the North Carolina Neuse Buffer Regulations, for impacts to regulated riparian buffers.

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers normally requires a 2:1 ratio for stream restoration. However, the payment of \$738,765.12 to the DWQ Buffer Program for stream buffer restoration coupled with the proposed compensatory mitigation for streams at a ratio of 1:1 will result in the adequate restoration of stream ecosystems that provides an effective 2:1 stream mitigation ratio. The DWQ Buffer Program has committed to utilize buffer funds for the restoration of stream ecosystems that may be involved in the following:

- 1. The DWQ Buffer Program has stated that buffer restoration projects do not always involve stream restoration; however, stream restoration will occur on an unstable stream;
- 2. Only buffer restoration will occur on a stable stream; and
- 3. Buffer funds may be used to fund other projects focused on nutrient reduction.

<sup>\*\*--</sup>Isolated wetland occurs at Site 5 of Section R-2000AA and Site 1 of Section R-2000AC.

Table 2: Summary of Wetland Mitigation (acres)

Section	Wetlands
	Restoration 2:1
R-2000AA	South Buffaloe Creek (1.80)
R-2000AB	South Buffaloe Creek (2.08) and Benson Grove (0.08)
R-2000AC	NA
TOTALS	3.96

Table 3: Summary of Stream Mitigation (linear feet)

Section	Streams		
	EEP 1:1	Natural Channel Design	No Mitigation
		1:1	Required
R-2000AA	2,753	0	0
R-2000AB	6,617	1,299	417*
R-2000AC	1,177	0	0
TOTALS	10,547	1,299	417

<sup>\*</sup>The stream length does not require stream mitigation due to the location or the stream health according to Eric Alsmeyer of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. This stream length will require a buffer according to John Hennessey of the N.C. Division of Water Quality.

Table 4: Summary of Neuse Buffer Impacts and Mitigation. Units are given in square feet.

Section	Zone 1 Impacts	Zone 2 Impacts *	Zone 1 Mitigation **	Zone 2 Mitigation	Total	Costs (\$)
R-2000AB	121,317	82,720	361,338	123,427	484,765	465,374.40
R-2000AC	71,516	46,822	214,548	70,234	284,782	273,390.72
TOTALS	192,833	129,542	575,886	193,661	769,547	738,765.12

<sup>\*--</sup>Figures reflect the total buffer impacts for all sites within each zone.

### **NEPA DOCUMENT STATUS**

The N.C. Department of Transportation submitted an Individual Section 404 (of the Clean Water Act) Permit Application to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for the subject project on March 29, 1996. Additional information was submitted to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers on April 24, 1996, at which time the application was declared to be complete. This permit application documented the status of the NEPA compliance. On April 25, 1996, a 30-day Public Notice was issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Comments were received from the public, federal, and state agencies during the Public Notice period that ended May 24, 1996.

### **RESOURCE IMPACTS**

The following section describes impact issues concerned with jurisdictional wetlands and streams associated with Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC. Comparisons of proposed jurisdictional area impacts are made between the original permit application dated March 29, 1996 and the final design plans. Changes in jurisdictional area impacts are

<sup>\*\*--</sup>Figures reflect the total for sites requiring mitigation (mitigation is not required for sites with less than 0.33 acre or bridge sites) after multiplying by ratios (3:1 for zone 1 and 1.5:1 for zone 2). Wetland impacts within the buffer area were subtracted from the total buffer impacts for each site. These impacts are already being mitigated for.

summarized by site. Avoidance and minimization techniques are described in detail for each applicable site in the MITIGATION section of this application.

<u>Delineations</u>: Jurisdictional wetland and stream delineations and riparian buffer evaluations (only within the Neuse River Basin) for Sections R-2000AA and R-2000AB were conducted in April and May 2000 by EcoScience Corporation biologists. Eric Alsmeyer, of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Raleigh Regulatory Office, verified the delineations in the field on June 13, 2000. Jurisdictional area delineations of wetlands and streams and riparian buffer evaluations for Section R-2000AC were conducted from January 9 to 11, 2002 by EcoScience Corporation biologists. Eric Alsmeyer, of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, verified the delineations on February 5, 2002.

As previously mentioned, the project will result in 1.98 acres of permanent wetland impacts to riverine bottomland hardwood forests (Cape Fear River Basin impacts total 1.94 acres and Neuse River Basin impacts total 0.04 acre). Approximately 12,263 linear feet of jurisdictional stream will be impacted by the proposed project (10,669 linear feet in the Cape Fear River Basin and 1,594 linear feet within the Neuse River Basin). Permanent impacts to ponds (fill and/or draining) total 4.95 acres. In addition, 0.05 acre of isolated wetland impacts fall under the North Carolina Isolated Wetland Regulations. There are no temporary wetland impacts.

Wetland Impacts: The following paragraphs describe the increases in wetland impacts from the 1996 preliminary design to the 2003 final design. Details can be found in the 4C meeting minutes attached to this application for Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC.

In Section R-2000AA, total wetland impacts have increased by 0.03 acre (see Table 5) from the original March 29, 1996 permit application. The original permit application was based on preliminary design plans and did not provide for impacts resulting from mechanized clearing which accounts for 0.03 acre of the current permanent wetland impacts. See Table 6 for changes in wetland impacts from the original permit application for each site in Section R-2000AA.

### Explanations for Proposed Wetland Impact Increases (R-2000AA)

- 2003 Site 1: Site 1 was not included in the 1996 wetland impacts; however, due to design changes the site has been added to the 2003 wetland impacts. Due to the level of service and design capacity for traffic, two loops were added to the diamond interchange. The loops were moved to the opposite corners of the interchange because the project limits were changed. When the final change occurred, the original ramp location needed to be moved creating additional impacts from the original permit application. The wetland impacts total 0.03 acre.
- 1996 Site 3 (2003 Site 4): In 1996 wetland impacts totaled 0.48 acre, and in 2003 wetland impacts total 0.55 acre. The increase of 0.07 acre consists of 0.02 acre of mechanized clearing and 0.05 acre due to design changes.
- 2003 Site 5: Site 5 was not included in the 1996 wetland impacts. The Y-line at this site was included in the original design; however, it was not delineated. Due to recent delineations, wetland impacts total 0.05 acre to isolated wetlands.

In Section R-2000AB, total wetland impacts have increased by 0.78 acre (see Table 5) from the original March 29, 1996 permit application. The original permit application was based on

preliminary design plans and did not provide for impacts resulting from mechanized clearing which accounts for an increase of 0.17 acre of permanent wetland impacts. Additional increases in permanent wetland impacts have resulted in an increase of 0.60 acre of fill and 0.01 acre of excavation. See Table 6 for changes in wetland impacts from the original permit application for each site in Section R-2000AB.

## **Explanations for Proposed Wetland Impact Increases (R-2000AB)**

- 1996 Site 4 (2003 Site 1): In 1996 wetland impacts totaled 0.01 acre, and in 2003 wetland impacts total 0.13 acre. The increase of 0.12 acre consists of 0.01 acre of mechanized clearing and 0.11 acre due to the design of the interchange. The 1996 design had the interchange ramps starting just east of Kit Creek, whereas the present design has the interchange ramps beginning about 2000 feet west of Kit Creek. The increase in wetland impacts is due to the increased footprint.
- 1996 Site 5 (2003 Site 2): In 1996 wetland impacts totaled 0.01 acre, and in 2003 wetland impacts total 0.32 acre. The increase of 0.31 acre consists of 0.02 acre of mechanized clearing and 0.29 acre due to the design of the interchange. The 1996 design had the interchange ramps starting just east of Kit Creek, whereas the present design has the interchange ramps beginning about 2000 feet west of Kit Creek. The increase in wetland impacts is due to the increased footprint.
- 2003 Sites 3, 7, 8, and 10: Sites 3, 7, 8, and 10 were not included in the 1996 wetland impacts; however, due to addition of these sites, wetland impacts total 0.32 acre, 0.12 acre, 0.13 acre, and 0.04 acre, respectively.
- 1996 Site 8 (2003 Site 3): In 1996 wetland impacts totaled 0.26 acre, and in 2003 wetland impacts total 0.32 acre. The increase of 0.06 acre consists of impacts due to mechanized clearing.

In Section R-2000AC, total wetland impacts increased by 0.001 acre (see Table 5) from the original March 29, 1996 permit application. The increase in impacts resulted from fill within an isolated wetland. See Table 6 for changes in wetland impacts from the original permit application for each site in Section R-2000AC.

# **Explanations for Proposed Wetland Impact Increases (R-2000AC)**

• 1996 Site 9 (2003 Site 1): In 1996 there were no wetland impacts, and in 2003 wetland impacts total 0.001 acre. The increase of 0.001 acre consists of impacts to an isolated wetland.

Table 5: Wetland Impacts (acres)

Action	R-2000AA		R-2000	AB	R-2000AC	
Date of Application	1996	2003	1996	2003	1996	2003
Fill	0.92	0.92*	0.30	0.90	0	0.001**
Excavation	0	0	0	0.01	0	0
Mechanized Clearing	NA	0.03	NA	0.17	NA	0
TOTALS	0.92	0.95*	0.30	1.08	0	0.001**

<sup>\* --</sup> Include impacts to 0.05 acre of isolated wetland at Site 5.

<sup>\*\* --</sup> Depicts impacts to an isolated wetland.

Table 6: Changes in Proposed Wetland Impacts for 1996 and 2003. Areas are given in acres. An increase in impact from 1996 to 2003 is depicted by a positive number in the "Change in Impact" column; while a decrease in impact from 1996 to 2003 is depicted by a

negative number.

Sectio	n R-2000	)AA	Section	Section R-2000AB			Section AC		
Site N	umber	Change in	Site N	lumber	Change	Site Number		Change	
1996	2003	Impact	1996	2003	in Impact	1996	2003	in Impact	
NA	1	+0.03	4	1	+0.12	9	1	+0.001*	
1	2	No change	5	2	+0.31				
2	3	-0.12	8	3	+0.06				
3	4	+0.07	NA	7	+0.12				
NA	5	+0.05	NA	8	+0.13				
			NA	NA 10 +0.04					
			7	6	No change				
Total	Total Change +0.03		Total	Total Change +0.78		Total Change		+0.001*	

<sup>\* --</sup> Depicts impacts to an isolated wetland.

### **Stream Impacts:**

**R-2000AA:** The total length of stream impacts in Section R-2000AA requiring mitigation is 2,753 linear feet. Table 7 presents the jurisdictional stream impacts and the associated mitigation needs for Section R-2000AA. Table 8 presents information for each of the streams impacted in Section R-2000AA.

**R-2000AB:** The total length of stream impacts in Section R-2000AB requiring mitigation is 6,617 linear feet. Table 7 presents the jurisdictional stream impacts and the associated mitigation needs for Section R-2000AB. Table 9 presents information for each of the streams impacted in Section R-2000AB. Within Sites 3 and 6, 1,299 linear feet of stream will be relocated using natural channel design techniques and mitigation credit will be received at a 1:1 ratio (see sheets 19, 20, 32, 32, and 45 to 59 of the Section R-2000AB permit drawings for design details and morphological tables).

- Site 3: In Site 3, 410 linear feet of stream, from Stations 11+90 to 13+39, (Sheets 19, 20, and 45 to 59) will be relocated using natural channel design techniques.
- Site 6: In Site 6, 889 linear feet of stream, from Station 10+39 to 12+76 (Sheet 32, 33, and 45 to 59) will be relocated using natural channel design techniques.

The proposed streams are designed according to "Natural Channel" design principles. Note that impacts at Site 11 are non-jurisdictional.

**R-2000AC:** The total length of stream impacts in Section R-2000AC requiring mitigation is 1,177 linear feet. Table 7 presents the jurisdictional stream impacts and the associated mitigation needs for Section R-2000AC. Table 10 presents information for each of the streams impacted in Section R-2000AC.

Table 7: Stream Impacts (linear feet)

Action	Section	Section AA		Section AB		n AC
Date of Application	1996	2003	1996	2003	1996	2003
Jurisdictional Streams	NA	2,753	NA	8,333	NA	1,177
Jurisdictional Streams	NA	2,753	NA	7,916	NA	1,177
Requiring Mitigation						
On-site Mitigation	NA	0	NA	1,299	NA	0
Off-site Compensatory	NA	2,753	NA	6,617	NA	1,177
Mitigation						

<sup>1 --</sup> Natural channel design and relocation of stream lengths.

Table 8: Section R-2000AA Stream Information

Site	Station	Structure	Stream	DWQ Index No.	Impact (linear feet)	Mitigation Required	HUC
1	No. 20+90 to		UT to Kit Creek	16-41-1- 17-2-(.7)	843	Yes	03030002
2	22+55 26+25	(2) 9' x 7'	UT to Kit	16-41-1-	585	Yes	03030002
3	to 26+80	RCBC 66" RCP	Creek UT to Kit	17-2-(.7)	474	Yes	03030002
3	29+73 to 30+72	00 KCr	Creek	17-2-(.7)	7,7	100	
4	35+00 to 35+60	(2) 10' x 6' RCBC	UT to Kit Creek	16-41-1- 17-2-(.7)	476	Yes	03030002
5	16+05 to 16+62	54" RCP	UT to Kit Creek	16-41-1- 17-2-(.7)	116	Yes	03030002
7	14+55	30" RCP	UT to Kit Creek	16-41-1- 17-2-(.7)	259	Yes	03030002
Total					2,753		

Table 9: Section R-2000AB Stream Information

Site	Station	Structure	Stream	DWQ	Impact	Mitigation	HUC
	No.			Index No.	(linear feet)	Required	
1	42+60/	48" RCP/	UT to Kit	16-41-1-	1,174	Yes	03030002
	43+15	24" RCP	Creek	17-2-(.7)			-
3	44+60	42" RCP	UT to Kit	16-41-1-	1,975	Yes	03030002
	to		Creek	17-2-(.7)			
	55+20						·
4	45+26/	(2) 13' x	UT to Kit	16-41-1-	1,128	Yes	03030002
	10+52	10'	Creek	17-2-(.7)			
		RCBC/					
		60" RCP					
5	49+67	24" ŖCP	UT to Kit	16-41-1-	509	Yes	03030002
			Creek	17-2-(.7)			
6	50+82/	30" RCP/	UT to Kit	16-41-1-	3,130	Yes	03030002
	50+20	10' x 9'	Creek	17-2-(.7)			
	to	RCBC/					
	55+00/	8' x 7'					
	12+77/	RCBC					
	54+47						
9	5+20	36" RCP	UT to	27-33-4-2	417	No	03020201
			Stirrup				
			Iron Creek				
11	70+40	24" RCP	UT to	27-33-4-2	Not	No	03020201
			Stirrup		Jurisdictional		
			Iron Creek				
Total	1.1	-1111	-414144		7,916*		

<sup>\*</sup>The total does not include stream lengths that do not require mitigation.

Table 10: Section R-2000AC Stream Information

Site	Station No.	Structure	Stream	DWQ Index No.	Impact (linear feet)	Mitigation Required	HUC
2	73+80 to 75+90	(2) 10' x 8' RCBC	UT to Stirrup Iron Creek	27-33-4-2	1,072	Yes	03020201
3	30+50	(3) 10' x 10' RCBC	Stirrup Iron Creek	27-33-4-2	105	Yes	03020201
Total					1,177		

### **PROTECTED SPECIES**

Plants and animals with a Federal classification of Endangered or Threatened are protected under provisions of Section 7 and Section 9 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. As of February 11, 2003, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service lists three species for Durham County, North Carolina, and as of February 25, 2003, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service lists four species for Wake County, North Carolina (see Table 10).

Table 10: Federal Protected Species for Durham and Wake Counties

Scientific Name	Common Name	Status	County
Haliaeetus leucocephalus	bald eagle	Threatened*	Durham & Wake
Picoides borealis	red-cockaded woodpecker	Endangered	Wake
Alasmidonta heterodon	dwarf wedgemussel	Endangered	Wake
Echinacea laevigata	smooth coneflower	Endangered	Durham
Rhus michauxii	Michaux's sumac	Endangered	Durham & Wake

Endangered -- a species that is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

Threatened -- a species that is likely to become endangered within the foreseeable future throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

Surveys of suitable habitat were completed within Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC of the Northern Wake Expressway by EcoScience biologists on June 4, 6, and 12, 2003. Biological conclusions of "May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect" were concluded and documented for all species within Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC, with the exception of the dwarf wedgemussel. A biological conclusion of "No Effect" was concluded and documented for the dwarf wedgemussel within Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC.

<u>Bald eagle</u>: Marginal habitat for bald eagle exists within and adjacent to the study corridor near several bodies of water. No bald eagle or bald eagle nests were found during a search within the study corridor and 1 mile surrounding the study corridor. N.C. Natural Heritage Program records contain no known documentation of this species within 5 miles of the study corridor and the presence of bald eagle was discounted during the 1996 survey. Based on a N.C. Natural Heritage Program record search, professional judgment, and searches conducted for bald eagle nests within the study corridor as well as within 1 mile of the study corridor, this project may affect but is not likely to adversely affect bald eagle.

Red-cockaded woodpecker: Marginal foraging habitat and one cluster of pine trees providing marginal nesting habitat for red-cockaded woodpecker occurs within the study corridor. No additional nesting habitat was observed within 0.5 mile of potential foraging habitat, and no nesting/cavity trees occur within the cluster of potential nesting habitat. In addition, no red-cockaded woodpeckers were observed during field surveys. N.C. Natural Heritage Program records contain no known documentation of this species within 11 miles of the study corridor and the presence of red-cockaded woodpecker was discounted during the 1996 survey. Therefore, based on N.C. Natural Heritage Program records, professional judgment, and searches for foraging habitat, nesting habitat, and cavity trees, this project may affect but is not likely to adversely affect red-cockaded woodpecker.

<u>Dwarf wedgemussel</u>: No suitable habitat for the dwarf wedgemussel occurs within the study corridor. Streams within the study corridor are composed primarily of a silt/clay substrate. Siltation within the streams is high, clarity is poor, and flow is slow. In addition, streams within Wake County/Neuse River basin portion of the study corridor do no support suitable habitat for dwarf wedgemussels. These streams are intermittent, and therefore are unsuitable habitat for any mussel species. No mussels or relict shells were observed during field surveys. N.C. Natural Heritage Program Records indicate that the nearest known occurrence is approximately 19 miles southeast of the study corridor, in the Neuse River, and the presence of dwarf wedgemussel was

<sup>\* --</sup> a species proposed for delisting.

discounted during the 1996 survey. Based on the lack of suitable habitat, this project will have no effect on dwarf wedgemussel.

Michaux's sumac: Suitable habitat for Michaux's sumac occurs in numerous locations within the study corridor, and N.C. Natural Heritage Program records document the nearest known record of this species to occur approximately 5 miles east of the study corridor. However, systematic surveys within all areas of suitable habitat resulted in no findings of this species. Based on surveys conducted by EcoScience personnel, this project may affect but is not likely to adversely affect Michaux's sumac. Construction of the roadway project will open new areas which may provide additional suitable habitat for Michaux's sumac. Forest edges and roadside verges which are intermittently mowed will be created within the study corridor. Thus, highway construction may expand potential habitat for this plant.

Smooth coneflower: Suitable habitat for smooth coneflower occurs in numerous locations within the study corridor, and N.C. Natural Heritage Program records document the nearest known record of this species to occur approximately 14 miles north of the study corridor. However, systematic surveys within all areas of suitable habitat resulted in no findings of this species. Based on surveys conducted by EcoScience personnel, this project may affect but is not likely to adversely affect smooth coneflower. As with Michaux's sumac, roadway construction will likely open new areas favorable for the establishment and survival of smooth coneflower.

### **CULTURAL RESOURCES**

The 1990 Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) was incorporated into the permit issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers in 1996 for this project. In compliance with Special Condition "u" of that permit, the N.C. Department of Transportation will ensure compliance with the requirements set forth in Sections I and II of the MOA between the Federal Highway Administration, the N.C. Department of Transportation, and the N.C. State Historic Preservation Office.

<u>Historic Buildings and Landscapes</u>: Stipulations addressed in Section I of the 1990 MOA do not pertain to Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC. Based on architectural surveys conducted in 1988, Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC of the Northern Wake Expressway highway project will have no effect on historic properties. No further surveys are necessary.

<u>Archaeological Properties</u>: All actions addressed in Stipulation II of the 1990 MOA have been carried out in order to take into account the effect of the highway project on archaeological resources.

- 1. <u>Intensive Archaeological Survey</u>: Intensive archaeological surveys of the final alignment and right-of-way of the specified portions of the Northern Wake Expressway were completed in 1992 and 1994. The 1994 archaeological survey covers the area "from NC54 to the west side of Kit Creek" described in the in the 1990 Memorandum of Agreement. No additional archaeological investigations will be required.
- 2. <u>Properties Identified</u>: During the course of these surveys no archaeological sites identified through the archaeological surveys and/or testing program were recommended as eligible for the National Register. The N.C. State Historic Preservation Office has

- concurred with these recommendations. Documentation of these findings will be provided prior to the project let date.
- 3. <u>Data Recovery Plan</u>: No data recovery investigations were required for the project; therefore, no data recovery plans were developed.

### UTILITY IMPACTS

In addition to impacts from the construction of the road, impacts often result from the need to move existing utilities. These impacts to jurisdictional areas result from activities that "but for" the construction of the road would not have occurred. The following paragraph describes and quantifies the "but for" impacts. Occasionally, a utility company will decide to upgrade a line or construct a new line near the proposed highway right-of-way. The impacts from these activities would have occurred whether or not the road project was constructed. Therefore, these impacts do not fall under the "but for" scenario. In those cases, the utility company is responsible for obtaining any permits and the impacts are not addressed in the highway project application. However, if the information is available to us we will attempt to identify these "non-but for" actions so that you are kept informed about the actions that may occur near our right-of-way.

According to the N.C. Department of Transportation, no utility relocations will result in additional impacts to wetlands and/or buffer zones. One water line will pass through a wetland area within Section R-2000AB near the Davis Drive interchange; however, this area is already included as a wetland fill impact. In addition, one sewer line already exists within the same location; however, the sewer line will not be relocated.

### FEMA COMPLIANCE

According to the N.C. Department of Transportation Hydraulics engineers, the N.C. Department of Transportation has achieved compliance with Federal Emergency Management Agency for Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC. Section R-2000AA contains no stream reaches crossing detailed flood studies; therefore, no Federal Emergency Management Agency involvement is required.

Section R-2000AB impacts two streams (tributaries to Kit Creek) that are subject to Federal Emergency Management Agency compliance. The first tributary to Kit Creek has three box culverts within the project limits. They are located at Station 15+60 –YCFLY-, Station 45+26 – L-, and Station 13+40 –Y19REV-. The proposed culvert at Station 13+40 –Y19REV- (Davis Drive) is a 2 @ 13-feet x 11-feet box culvert which replaces the existing 2 @ 8-feet x 7-feet box culvert. This drops the 100-year water surface elevation at these three box culvert crossings. Thus, a "no rise" is achieved. The second tributary to Kit Creek has four box culverts within the project limits; however, only two box culverts occur within the detailed study reach of the stream. The 100-year water surface elevations along this reach will increase; however, the increase will be contained within NCDOT right-of-way. Therefore, no map revision will be required. The remaining two box culverts along this tributary are outside of the detailed study limits.

Section R-2000AC impacts two streams (Stirrup Creek and a tributary to Stirrup Creek). However, only the Stirrup Creek crossing is located in a Federal Emergency Management Agency detailed study. The crossing at Stirrup Creek calls for a 3 @ 10-feet x 10-feet RCBC

outlet extension. Upstream of the existing culvert is impounded. The outlet extension causes "no rise"; therefore, Federal Emergency Management Agency involvement will not be required.

### **MITIGATION**

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers has adopted, through the Council on Environmental Quality, a wetland mitigation policy that embraces the concept of "no net loss of wetlands" and sequencing. The purpose of this policy is to restore and maintain the chemical, biological, and physical integrity of "waters of the United States." Mitigation of wetland and surface water impacts has been defined to include avoidance of impacts, minimization of impacts, rectification of impacts, reduction of impacts over time, and compensation for impacts (40 CFR 1508.20). Executive Order 11990 (Protection of Wetlands) and Department of Transportation Order 5660.1A (Preservation of the Nations Wetlands) emphasize protection of the functions and values provided by wetlands. These directives require that new construction in wetlands be avoided as much as possible and that all practicable measures be taken to minimize or mitigate impacts to wetlands.

As stated in the original permit application dated March 29, 1996, the Northern Wake Expressway has been designed by the N.C. Department of Transportation to incorporate all reasonable and practicable design features to avoid and minimize impacts to jurisdictional areas. Avoidance measures were taken during the NEPA and planning processes. Minimization measures were implemented during the design phase to include the examination of appropriate and practicable steps to reduce adverse impacts from the project.

**Avoidance:** All areas not affected by the project will be protected from unnecessary encroachment.

- 1. No staging of construction equipment or storage of construction supplies will be allowed in wetlands or near surface waters.
- 2. <u>R-2000AB, Site 1</u>: "In-line" Type A detention basins on intermittent/buffered streams were determined to be unnecessary and were removed from the design at Stations 43+50, 4+60, and 71+70.

<u>Minimization</u>: Minimization includes the examination of appropriate and practicable steps to reduce any adverse impacts. Minimization techniques were implemented as follows:

- 1. <u>High Quality Waters Best Management Practices</u>: N.C. Department of Transportation has committed that "construction related impacts associated with the proposed action will be minimized through the use of High Quality Waters erosion and sediment control measures. All practical measures have been taken to minimize environmental harm".
- 2. Slopes: Fill slopes in wetlands are at a 2:1 ratio where possible and feasible.
- 3. <u>Ditching</u>: N.C. Department of Transportation policy calls for the elimination of lateral ditching in wetlands as much as possible, thus preserving the hydrology of adjacent wetlands. Lateral ditching within wetlands does not occur within Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC.
- 4. Median Width: The project was designed using a median 46 feet in width.
- 5. <u>Grass Swale Treatment</u>: Grass swales are being used everywhere possible even in areas that are not "buffered" streams.
- 6. <u>R-2000AA</u>, Site 3: Wetland impacts were reduced at this location from the original application.

- 7. R-2000AA, Site 7: Rock vanes have been added to the design and permit due to incision of the channel at this site.
- 8. <u>R-2000AB</u>, Site 7: A ditch was removed from the design plans within the wetland at Station 60+90.
- 9. <u>R-2000AB</u>, Site 9 (Buffer Site 1): The need to raise grate inlets inside the loop was eliminated due to adequate treatment provided from the grassed swales prior to entering inlets. Therefore, the ditches provide adequate treatment and the grate was lowered to ditch the elevation.
- 10. R-2000AC, Site 1: A cross vane/rock weir will be used at the culvert on this site.
- 11. <u>R-2000AC</u>: Ditches were tied into the tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek at minimum depth, and the stream bank will be protected by rip-rap.

<u>Compensation</u>: The primary emphasis of compensatory mitigation is to reestablish a condition similar to what would have existed if the project was not built. As previously stated, mitigation is limited to reasonable expenditures and practicable considerations related to highway operation. Mitigation is generally accomplished through a combination of methods designed to replace wetland functions and values lost as a result of project construction. These methods consist of creation of new wetlands from uplands, borrow pits, and other nonwetland areas; restoration of wetlands; and enhancement and preservation of existing wetlands.

<u>Federal Highway Administration Step Down Compliance</u>: All compensatory mitigation must be in compliance with 23 CFR Part 777.9 "Mitigation of Impacts" which describes the actions to follow to qualify for Federal-aid highway funding. This process is known as the Federal Highway Administration "Step Down" procedures:

- 1. Consideration must be given to mitigation within the right-of-way and should include the enhancement of existing wetlands and the creation of new wetlands in the highway median, borrow pit areas, interchange areas, and along the roadside.
- 2. Where mitigation within the right-of-way does not fully offset wetland losses, compensatory mitigation may be conducted outside the right-of-way including creation, restoration, enhancement, and preservation.

NCDENR/EEP COMMITMENT: Based upon the agreements stipulated in the "Memorandum of Agreement Among the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, the North Carolina Department of Transportation, and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District (MOA)", it is understood that the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources Ecological Enhancement Program (EEP), will assume responsibility for satisfying the Section 404 compensatory mitigation requirements for NCDOT projects that are listed in Exhibit 1 of the subject MOA during the Ecological Enhancement Program (EEP) transition period which ends on July 1, 2005.

Since the subject project is listed in Exhibit 1 the necessary compensatory mitigation to offset unavoidable impacts to waters that are jurisdictional under the federal Clean Water Act will be provided by the EEP. The offsetting mitigation will derive from an inventory of assets already in existence within the same Ecoregion and the same 8-digit cataloguing unit. We have avoided and minimized the impacts to jurisdictional resources to the greatest extent possible as described above. The remaining impact to 10,547 feet of jurisdictional streams will be compensated for by mitigation provided by the EEP program.

WETLAND COMPENSATORY MITIGATION: In accordance with condition "k2" of the 1996 permit, mitigation at South Buffaloe Creek and Benson Grove has been implemented, constructed, and planted for Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC. Mitigation plans for South Buffaloe Creek and Benson Grove were transmitted to the agencies under a separate cover from this application. Tables 11 and 12 present the mitigation available at South Buffaloe Creek and Benson Grove, and indicate the projects for which each type of mitigation was used.

Table 11: South Buffaloe Creek Mitigation Ledger

South Buffaloe Creek	Mitigation Plan		TIP Debit	TIP Debit	TIP Debit	TIP Debit	TIP Debit
Habitat	Acres at Start	Acres Remaining	U-2525A/ I-2402	I-2201F	I-2402D	I-2201E	R-2000AA/ AB
BLH Restoration	15.53	1.10	9.1	0.96	0.35	0.14	3.88
BLH Preservation	16.2	2.21	9.4	3.36	1.23	0	0
TOTAL	31.73	3.31	18.5	4.32	1.58	0.14	3.88

**Table 12: Benson Grove Mitigation Ledger** 

Benson Grove	Mitigation Plan		TIP Debit	TIP Debit	TIP Debit	
Habitat	Acres at Start	Acres Remaining	R-2547	R-2000F&G	R-2000AB	
Swamp/BLH Restoration	30.49	0	8.6	21.81	0.08	
BLH Preservation	50.50	0	0	50.50	0	
TOTAL	80.99	0	8.6	72.31	0.08	

South Buffaloe Creek Mitigation Site: South Buffaloe Creek is located in the South Buffaloe Creek floodplain within the Cape Fear River subbasin 03-06-02. This site comprises approximately 58 acres located in Guilford County west of the NC 6 interchange with Interstate 85 on the southeast side of Greensboro. Site construction involved the installation of a subsurface impervious wall to retard groundwater flow in support of swamp and bottomland hardwood forest communities. The South Buffaloe Creek Mitigation Site currently has 15.53 acres of restoration and 16.2 acres of preservation in the ground.

Benson Grove Mitigation Site: Benson Grove is located in the Black Creek floodplain within the Neuse River subbasin 03-04-04. This site comprises approximately 81.91 acres located just west of NC 50 on Zacks Mill Road (SR 1319) in Johnston County. Black Creek forms the southern property boundary. Benson Grove consists predominantly of riverine floodplain terrace. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers conducted a review of the site and made a formal jurisdictional determination on November 10, 1999. Part of this jurisdictional determination included a review of information provided by the Natural Resources Conservation Service regarding "Prior Converted" agricultural areas. Benson Grove Mitigation Site currently has 30.49 acres of restoration and 50.50 acres of preservation in the ground.

Wetland Mitigation: Wetland impacts total 1.98 acres of riverine bottomland hardwood forests (1.94 acres of impact in the Cape Fear River Basin and 0.04 acre of impact in the Neuse River Basin). Approval is requested for compensatory mitigation provided by the N.C. Department of Transportation's South Buffaloe Creek Mitigation Site and Benson Grove Mitigation Site. We are aware that the N.C. Division of Water Quality requires a minimum of 1:1 restoration/creation mitigation. The following combination of compensatory mitigation is proposed.

- 1. 3.88 acres of wetland restoration at a ratio of 2:1 at South Buffaloe Creek and
- 2. 0.08 acres of wetland restoration at a ratio of 2:1 at Benson Grove.

<u>Stream Mitigation</u>: Stream impacts total 12,263 linear feet of impacts to first-, second-, and third-order perennial streams. The following combination of on-site stream relocation and compensatory mitigation is proposed.

- 1. Natural channel design and relocation of 1,299 linear feet of stream impacted within Section R-2000AB at a mitigation ratio of 1:1.
- 2. Compensatory mitigation will consist of a 1:1 debiting to the EEP for the remaining 10,547 linear feet of stream impacts.
- 3. In addition, 417 linear feet of stream within Site 9 of Section R-2000AB does not require stream mitigation according to Eric Alsmeyer of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

Although the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers normally requires a 2:1 ratio for stream restoration, a payment of \$738,765.12 will be submitted to the DWQ Program for stream buffer restoration and compensatory mitigation for streams will occur at a ratio of 1:1 resulting in the adequate restoration of stream ecosystems to result in an effective 2:1 stream mitigation ratio. The DWQ has committed to utilize buffer funds for the restoration of stream ecosystems that may be involved in the following:

- 1. The DWQ Program has stated that buffer restoration projects do not always involve stream restoration; however, stream restoration will occur on an unstable stream;
- 2. Only buffer restoration will occur on a stable stream; and
- 3. Buffer funds may be used to fund other projects focused on nutrient reduction.

# INDIRECT AND CUMULATIVE IMPACTS (ICI)

No quantitative indirect and cumulative secondary impacts study is needed for Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC as stated by John Hennessy of the N.C. Division of Water Quality on April 29, 2003 at the Interagency Hydraulic Design 4C Review Meeting for R-2000AA.

### **REGULATORY APPROVALS**

Application is hereby made for a Department of the Army Individual 404 Permit modification and a 401 Water Quality Certification from the N.C. Division of Water Quality as required for the activities described above. In compliance with Section 143-215.3D(e) of the NCAC, we will provide \$475.00 to act as payment for processing the Section 401 permit application previously noted in this application (see Subject line). Seven copies of this application are provided to the N.C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Water Quality, for their

review. We request that the DWQ issue an Authorization Certificate pursuant to 15A NCAC 2B .0233 for the proposed use (see attached Neuse Buffer Addendum).

If you have any questions or need any additional information please call Ms. Alice N. Gordon at (919) 715-1421.

Manon

Sincerely,

Gregory J. Thorpe, Ph.D.

Environmental Management Director, PDEA

Mr. John Dorney, NCDWQ (7 copies)

Mr. Travis Wilson (Div. 5), NCWRC

Ms. Kathy Matthews, USEPA

Mr. Gary Jordan (Div. 5) USFWS

Mr. John F. Sullivan III, P.E., FHWA

Mr. Jay Bennett, P.E., Roadway Design

Mr. Omar Sultan, Programming and TIP

Ms. Debbie Barbour, P.E., Highway Design

Mr. David Chang, P.E., Hydraulics

Mr. Greg Perfetti, P.E., Structure Design

Mr. Mark Staley, Roadside Environmental

Mr. Jon Nance, P.E. (Div. 5) Division Engineer

Mr. Chris Murray (Div. 5) DEO

Mr. David Franklin, USACE, Wilmington (Cover Letter Only)

Mr. William D. Gilmore, P.E., EEP, Raleigh

### **NEUSE BUFFER ADDENDUM**

The purpose of the Neuse Buffer Addendum is to provide the North Carolina Division of Water Quality (DWQ) with the necessary information to evaluate impacts of the project on Neuse Buffer areas. In addition, material is presented in this addendum to illustrate that the project has been designed to comply with the Riparian Buffer Mitigation Program (15A NCAC 2B .0242) and the Neuse River Basin Riparian Buffer Rules (15A NCAC 2B .0233). Therefore, we request that the DWQ issue an Authorization Certificate pursuant to 15A NCAC 2B .0233 for the proposed use.

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) proposes to construct a new controlled-access, six lane, divided highway constructed on a new location to be known as Sections R-2000AA, R-2000AB, and R-2000AC of the Northern Wake Expressway (I-540) in Wake County, North Carolina. These sections extend from a point west of NC 55 approximately 4.5 miles to the Interstate 40/I-540 interchange in Durham and Wake Counties. Portions of R-2000AB and all of R-2000AC occur within the Neuse River Basin, the remainder occurs within the Cape Fear River Basin.

Neuse Buffer Impacts: Due to the nature of this project, impacts to the riparian buffers of unnamed tributaries are unavoidable. Within Sections R-2000AB and R-2000AC, sites have been numbered and the buffer impacts for each were calculated. The calculations are presented in Tables A-1 and A-2 (see attached tables). The buffer impacts, necessary mitigation, and mitigation costs are summarized in the following unnumbered table.

**Summary of Neuse Buffer Impacts and Mitigation (square feet)** 

Section	Zone 1 Impacts *	Zone 2 Impacts	Zone 1 Mitigation **	Zone 2 Mitigation **	Total Mitigation	Costs (\$) For Mitigation
R-2000AB	121,317	82,720	361,338	123,427	484,765	465,374.40
R-2000AC	71,516	46,822	214,548	70,234	284,782	273,390.72
TOTALS	192,833	129,542	575,886	193,661	769,547	738,765.12

<sup>\*--</sup>Figures reflect the total buffer impacts for all sites within each zone.

NCDOT's avoidance and minimization of impacts to streams and wetlands (discussed above in MITIGATION) by default represents avoidance and minimization of impacts to buffers. Drainage flowing in the general direction of the regulated buffers was handled so that the 50-foot buffer zone would not be directly impacted. The goal of the NCDOT was to design the project so that the effects of the drainage would not result in water quality impacts to waters of the Neuse River Basin as required by the Neuse River regulations. The NCDOT hydraulics unit closely coordinated the design and location of the structures to accomplish this goal with the DWQ. Non-erosive velocities were provided for at the outlet of all systems. Data showing these velocities are presented on the permit drawings. In addition, grassed swales, level spreaders, and preformed scour holes were utilized under circumstances that would not have otherwise permitted for non-erosive velocities entering into the buffer.

<sup>\*\*--</sup>Figures reflect the total for sites requiring mitigation (mitigation is not required for sites with less than 0.33 acre or bridge sites) after multiplying by ratios (3:1 for zone 1 and 1.5:1 for zone 2). Wetland impacts within the buffer area were subtracted from the total buffer impacts for each site. These impacts are already being mitigated for.

Potential sites requiring variance from the Neuse Buffer Rules were not identified for Sections R-2000AB and/or R-2000AC.

Tables A-1 through A-2 summarize the buffer impacts for all sites and the total acreage requiring buffer mitigation. Sites may qualify as "Allowable" uses that do not require buffer mitigation including bridge locations or buffer impacts of less than 150 linear feet and 0.33 acre. The wetland area within each buffer impact area was subtracted from the total buffer impact area according to the corresponding zones. The resulting impacts were then multiplied by the appropriate ratios for the zone (3:1 ratio for zone 1 and 1.5:1 ratio for zone 2). The on-site mitigation was then subtracted from the ratio total. Finally, the impacts for each zone were added together yielding 769,547 square feet of buffer impacts that require mitigation. Costs were calculated by multiplying the acreage of buffer impacts by \$0.96 per square foot.

Table A-1: R-2000AB Neuse River Buffer Impact Mitigation Calculations Per Site (square feet)

Note: All Sites Require Mitigation. Sites 1 2 **Totals** Zone 1 Impacts 28,728 63,925 28,664 121,317 Zone 1 Wetlands 871 0 0 Zone 1 - Wetlands^ 28,728 63,054 28,664 120,446 Mitigable Impacts (3:1 ratio) 86,184 189,162 85,992 361,338 **On-site Mitigation** 0 0 0 Remaining Area Requiring 86,184 189,162 85,992 361,338 Mitigation **Zone 2 Impacts** 18,266 43,755 20,699 82,720 Zone 2 Wetlands 0 436 0 0 Zone 2 - Wetlands^ 18,266 43,319 20,699 82,284 Mitigable Impacts (1.5:1 ratio) 27,399 64,979 31,049 123,427 **On-site Mitigation** 0 Remaining Area Requiring 27,399 64,979 31,049 123,427 Mitigation

Table A-2: R-2000AC Neuse River Buffer Impact Mitigation Calculations Per Site (square feet) Note: All Sites Require Mitigation.

Sites	la la	1b	2	Totals
Zone 1 Impacts	31,345	28,621	11,550	71,516
Zone 1 Wetlands	0	0	0	0
Zone 1 - Wetlands^	31,345	28,621	11,550	71,516
Mitigable Impacts (3:1 ratio)	94,035	85,863	34,650	214,548
On-site Mitigation	0	0	0	0
Remaining Area Requiring	94,035	85,863	34,650	214,548
Mitigation				
Zone 2 Impacts	18,998	19,407	8,417	46,822
Zone 2 Wetlands	0	0	0	0
Zone 2 - Wetlands^	18,998	19,407	8,417	46,822
Mitigable Impacts (1.5:1 ratio)	28,497	29,111	12,626	70,234
On-site Mitigation	0	0	0	0
Remaining Area Requiring	28,497	29,111	12,626	70,234
Mitigation				

<sup>^ --</sup> Zone 1 buffer impacts minus wetland impacts in Zone 1.

<sup>^ --</sup> Zone 1 buffer impacts minus wetland impacts in Zone 1.

### **April 29, 2003**

Subject:

Draft Minutes Interagency Hydraulic Design 4C Review Meeting on April

24, 2003, for R-2000AA, Wake County.

Team Members:

Eric Alsmeyer – USACE (Present) John Hennessy – NCDWQ (Present)

Travis Wilson – NCWRC (Present)

Heather Montague – NCDOT PDEA (Present)

Participants:

David Chang – NCDOT Hydraulics Ray Lovingood – TranSytems Corp.

Doug Taylor – NCDOT Design Services

Marshall Clawson – NCDOT Hydraulics

Dan Duffield – NCDOT Hydraulics

Alice Gordon – NCDOT PDEA Matt Cusack – EcoScience Corp.

David Harris - NCDOT Roadside Environmental

John Duggins – NCDOT Structure Design Theo Beach – NCDOT Structure Design

This project consists of the proposed new location of I-540 (Western Wake Expressway) in Wake County.

- 1. Site 1 and 6 Interchange at I-540 and NC 55: Eric and John had concerns about addressing the impacts associated with the full interchange and it needs to be address in its entirety. The Hydraulics Unit will provide half size plan sheets (Mailed 4/28/03) to Travis, John, and Eric for them to review. The half size plan will show (Original design) full interchange showing all the impacts associated with the interchange. Action Taken: Half size plans were mailed 4/28/03 and an additional meeting was held on May 15, 2003 to address outstanding issues and concerns about the interchange.
- 2. <u>Site 2 RCBC</u>: John stated that the culvert needs to be designed for bankfull. Sills are provided. After knowing out the width and height, John commented that the culvert was "Good Enough"

### No action required

- 3. <u>Site 3:</u> Wetland boundary is now shown corrected and closed and ditch will be extended past the wetland. No action required
- 4. <u>Site 4 RCBC</u>: John stated that the culvert needs to be designed for bankfull. Sills are provided. Travis had a concern about rip rap show. Marshall stated that it would only be on the banks. Eric and John again asking about the sills, width and height, John commented that is seamed narrow, but was "Fine for now" <u>Action Taken: No rip rap will be place in the channel</u>

5. Site 5 Stream and Wetlands Locations: Eric Alsmeyer had concerns about if Y-15 was needed and justified. Doug Taylor explained that DOT was cutting off access and another access was required and that the location of the Y-15 was determined by holding a 1000' minimum spacing between Y-15 and the ramps of the interchange. Eric and John both had concerns about the streams and wetlands locations on Y-15, it appears that they might not have be properly identified. Alice Gordon and Matt Cusack will provide complete wetlands and jurisdiction stream identification. Action Taken: Eco Science has completed wetlands and jurisdiction stream identification.

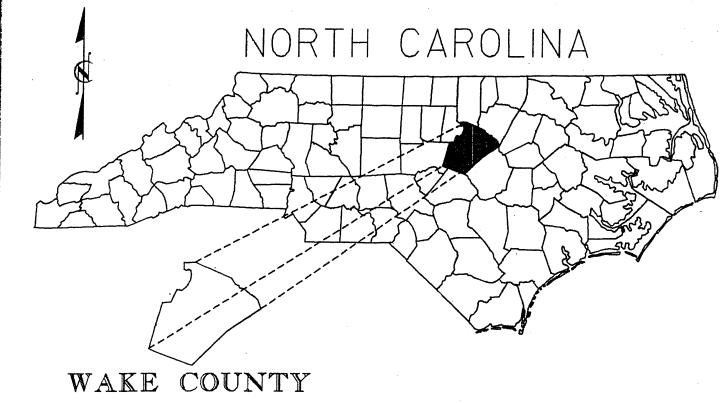
Meeting Adjourned

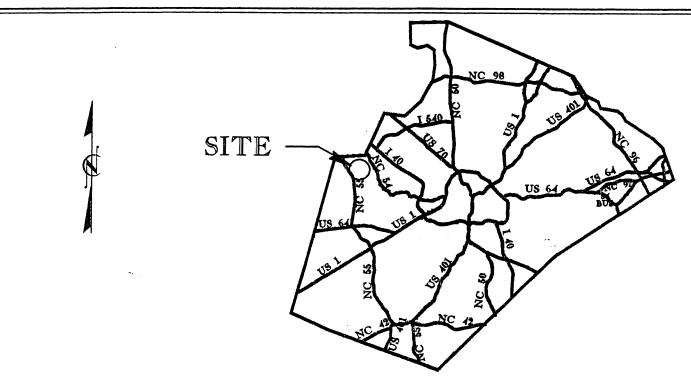
### Separate meeting held on 5-15-2003

Eric Alsmeyer – USACE (Present)
John Hennessy – NCDWQ (Present)
Travis Wilson – NCWRC (Present)

- 1. Sites 1 and 6 (and future impacts on the other side of the interchange): Eric and Travis are OK with the proposed alignment and interchange. No action required
- 2. Sites 1 and 6 (and future impacts on the other side of the interchange): John wanted to know if the main line could be shifted to avoid impacts associated with interchange. Marshall presented the permit from 1996 for R-2000. Doug explained that the main line might still impact the stream however if the main line didn't the ramps would still impact the stream. John also stated since the permit for R-2000 from 1996 was approved it shows the main line and diamond interchange impacting the draw shown on the quad of the permit, that he was ok with the alignment as approved from 1996. No action required
- 3. Site 5 and 7: Eric did state that the he didn't have jurisdiction over the isolated wetland on Y15. John stated that those wetlands were his jurisdiction. Alice will address these wetlands in the permit application. No action required
- 4. <u>Site 5 and 7</u>: John stated that he wanted a rock vane at site 7, depending on if the channel is incised or not. <u>Action taken: From a field investigation from Eco Science, the channel is incised at Site 7. Rock Vanes has been added to the design and permit as requested</u>

Meeting Adjourned





VICINITY MAP WETLANDS & SURFACE WATER
N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

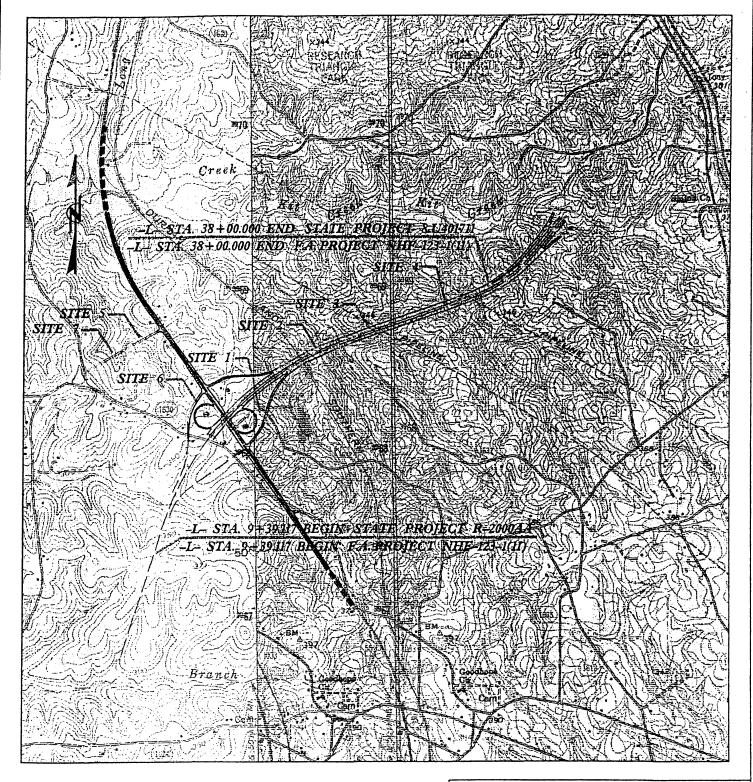
WAKE COUNTY

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AA)

I-540

BETWEEN SR 1624 AND SR 1630

SHEET OF 19 DATE



# SITE MAP

WETLANDS & SURFACE WATER

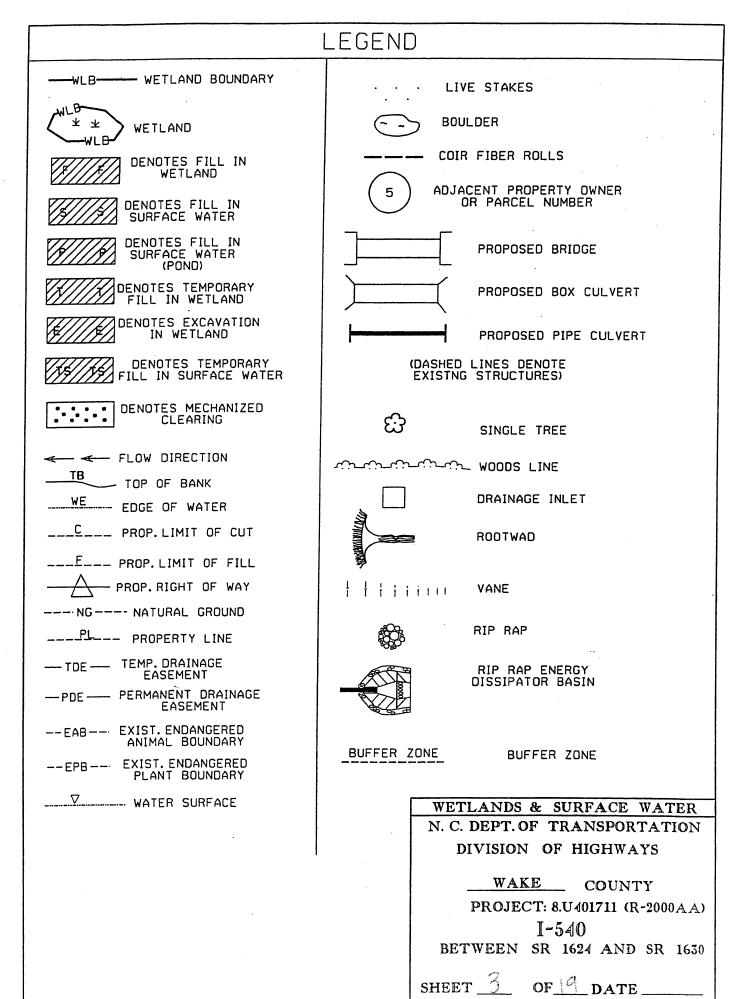
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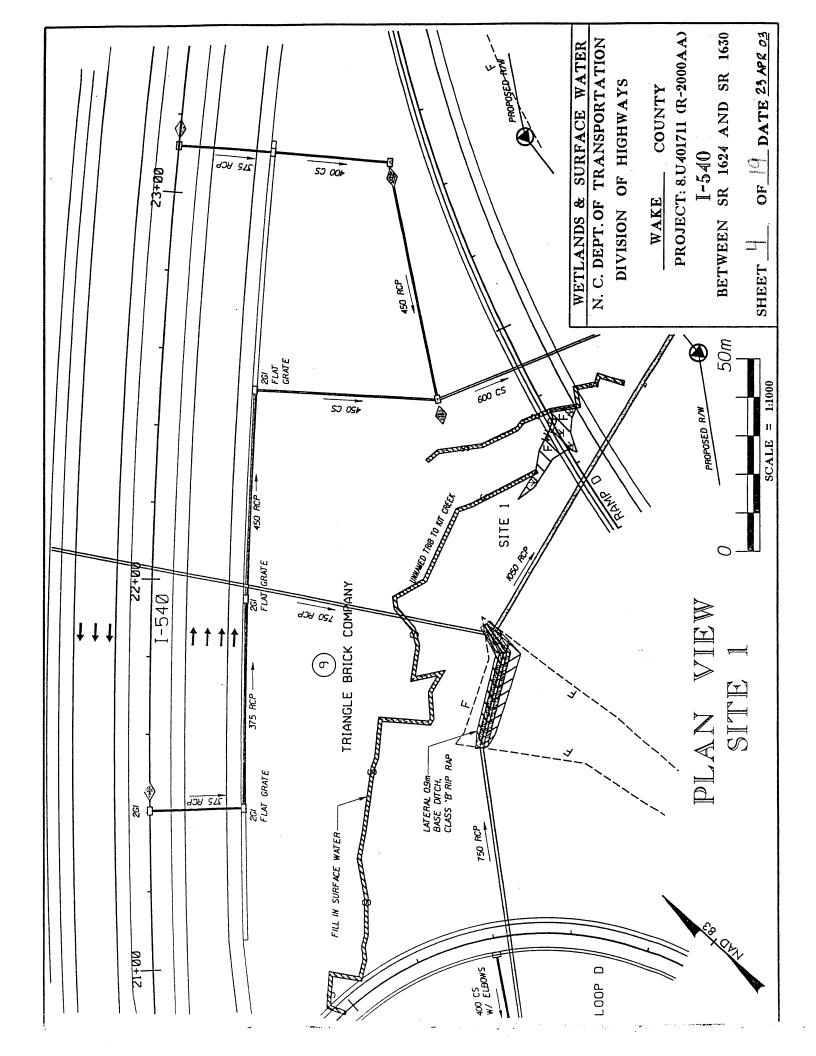
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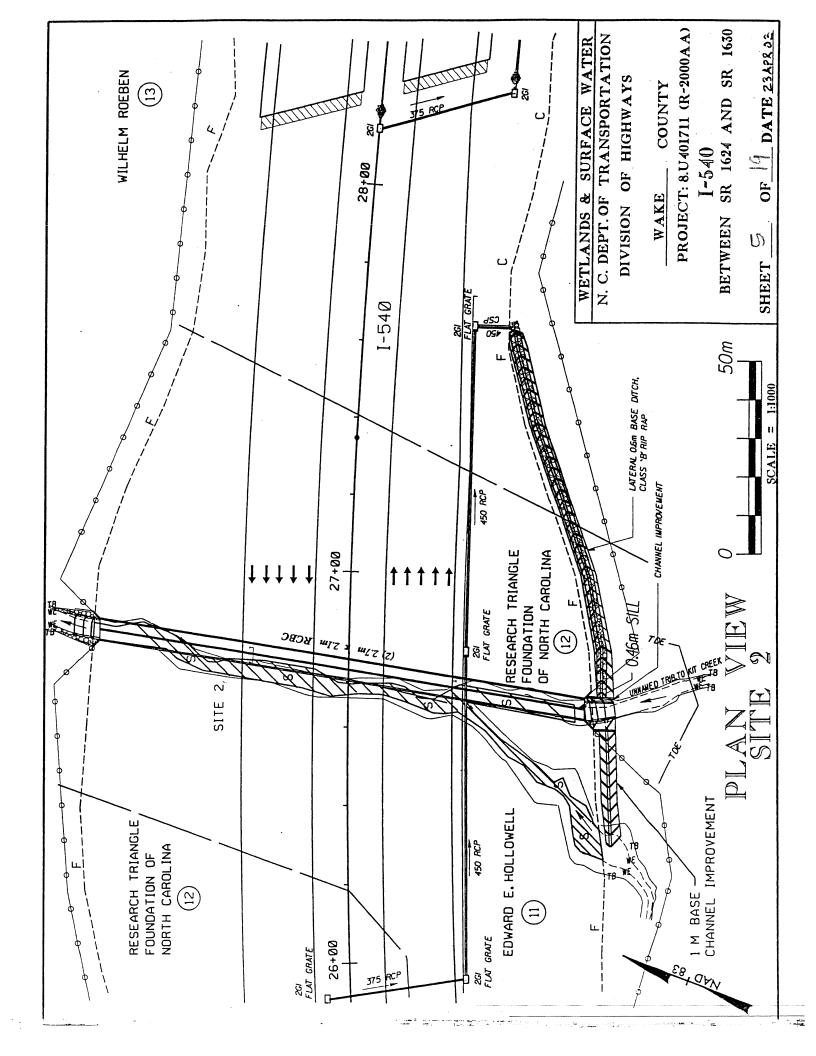
COUNTY
PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AA)

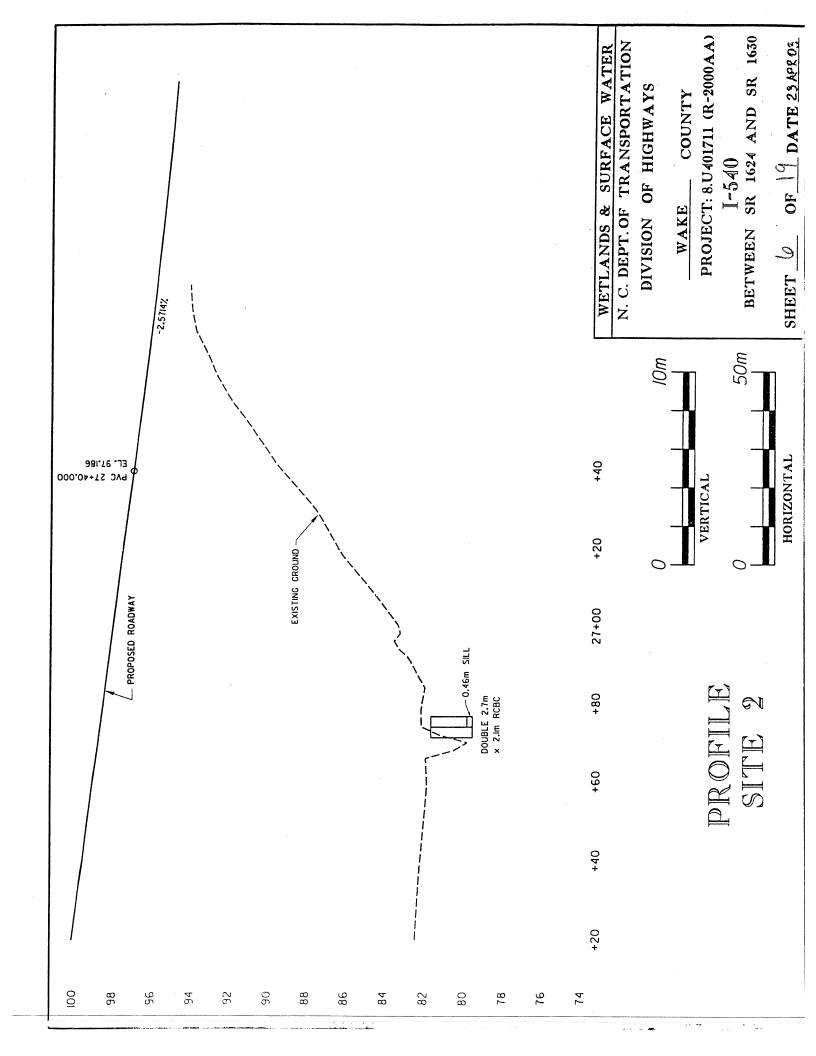
I-540
BETWEEN SR 1624 AND SR 1630

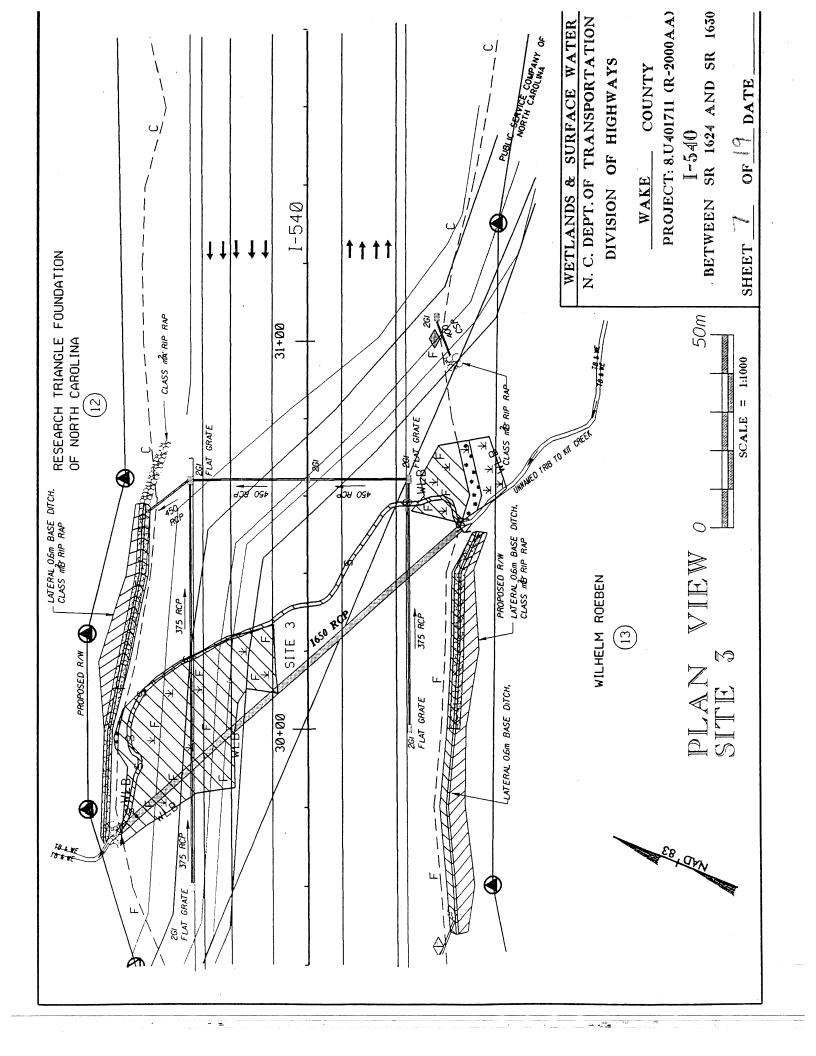
SHEET 2 OF 19 DATE \_

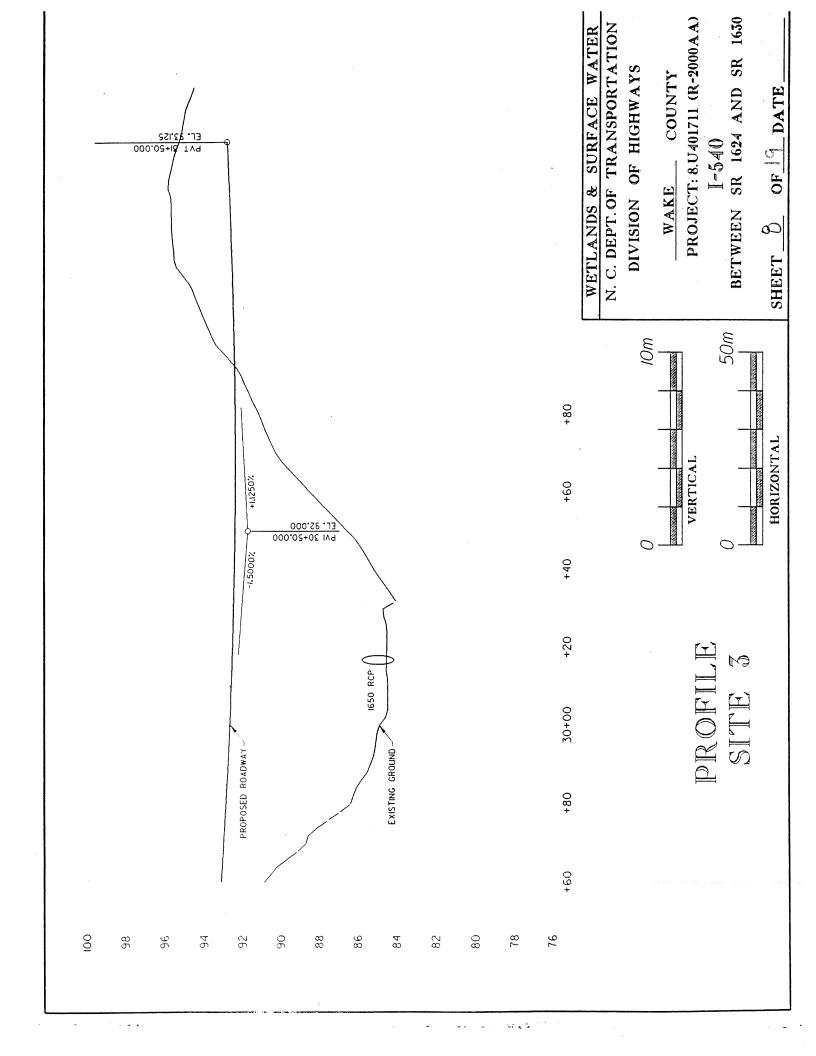


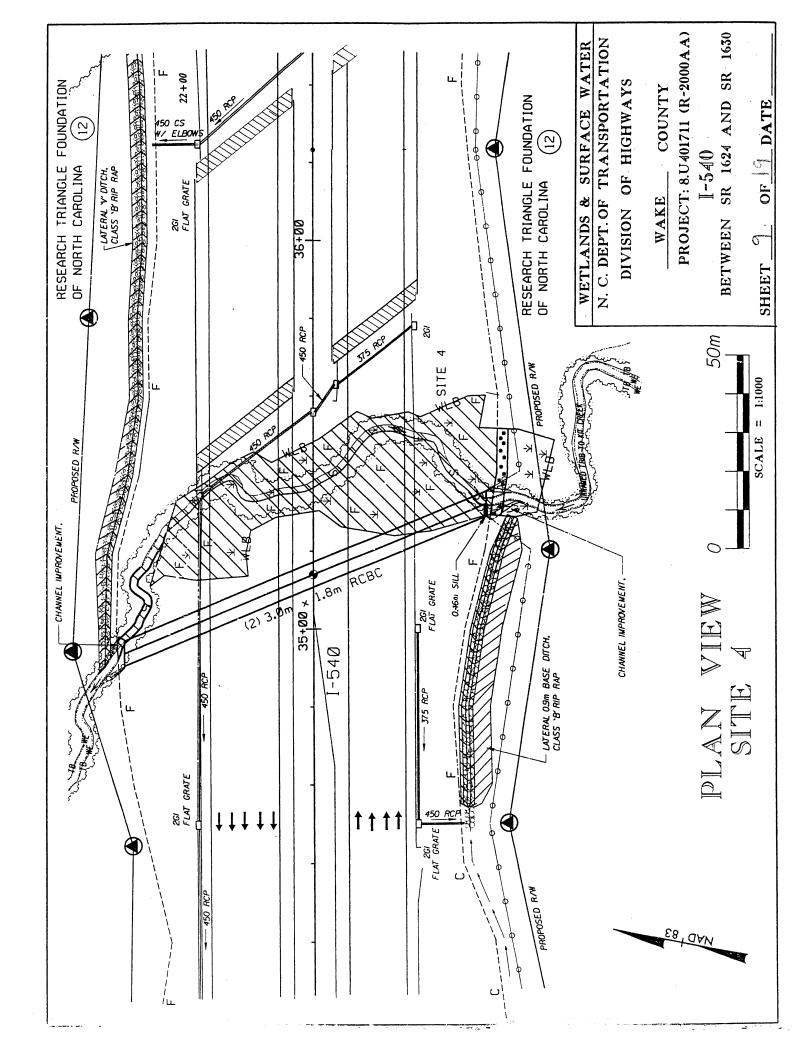


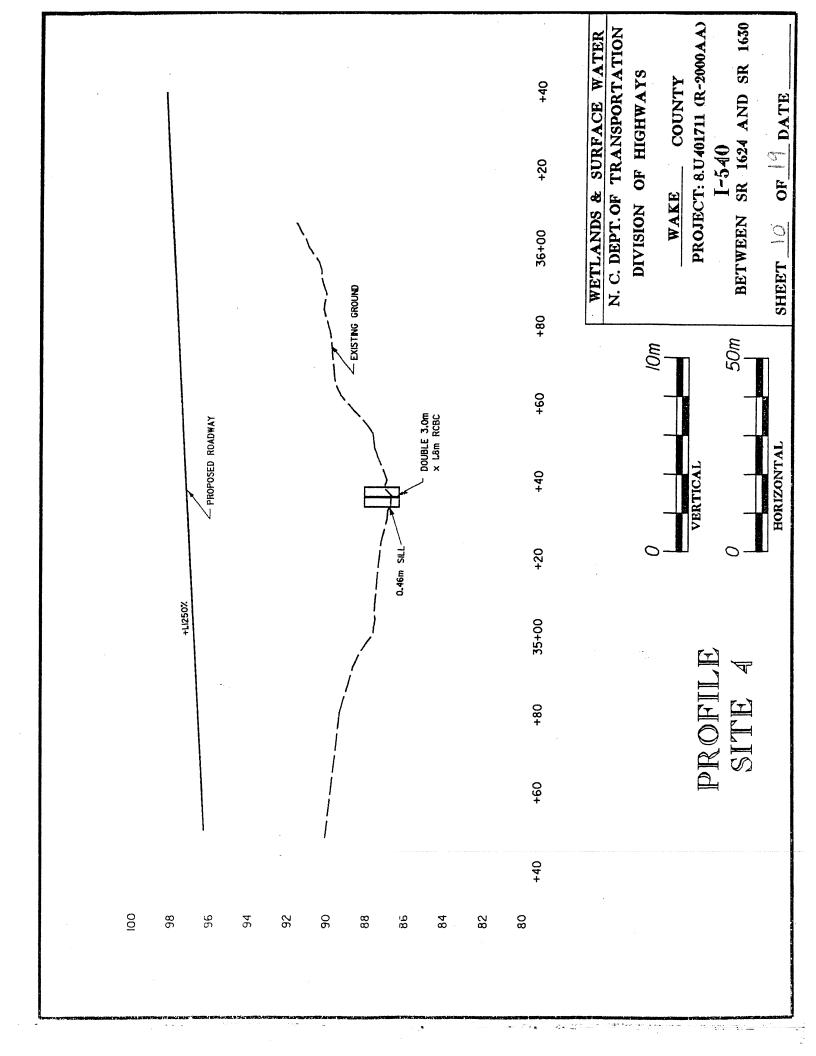


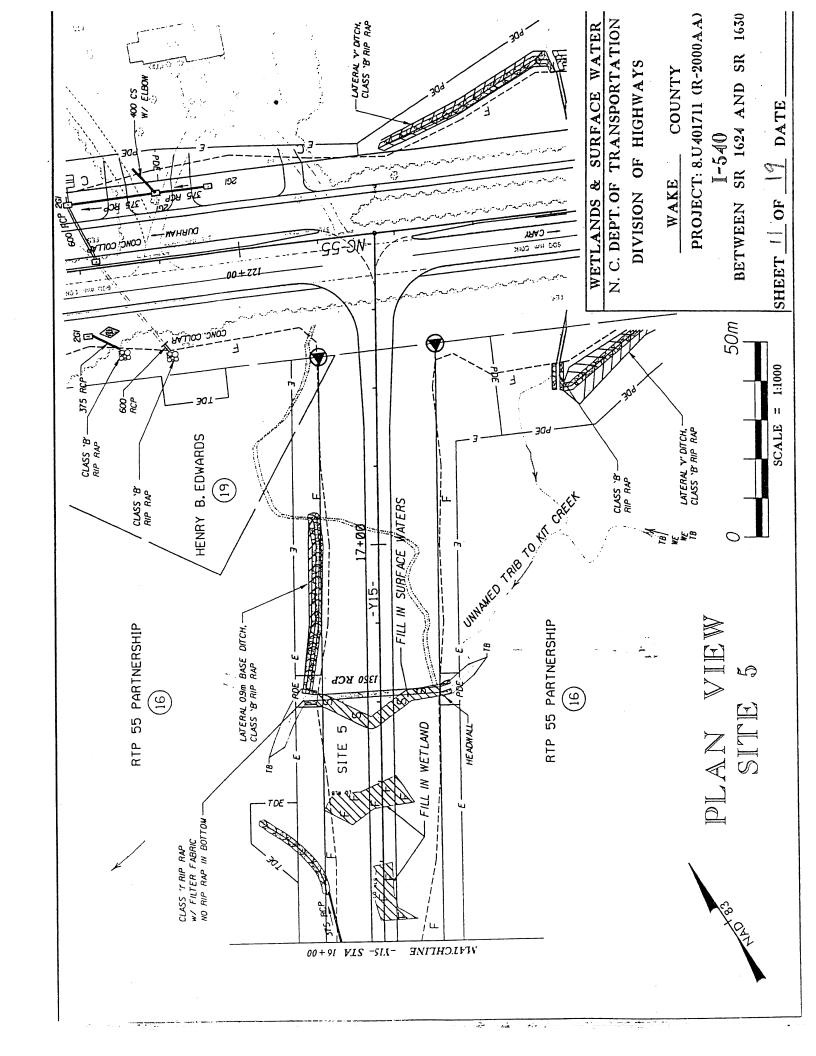


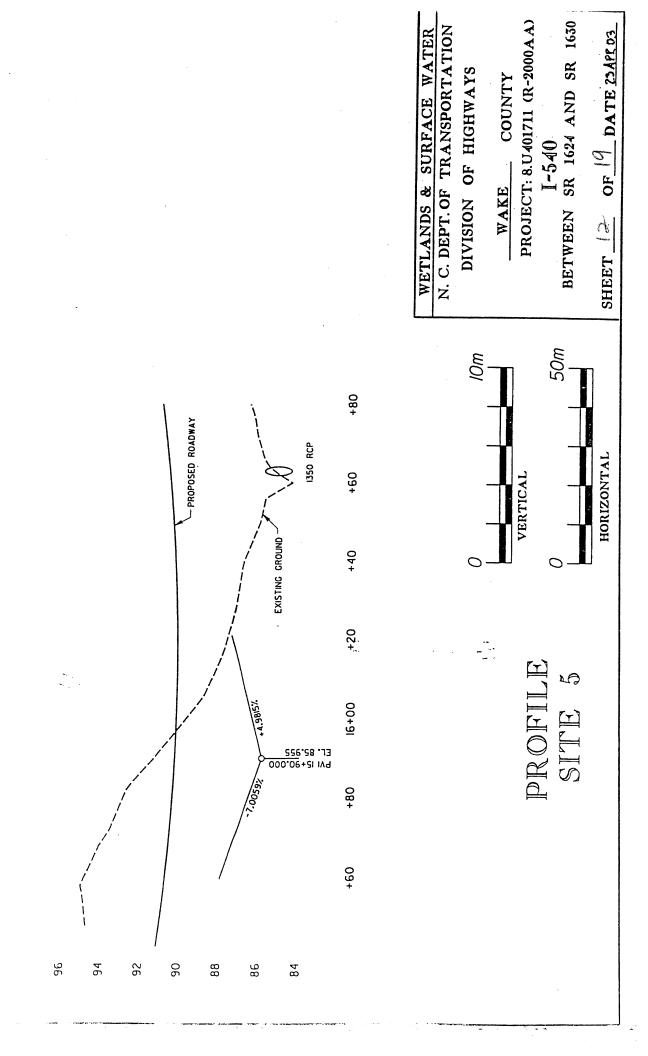


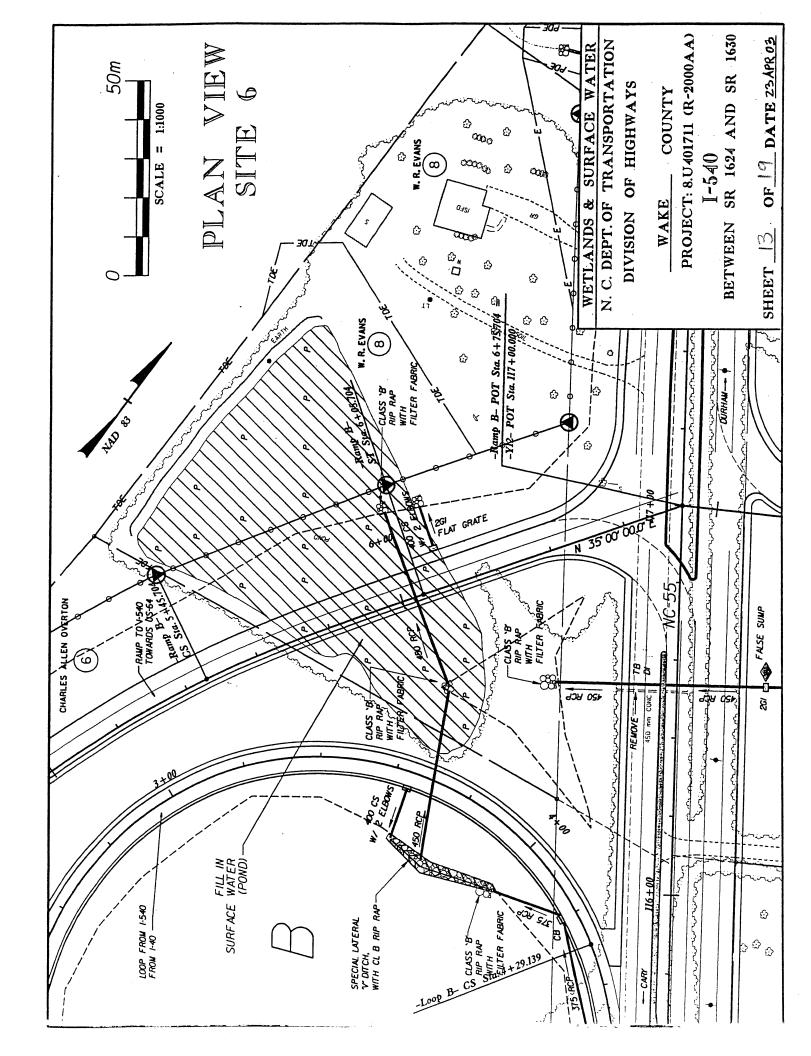


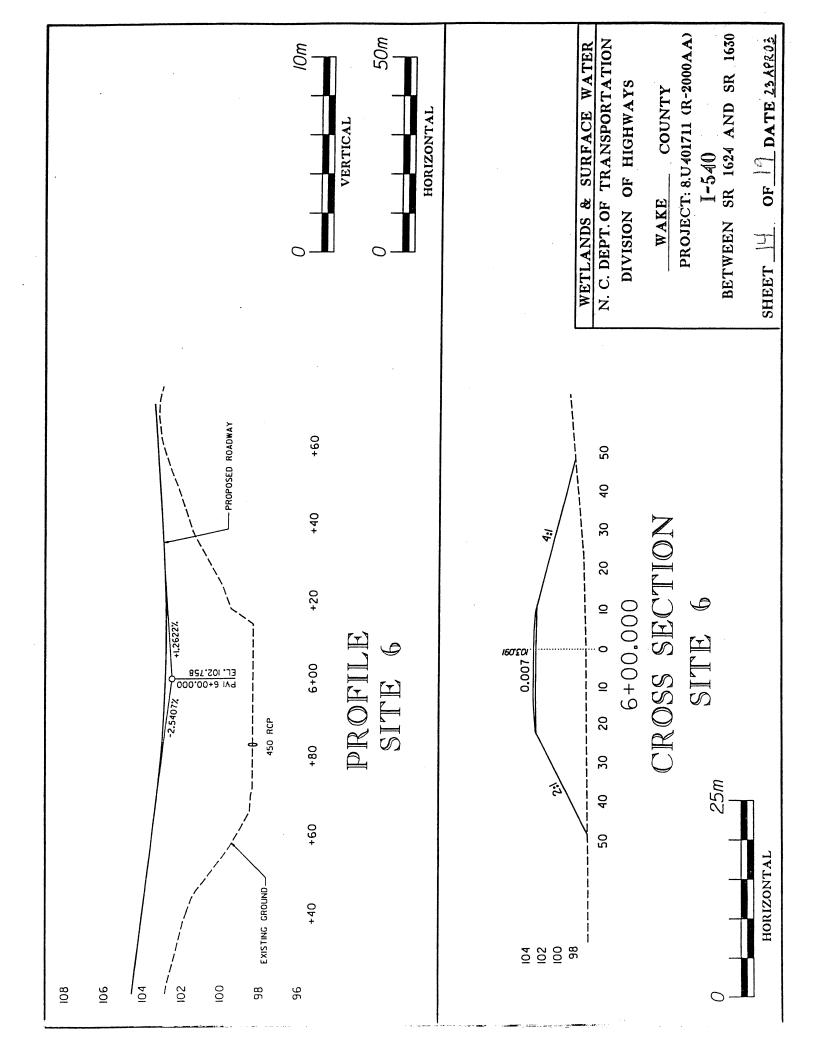


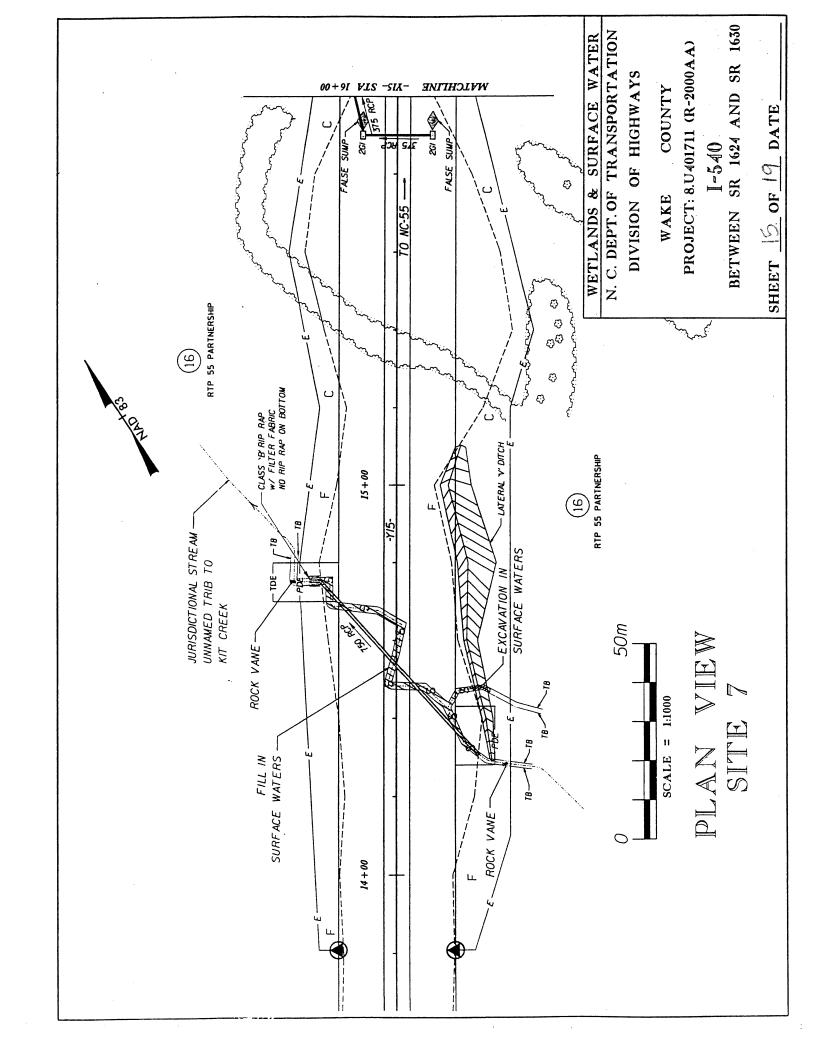






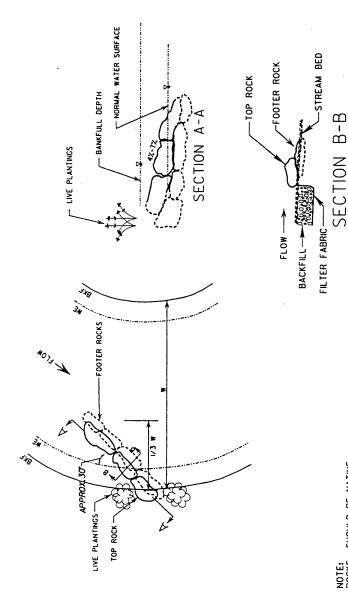






# ROCK VANE

(NOT TO SCALE)



NOTE: ROCKS SHOULD BE NATIVE STONE OR SHOT ROCK, ANGULAR AND OBLONG WITH AXIS APPROXIMATELY 1.52m IN LENGTH WETLANDS & SURFACE WATER
N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE COUNTY

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AA) I-540 Between Sr 1624 and Sr 1630

SHEET 10 OF 19 DATE

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DATE

SHEET OF

WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY	WETLAND IMPACTS SURFACE WATER IMPACTS	Mechanized	Size / Type Wetlands In Wetlands (M	s) (English Units) (acres) (acres) (acres) (acres) (acres) (acres) (ft)	0.026 0.064 843		(2) 9' w x 7' b RCBC		TO 66" RCP	-t-		00 IO (2) 10 W x 6 In RCBC 0.537 0.016 0.058 476		TO 54" PCD		1 TO 18" RCP 1161		Too o		0.917 0 0.032 0.383 1.161 0 2754 0 WE'LI AND & SI IBEACE WAYED	NCDOT	DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS WAKE COUNTY PROJECT 8.U401711 (R-2000AA)	I-540
		Station	(From/To)	(meters)	20+90 TO	22+55 -L-	26+25 TO	26+80 -L-	29+73 TO		OT 00.30	20+00	35+60 -L-	16+05 TO	16+62 - 715-	5+71 TO	6+15 RAMP B	14+55_715_		TOTALS:			

DATE

SHEET 18 OF 19

# PROPERTY OWNER

### NAME AND ADDRESS

OWNER'S NAME	ADDRESS
9 TRIANGLE BRICK CO.	APEX HWY DURHAM, N.C. 27713-9436
EDWARD E. HOLLOWELL	PO BOX 12136 RALEIGH, N.C. 27605-2136
RESEARCH TRIANGLE FOUNDATION OF NORTH CAROLINA	PO BOX 12255 DURHAM, N.C. 27709-2255
WILHELM ROEBEN C/O TRIANGLE BRICK CO.	6523 APEX HWY DURHAM N.C. 27713
16) RTP 55 PARTNERSHIP	c/o JAMES KO 6208 BRAESMEADOW CR RALEIGH N.C. 27612-2804
6 CHARLES ALLEN OVERTON	PO BOX 1694 CLINTON, N.C. 28329-1694
8 W. R. EVANS	PO BOX 1694 CLINTON, N.C. 28329-1694

WETLANDS & SURFACE WATER

N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

SHEET 19 OF 19 DATE

Subject: Minutes from Interagency Hydraulic Design Review Meeting (1/24/02)

I-540 (Northern Wake Expressway) from Research Triangle East Limits to 0.966 km (0.60 miles) Southwest of I-40,

Wake County

Team Members: Marshall Clawson, NCDOT Hydraulics

Steve Bondor, Arcadis G & M (Hydraulics)
Pete Currie, Arcadis G & M (Hydraulics)

David Cox, NCWRC
John Hennessey, NCDWQ
Beth Barnes, NCDWQ
Eric Alsmeyer, USACE
Tom McCartney, USFW

Alice Gordon, NCDOT PD & EA Galen Cail, NCDOT Hydraulics

The meeting began with the distribution of the Stormwater Management Plan and a review of the overall project layout. The basin boundaries for the Neuse and Cape Fear Rivers were then distinguished on quad maps. All stream classification and delineation is presumed complete. **Steve Bondor** proceeded to review each redline plan sheet and field agency comments and questions. The question/comments are summarized as follows:

John, Eric, and David expressed concern over the "in-line" Type A basins on intermittent/buffered streams. Steve will investigate removing or relocating these basins. Galen will consult with the Roadside Environmental Unit whether the basins are necessary. The basins in question are located at the following locations:

Sta 43+50 -L- (Lt), 4+60 -RPA54- (Rt), 71+70 -L- (Rt)

Basins removed at these sites. Upstream of crossing Sta 4+60 –RPA54- is inside of –LPA54-, which will be used for detention.

- John pointed out that an "Inter Basin Trade-off" was proposed between Jordan Lake and the Neuse Basin and there was concern that it may effect this project. John will investigate and report at the next monthly meeting.
- John and Eric mentioned that the natural stream relocation from Sta 12+00 to Sta 13+50 -YRPB- (Rt) may not qualify for mitigation credit but only minimization due to the amount of box culverts and the overall stream impact

upstream. They offered no comments concerning the natural stream relocation from Sta 10+40 to Sta 12+80 -YRPA- (Rt) and Sta 13+55 to Sta 14+70 -YRPC- (Rt). Mitigation credits to be qualified by the agencies.

- Steve and Marshall pointed out that the drainage structures in gore areas will be raised to promote detention/infiltration in the interchanges. John encouraged placing outlets for systems where overland flow is available and where infiltration of stormwater can occur before it outlets to streams. Steve will investigate additional areas where treatment is available.
- 5) Eric mentioned the removal of the ditch in the wetland/buffer at Sta 60+90 -L- (Rt). May need additional wetland delineation coverage. Steve will investigate the use of a preformed scour hole outside of buffer. Alice will investigate the need for additional wetland coverage.

Additional coverage provided by Matt Cusack of Ecoscience. The ditch is removed and a preformed scour hole is proposed.

6) John recommended treating stormwater inside of Loop A at the NC 54 interchange (-LPA54-) instead of proposing basin/retention treatment at outlet. Steve will investigate.

Concur. Inside of loop used for detention..

John wants to review the proposed basin from Sta 3+40 to Sta 5+20 -RPD54-(Lt). It is proposed to retain a portion of the existing pond for retention. There were questions concerning the classification (stream or wetland) at the pond outlet The pond has Neuse River buffers. Galen will provide half size plan views of the basin to John for investigation. John will review and report at the next monthly meeting.

Subject:

Draft Minutes from Interagency Hydraulic Design Review Meeting

on October 17, 2002 for R-2000AB Wake County

#### Team Members:

Eric Alsmeyer-USACE (present)
John Hennessy-NCDWQ (present)
David Cox-NCWRC (present)
Howard Hall-USFWS (absent)
Chris Militscher-EPA (absent)
Alice Gordon-PDEA (present)

## Participants:

Galen Cail, NCDOT Hydraulics David Chang, NCDOT Hydraulics Steve Bondor, Arcadis Engineers Glenn Mumford, NCDOT Roadway Design Anne Gamber, NCDOT Hydraulics

Galen opened the meeting with a brief review of the project location. It was noted the project had been through the 4B Hydraulic Design Review on January 24, 2002.

Additional impacts due to utilities were investigated. Only Site 3, Sheet 13 was effect (outlet of box culvert under Davis Drive). Plan view and impacts revised.

#### 1) Site 1 and 2:

No specific comments other than location of the site on the project plans. It was brought up that Site 1 had been revised since the January review meeting where it was requested to remove the proposed detention basin from the stream.

#### 2) Site3:

David Cox questioned the energy dissipater in the live stream at the outlet of the proposed 3.0mx3.0m RCBC Sta 11+90 –YRPB- (Lt). Steve and Galen replied that the dissipater was considered due to the high outlet velocities and the proximity of the bend from the outlet in the natural stream design. It was thought that it would be better to go ahead and use rip rap armor in the bed of a prescribed dissipater than to allow the stream to scour on it's own. There were concerns from John, Eric and David of the migration of scour downstream and if the rock cross vanes and dissipater would be sufficient to stop it. It was discussed that using a rock key at sufficient depth just downstream of the dissipater may inhibit migration and should be considered. John wanted to review calculations for the dissipater and will investigate the possible options for this area.

• Dissipater data submitted with permit.

John requested the natural stream design information include stream power calculations. He also questioned whether the reference stream had been approved. Steve stated this will be investigated.

Stream power data submitted with permit.

• Dave Penrose (DWQ) had previously observed and verbally approved the reference reach during a previous project. Confirmed with John Hennessey 11/4/02.

John wanted impacts to streams for the entire interchange to be shown on permit drawings. This will be incorporated into the permit.

• Additional drawing submitted with permit. Stream impacts will include entire project reach including ultimate interchange design.

David, Eric and John wanted to know if sills had been considered along streams. Steve stated that sills had been considered but were not used at culverts effected by the backwater of the pond West of Davis Drive.\ or at other locations along this stream because the box culvert(s) fit the stream width.

#### 3) Site 4:

Eric requested that a sill in culvert for low flow capacity be examined. This site will be reinvestigated for a sill considering the pond effects and stream width.

• The application of sills at this site was reconsidered. The box, a 2 @ 4mx3m under proposed –YCFLY-, is the most upstream box from the lake along Davis Drive. The width of the normal water surface at the box is 5.5m to 6.0m wide with the top of bank width of approximately 9.5m to 10m. The normal lake pool elevation has backwater effects up to and including half of the box length. It was determined the minimal effects of having a sill under these conditions did not justify the additional cost and design time required to increase the box size to accommodate the sill.

It was noted that the location of Site 4 was incorrectly shown on the vicinity map.

• Site corrected on vicinity map.

#### 4) <u>Site 5:</u>

No specific comments other than location of the site on the project plans.

#### 5) Site 6:

John requested the natural stream design information include stream power calculations. He also questioned whether the reference stream had been approved. Steve stated this will be investigated.

- Stream power data submitted with permit.
- Dave Penrose (DWQ) had previously observed and verbally approved the reference reach during a previous project. Confirmed with John Hennessey 11/4/02.

#### 6) Site 7:

Eric wanted to know the limits of the wetland area and if they were complete. Alice agreed to redelineate the wetland to verify its boundary. Eric stated if the wetlands extend past project area consider as partial take. If wetlands extend within the proximity of the right of way show as total take. This will be incorporated into the permit.

Additional wetland delineation requested......

#### 7) Site 8:

No comments.

#### 8) Site 9 (Buffer Site 1):

It was decided that the need to raise the grate inlets inside the loop could be eliminated if adequate treatment was provided from the grassed swales prior to entering the inlets.

Ditches provide adequate treatment. Grate will be lowered to ditch elevation.

Correct buffer limits to be shown with an arc at begin/end buffer.

Buffer outline corrected.

## 9) Site 10 (Buffer Site 2):

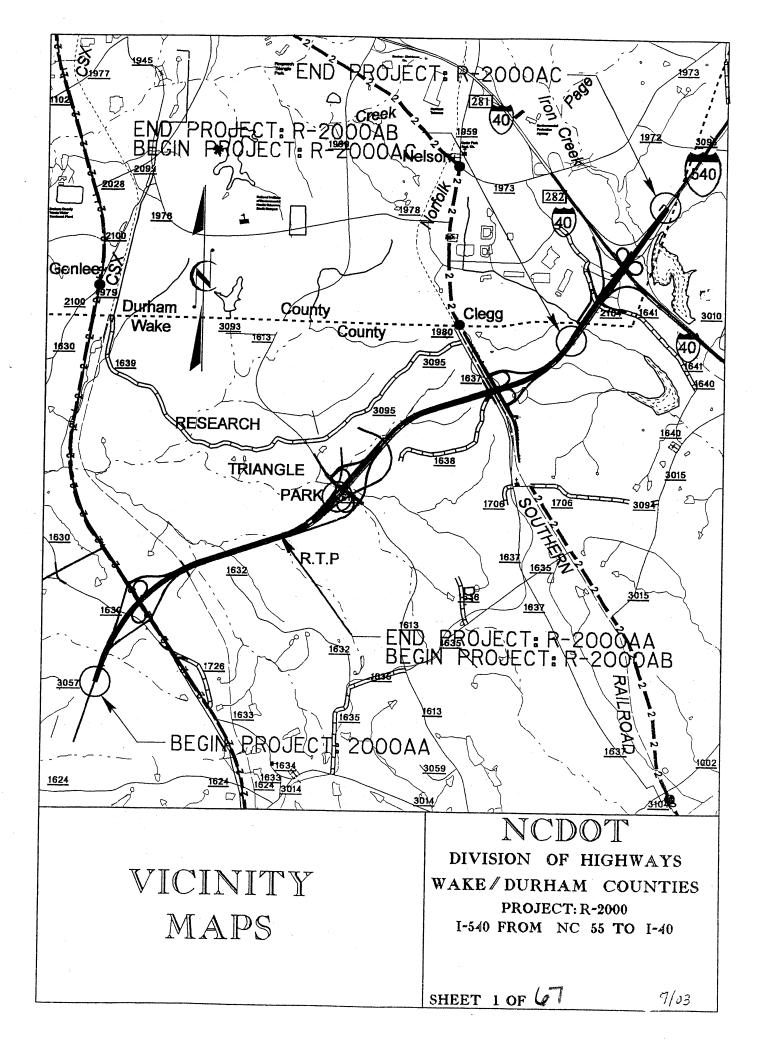
Alice Gordon stated that downstream of the pond was reevaluated and found not to be wetlands or a stream. Can eliminate as impacted on permitted. John Hennessy requested that a rock berm be used to diffuse flow at riser outlet.

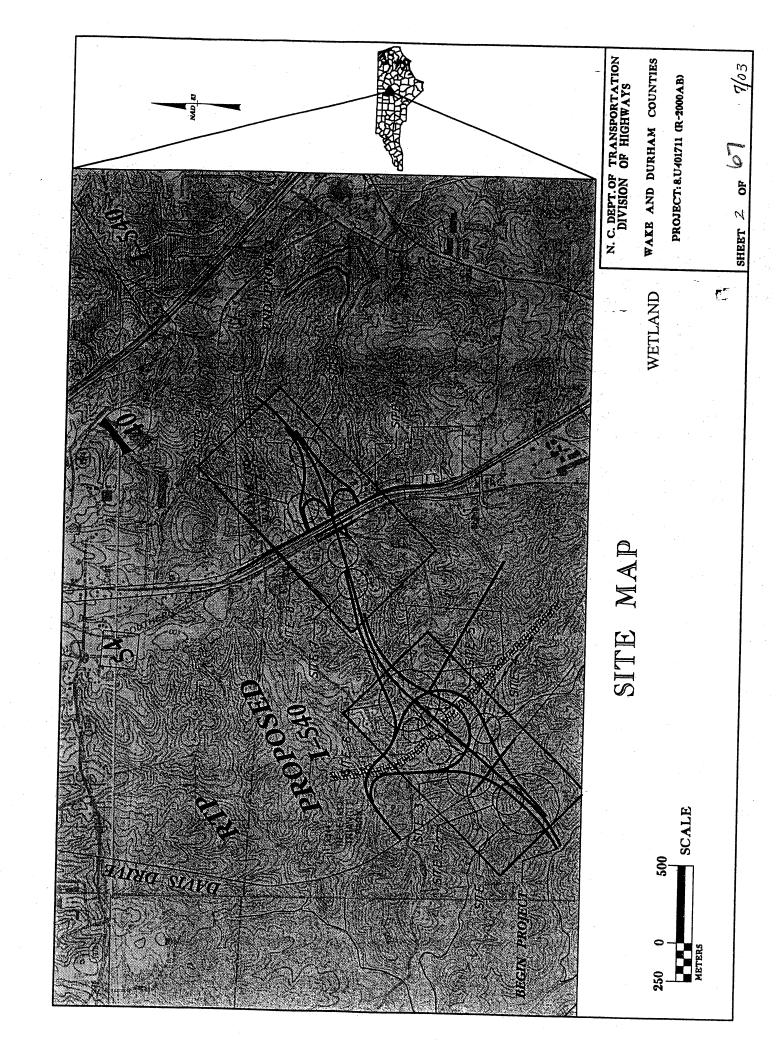
Wetland eliminated. Class B outlet protection should be adequate since discharge outlets only when riser of upstream sediment basin is submerged.

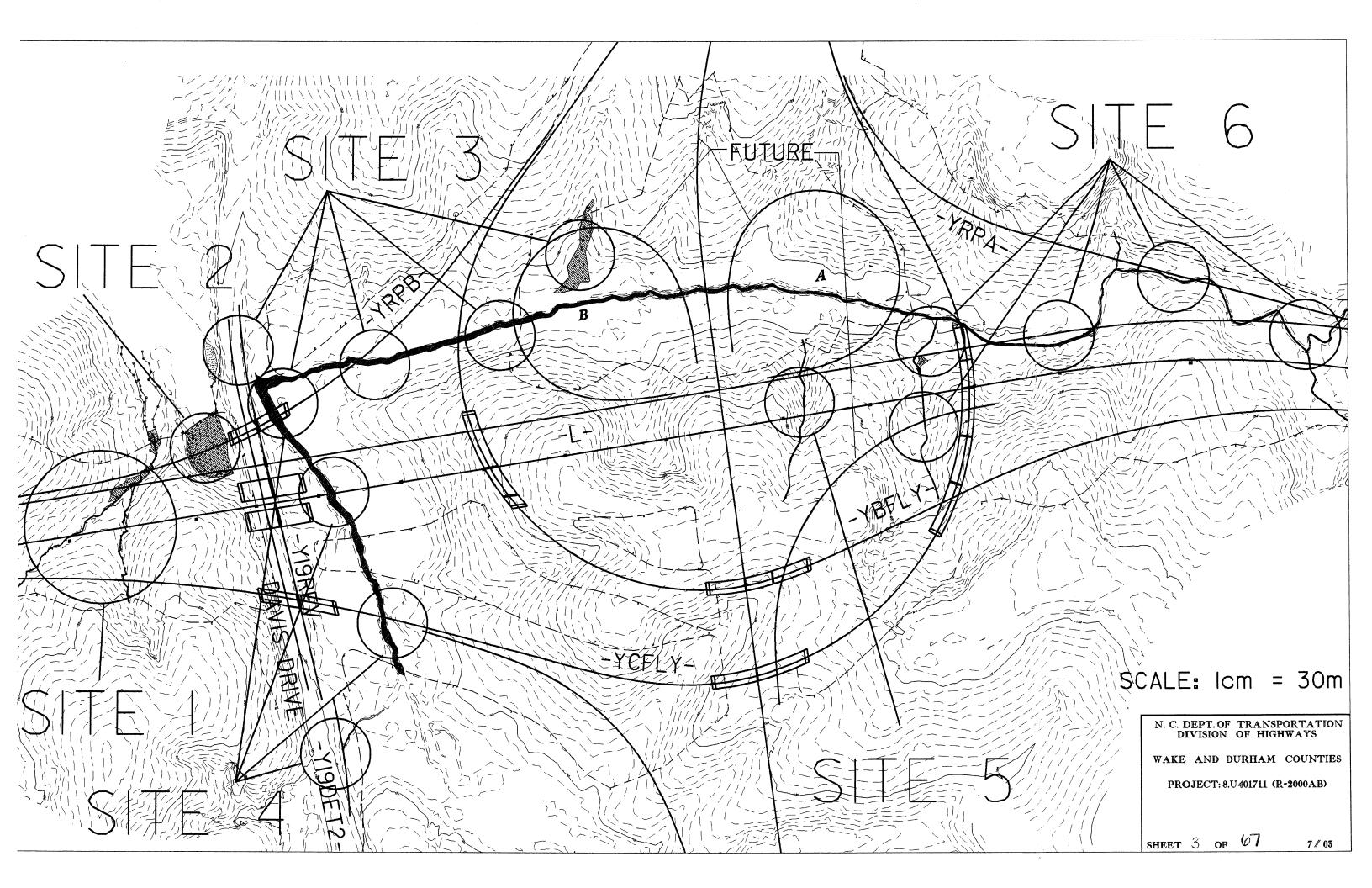
## 10) <u>Site 11 (Buffer Site 3):</u>

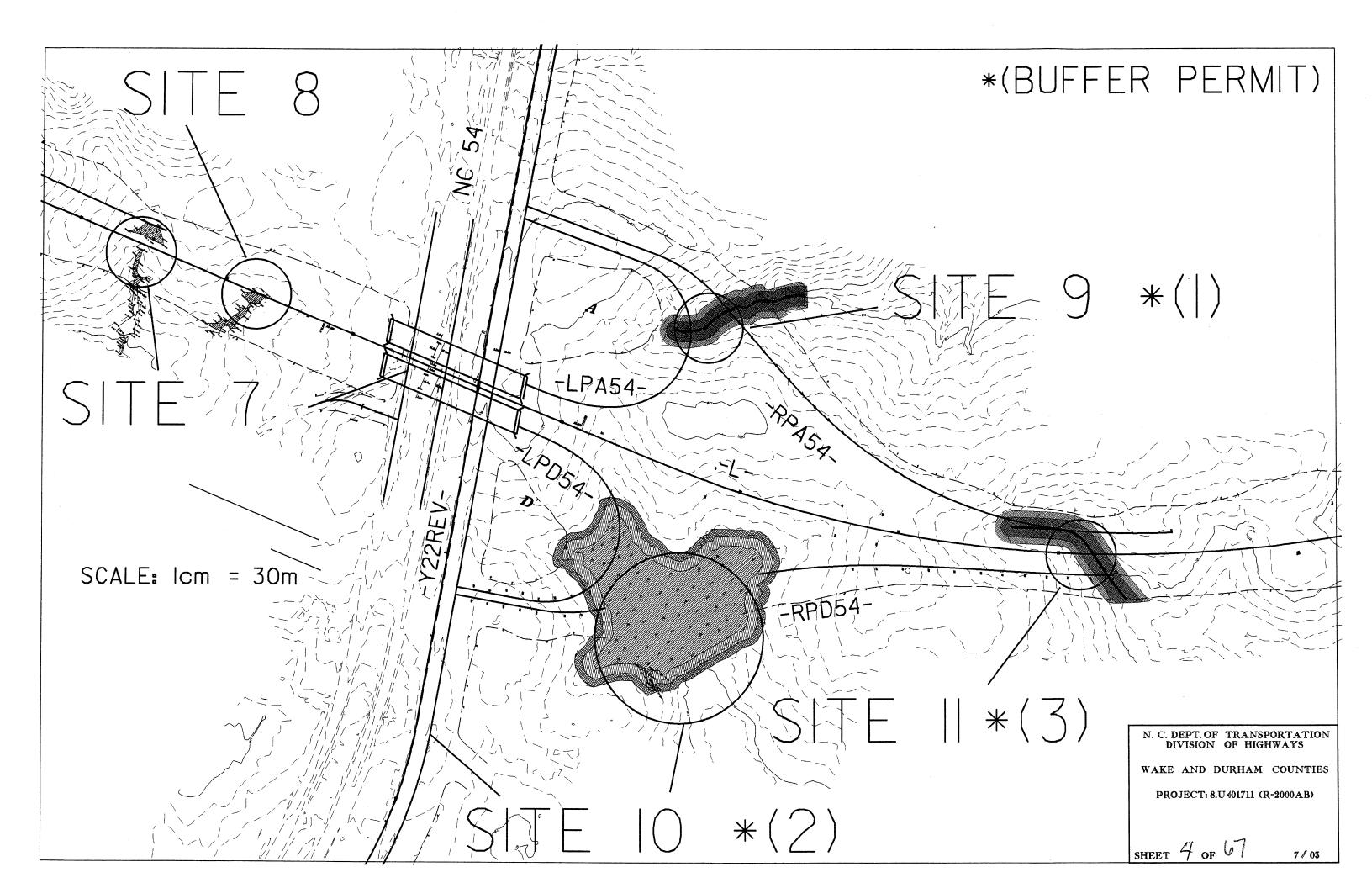
Correct buffer limits to be shown with an arc at begin/end buffer.

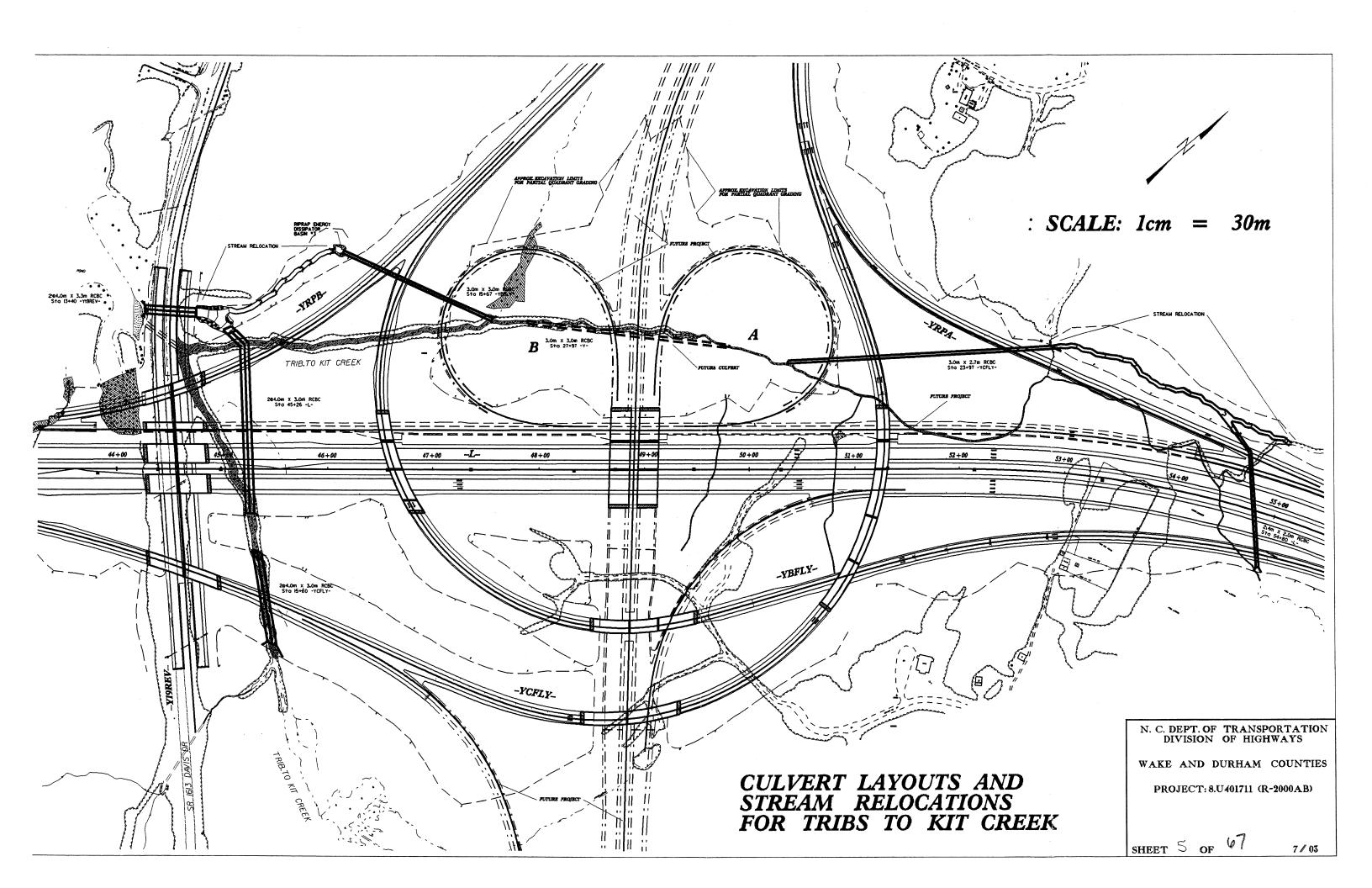
Buffer outline corrected.











## LEGEND

-WLB---- WETLAND BOUNDARY WETLAND DENOTES FILL IN WETLAND DENOTES FILL IN SURFACE WATER DENOTES FILL IN SURFACE WATER (POND) DENOTES TEMPORARY FILL IN WETLAND DENOTES EXCAVATION IN WETLAND DENOTES TEMPORARY FILL IN SURFACE WATER DENOTES MECHANIZED CLEARING FLOW DIRECTION \_\_ TOP OF BANK ----WE --- EDGE OF WATER C \_\_ PROP. LIMIT OF CUT F \_\_ PROP. LIMIT OF FILL - PROP. RIGHT OF WAY -- NG --- NATURAL GROUND \_ \_PL\_\_ - PROPERTY LINE - TDE - TEMP. DRAINAGE EASEMENT -PDE --- PERMANENT DRAINAGE EASEMENT

--- EAB--- EXIST. ENDANGERED

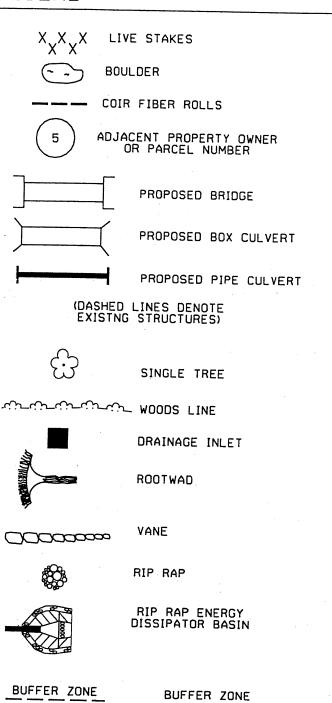
- EPB - EXIST. ENDANGERED

\_\_\_\_∇\_\_\_\_ WATER SURFACE

ANIMAL BOUNDARY

PLANT BOUNDARY

أدر



N. C. DEPT.OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

WAKE AND DURHAM COUNTIES

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)

SHEET 6 OF 67

7/03

#### STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

Project No. 8.U401711, TIP No. R-2000AB Interim Design

February 25, 2002 Revised November 1,2002

Wake-Durham Counties

Hydraulics Project Engineer: Steven M. Bondor, P.E. (ARCADIS G&M of North Carolina, Inc.)
Galen Cail, P.E. (NCDOT Hydraulics Unit)

#### **Roadway Description**

The project consists of a portion of the Northern Wake Expressway (I-540) extending from west of Davis Drive to about 1 kilometer (km) west of Interstate 40 (I-40). The project is about 3.6 km in length and includes a new alignment consisting of a controlled access divided highway with two or more 3.6-meter (m) lanes in each direction, and interchanges at NC 54 and Davis Drive. The proposed typical section consists of a grass median with grass shoulders and ditches, and curb and gutter along the interchange loops. The proposed roadway crosses various streams and includes eight box culverts and three stream relocations. The proposed drainage system includes cross pipes, grate inlets and associated pipe systems in the median and side ditches, lateral ditches, and modified expressway gutter along high fill slopes.

#### **Project Involvement**

The entire project is located within an unincorporated area of Wake County. However, the project is not subject to Wake County Stormwater regulations, because state projects are specifically exempted by the regulations. The section of the project located east of NC54, from -L-Sta 64+40 to the end is located within the Neuse River Watershed, and is therefore subject to the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources (NCDENR) regulations for preservation of stream buffers. The remainder of the project, west of NC54, is located in the Cape Fear Watershed. Three streams within the Neuse River Watershed were identified as being subject to the stream buffer regulations by the NCDENR, based on the Wake County Natural Resource Conservation Service Soil Maps and the U. S. Geological Service Quad Map (Cary Quadrangle).

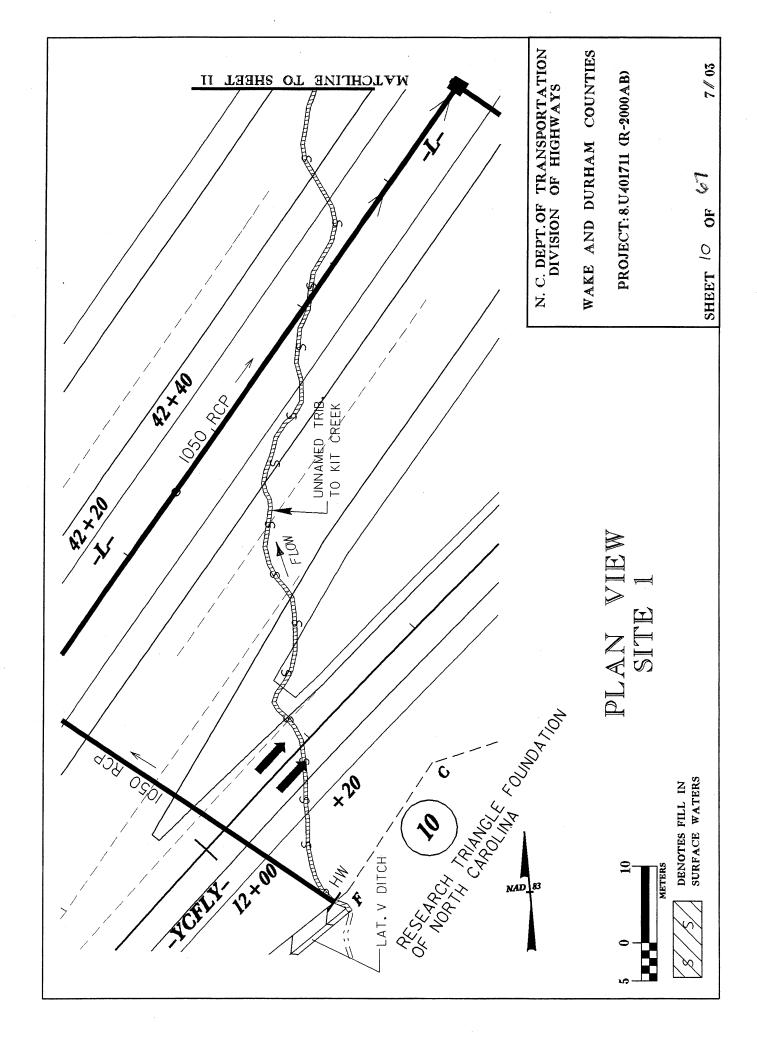
## **Best Management Practices and Major Structures**

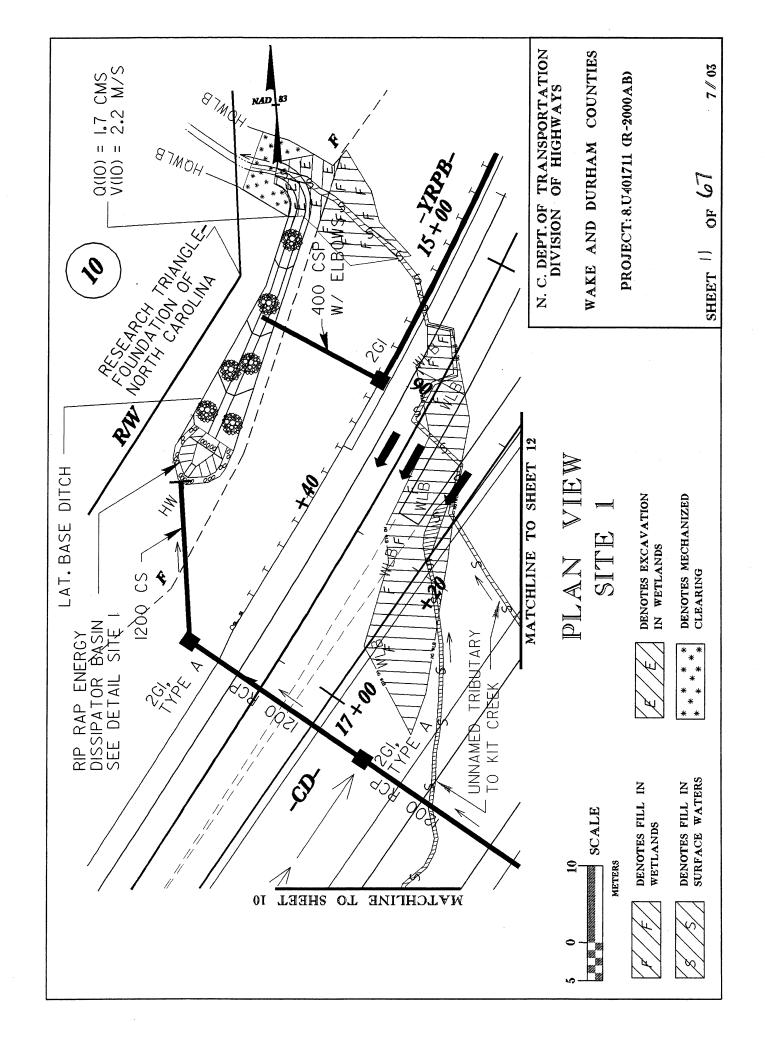
Best Management Practices (BMPs) utilized on the project are as follows: grass swales, wet detention ponds, detention in gore areas, level spreaders, natural channel design for stream relocations, and the submergence of box culverts below stream beds. The BMPs were designed based on the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources publication entitled, "Stormwater Management Guidance Manual." Stormwater detention in gore areas will be provided by open-throat catch basins elevated about 1 m above the low point.

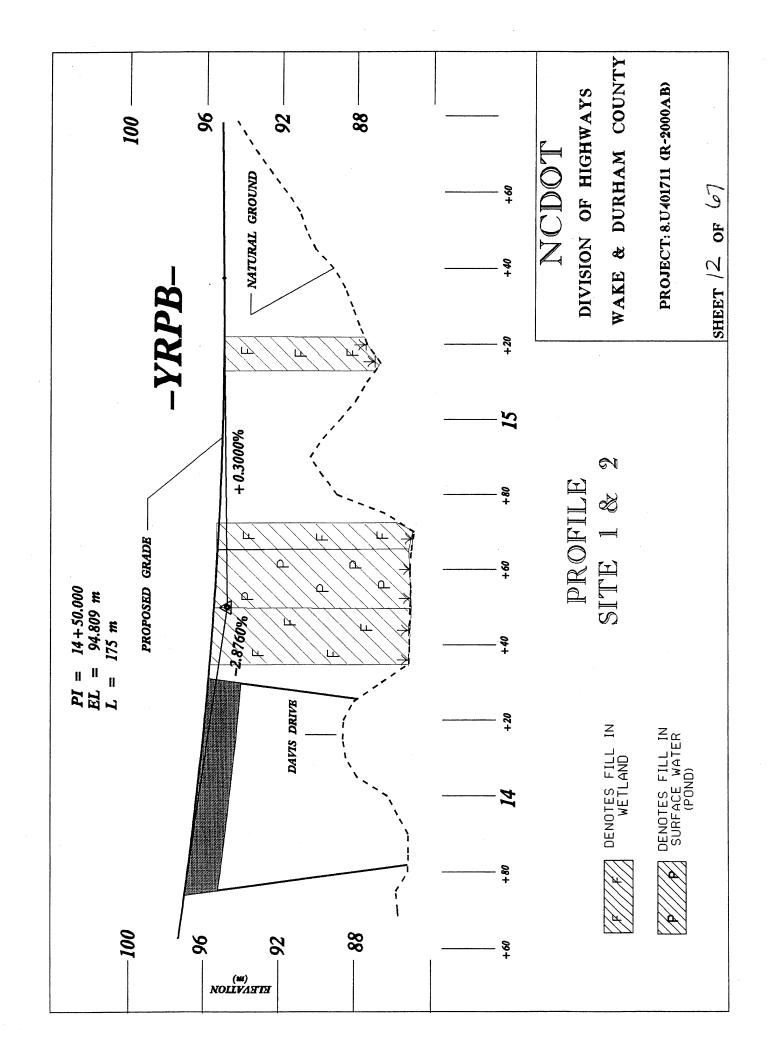
The stream relocations are required due to the location of the proposed fill slopes over the existing streams, making the relocation of the streams unavoidable along these reaches. The design methods used are in accordance with those recommended in, "Applied River Morphology" (Rosgen, 1996).

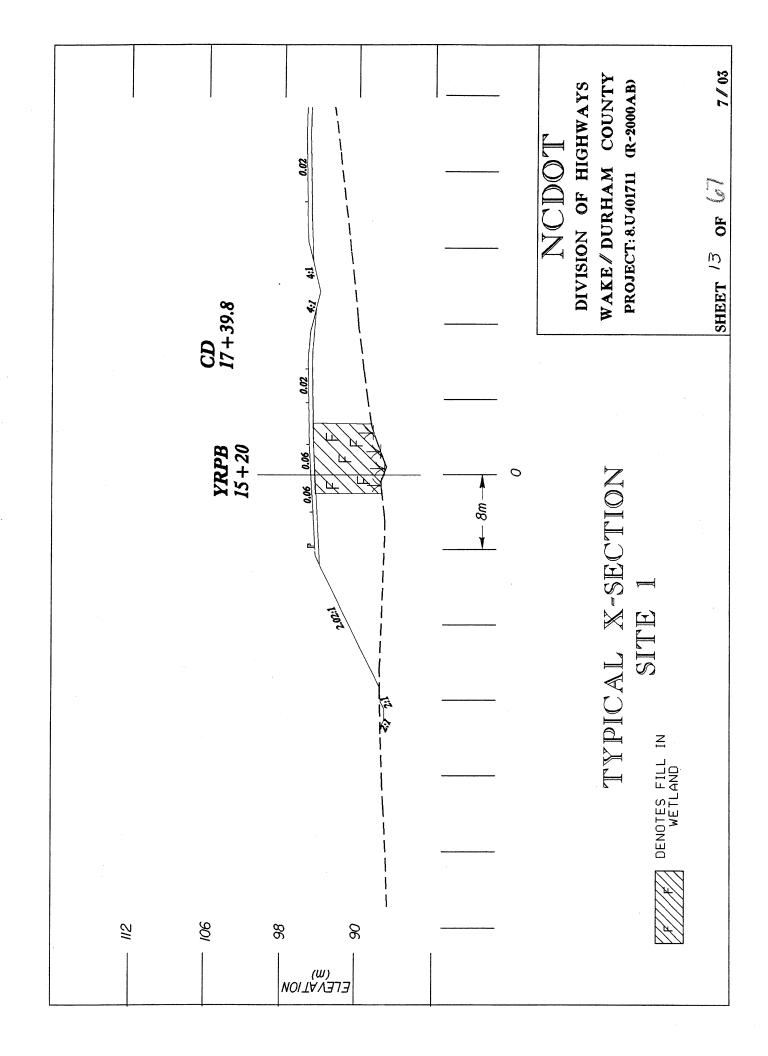
	Station	Plan Sheet
Grass Swales	-RPA54- 5+80 to 6+20 right	10
	-RPA54- 3+20 to 3+90 left	10
	-RPA54- 4+70 to 5+60 left	10
	-LPA54- 1+00 to 1+40 right	10
	-L- 67+07 to 67+60 median	10
	-L-69+00 to 69+40 median	12
	-L- 70+40 to 70+80 median	12
Detention in Gore Areas	-L- 45+90 left	6
	-L- 47+00 left	6
	-L- 50+80 left	6
	-L- 51+80 left	6
	-Y- 26+40 left	6
	-Y- 26+70 right	6
	-L- 49+40 right	7
	-Y32+15 right	7
	-L- 66+40 left	10
	-L- 66+40 right	11
Level Spreader	-Y22REV- 13+50 left	21
	-L- 70+40 right	12
Stream Relocations	-YRPB- 11+90 to 13+39 right	6
	-YRPA- 10+39 to 12+76 right	8

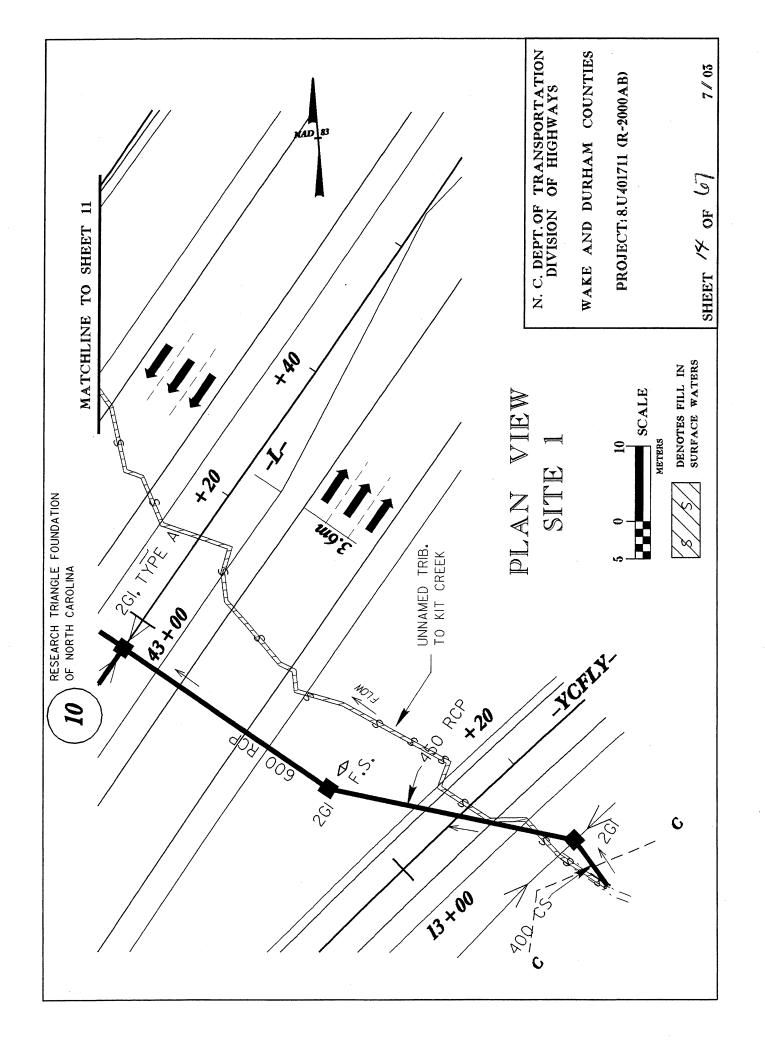
ВМР	Station	Plan Sheet
Box Culverts	-Y19REV- 13+40	5
	-L- 45+26	5
	-YCFLY- 15+60	5
	-YBFLY-15+67	6
	-Y- 27+97	6
	-YCFLY- 23+97	6
	-L- 54+80	8

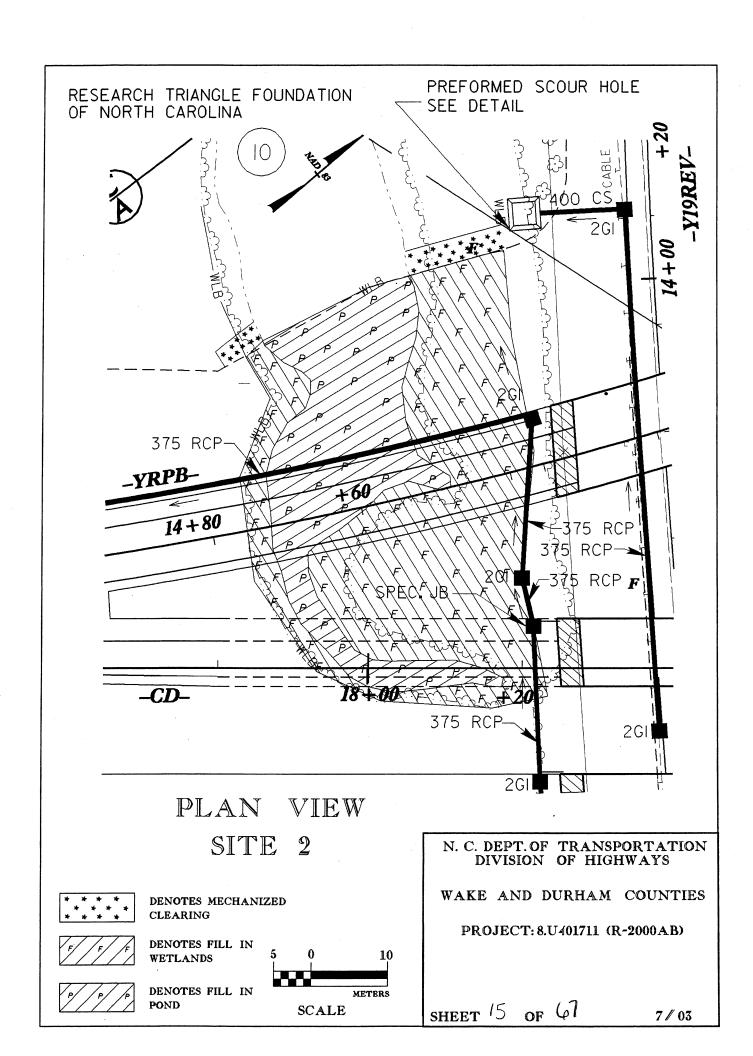


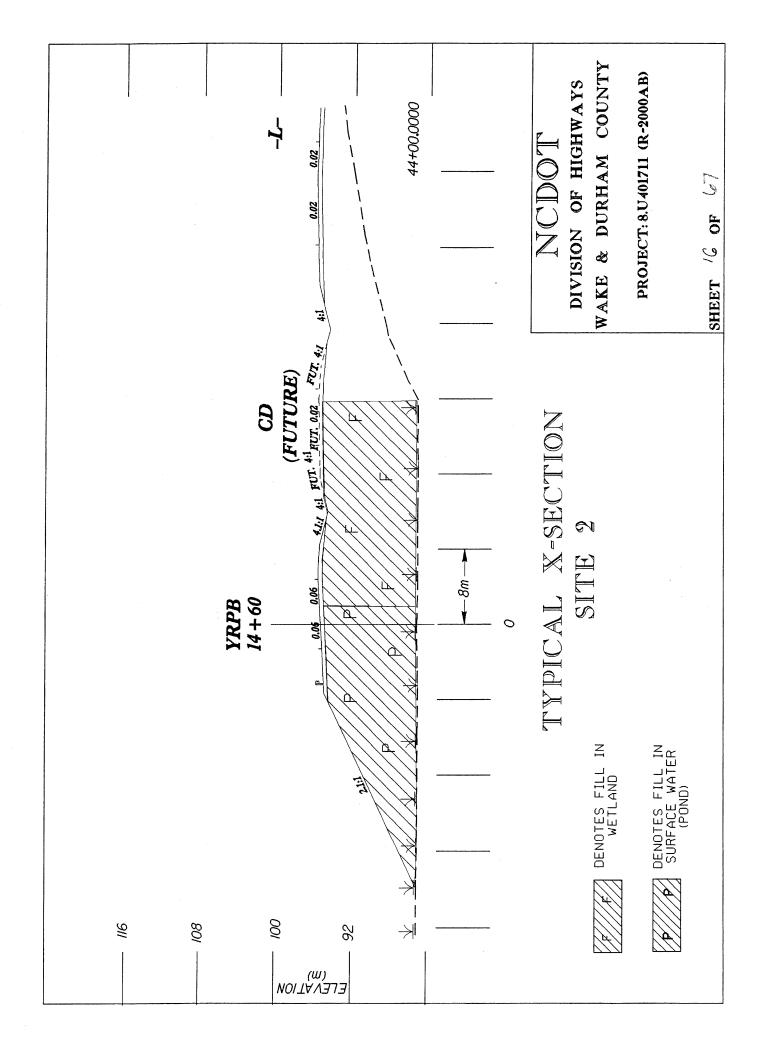


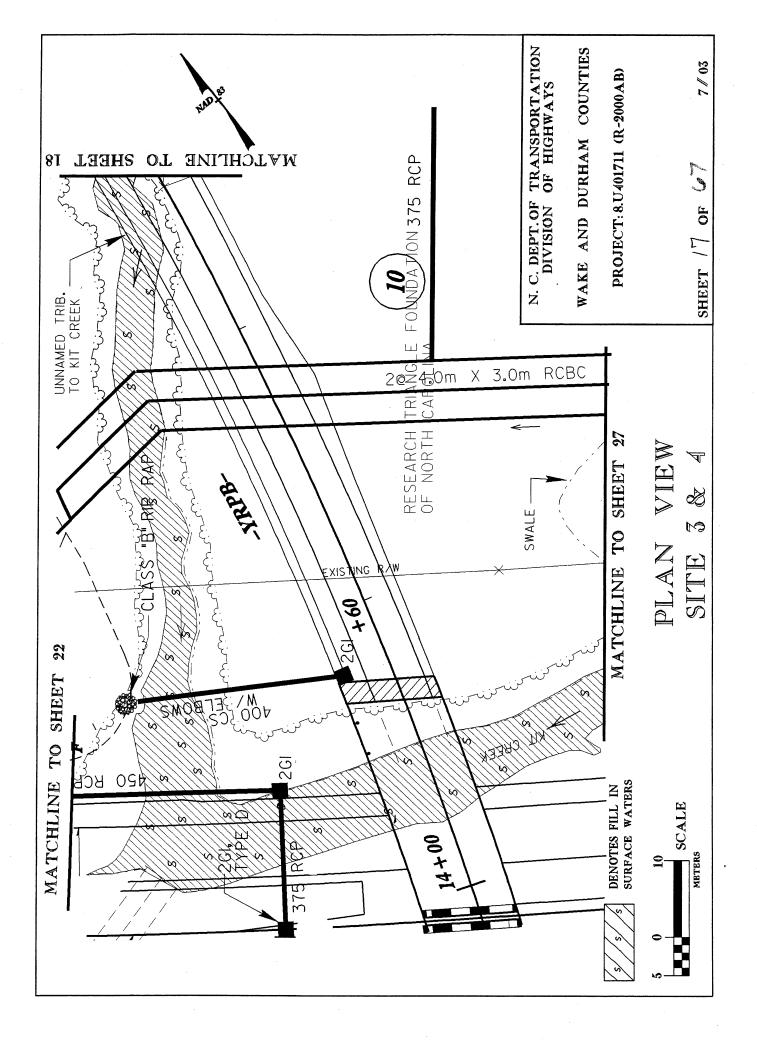


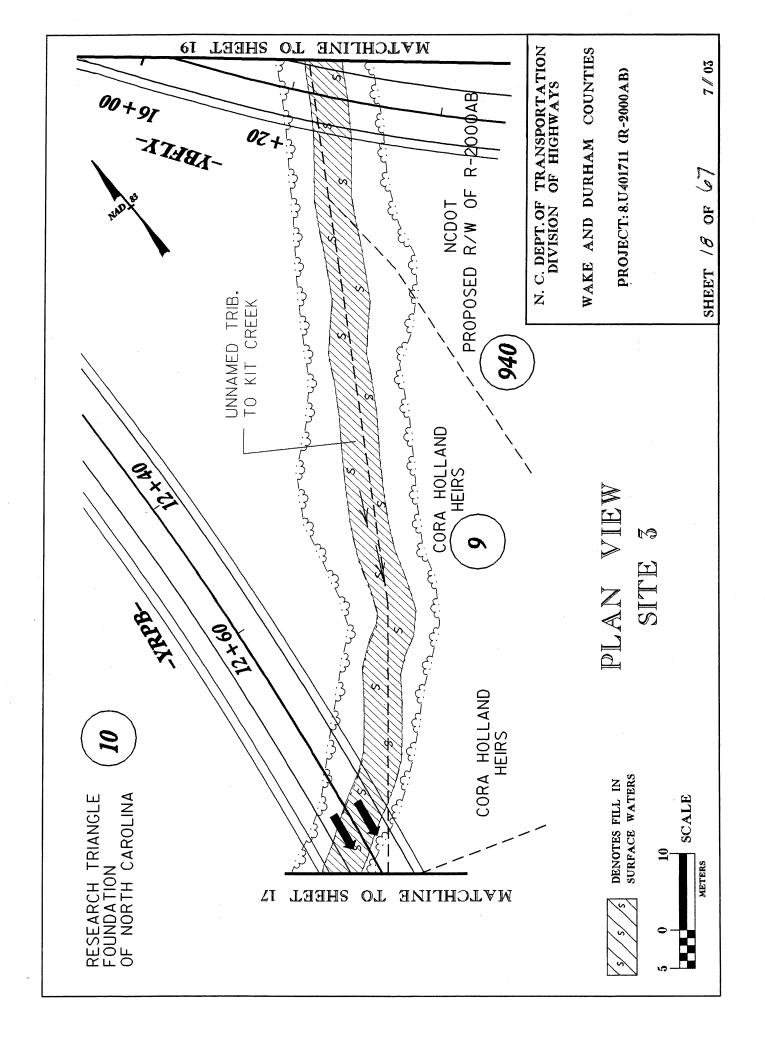


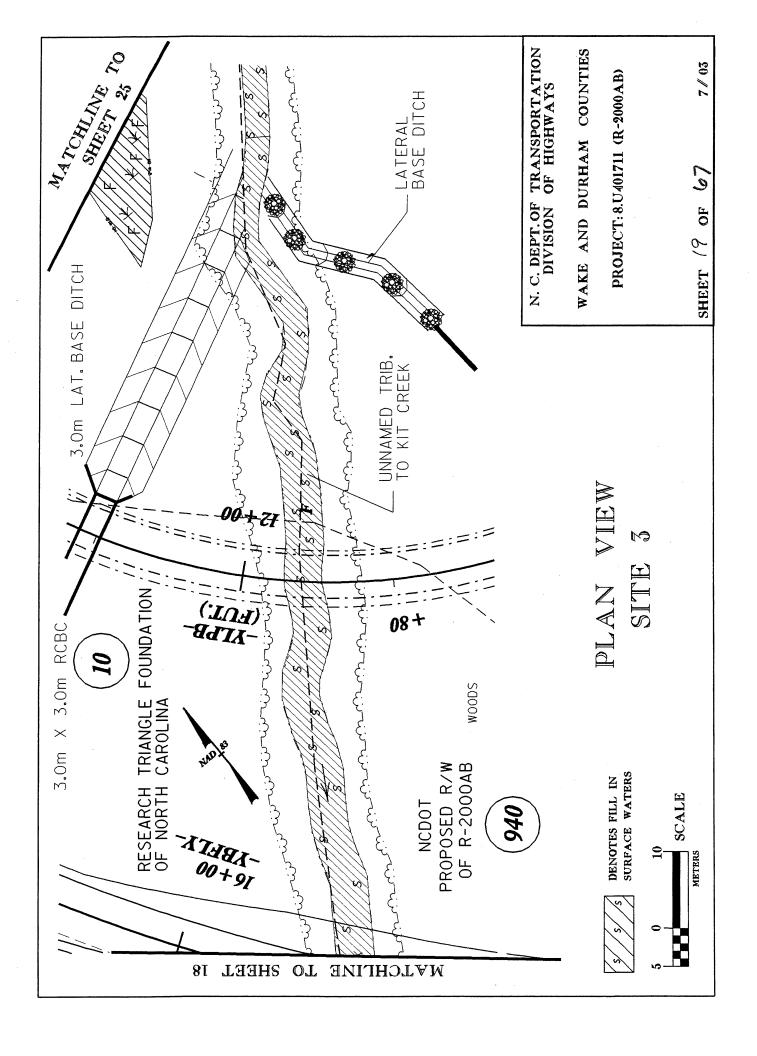


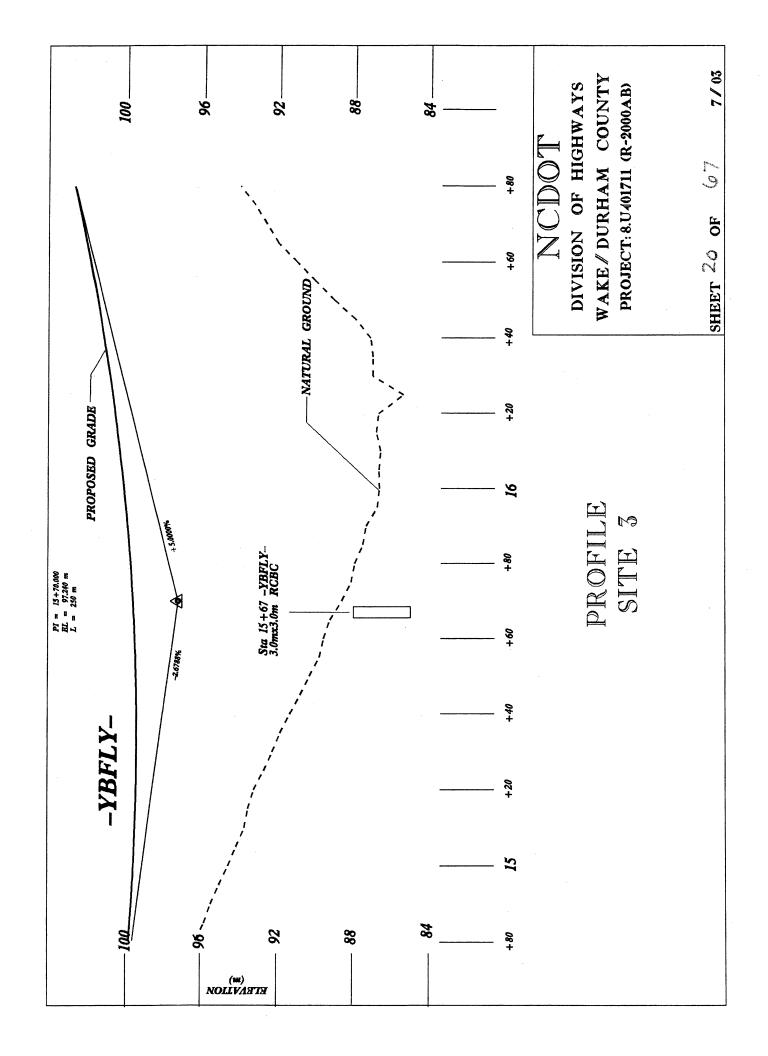


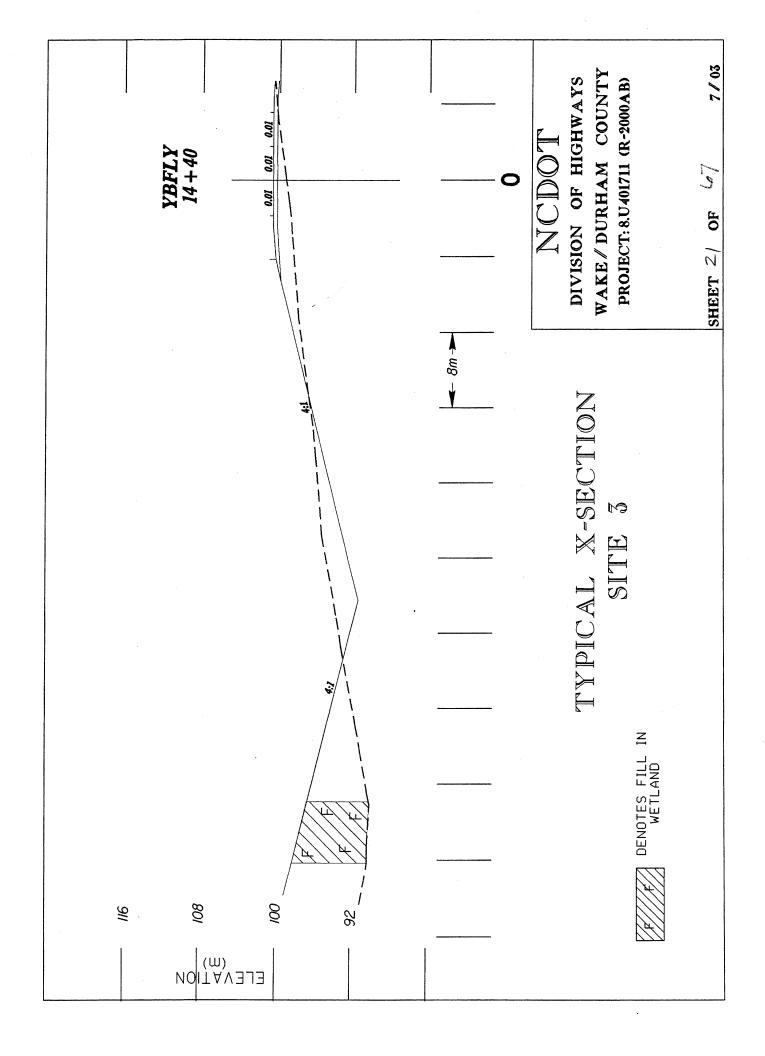


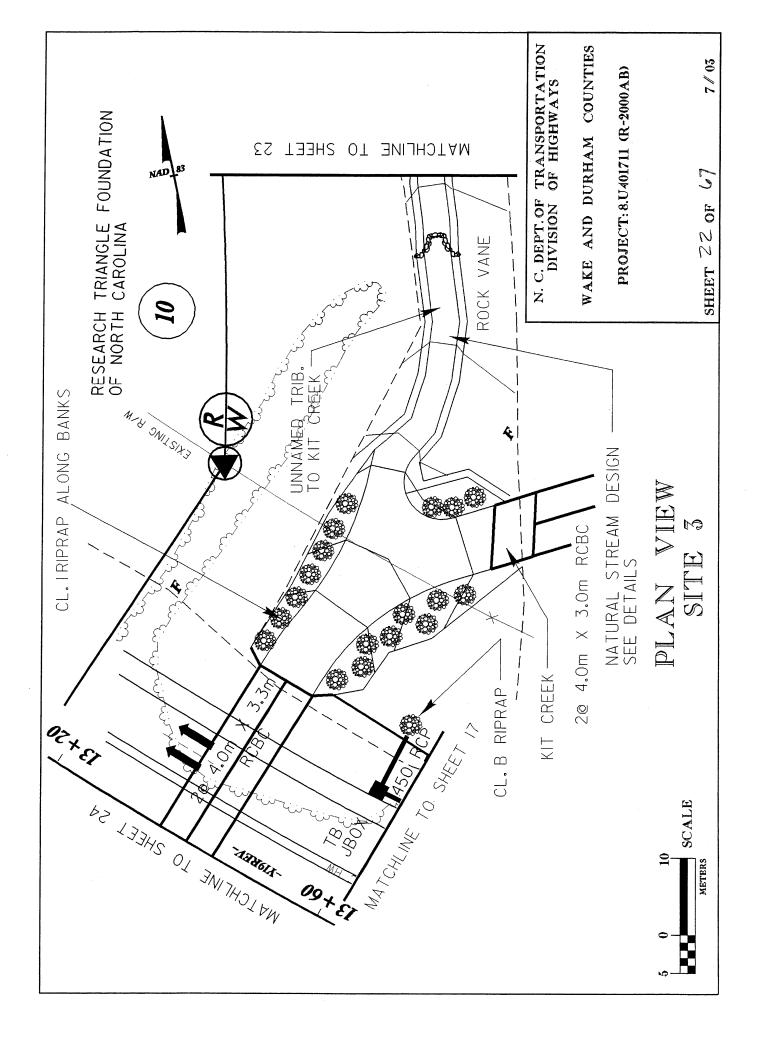


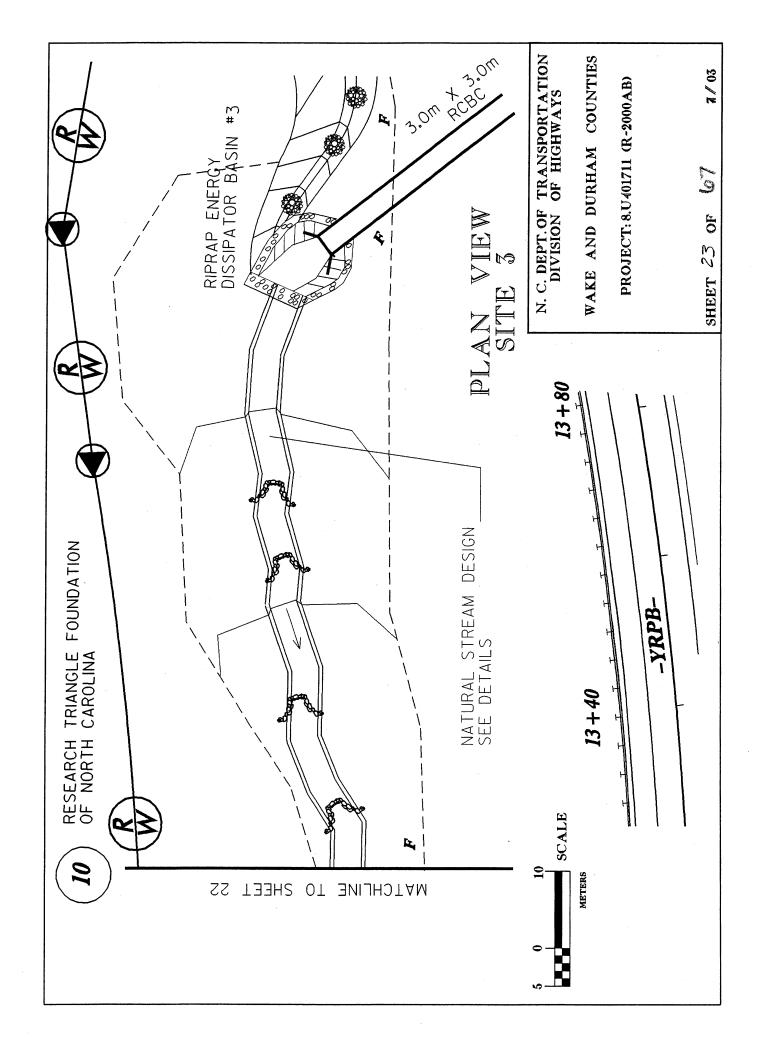


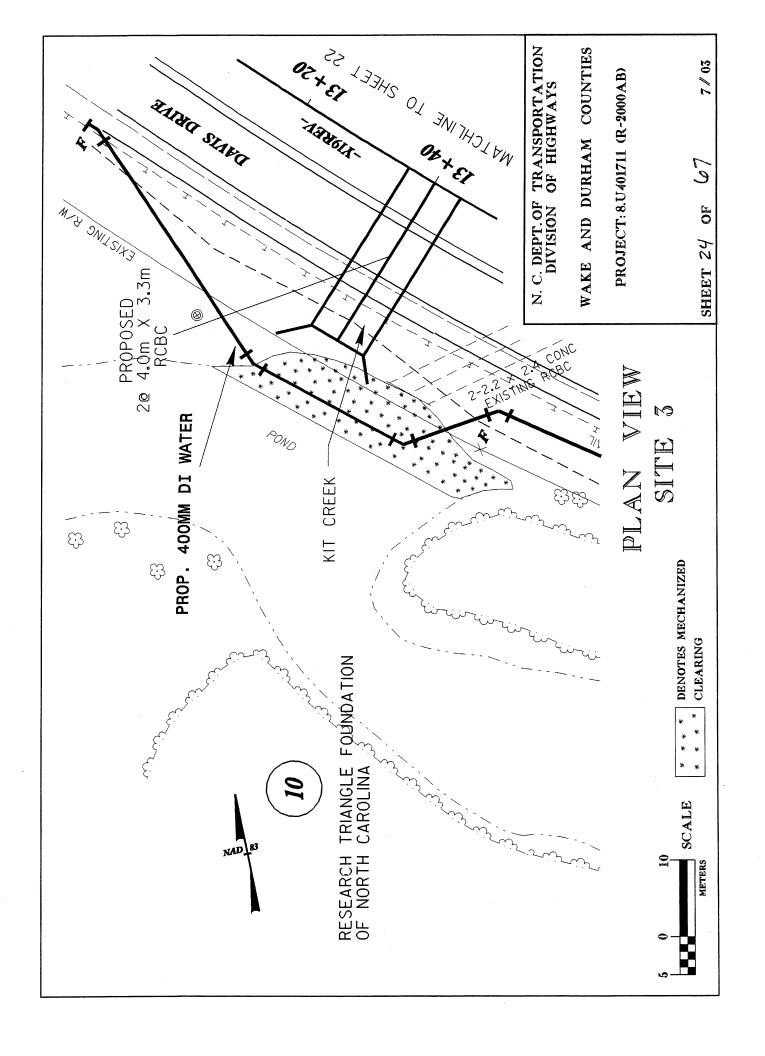


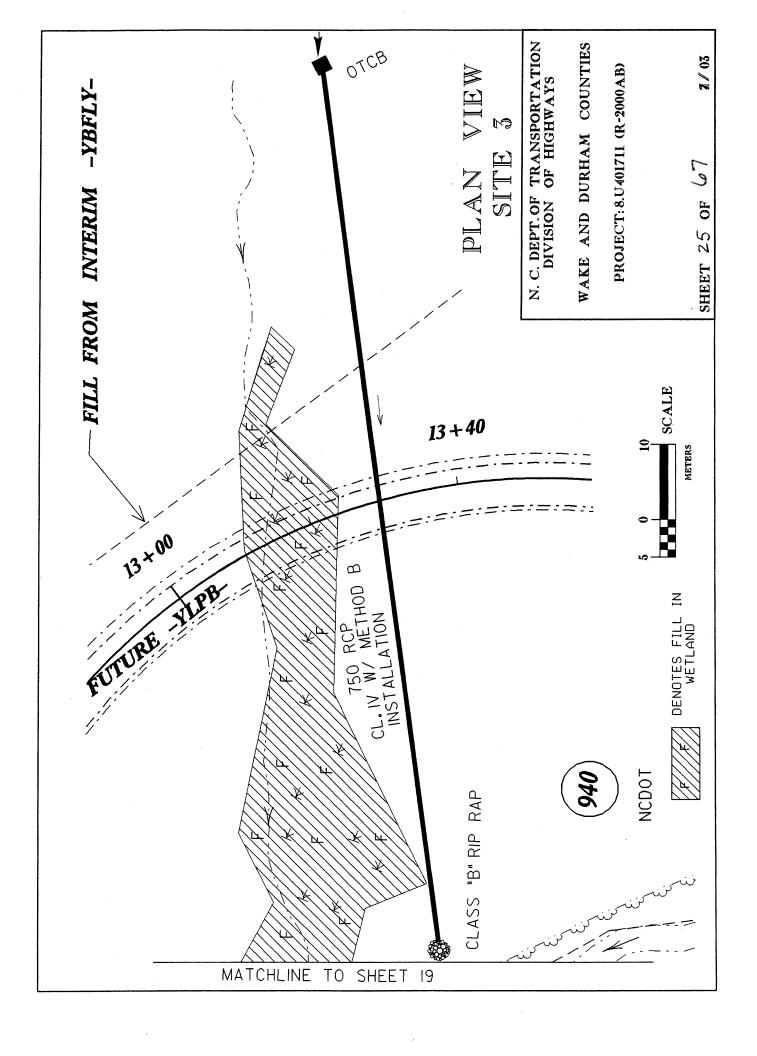


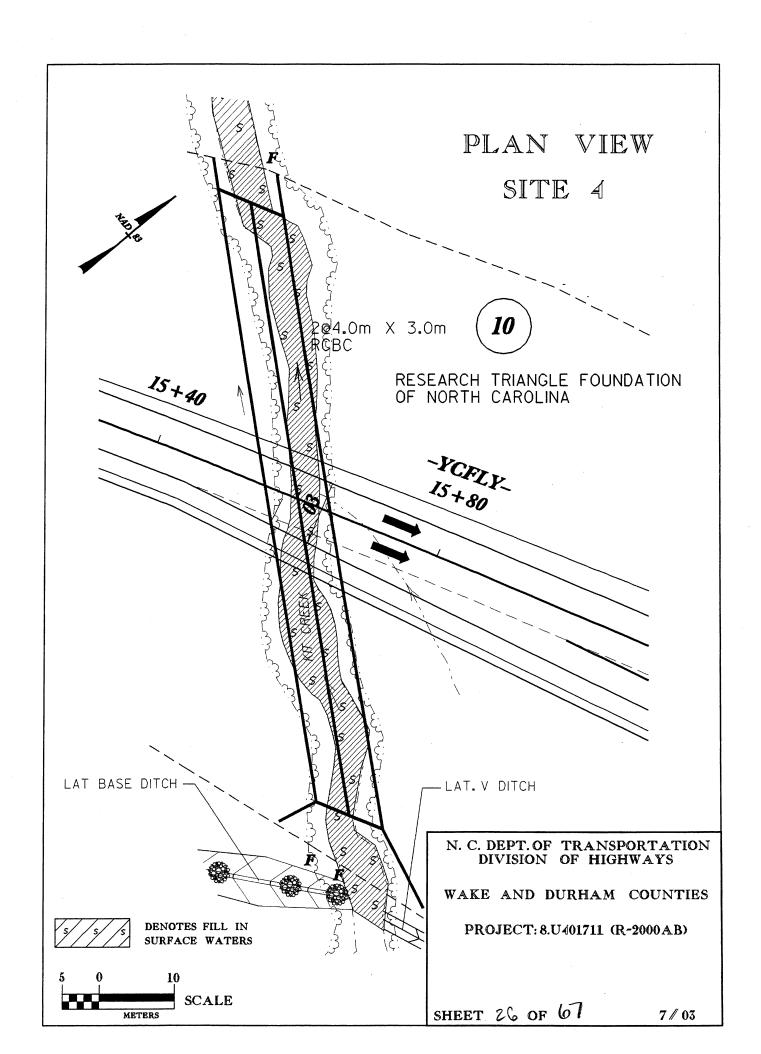


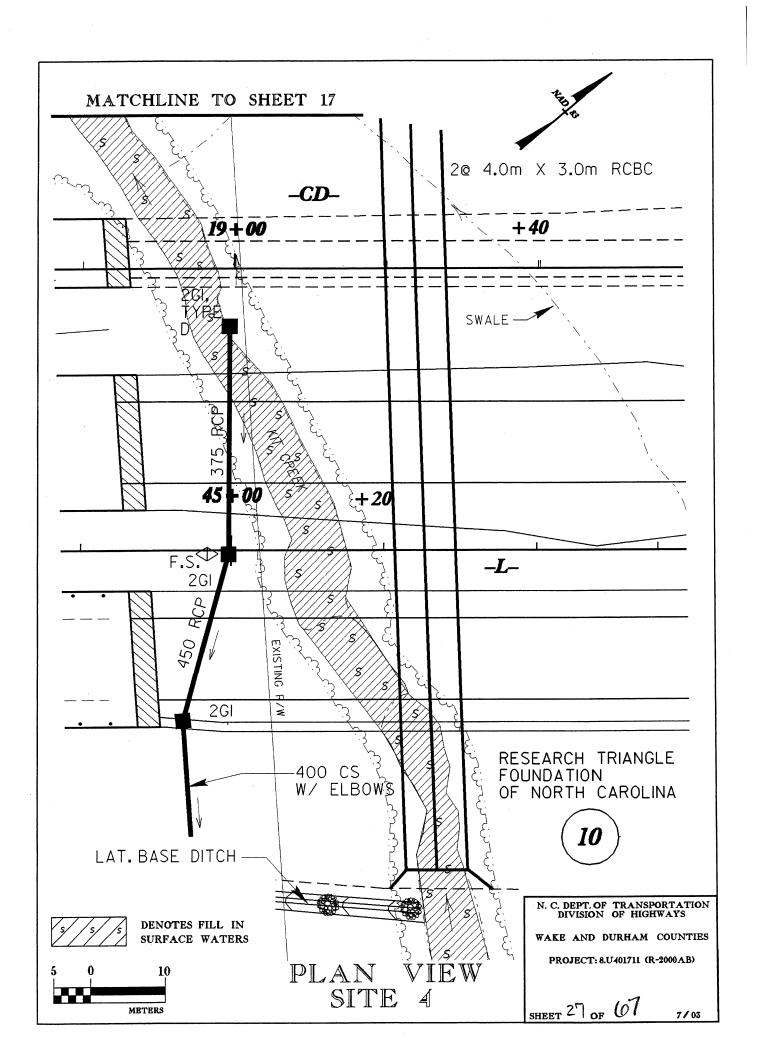


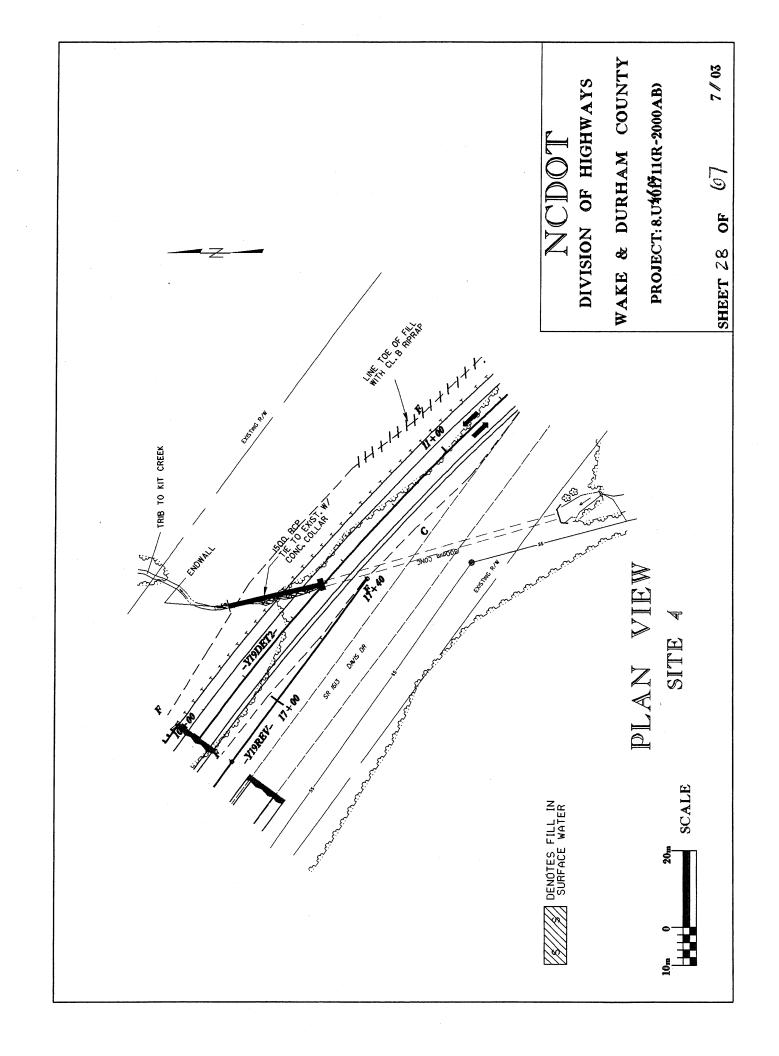


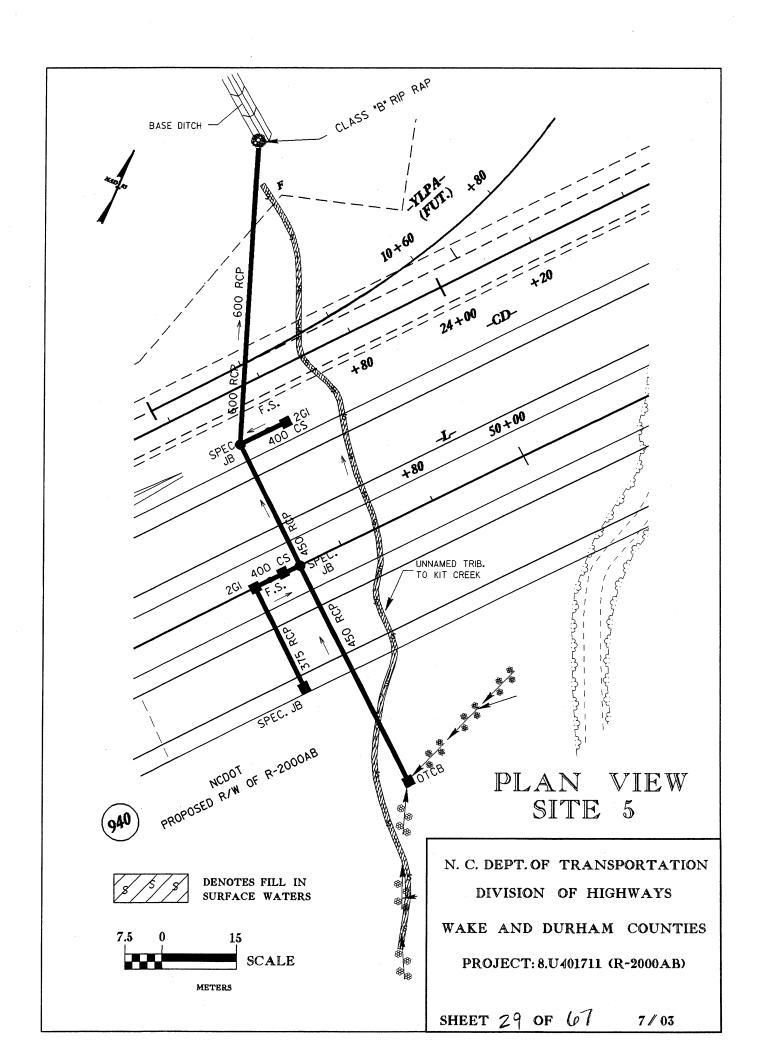


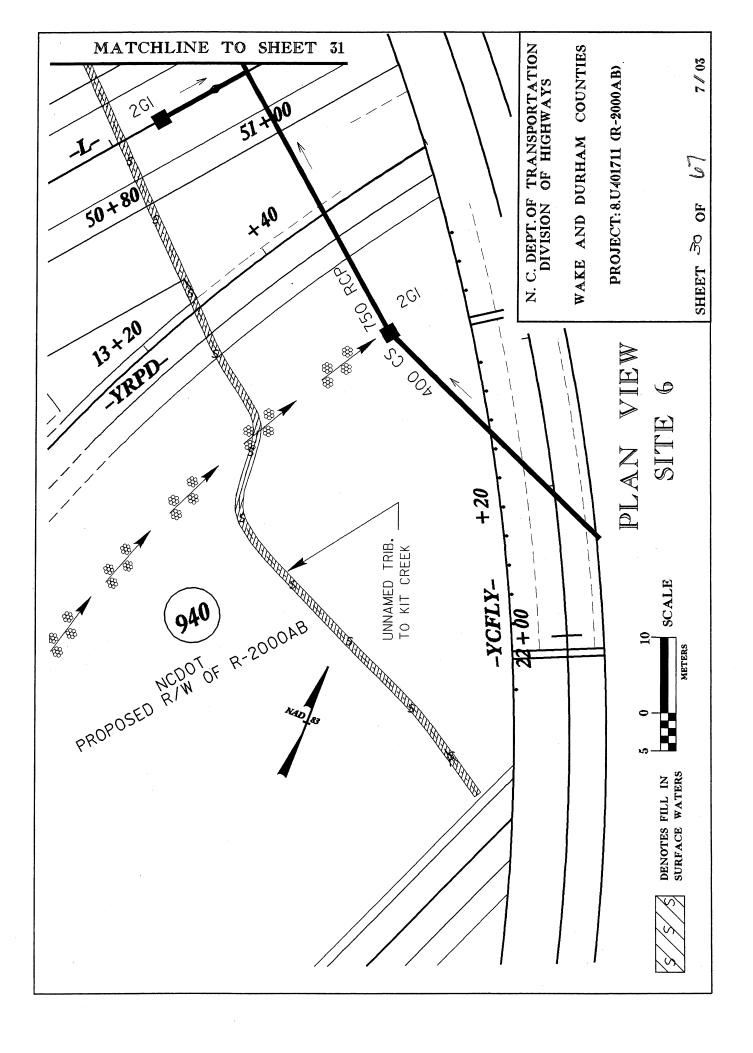


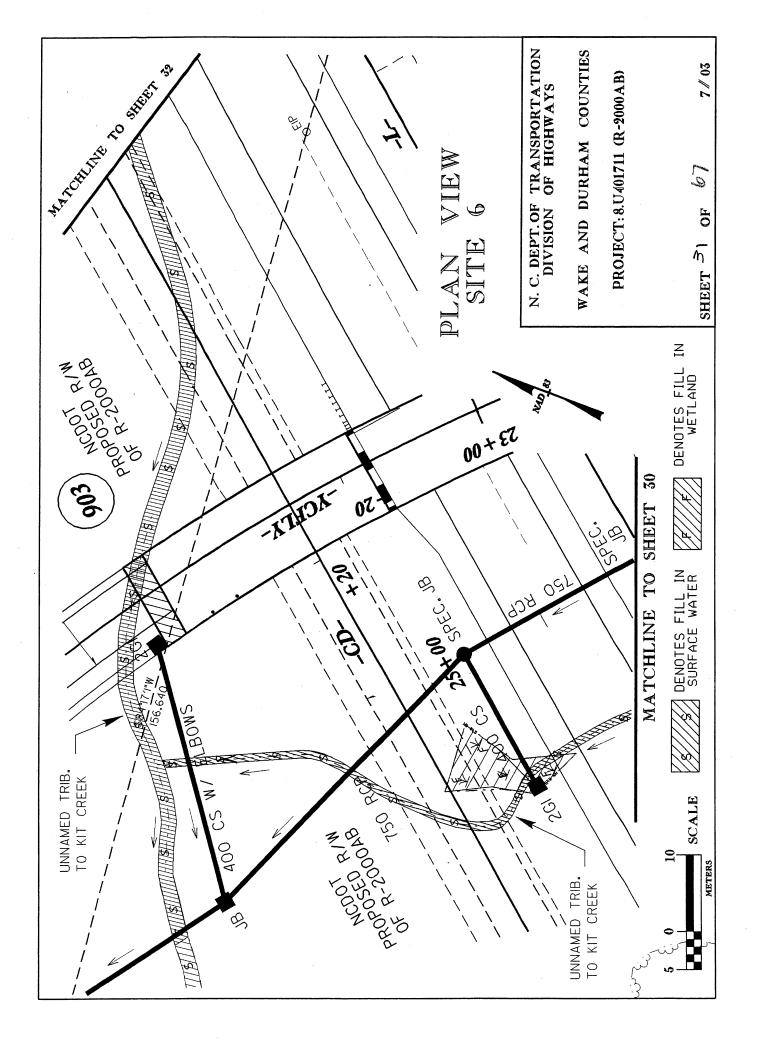


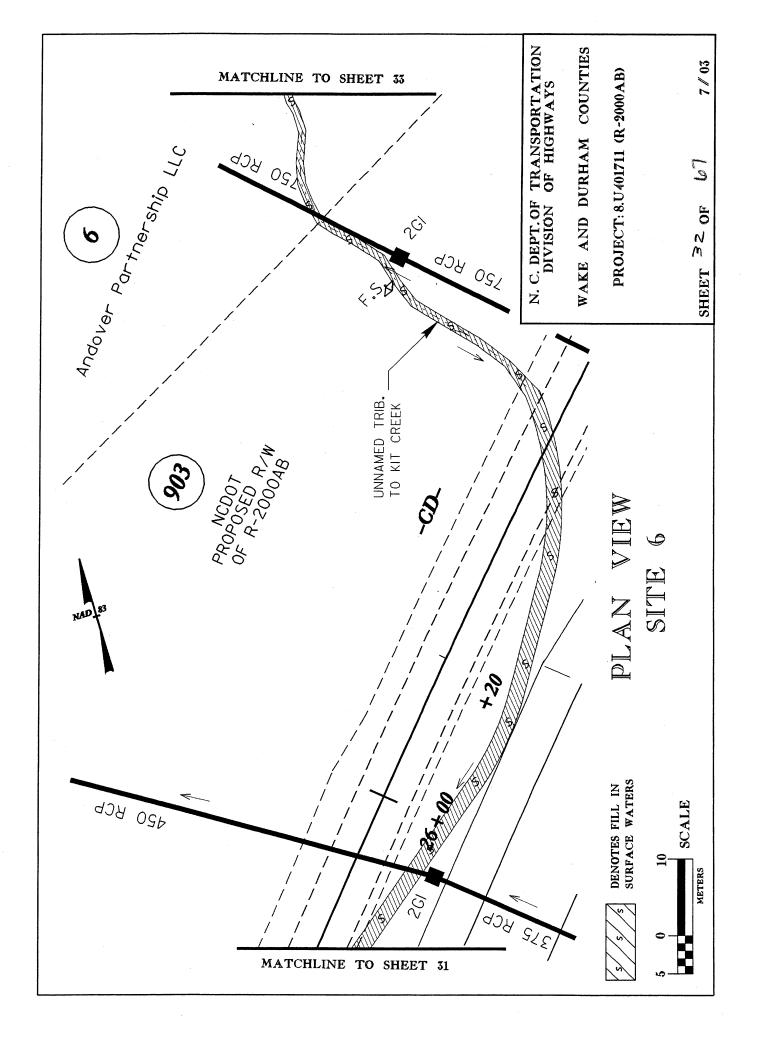


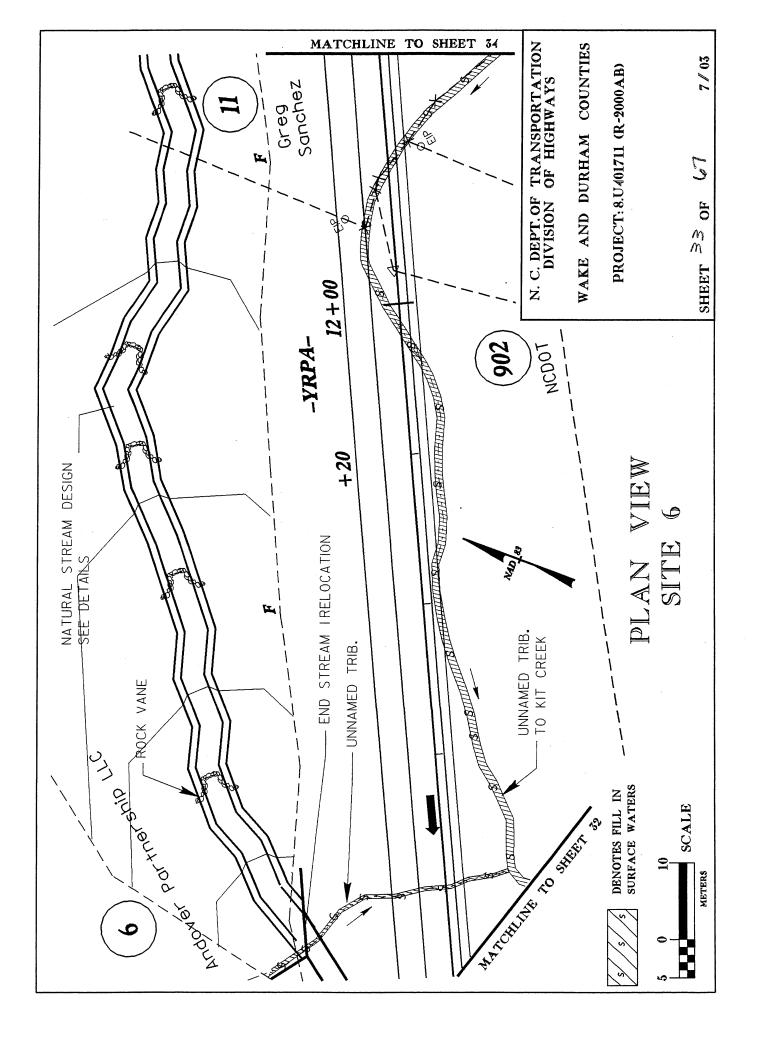


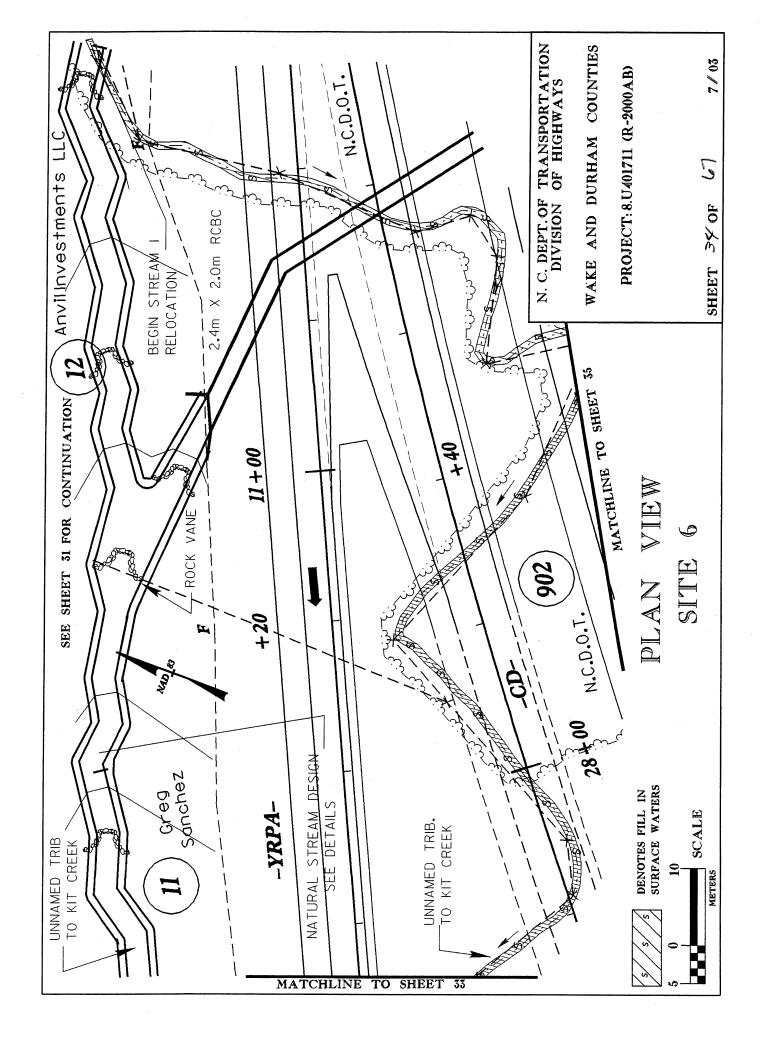


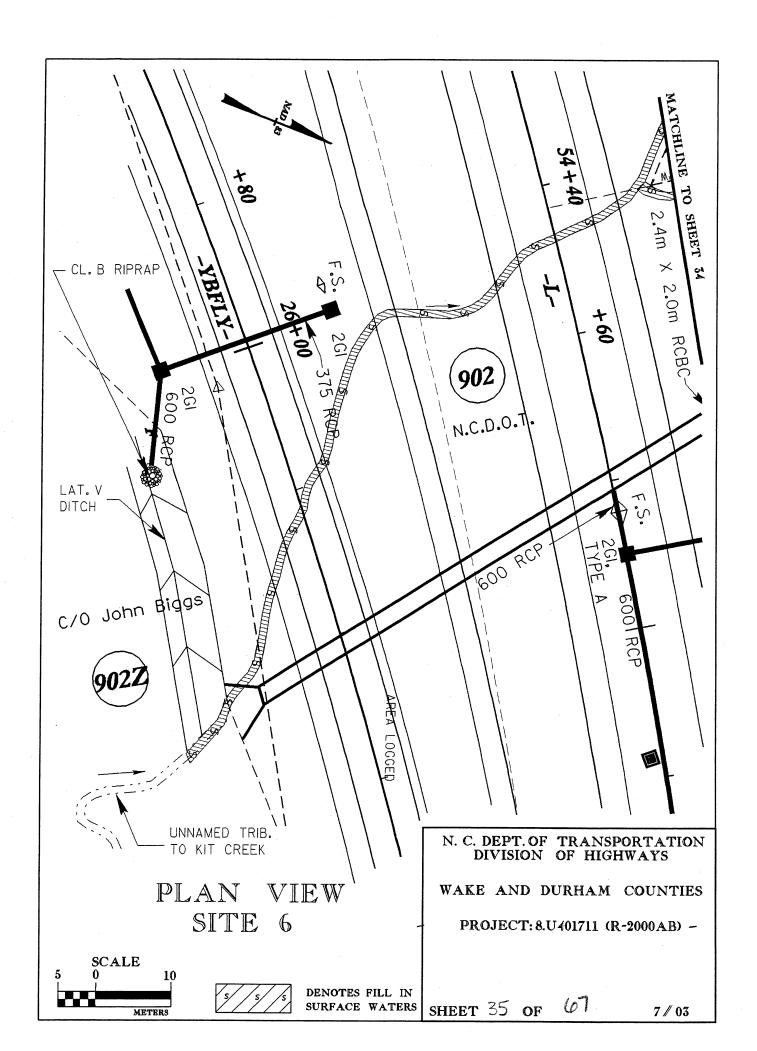


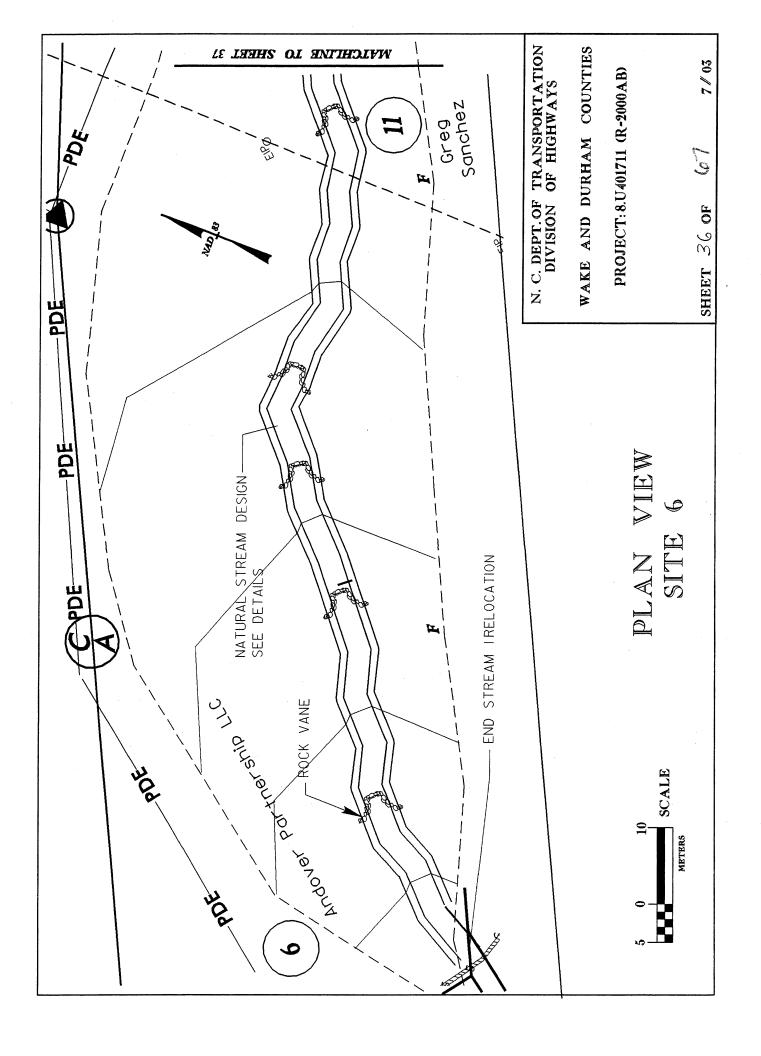


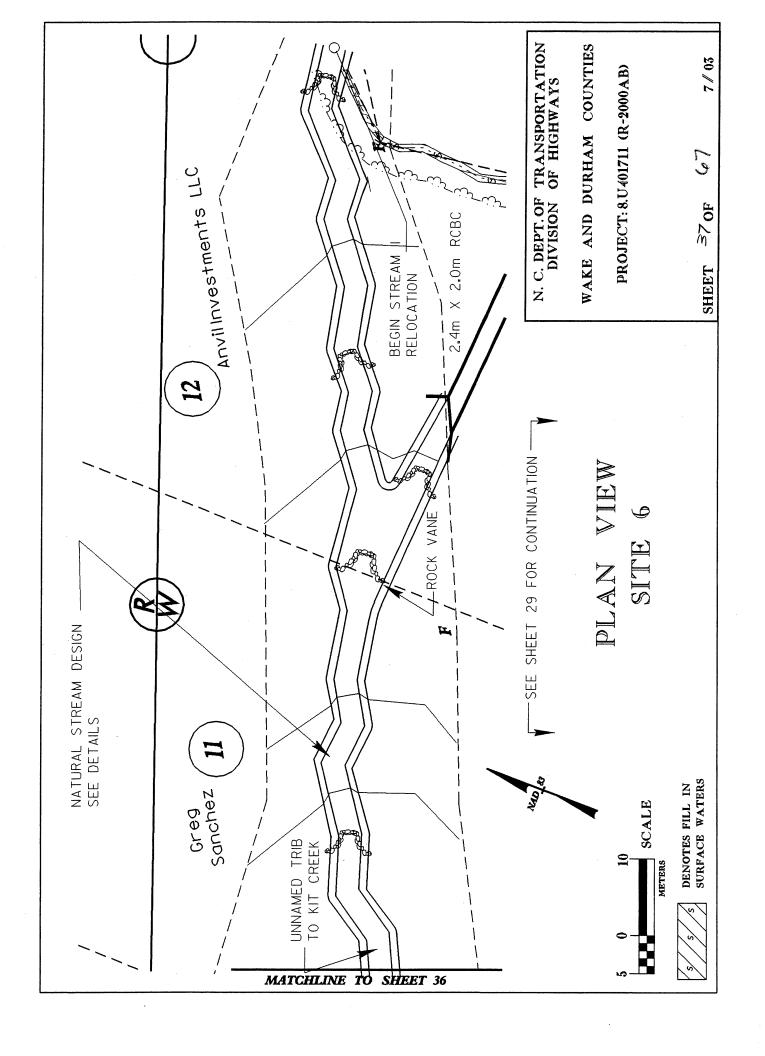


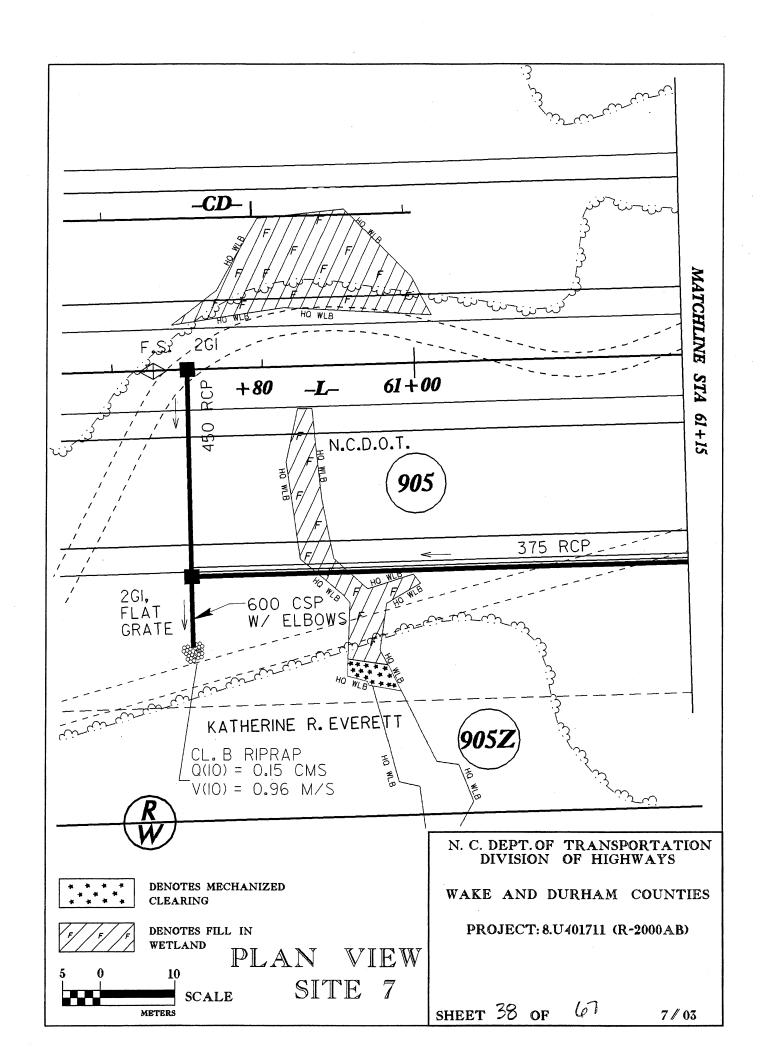


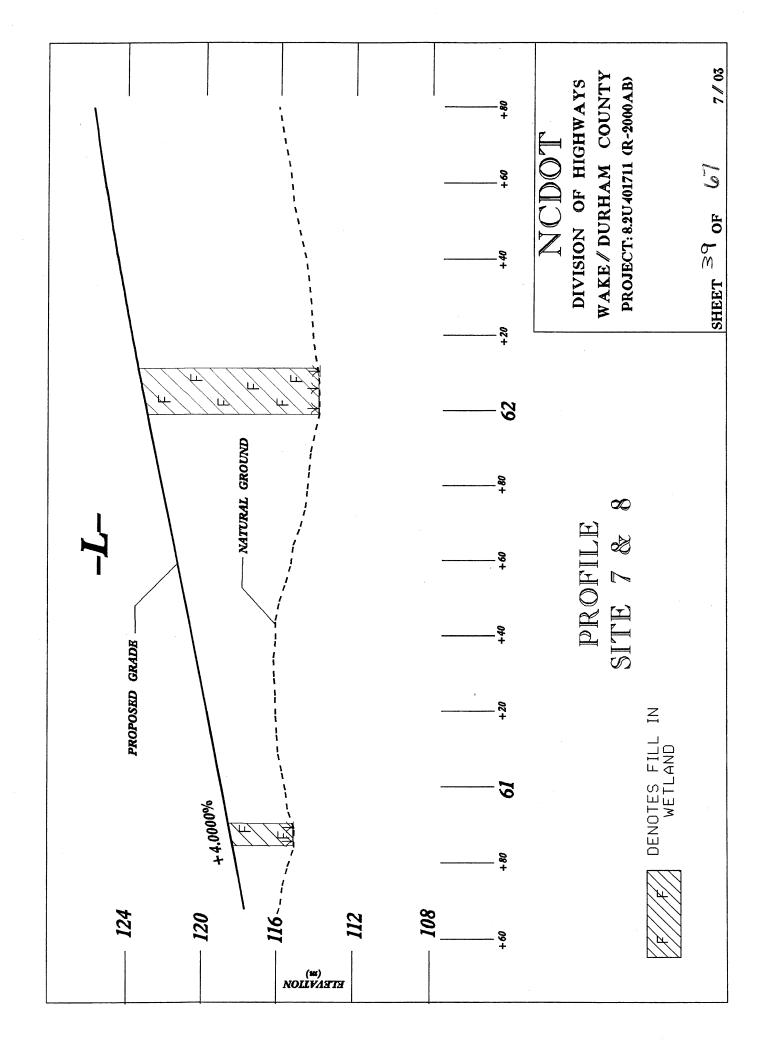


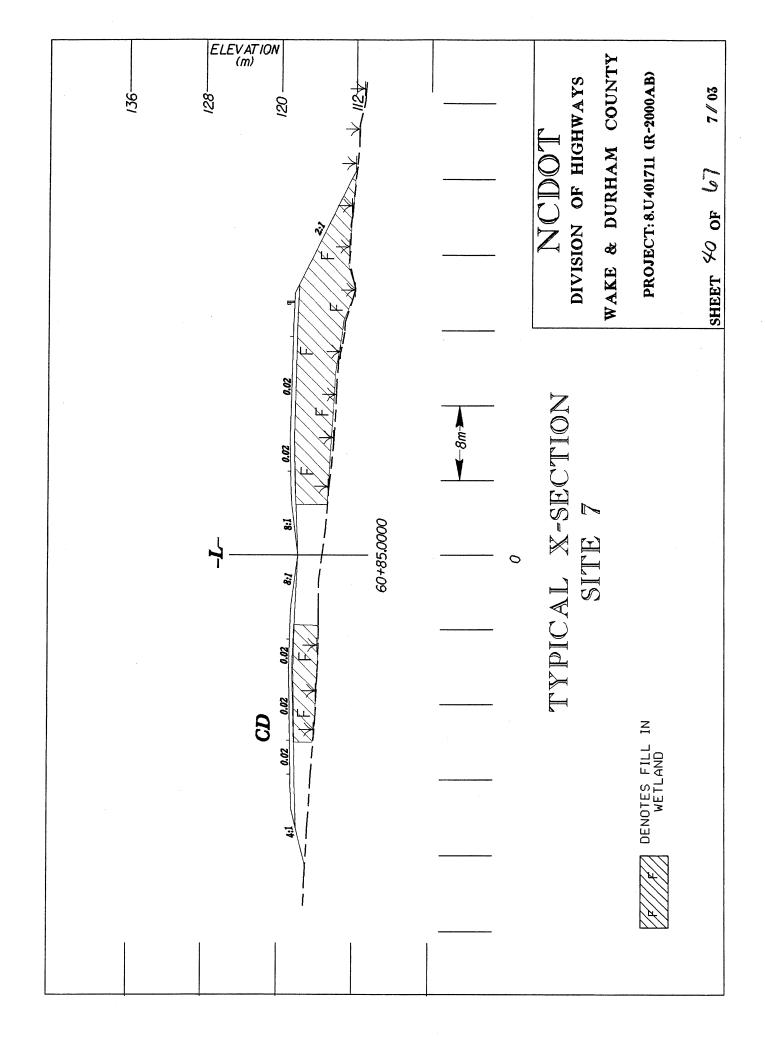


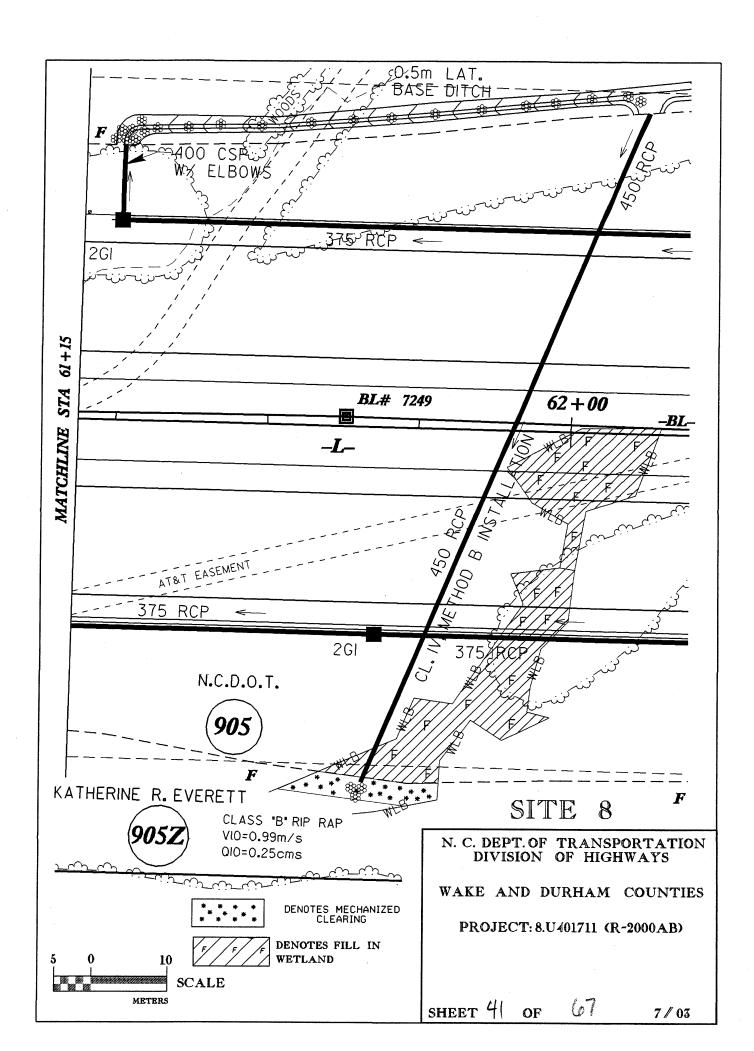


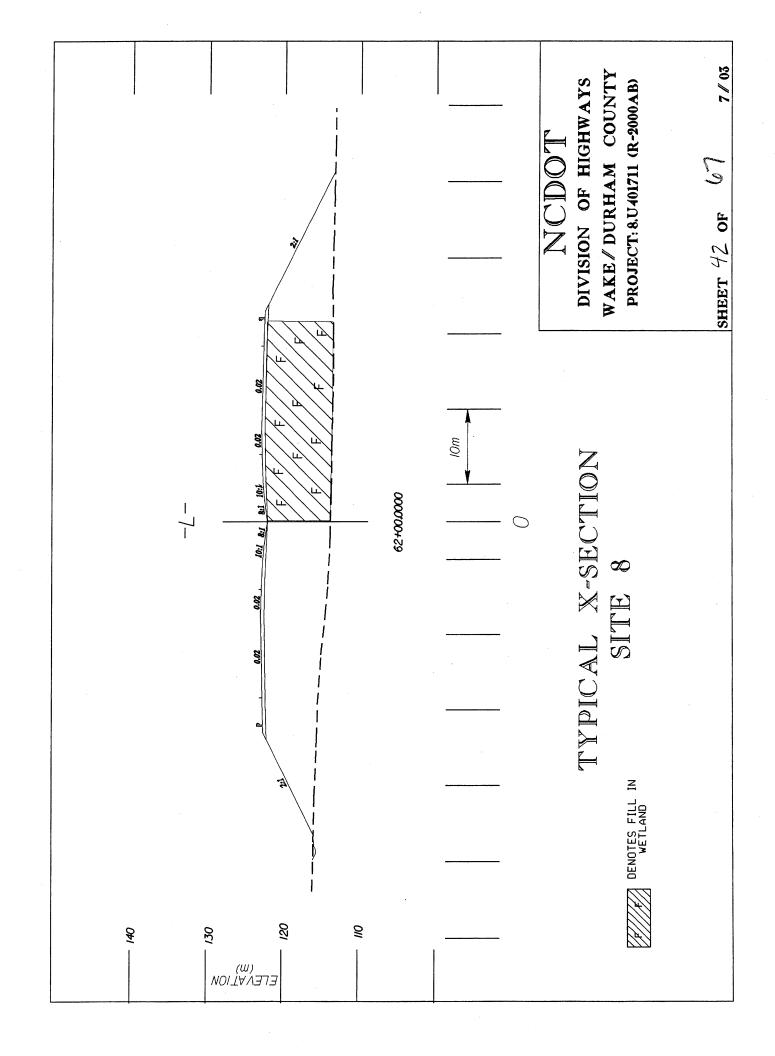


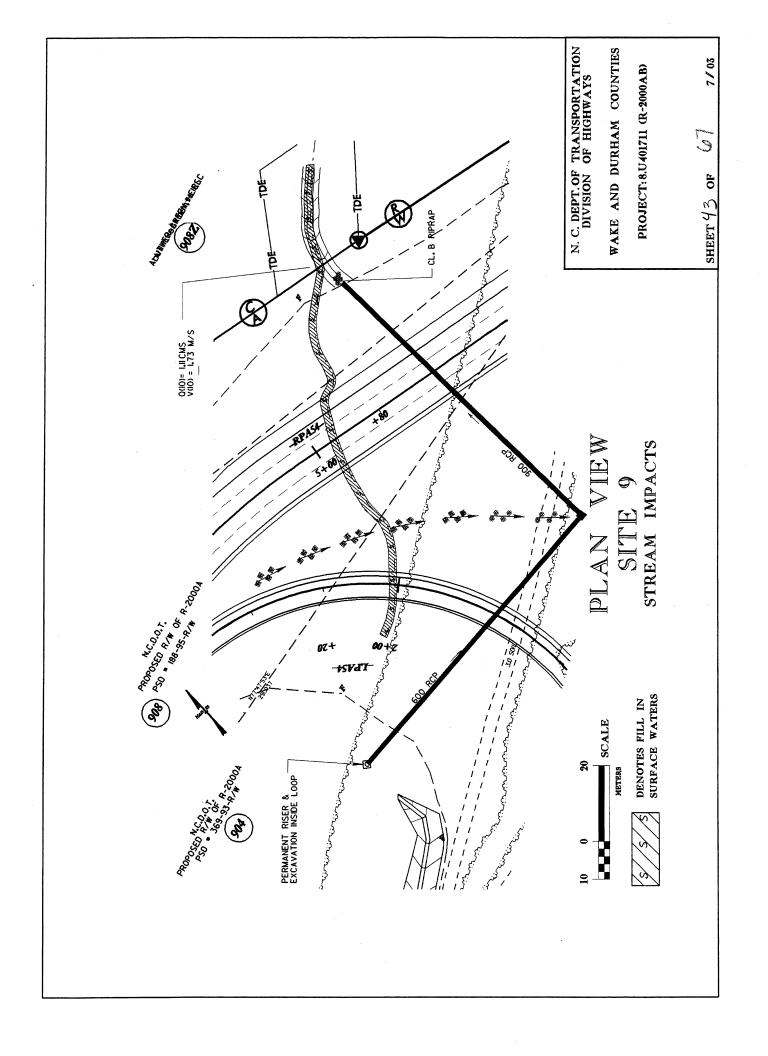


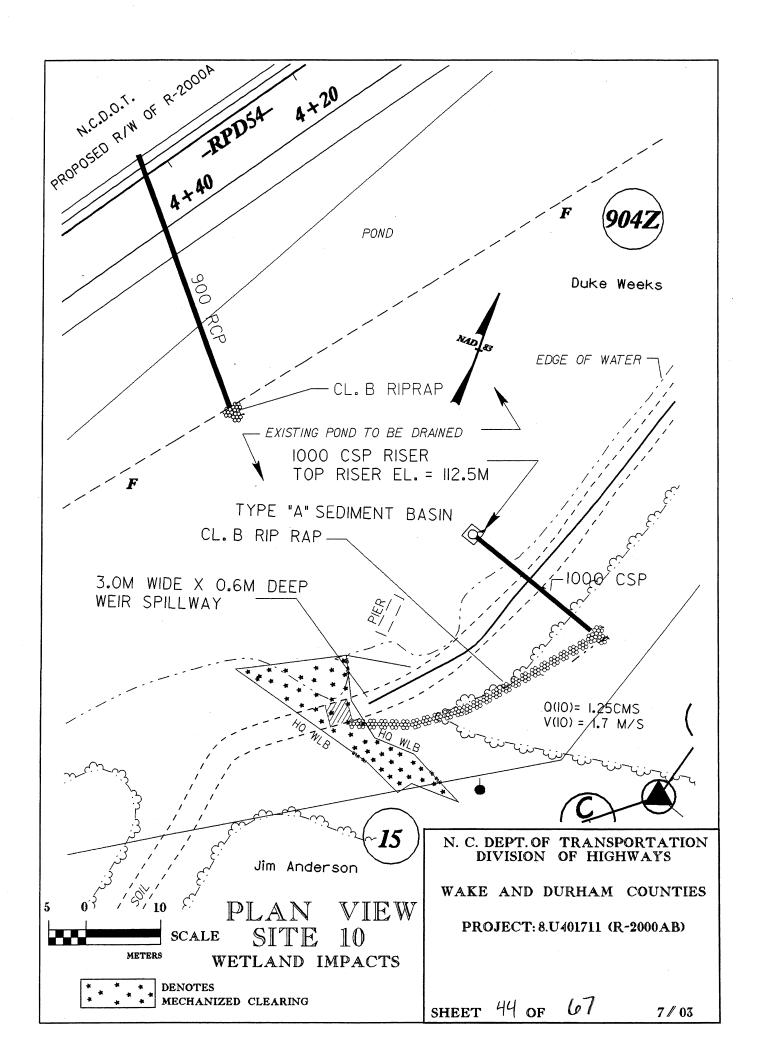


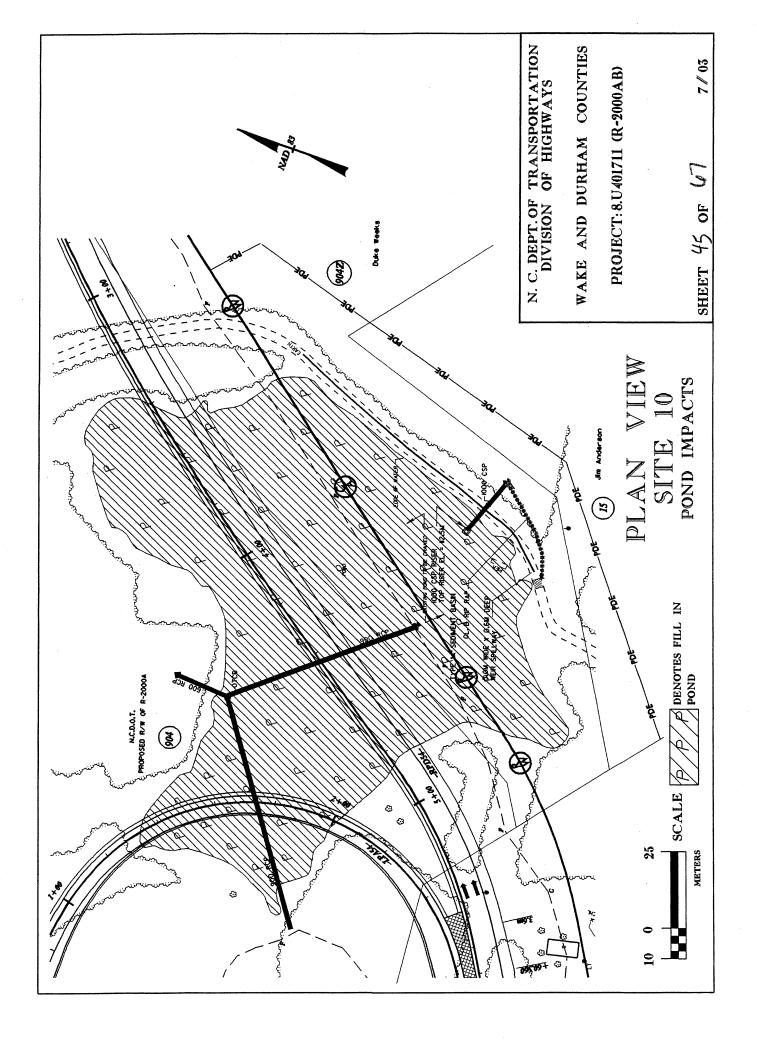


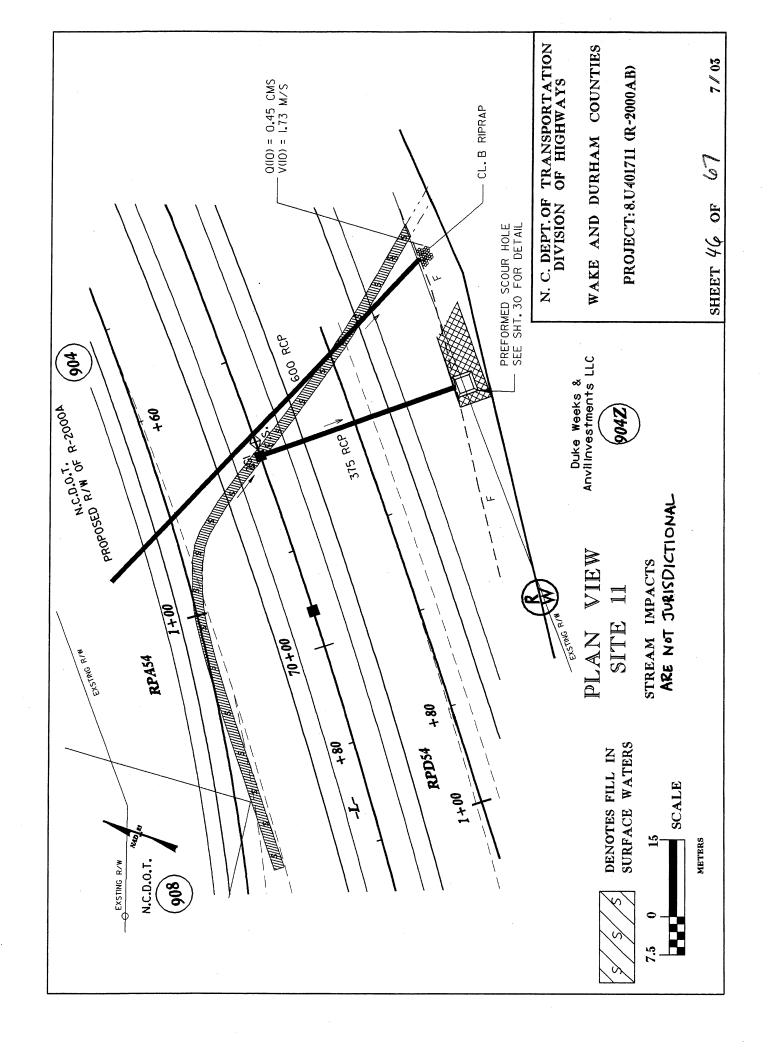


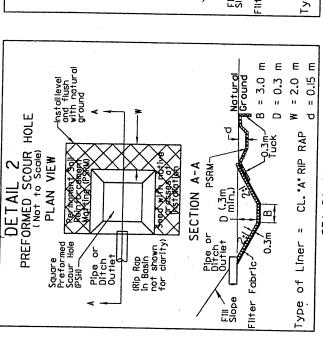












STA. 70+40 -LDo not installuntlivegetation is established in watershed

PREFORMED SCOUR HOLE
(Not to Scoile)
Square
Preformed
Scour Hole
Scour Hole
(Rip Rop
in Basin
not shown
for clarity)
Fill
Slope
Fill
Slope
Fill
Slope
O.3m

Type of Liner = CL.\*A\*RIP RAP

| Not to Scoil

STA, II+20 LT -YI9REV--Do not instell until vegetation is established in watershed N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

WAKE AND DURHAM COUNTIES

PREFORMED SCOUR HOLE

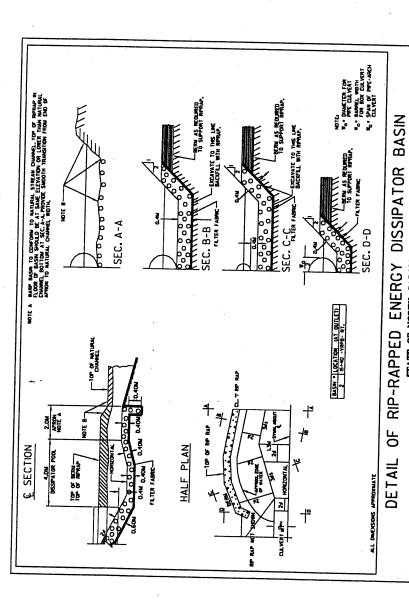
DETAILS

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)

SHEET 49 OF

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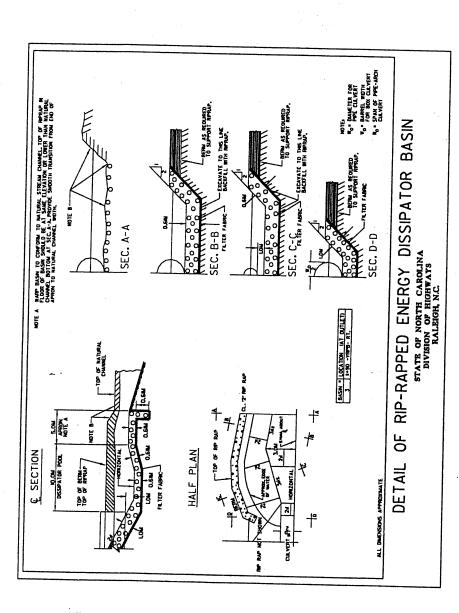
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
RALBIOH, N.C.

N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE AND DURHAM COUNTIES
PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)

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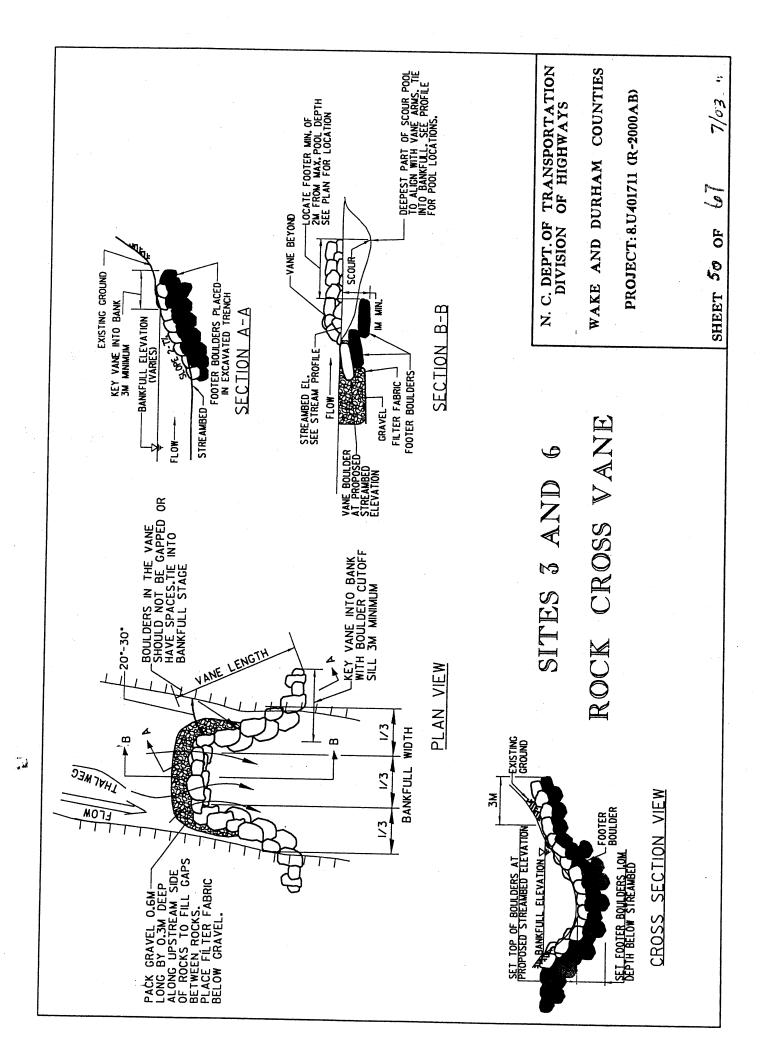
N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS WAKE AND DURHAM COUNTIES PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)

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MEMORANDUM Re: Natural Channel Design

Project 8.U401711 R-2000AB Wake County, NC

From: Steven M. Bondor, PE Project Engineer

September 17, 2002

ARCADIS G & M of North Carolina, Inc. 2301 Rexwoods Drive Suite 102 Raleigh North Carolina 27607-3366 Tel 919 782 5511 Fax 919 782 5905

TELECOMMUNICATIONS & LAND RESOURCES

Natural channel design methods were utilized in three locations within the project limits. At each location the existing stream is located below the proposed fill slope making the relocation of the stream unavoidable along these reaches. The design methods used are in accordance with those recommended in "Applied River Morphology" (Rosgen 1996).

Map data obtained to support the natural channel design consisted of review of topographic mapping prepared from the project surveys and the USGS Cary Quadrangle map. Stream pattern data including the sinuosity, meander wavelength, belt width, and bend radii was obtained from the project topographic mapping. Regional curves, prepared by the N.C. Stream Restoration Institute, depicting bankfull depth, bankfull cross sectional area, bankfull discharge, and bankfull width for stable streams, were also utilized to compare the channel dimensions observed in the field with those of other streams in the region.

Field surveys of the existing reach and reference reaches were conducted to obtain "Level II" stream parameters, as defined in "Applied River Morphology". The following data was obtained: bankfull cross section, floodplain cross section, longitudinal stream profile, and an estimate of bed / bank material. Additional parameters were determined based on analysis of the field survey data: bankfull cross sectional area, riffle depth, pool depth, riffle slope, pool slope, water surface slope, width / depth ratio, and entrenchment ratio. The field survey data and a summary of the Level II stream parameters are enclosed.

-YRPA- Sta 10+39 to Sta 12+76 right -YRPB- Sta 11+90 to Sta 13+39 right

### **Existing Condition**

The watershed is mostly rural and wooded with a small amount of agricultural land use and a few isolated residential areas. The wooded areas were cleared in the past and were used previously for agriculture. The existing stream in the project area is an intermittent stream with no base flow and is severely incised with eroded banks and bank height ratios above 2.0. Sediment depositional features were observed along the project length as a result of the bank erosion. The lower 300 feet of the project reach is submerged by a lake constructed in 1995 by the Research Triangle Park Foundation. Backwater from the lake has reduced the stream velocity causing deposition of sediment in the channel. Analysis of the field survey data indicates that the upper reach along -YRPA- most closely resembles a G5 stream type while the lower

Our ref.: R2000ABnatchannel.doc

Page:

reach along -YRPB- most closely resembles an F5 stream type. Both of these stream types are entrenched, have low sinuosity, and are unstable with no active floodplain. The stream would most likely continue to incise to a base level and then widen and develop a floodplain at a lower elevation evolving to a type C or E stream.

## Bed Material

The existing stream consists of a sand bed with nearly all particles 2mm or less in diameter. The proposed channel will likely also consist of sand since it is located in the same valley as the existing stream.

## Reference Reach

A reference reach corresponding to the proposed B5 stream type was located and surveyed to obtain "Level II" stream parameters, as defined in "Applied River Morphology". The stream was used as a reference reach for both of the proposed streams since they are both the same stream type. The stream is located in the Tar River watershed in Franklin County near Rolesville and is an unnamed tribuatry to Crooked Creek. The following data was obtained: bankfull cross section, floodplain cross section, longitudinal stream profile, and an estimate of bed / bank material. Additional dimensionless ratios parameters were determined based on analysis of the field survey data: bankfull cross sectional area, riffle depth, pool depth, riffle slope, pool slope, water surface slope, width / depth ratio, and entrenchment ratio. Dimensionless ratios were computed and summarized in the morphological data table. The ratios were used to compute the range of ratios for the dimension, pattern, and profile for the proposed channel.

# Proposed Condition

The proposed roadway includes an interchange to be located directly above the existing stream channel. As a result the stream will be relocated along the fill slope of the roadway embankment out of the existing floodplain along the side of the valley. A stream type B is recommended for the relocated channel since the existing grade and the roadway embankment will form a narrow valley suitable for the B stream type. The channel dimension will include a larger width to depth ratio and a floodplain with a reduced bank height to minimize bank erosion. Development is expected in the watershed and will result in more frequent storm events. This will likely cause the bankfull channel to widen within the proposed floodplain. The proposed floodplain is of adequate width however to prevent the channel from becoming entrenched and will accommodate an increase in the meander belt width as the channel widens. Rock cross vanes will be utilized to maintain the channel grade. The proposed grades are fixed based on the elevations of box culverts at each end of the proposed reaches. The culvert grades were determined based on compliance with the Wake County flood insurance rate maps and FEMA regulations requiring that the project not cause an increase in the 100 year flood elevation. The proposed channel dimension, pattern, and profile are shown on the roadway plan sheets and were determined based on the reference reach data, the regional curve data, and the existing topographic features. Calculations and a morphological data are enclosed.

# Sediment Transport

The existing stream channel is degrading upstream of the lake as evidenced by the degree of incision and bank erosion observed. Based on a comparison of the the bankfull shear stress between the existing and proposed channels, the proposed reach along YRPA will provide a slightly lower transport rate than the existing channel while the reach along YRPB will provide a slightly greater transport (This assumes the bed material will be identical in the location of the new channels). As a result, rock cross vanes will be utilized to maintain the channel grade on both relocation sites.

# MORPHOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED CHANNEL WITH GAGE STATION AND REFERENCE REACH DATA

(Adapted from Rosgen, 1996)

**NCDOT Project:** 

R-2000AB Wake County I - 540 Northern Wake Expressway

Restoration Site:

-YRPA- Sta 10+39 rt to 12+76 rt

USGS Gage Station: Reference Reach:

No. 02082950 Little Fishing Creek near White Oak, NC Unnamed Tributary to Crooked Creek near Rolesville, NC

Variables	Existing Channel	Proposed Reach	Reference Reach	USGS Gage :	Station
1. Stream Type	G5	B5c	B5c	E	
Drainage Area	0.38 sq mi	0.38 sq mi	0.49 sq mi	177 sq mi	
3. Bankfull Width (Wbkf)	Mean: 10.5 ft	Mean: 11.0 ft	Mean: 11.4 ft	Mean: 63.5 ft	
4 P 10334 P 1444	Range:	Range: 10 - 12 ft	Range: 11.0 ft - 11.8 ft	Range:	
4. Bankfull Mean Depth (dbkf)	Mean: 1.3 ft	Mean: 1.0 ft	Mean: 1.1 ft	Mean: 7.6 ft	
5. Width/Depth Ratio	Range: Mean: 8.1	Range:	Range: 0.9 ft - 1.2 ft	Range:	
(Wbkf/dbkf)	Range:	Mean: 10.75 Range:	Mean: 10.7	Mean: 8.0	
			Range: 10.0 - 11.8	Range:	
6. Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area	1	Mean: 11.3 ft2	Mean: 12.1 ft2	Mean: 485.4 ft	2
(Abkf)	Range:	Range:	Range: 10.3 ft2 - 14.0 ft2	Range:	
7. Bankfull Mean Velocity (Vbkf	Mean: 3.5 fps Range:	Mean: 4.0 fps	Mean: 3.6 fps	Mean:	Range
O. D. LCHDi I		Range:	Range: 3.1 fps - 4.2 fps		
8. Bankfull Discharge, (Qbkf)	Mean: 48 cfs	Mean: 45 cfs	Mean: 43.8 cfs	Mean:	Range
9. Maximum Bankfull Depth	Range: Mean: 1.5 ft	Range:	Range: 37.1 cfs - 50.4 cfs		
(dmax)	Range:	Mean: 2.1 ft	Mean: 2.1 ft	Mean: 8.5 ft	
		Range:	Range: 1.9 ft - 2.4 ft	Range:	
10. Ratio of Low Bank Height to	Mean: 4.8	Mean: 1.0	Mean: 1.4 Range:	Mean: 1.1	
Max. Bankfull Depth	Range:	Range: 1.0	1.0 - 1.6	Range:	
(Bhlow/dmax)					
11. Width of Flood Prone Area	Mean: 16 ft	Mean: 23 ft	Mean: 40.6 ft	Mean: >150 ft	
(Wfpa)	Range:	Range: 20 - 25 ft	Range: 25.5 ft - 80.0 ft	Range:	
12. Entrenchment Ratio	Mean: 1.5	Mean: 2.0	Mean: 2.3 Range:	Mean: 2.4	
(Wfpa/Wbkf)	Range:	Range: 1.8 - 2.3	2.2 - 2.4	Range:	
13. Meander Length (Lm)	Mean: 270 ft	Mean: 45 ft	Mean: 46.0 ft		Range:
	Range:	Range: 33 - 59 ft	Range: 21.0 ft - 88.0 ft	Ivican.	range.
14. Ratio of Meander Length to	Mean: 25.7	Mean: 4.1	Mean: 4.0 Range:	Mean:	Range:
Bankfull Width (Lm/Wbkf)	Range:	Range: 3 - 5.4	1.8 - 7.7		
15. Raduis of Curvature (Rc)	Mean: 50 ft	Mean: 33 ft	Mean: N/A Range:	Mean:	Range:
	Range:	Range:	, and		range.
		Mean: 3.0	Mean: N/A Range:	Mean:	Range:
to Bankfull Width (Rc/Wbkf)	Range:	Range: 2.9 - 3.2		1	Ū
	,				
17. Belt Width (Wblt)		Mean: 15.4 ft	Mean: 7.0 ft	Mean:	Range:
		Range: 9.8 - 19.7 ft	Range: 6.0 ft - 8.0 ft		range.
		Mean: 1.4	Mean: 0.6 Range:	Mean:	Range:
		Range: 0.9 - 1.8	0.5 - 0.7		
, (		Mean: 1.05	Mean: 1.1 Range:	Mean:	Range:
		Range:			
		Mean: .009	Mean: 0.017 ft/ft	Mean:	Range:
- Jahr		Range:	Range:		ago.
	_	Mean: .008	Mean: 0.016 ft/ft	Mean:	Range:
1	Range:	Range:	Range:		-
or Savg)=(Svalley/k)	İ				
		Mean: .009 ft/ft	Mean: 0.029 ft/ft	Mean:	Range:
	Range:	Range: .002503 ft/ft	Range: 0.0 ft/ft - 0.07 ft/ft		

# MORPHOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED CHANNEL WITH GAGE STATION AND REFERENCE REACH DATA

(Adapted from Rosgen, 1996)

NCDOT Project : Restoration Site:

R-2000AB Wake County I - 540 Northern Wake Expressway

-YRPA- Sta 10+39 rt to 12+76 rt

**USGS Gage Station:** Reference Reach:

No. 02082950 Little Fishing Creek near White Oak, NC Unnamed Tributary to Crooked Creek near Rolesville, NC

Variables	Existing Channel	Proposed Reach	Reference Reach	USGS Gage Station
23. Ratio of Pool Slope to	Mean: N/A	Mean: 1.1	Mean: 1.8 Range	
Average Slope (Spool/Sbkf)	Range:	Range: 0.3 - 3.8	0.0 - 4.4	, turigo
24. Maximum Pool Depth (dpool	) Mean: N/A Range:	Mean: 3.1 ft Range: 3 - 3.6 ft	Mean: 3.2 ft Range: 3.1 ft - 3.4 ft	Mean: Range
25. Ratio of Maximum Pool	Mean: N/A	Mean: 3.1	Mean: 3.0 Range:	Mean: Range
Depth to Bankfull Mean Depth	Range:	Range: 3 - 3.6	2.9 - 3.2	Mean. Kange
(dpool/dbkf)				
26. Pool Width (Wpool)	Mean: N/A	Mean: 11	Mean: 8.8 ft Range	: Mean: Range
	Range:	Range:	8.0 ft - 9.5 ft	: Mean: Range
27. Ratio of Pool Width to	Mean: N/A	Mean: 1.0	Mean: 0.8 Range:	Mean: Range
Bankfull Width (Wpool/Wbkf)	Range:	Range:	0.7 - 0.8	, ango
28. Bankfull Cross-sectional Area		Mean: 15.1	Mean: 15.4 ft2	Mean: Range
at Pool (Apool)	Range:	Range:	Range: 15.2 ft2 - 15.6 ft2	, range
29. Ratio of Pool Area to	Mean: N/A	Mean: 1.3	Mean: 1.3 Range:	Mean: Range:
Bankfull Area (Apool/Abkf)	Range:	Range:	1.1 - 1.5	Mean. Kange.
30. Pool to Pool Spacing (p-p)	Mean: N/A	Mean: 43 ft	Mean: 42.0 ft	Mean: Range:
	Range:	Range: 30 - 66 ft	Range: 22.0 ft - 69.0 ft	Mean: Range:
<ol><li>Ratio of Pool-to-Pool Spacing</li></ol>		Mean: 3.9	Mean: 3.7 Range:	Mean: Range:
to Bankfull Width (p-p/Wbkf)	Range:	Range: 2.7 - 6	1.9 -6.1	mount (tarige.
32. Pool Length (Lp)	Mean: N/A	Mean: 10 ft	Mean: 9.3 ft	Mean: Range
	Range:	Range:6.5 - 13 ft	Range: 7.0 ft - 13.0 ft	Mean: Range:
33. Riffle Slope (Sriff)	Mean: N/A	Mean: .011 ft/ft	Mean: 0.04 ft/ft	Mean: Range:
	Range:	Range: .004028 ft/ft	1	, tango.
24 Potio of Diffic Claus to	Mean: N/A		ft/ft	
34. Ratio of Riffle Slope to		Mean: 1.4	Mean: 2.5 Range:	Mean: Range:
Average Slope (Sriff/Sbkf)		Range: 0.5 - 3.5	0.1 - 8.8	
35. Maximum Riffle Depth		Mean: 2.0 ft	Mean: 2.1 ft	Mean: Range:
(driff)		Range: 2.0 ft	Range: 1.9 ft - 2.4 ft	
= -F	_ :	Mean: 2.0		Mean: Range:
Bankfull Mean Depth (driff/dbkf)	Range:	Range: 2.0	1.8 - 2.2	
37. Run Slope (Srun)	Mean: N/A	Mean: N/A	Mean: 0.042 ft/ft	Mean: Range:
		Range:	Range: 0.034 ft/ft - 0.057	Mean: Range:
			ft/ft	
. A	_ (	Mean: N/A	Mean: 1.8 Range:	Mean: Range:
and the first (S. M. S. S. M.)		Range:	0.2 - 3.4	
		Mean: N/A	Mean: 2.1 ft Range:	Mean: Range:
	Range:	Range:	1.7 ft - 2.4 ft	, tango.
		Mean: N/A	Mean: 1.9 Range:	Mean: Range:
Bankfull Mean Depth (drun/dbkf)	Range:	Range:	1.5 - 2.2	Modifi. Karige.
41. Slope of Glide (Sgl)	Mean: N/A	Mean: N/A	Mean: 0.019 ft/ft	Mean: Range:
	Range:	Range:	Range: 0.002 ft/ft - 0.034	Mean: Range:
			ft/ft	
- 1	_ 1	/lean: N/A	Mean: 1.1 Range:	Mean: Range:
8	Range:	Range:	0.1 - 2.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sgl/Sws)				
3. Maximum Glide Depth (dgl)	Mean: N/A	/lean: N/A	Mean: 2.4 ft	Mean: Range:
F	Range:	Range:	Range: 2.3 ft - 2.6 ft	moun. range.
	/lean: N/A	flean: N/A		Mean: Range:
			2.4 Range. 2.1 -	Mean: Range:
Materials:				
12/10/2001				

# MORPHOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED CHANNEL WITH GAGE STATION AND REFERENCE REACH DATA

NCDOT Project : Restoration Site:

(Adapted from Rosgen, 1996)
R-2000AB Wake County I - 540 Northern Wake Expressway

-YRPB- Sta 11+80 RT to 13+40 RT

USGS Gage Station: Reference Reach:

No. 02082950 Little Fishing Creek near White Oak, NC

Unnamed Tributary to Crooked Creek near Rolesville, NC

  Variables	Existing Channel	Proposed Reach	Reference Reach	USGS Gage Station
Stream Type	F5	B5c		
Drainage Area			B5c	E
Bankfull Width (Wbkf)	0.49 sq mi Mean: 15 ft	0.49 sq mi Mean: 12 ft	0.49 sq mi	177 sq mi
is. Banktun widdi (WBKI)	Range:	Range:	Mean: 11.4 ft	Mean: 63.5 ft
			Range: 11.0 ft - 11.8 ft	Range:
4. Bankfull Mean Depth (dbkf)	Mean: 0.8 ft	Mean: 1.1 ft	Mean: 1.1 ft	Mean: 7.6 ft
	Range:	Range:	Range: 0.9 ft - 1.2 ft	Range:
5. Width/Depth Ratio	Mean: 18	Mean: 10.8	Mean: 10.7	Mean: 8.0
(Wbkf/dbkf)	Range:	Range:	Range: 11.0 - 11.8	Range:
<ol><li>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area</li></ol>	1	Mean: 13.2 ft2	Mean: 12.1 ft2	Mean: 485.4 ft2
(Abkf)	Range:	Range:	Range: 10.3 ft2 - 14.0 ft2	Range:
7. Bankfull Mean Velocity (Vbkf	Mean: 4.3 fps	Mean: 4 fps	Mean: 3.6 fps	Mean:
	Range:	Range:	Range: 3.1 fps - 4.2 fps	Range:
8. Bankfull Discharge, cfs (Qbkf)	Mean: 53 cfs	Mean: 53 cfs	Mean: 43.8 cfs	Mean:
	Range:	Range:	Range: 37.1 cfs - 50.4 cfs	Range:
9. Maximum Bankfull Depth	Mean: 1.6 ft	Mean: 2.2 ft	Mean: 2.1 ft	Mean: 8.5 ft
(dmax)	Range:	Range:	Range: 1.9 ft - 2.4 ft	Range:
<ol><li>Ratio of Low Bank Height to</li></ol>	Mean: 2.2	Mean: 1.0	Mean: 1.4	Mean: 1.1
Max. Bankfull Depth	Range:	Range:	Range: 1.0 - 1.6	Range:
(Bhlow/dmax)				
11. Width of Flood Prone Area	Mean: 17 ft	Mean: 27 ft	Mean: 40.6 ft	Mean: >150 ft
(Wfpa)	Range:	Range: 25 - 30 ft	Range: 25.5 ft - 80.0 ft	Range:
2. Entrenchment Ratio	Mean: 1.1	Mean: 2.3	Mean: 2.3	Mean: 2.4
Wfpa/Wbkf)	Range:	Range: 2.1 - 2.5	Range: 2.2 - 2.4	Range:
3. Meander Length (Lm)	Mean: N/A	Mean: 47 ft	Mean: 46.0 ft	Mean:
	Range:	Range: 36 - 69 ft	Range: 21.0 ft - 88.0 ft	Range:
4. Ratio of Meander Length to	I	Mean: 3.9	Mean: 4.0	Mean:
Bankfull Width (Lm/Wbkf)	Range:	Range: 3 - 5.8	Range: 1.8 - 7.7	Range:
5. Raduis of Curvature (Rc)	_	Mean: 30 ft Range:	Mean: N/A Range:	Mean:
6. Ratio of Radius of Curvature		Mean: N/A	Mean: N/A	Range: Mean:
o Bankfull Width (Rc/Wbkf)	1	Range:	Range:	Range:
7. Belt Width (Wblt)	Mean: N/A	Mean: 8.5 ft	Magni 7.0 c	.,
·· ~on made (woil)	1	Range: 8 - 15 ft		Mean: Range:
8. Meander Width Ratio	Mean: N/A			Maan
Wblt/Wbkf)			!	Mean: Range:
				Mean:
ength/valley distance) (k)	Range:		_	Range:
0. Valley Slope (fl/ft)		. !		Mean:
Average Water Surface Slope				Range: Mean:
		_ 1	_	Range:
r Savg)=(Svalley/k)				
2. Pool Slope (Spool)	Mean: N/A N	Mean: .017 ft/ft	Mean: 0.029 ft/ft	Mean:
				меап: Range:
	- 1	J		variue.

# MORPHOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED CHANNEL WITH GAGE STATION AND REFERENCE REACH DATA

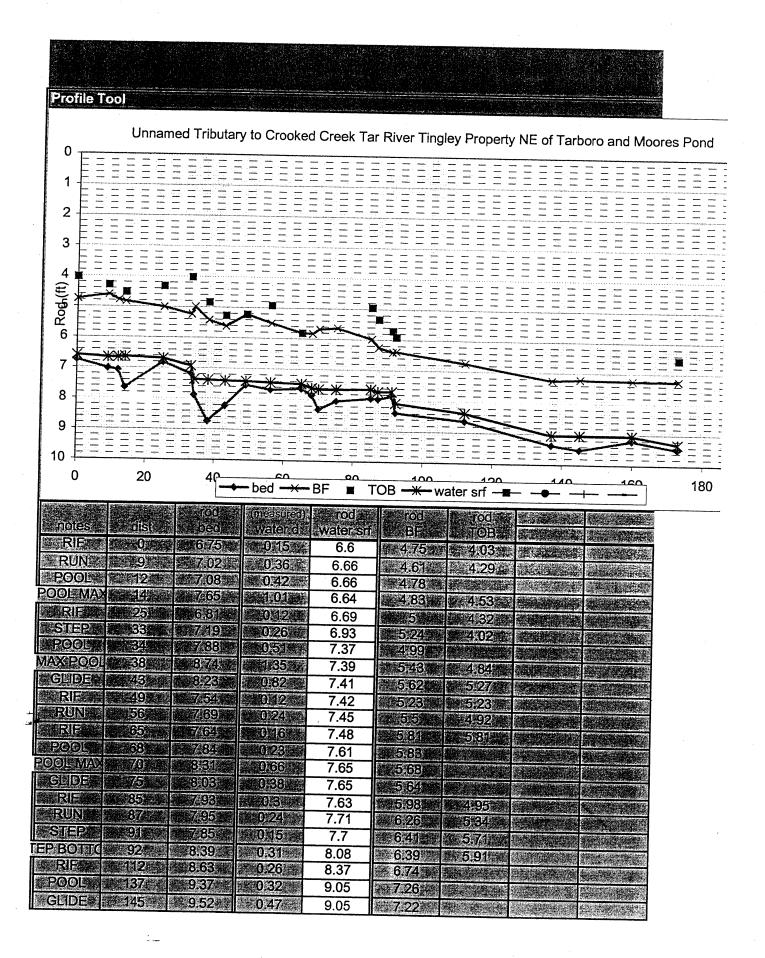
NCDOT Project: Restoration Site: (Adapted from Rosgen, 1996) R-2000AB Wake County I - 540 Northern Wake Expressway

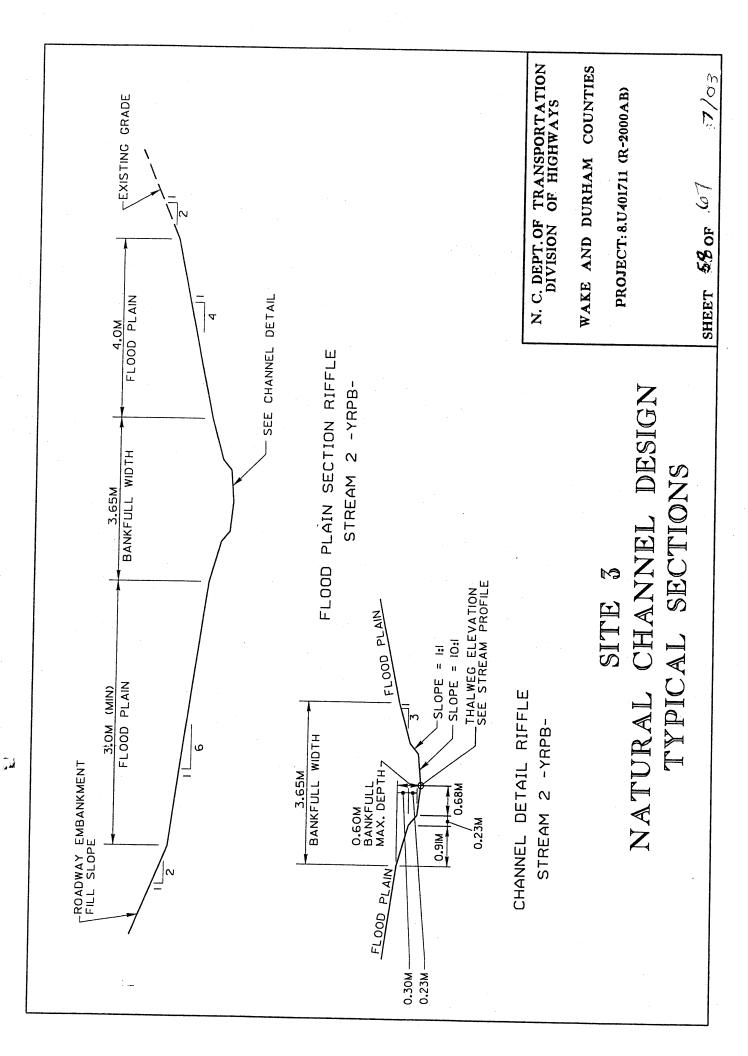
USGS Gage Station: Reference Reach:

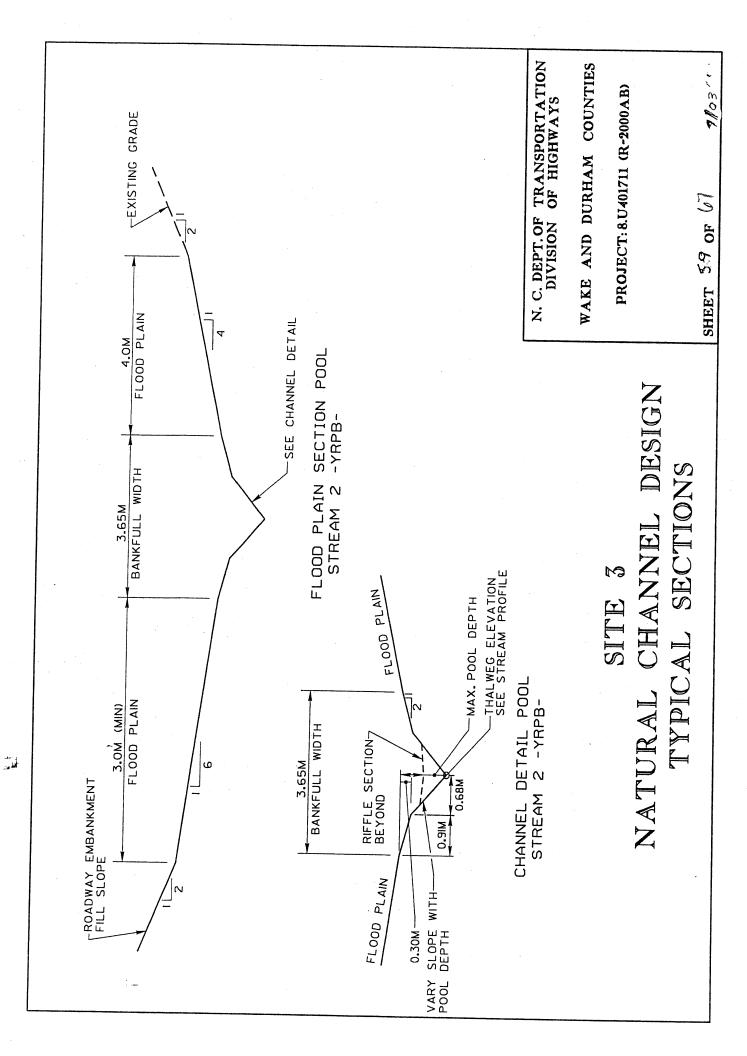
-YRPB- Sta 11+80 RT to 13+40 RT No. 02082950 Little Fishing Creek near White Oak, NC

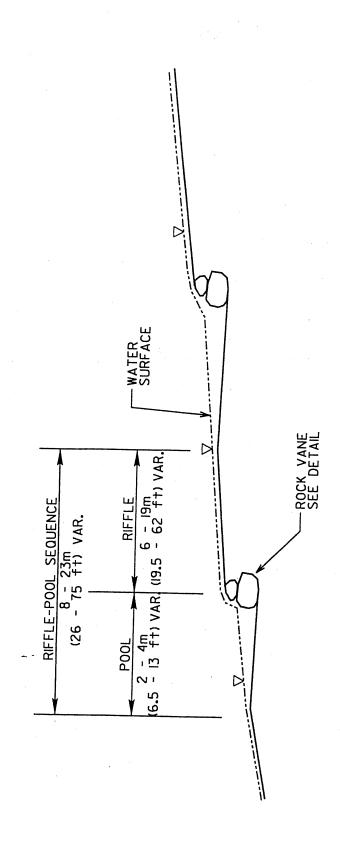
Unnamed Tributary to Crooked Creek near Rolesville, NC

Variables	Existing Channe	Proposed Reach	Reference Reaci	USGS Gage
23. Ratio of Pool Slope to	Mean: N/A	Mean: 1.7	Mean: 1.8	Mean:
Average Slope (Spool/Sbkf)	Range:	Range:.01025	Range: 0.0 - 4.4	Range:
24. Maximum Pool Depth (dpoo		Mean: 3.1 ft	Mean: 3.2 ft	Mean:
	Range:	Range: 2.3 - 4.2 ft	Range: 3.1 ft - 3.4 ft	Range:
25. Ratio of Maximum Pool	Mean: N/A	Mean: 2.8	Mean: 3.0	Mean:
Depth to Bankfull Mean Depth	Range:	Range: 2.1 - 3.8	Range: 2.9 - 3.2	Range:
(dpool/dbkf)				
26. Pool Width (Wpool)	Mean: N/A	Mean: 12	Mean: 8.8 ft	Mean:
	Range:	Range:	Range: 8.0 ft - 9.5	
27. Ratio of Pool Width to	Mean: N/A	Mean: 1.0	Mean: 0.8	Mean:
Bankfull Width (Wpool/Wbkf)	Range:	Range:	Range: 0.7 - 0.8	Range:
28. Bankfull Cross-sectional Are	a Mean: N/A	Mean: 16	Mean: 15.4 ft2	Mean:
at Pool (Apool)	Range:	Range:	Range: 15.2 ft2 - 15.6 ft2	Range:
29. Ratio of Pool Area to	Mean: N/A	Mean: 1.2	Mean: 1.3	Mean:
Bankfull Area (Apool/Abkf)	Range:	Range:	Range: 1.1 - 1.5	Range:
30. Pool to Pool Spacing (p-p)	Mean: N/A	Mean: 47 ft	Mean: 42.0 ft	Mean:
z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z	Range:	Range: 26 - 75 ft	Range: 22.0 ft -	Mean: Range:
31. Ratio of Pool-to-Pool Spacing	Mean: N/A	Mean: 3.9 ft	Mean; 3.7	Mean:
to Bankfull Width (p-p/Wbkf)	Range:	Range:2.2 - 6.3 ft	Range: 1.9 -6.1	Range:
		0.0 1		range.
32. Pool Length (Lp)	Mean: N/A	Mean: 9.0 ft	Mean: 9.3 ft	Mean:
	Range:	Range: 6.5 - 13 ft	Range: 7.0 ft - 13.0 ft	
33. Riffle Slope (Sriff)	Mean: N/A	Mean: .01 ft/ft	Mean: 0.04 ft/ft	Mean:
	Range:	Range:.002027	Range: 0.001 ft/ft - 0.14 ft/ft	Range:
34. Ratio of Riffle Slope to	Mean: N/A	Mean: 0.9	Mean: 2.5	Mean:
Average Slope (Sriff/Sbkf)	Range:	Range:0.2 - 2.7	Range: 0.1 - 8.8	Range:
5. Maximum Riffle Depth	Mean: N/A	Mean: 2.2 ft	Mean: 2.1 ft	Mean:
driff)	Range:	Range:2.2 ft	Range: 1.9 ft - 2.4	Range:
6. Ratio of Riffle Depth to	Mean: N/A	Mean: 2.0	ft	
Bankfull Mean Depth (driff/dbkf)	1_	Range: 2.0	Mean: 2.0	Mean:
sanktun wean Depth (dnii/dbki)	Nange.	Nange. 2.0	Range: 1.8 - 2.2	Range:
7. Run Slope (Srun)	Mean: N/A	Mean: N/A	Mean: 0.042 ft/ft	Mean:
	Range:	Range:	Range: 0.034 ft/ft -	Range:
9 Periode St.			0.057 ft/ft	
8. Ratio of Run Slope to	1_ 1		Mean: 1.8	Mean:
verage Slope (Srun/Sbkf)			Range: 0.2 - 3.4	Range:
9. Maximum Run Depth (drun)			Mean: 2.1 ft	Mean:
	Range:	3	Range: 1.7 ft - 2.4	Range:
0. Ratio of Run Depth to	Mean: N/A		ft Mean: 1.9	Mean:
ankfull Mean Depth (drun/dbkf)				Range:
1. Slave of CU1. (2. 1)			·	
<ol> <li>Slope of Glide (Sgl)</li> </ol>	_		Mean: 0.019 ft/ft	Mean:
			Range: 0.002 ft/ft - 0.034 ft/ft	Range:
2. Ratio of Glide Slope to		Mean: N/A	Mean: 1.1	Mean:
verage Water Surface Slope gl/Sws)	Range:		[	Range:
	Mean: N/A	Mean: N/A	Acces: 2.4.#	
	_			Mean:
	yo.		Range: 2.3 ft - 2.6	Range:
	Mean: N/A			Mean:
	I	. [	· '- '- '	viean: Range:
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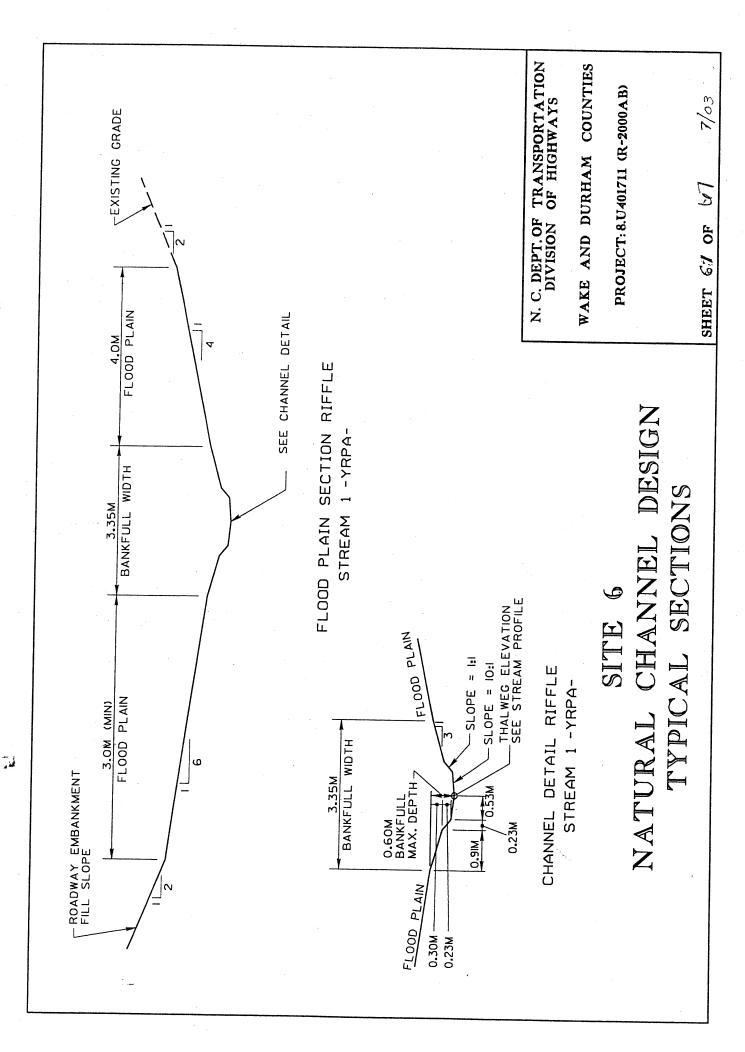
# RIFFLE-POOL SPACING SITE 3, STREAM 2

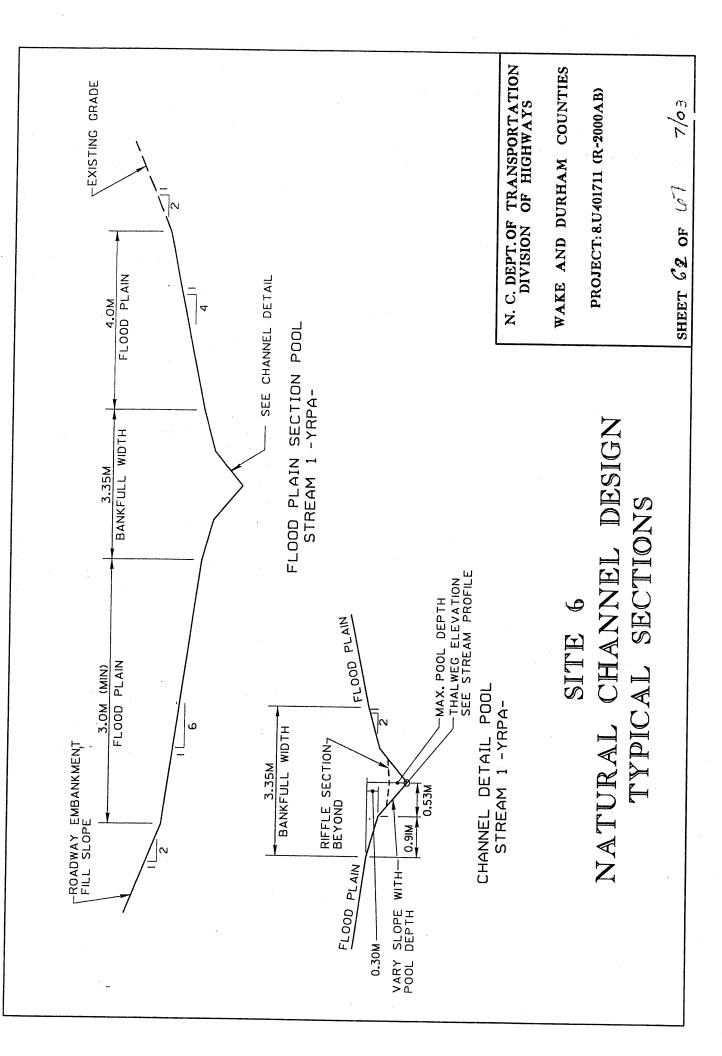
NOT TO SCALE

N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE AND DURHAM COUNTIES
PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)

SHEET 60 OF 67

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# RIFFLE-POOL SPACING SITE 6, STREAM 1

NOT TO SCALE

N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE AND DURHAM COUNTIES

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PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)

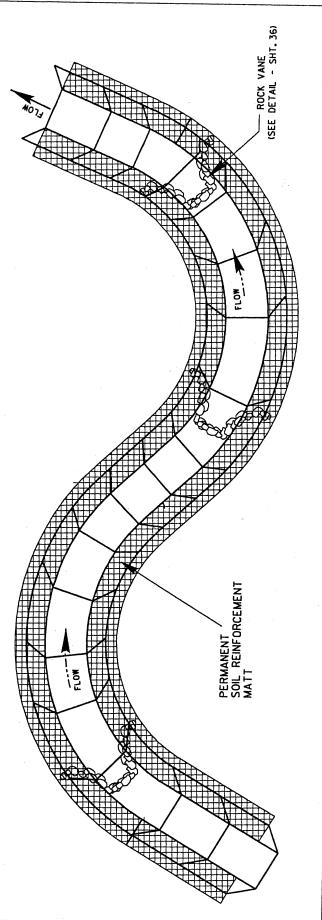
SHEET 63 OF (67) 7/

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CHANNEL PLAN VIEW TYPICAL

(Not to Scale)

NOTES: SEE STREAM PROFILES FOR RIFFLE AND POOL LOCATIONS SEE PLANS FOR PATTERN



N. C. DEPT.OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

WAKE AND DURHAM COUNTIES

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)

STREAM RESTORATION DETAILS

SITE 3 AND SITE 6

SHEET 64 OF (67)

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	T	= =		Γ	Γ	I			П	T	T	T	T	I	T	T	T		I	Γ		I	I	T					I			T	I	П	T
		Natural Stream	(#)						140	0 4												889	3												1299
	IPACTS	Existing Channel	(ft)	761		413			107	0/6					1030	200	86	3	509		607	2060		118	345	The state of the s			-	417					8333
	SURFACE WATER IMPACTS	Temp. Fill	(ac)																																0.00
	SURFA	Fill In SW	(ac)					0.16																						3.63					3.79
		Fill In SW	(ratural) (ac)	0.04		0.01			85.0	8					0.46		0.01		0.04		0.05	0.21		0.01	0.03					0.07				20.0	1.55
WETLAND PEBMIT IMPACT SUMMARY		Mechanized Clearing			0.01			0.02					0.07														10.0	0.02			0				0.17
MIT IMPAC	WETLAND IMPACTS	Excavation In Wetlands	(ac)		0.01																														0.01
TLAND PEF	WETLAND	Temp. Fill	(ac)																																0.00
W		Fill In Wetfands	(ac)		0.11		3	0.30			0.25										0.02					77	-	0.11							06:0
		Structure Size / Type	adf.	48" RCP		24" RCP	1	Exisiirig Lake		Extend 42" RCP	1 @ 10' x 10' RCBC	1 @ 10' x 9' RCBC	2 @ 13' x 11' RCBC		2 @ 13' x 10' RCBC	2 @ 13' x 10' RCBC	60" RCP Ext.		24" RCP		30" RCP	1 @ 10' x 9' RCBC			1 @ 8' x 7' RCBC	000	10U +7	24" RCP		36" RCP	36" RCP	36" RCP		24" RCP	
		Station (From/To)		-L- 42+60	-YRPB- 15+20	-L- 43+15	V 0000	14+00	From -L- 44+60	To -L- 55+20 Lt	-YBFLY- 15+67	-YCFLY- 23+97	-Y19REV- 13+40		-L- 45+26	-YCFLY- 15+60	-Y19DET2- 10+52		-L- 49+67		-L- 50+82	From -L- 50+20	To -L- 55+00 Lt	-YRPA- 12+77	-L- 54+47	1 60.051+9 0+	-L- 00+00 LI & UI	-L- 62+05		-RPA54- 5+20 Lt	-RPD54- 4+60 Lt	-RPD54- 4+43		-L- 70+40	
		Site No.		-				7	ო						4				2		9	-				_		8		6	10			=	TOTALS

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS PROJECT 8.U401711 (R-2000AB) WAKE & DURHAM COUNTY

SHEET 65 OF (C)

			WE	TLAND PER	WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY	SUMMARY					
				WETLAND	WETLAND IMPACTS			SURFAC	SURFACE WATER IMPACTS	APACTS	
Site	Station (From/To)	Structure	Fill In Wetlands	Temp. Fill	Excavation	Mechanized Clearing	Fill In SW	Fill In SW	Temp. Fill	Existing	Natural Stream
	(0.000)	odk. Ozio	(ha)	III Wellands (ha)		- 1	(Natural) (ha)	(Pond) (ha)	in SW (ha)	impacted (m)	Design (m)
-	-L- 42+60	1200mm RCP					0.014			232	
	-YRPB- 15+20		0.043		0.004	0.004					
	-L 43+15	600mm RCP					0.005			126	
2	-YRPB- 14+60	Existing Lake	0.122			2000					
		S. S				0.00		0.065			
က	From -L- 44+60						0.233			800	105
	To -L- 50+20 Lt									200	3
	-YBFLY- 15+67	1 - 3m x 3m RCBC	0.103								
	-YCFLY- 23+97	1 - 3m x 2.7m RCBC									
	-Y19REV- 13+40	2- 4m x 3.3m RCBC				0.028					
	1. 46.26	0 42 : 02 0000									
-	VCEIV 45.60	2 - 4m x 3m HCBC					0.185			314	
	V100ET2 10-E2	4500 000 F.									
	1130512-10432	1300 IIIIII HOP EXT.					0.003			30	
2	-L- 49+67	600mm RCP					0.046			ļ	
							0.010			155	
9	-L- 50+82	750mm RCP	0.008				0.019			185	
	From -L- 50+20	1 - 3.0m x 2.7m RCBC					0.085			300	120
	To -L- 55+00 Lt						3			070	1/7
	-YRPA- 12+77						0.002			98	
	-L- 54+47	1-2.4m x 2.0m RCBC					0.012			105	
7	-L- 60+85 LT & RT	600mm RCP	0.043			0000					
						8					
8	-L- 62+05	600mm RCP	0.044			9000					
σ	-BPA54- 5+201T	and man									
	170710	TOT IIIIIDOS					0.027			127	
9	-RPD54- 4+60 LT	900mm RCP				0.016					
	-RPD54- 4+43	900mm RCP						1.47			
=	-L- 70+40	600mm RCP					0.027				
TOTALS:	Ś		0.363	0	0.004	0.064	0.628	1.535	c	2540	306
							2	333.1	>	7257	020

N.C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

WAKE AND DURHAM COUNTIES

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)
SHEET 66 OF 67
Jul-03

Form Revised 3/22/01

## PROPERTY OWNER

#### NAME AND ADDRESS

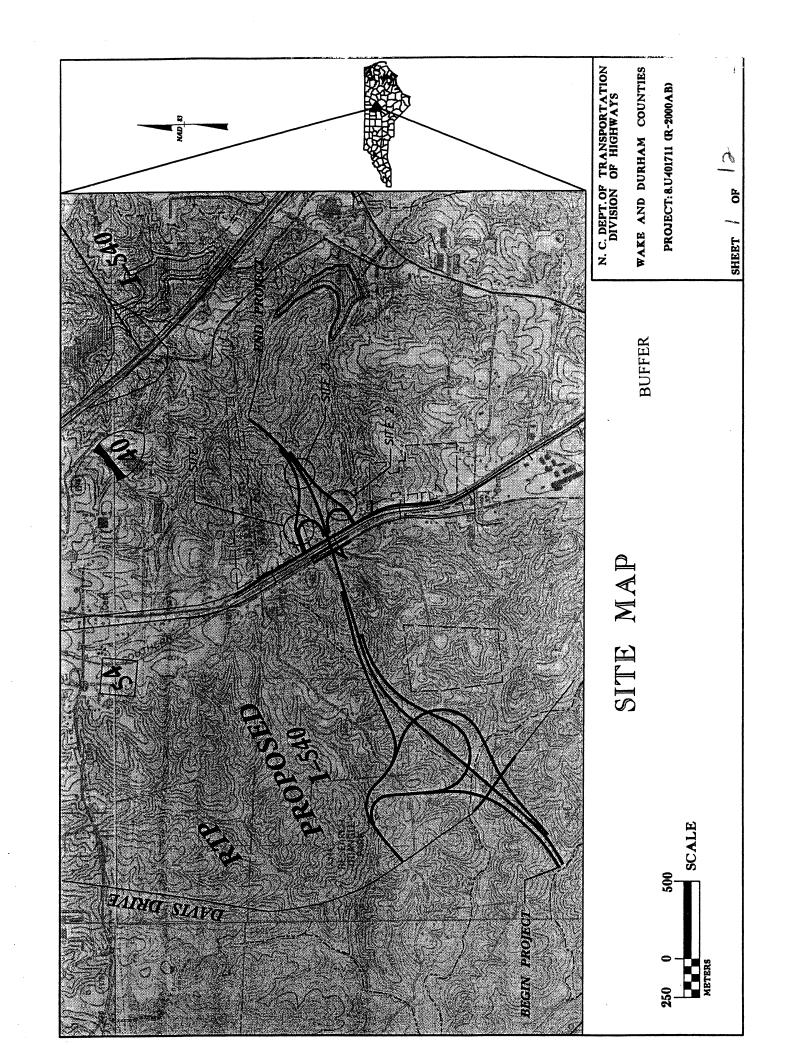
SITE	OWNER'S NAME	ADDRESS
10	Research Triangle Foundation of North Carolina	P.O. Box 12255 Durham, NC 27713-9436
9	Cora Holland Heirs	11006 Chapel Hill Road Morrisville, NC 27560
6	Andover Partnership LLC	5511 Capital Center Driv Suite 320 Raleigh, NC 27606
11	Greg Sanchez	310 Craven Street New Bern, NC 28560
12	Anvil Investments LLC	P.O. Box 3557 Cary, NC 27519
904Z (West of Project) 908Z	Anvil Investments LLC	100 Weston Estates Cary, NC 27513
904Z (East of Project)	Duke Weeks C/O Jim Anderson	1800 Perimeter Drive Morrisville, NC 27560
905Z	Katherine R. Everett	P.O. Box 586 Durham, NC 27702
15	Jim Anderson	1800 Perimeter Drive Morrisville, NC 27560
902Z	C/O John Biggs Attorney	122 East Parrish Street Durham, NC 27701

N. C. DEPT.OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

WAKE AND DURHAM COUNTIES

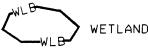
PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)

SHEET 67 OF 67



# BUFFER

## LEGEND



ALLOWABLE

ALLOWABLE IMPACTS ZONE I

ALLOWABLE IMPACTS ZONE 2

MITIGABLE IMPACTS ZONE |

MITIGABLE IMPACTS ZONE 2

-BZ - RIPARIAN BUFFER ZONE

—BZ1 — RIPARIAN BUFFER ZONE 1 30 ft (9.2m)

---BZ2--- RIPARIAN BUFFER ZONE 2 20 ft (6.1m)

--> --> FLOW DIRECTION

TB TOP OF BANK

-- WE -- EDGE OF WATER

 $\_$   $\_$   $^{\text{C}}$   $\_$  PROP. LIMIT OF CUT

\_\_F\_ \_ PROP. LIMIT OF FILL

PROP. RIGHT OF WAY

— — NG — — NATURAL GROUND

- PL - PROPERTY LINE

--- TDE --- TEMP. DRAINAGE EASEMENT

-- PDE --- PERMANENT DRAINAGE EASEMENT

— EAB — · EXIST. ENDANGERED ANIMAL BOUNDARY

- EPB - EXIST. ENDANGERED PLANT BOUNDARY

\_\_\_\_ WATER SURFACE

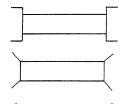


LIVE STAKES

(T)

BOULDER

--- CORE FIBER ROLLS



PROPOSED BRIDGE

PROPOSED BOX CULVERT

PROPOSED PIPE CULVERT

(DASHED LINES DENOTE EXISTNG STRUCTURES)

12"-48" PIPES

54" PIPES & ABOVE

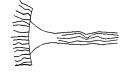


SINGLE TREE



WOODS LINE

DRAINAGE INLET



ROOTWAD



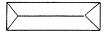
RIP RAP



ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNER OR PARCEL NUMBER IF AVAILABLE



PREFORMED SCOUR HOLE (PSH)



LEVEL SPREADER (LS)



GRASS SWALE

N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE & DURHAM COUNTY

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)

#### STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

Project No. 8.U401711, TIP No. R-2000AB Wake-Durham Counties

February 25, 2002

Hydraulics Project Engineer: Steven M. Bondor, P.E. (ARCADIS G&M of North Carolina, Inc.)
Galen Cail, P.E. (NCDOT Hydraulics Unit)

#### **Roadway Description**

The project consists of a portion of the Northern Wake Expressway (I-540) extending from west of Davis Drive to about 1 kilometer (km) west of Interstate 40 (I-40). The project is about 3.6 km in length and includes a new alignment consisting of a controlled access divided highway with two or more 3.6-meter (m) lanes in each direction, and interchanges at NC 54 and Davis Drive. The proposed typical section consists of a grass median with grass shoulders and ditches, and curb and gutter along the interchange loops. The proposed roadway crosses various streams and includes eight box culverts and three stream relocations. The proposed drainage system includes cross pipes, grate inlets and associated pipe systems in the median and side ditches, lateral ditches, and modified expressway gutter along high fill slopes.

#### **Project Involvement**

The entire project is located within an unincorporated area of Wake County. However, the project is not subject to Wake County Stormwater regulations, because state projects are specifically exempted by the regulations. The section of the project located east of NC54, from -L-Sta 64+40 to the end is located within the Neuse River Watershed, and is therefore subject to the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources (NCDENR) regulations for preservation of stream buffers. The remainder of the project, west of NC54, is located in the Cape Fear Watershed. Three streams within the Neuse River Watershed were identified as being subject to the stream buffer regulations by the NCDENR, based on the Wake County Natural Resource Conservation Service Soil Maps and the U. S. Geological Service Quad Map (Cary Quadrangle).

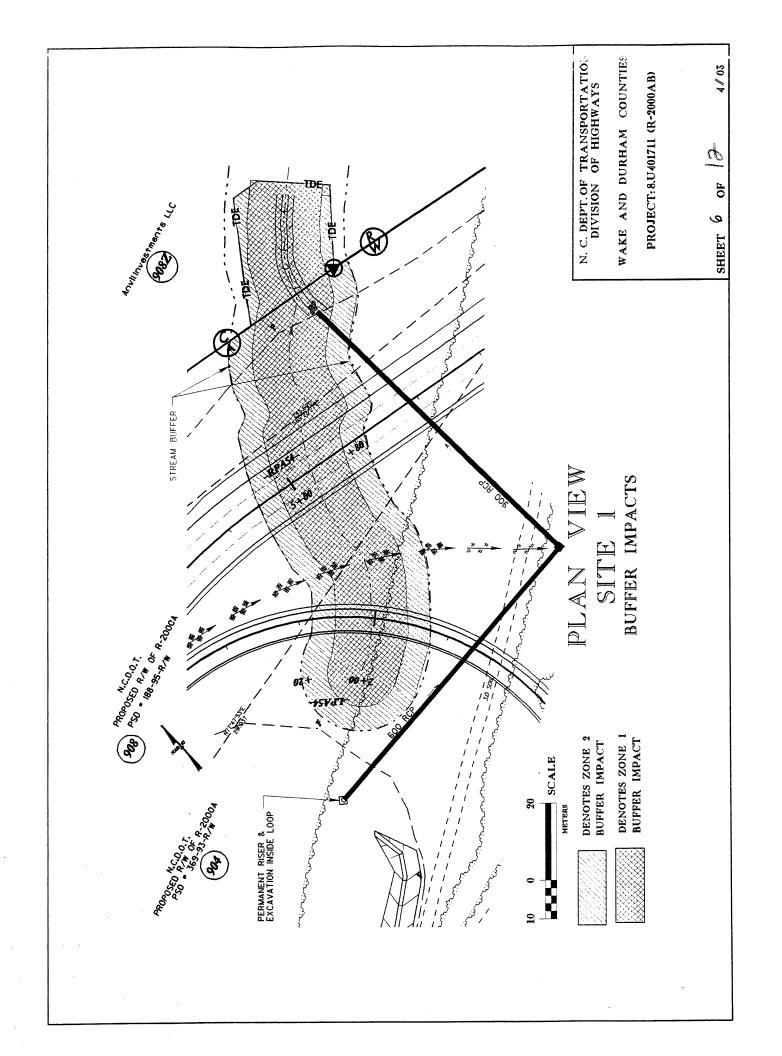
#### **Best Management Practices and Major Structures**

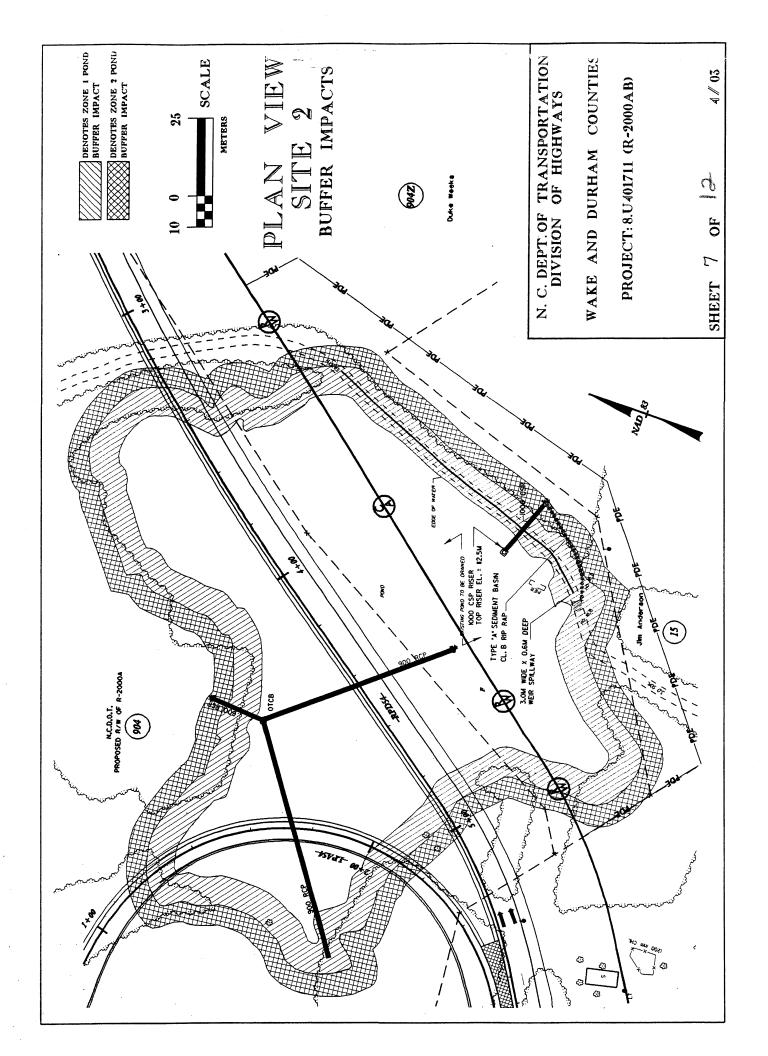
Best Management Practices (BMPs) utilized on the project are as follows: grass swales, wet detention ponds, detention in gore areas, level spreaders, natural channel design for stream relocations, and the submergence of box culverts below stream beds. The BMPs were designed based on the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources publication entitled, "Stormwater Management Guidance Manual." The wet detention pond was designed for water quality and flood control. The wet pond will be used as a riser basin during construction. Stormwater detention in gore areas will be provided by open-throat catch basins elevated about 1 m above the low point.

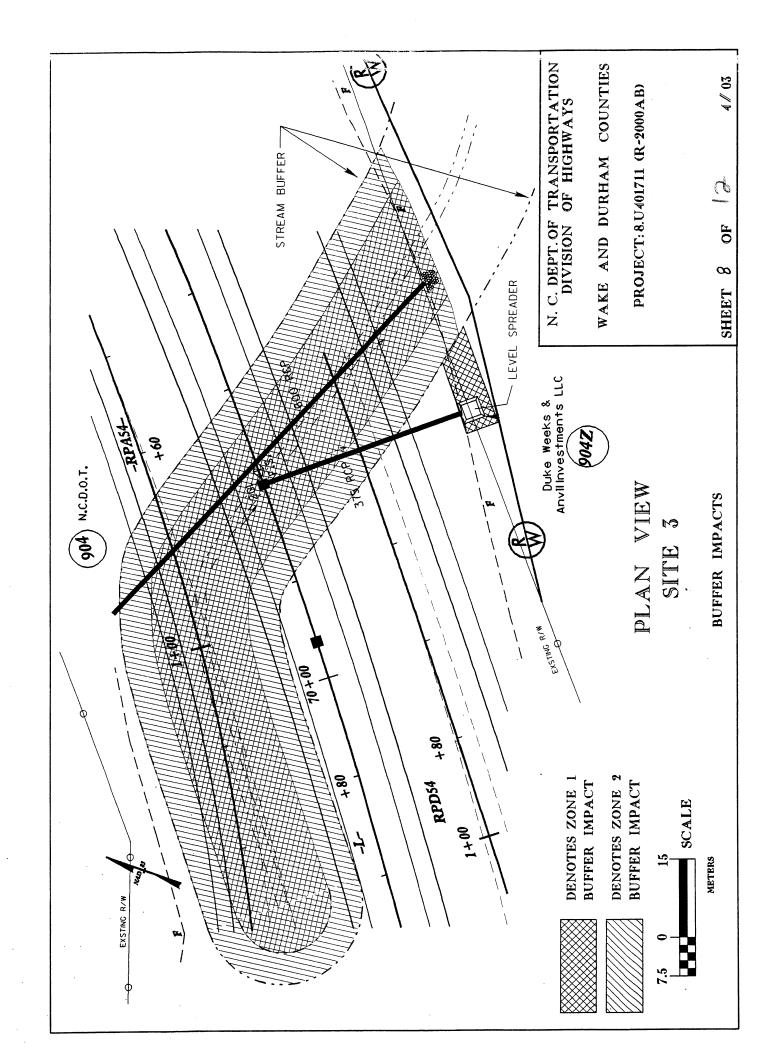
The stream relocations are required due to the location of the proposed fill slopes over the existing streams, making the relocation of the streams unavoidable along these reaches. The design methods used are in accordance with those recommended in, "Applied River Morphology" (Rosgen, 1996).

BMP	Station	Plan Sheet
Grass Swales	-RPA54- 5+80 to 6+20 right	10
	-L- 67+07 to 67+60 median	10
	-L- 69+00 to 69+40 median	12
	-L- 70+40 to 70+80 median	12
Wet Detention Pond	-LPA54- 2+10 left	10
Detention in Gore Areas	-L- 45+90 left	6
	-L- 47+00 left	6
	-L- 50+80 left	6
	-L- 51+80 left	6
	-Y- 26+40 left	6
	-Y- 26+70 right	6
	-L- 49+40 right	7
	-Y32+15 right	7
	-L- 66+40 left	10
	-L- 66+40 right	11
Level Spreader	-Y22REV- 13+50 left	21
	-L- 70+40 right	12
Stream Relocations	-YRPB- 11+90 to 13+39 right	6.
	-YRPA- 10+39 to 12+76 right	8
	-YRPC- 13+40 to 14+80 right	18

ВМР	Station	Plan Sheet
Box Culverts	-Y19REV- 13+40	5
	-L- 45+26	5
	-YCFLY- 15+60	5
	-YBFLY-15+67	6
	-Y- 27+97	6
	-YCFLY- 23+97	6
	-L- 54+80	8
	-Y- 37+15	18







R-2000AB Grass Ditch Treatment

<b>(1)</b>	1 1	न्त्र	जू	न्न	П	11	Т	Т	Т	T	T	Γ		Γ	Γ	Γ			
Nonerosive for 10-year	송	PSRM used	PSRM used	PSRM used	Ą	ş	7	5											
Sideslope If steeper than 3:1, then reject	ð	Š	ø	þ	ok	ø	3	5											
٧2	0.41 m/sec	0.51 m/sec	0.81 m/sec	0.85 m/sec	0.49 m/sec	0.54 m/sec	0 54 m/coc	0.0											
Drainage Area	0.04 ha	0.6 ha	0.6 ha	0.1 ha	0.15 ha	0.11 ha	0 11 53	5											
Length of swale	40m	70m	m06	40m	53m	40m	aOV												
V10	0.43 m/sec	0.55 m/sec	0.86 m/sec	0.90 m/sec	0.51 m/sec	0.56 m/sec	O 56 m/cac	0.00											
Sideslope	4 - 6:1	4:1	4:1	4:1	6.5 - 8:1	6.5 - 8:1	6.8.1	<u>.</u>											
Longitudinal slope	2.5 - 3.1%	0.80%	2.70%	10%	2.1 - 2.9 %	4%	4%						·					,	
Ditch station	RPA54 5+80 to 6+20 right	RPA54 3+20 to 3+90 left	RPA54 4+70 to 5+60 left	LPA54 1+00 to 1+40 right	L 67+07 to 67+60 median	L 69+00 to 69+40 median	1 70+40 to 70+80 median												

STELLOCTURE   STATION   HOAD   PARALLEL   ZONE   ZONE				BUF	BUFFER IMPACTS SUMMARY	ACTS	SUM	MAR					
STATION   PARALLEL   ZONE   ZONE													
STRUCTURE STATION CROSSING MAPACT (m²) (m²) (m²) (m²) (m²) (m²) (m²) (m²)							IMPAC	<u> </u>				BUF	FER
STRUCTURE         STRATON         CAONE INCOME         FOAT IN PACT         CONE IN CONE INCOME IN CONE				ΤYI	크	AL	LOWABI	Ë		MITIGABL	E	REPLAC	EMENT
900mm RCP       -RPA54-4-55 RT       X       2669.0       1697.0         900mm RCP       -RPD54-4-55 RT       X       2663.0       4065.0         600mm RCP       -RPD54-3-60 LT       X       2663.0       1923.0         4L-70+60 RT       X       X       X       X         4L-70+60 RT       X       X       X       X       X         4L-70+60 RT       X       X       X       X       X       X         4L-70+60 RT       X       X       X       X       X       X       X       X       X       X       X       X       X       X       X       X       X	SITE NO.	STRUCTURE SIZE / TYPE	STATION (FROM/TO)	ROAD CROSSING	PARALLEL IMPACT	ZONE 1 (m²)	ZONE 2 (m²)	TOTAL (m²)	ZONE 1 (m²)	ZONE 2 (m²)	TOTAL (m²)	ZONE 1 (m²)	ZONE 2 (m²)
HPA54-4+56 RT.  900mm RCP	+	900mm RCP	-RPA54- 5+20 LT	×					2669.0	1697.0	4366.0		
SOOMM RCP   RPD54-5+00 LT   X   S939.0   4065.0			-RPA54- 4+55 RT.										
900mm RCP         IAPD54-5+00LT         X         6593-0         4065.0           GOOMM RCP         -1-69+60LT         X         2663.0         1923.0           -1-70+60 RT         X         X         X         X           -1-80+60 RT         X         X         X         X           -1-80+60 RT         X         X         X         X           -1-80+60 RT         X         X         X         X           -1		•	•										
RPD54.3+60 LT	2	900mm RCP	-RPD54- 5+00 LT	×					5939.0	4065.0	10004.0		
600mm RCP -L-69+60 LT X 2663.0 1923.0			-RPD54- 3+60 LT										
6000mm RCP       L- 69+60 LT       X       2663.0       1923.0         -L- 70+60 RT.													
-L-70+60 RT.	3	600mm RCP	-L- 69+60 LT	×		·			2663.0	1923.0	4586.0		
Control			-L- 70+60 RT.										
Company													
Company													
Company													
Company				-									
Company													
Company													
0.0 0.0 0.0 7685.0													
0.0 0.0 11271.0 7685.0													
0.0 0.0 11271.0 7685.0			•										
0.0 0.0 11271.0 7685.0													
	TOTAL:					0.0			- 4				

N.C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS WAKE AND DURHAM COUNTIES PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)

SHEET / DOF

			BUF	BUFFER IMPACTS SUMMARY	ACTS	SUMI	MARY					
						IMPACT	_				BUFFER	FEB
			TYPE	<b>J</b> c	AL	ALLOWABLE	ш		MITIGABLE	E	REPLACEMENT	EMENT
SITE NO.	STRUCTURE SIZE / TYPE	STATION (FROM/TO)	ROAD CROSSING	PARALLEL IMPACT	ZONE 1 (ft²)	ZONE 2 (ft²)	OTAL (ft²)	ZONE 1 (ft²)	ZONE 2 (ft²)	TOTAL (ft²)	ZONE 1 (ft²)	ZONE 2 (ft²)
-	900mm RCP	-RPA54- 5+20 LT	×					28728.0	18266.0	46994.0		
		-RPA54- 4+55 RT.										
2	900mm RCP	-RPD54- 5+00 LT	×					63925.0	43755.0	107680.0		
		-RPD54- 3+60 LT				٠						
3	600mm RCP	-L- 69+60 LT	×					28664.0	20699.0	49363.0		
		-L- 70+60 RT.										
		•										
TOTAL:					0.0	0.0	0.0	121317.0	82720.0	204037.0		

N.C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS WAKE AND DURHAM COUNTIES PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)

SHEET !! OF

# PROPERTY OWNER

#### NAME AND ADDRESS

SITE	OWNER'S NAME	ADDRESS
908Z	Anvil Investments, LLC	100 Weston Estates Cary, NC 27513
904Z (West of Project)	Anvil Investments, LLC	100 Weston Estates Cary, NC 27513
904Z (East of Project)	Duke Weeks C/O Jim Anderson	1800 Perimeter Drive Morrieville, NC 27560
15	Jim Anderson	1800 Perimeter Drive Morrisville, NC 27560
905	N.C.D.O.T.	

N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

WAKE AND DURHAM COUNTIES

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AB)

SHEET 12 OF 19

4 // 03

#### HYDRAULIIC DESIGN AND PERMIT REVIEW MEETING FOR R-2000AC, WAKE/DURHAM CO.

#### Prepared by Bill Elam October 21, 2002

#### Contents:

- T. Minutes of the Interagency "4C" Meeting on 10/17/02
- П. Minutes of the DWQ Buffer Meeting on 5/14/02
- Ш. Minutes of the Interagency "4B" Meeting on 4/18/02
- IV. Agency Comments and Post Meeting Activities
- V. Attachments: Stormwater Management Plan

#### I. Minutes of the Interagency "4C" Meeting on 10/17/02

**Participants:** 

David Chang, NCDOT Hydraulics Bill Elam, NCDOT Hydraulics Max Price, NCDOT Hydraulics Eric Alsmeyer, USACE Alice Gordon, NCDOT PD&EA

David Cox, WRC

Howard Hall, USFWS (not present) Chris Militscher-EPA (not present)

John Hennessy, NCDENR

The meeting began with a brief overview of the project. It was explained that this meeting was a final permit review for the Wetland and Stream Impact permit and the Buffer permit. Max Price proceeded to review each permit sheet.

- Site 1. A cross vane will be used at the culvert. 1.
- 2. Hydraulics notified the agencies that we were confirming the stream topography to ensure correct stream impacts.
- 3. John Hennessy said that he would have to review the use of grass swales as treatment for the buffer impacts. Max Price review with John Hennessy why level spreaders and detention basins would not work based on topography, slope, or drainage area.
- John Hennessy and Alice Gordon requested that we put a title block on the Grass Swale data sheet.

#### II. Minutes of the DWQ Buffer Meeting on 5/14/02

**Participants:** 

David Chang, NCDOT Hydraulics Bill Elam, NCDOT Hydraulics

Max Price, NCDOT Hydraulics John Hennessy, NCDENR

The meeting began with a brief overview of the project. It was explained that this meeting was a plan review focused on the streams with buffers. Max Price proceeded to review each redline plan sheet.

1. <u>Grass Swales used as the Stream Buffer BMP</u>. Max Price explained to John Hennessy on a site by site basis why grass swales were used instead of level spreaders or detention ponds. John did not express any major concerns or problems with the design.

#### III. Minutes of the Interagency "4B" Meeting on 4/18/02

Participants:

Eric Alsmeyer, USACE Alice Gordon, NCDOT PD&EA Bill Elam, NCDOT Hydraulics Howard Hall, USFWS John Hennessy, NCDWQ Max Price, NCDOT Hydraulics
Dave Henderson, NCDOT Hydraulics

David Cox, NCWRC

The meeting began with a brief overview of the project. It was explained that this meeting was a thirty- percent plan review. The history of the project was discussed. Max Price proceeded to review each redline plan sheet. The Neuse River Buffers are a major issue with this project.

- 1. <u>Stream Mitigation 74+00 to 75+60 -L.</u> There is an intermittent channel that will be under fill to the left of the -L- line. Eric Alsmeyer stated that stream mitigation was not required, but the stream would be counted as an impact.
- 2. <u>Tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek.</u> Ditches will be tied in to stream channel at a minimum depth and the stream bank will be protected with rip rap. David Cox and Eric Alsmeyer were concerned that the ditches would be tied into stream bed.
- 3. <u>Pocket Wetland on Ramp C.</u> Max Price showed where 0.01 ha (0.025 Ac) of wetland were being impacted at Station 13+55 Ramp C.
- 4. <u>Grass Swales as Treatment</u>. Grass swales are being used everywhere possible even if it is not a "buffered" stream.

#### IV. Post Meeting Activities

As noted in the Interagency "4C" meeting, the stream topography at Tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek was rechecked. The alignment of the culvert was adjusted slightly to align better with the stream. The ditches were tied into the stream channel at minimum depth and the stream bank will be protected with rip rap. The ditches changed slightly due to the adjustments in the topography around the stream.

#### V. Attachments: Stormwater Management Plan

#### **ROADWAY DESCRIPTION:**

The R-2000AC project is a leg of the I-540 project in Wake and Durham County. The length of the project is 1.707km (1.06 mi.). There is new stream crossing on Tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek and one box culvert extenuation on Stirrup Iron Creek on the project.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL DESCRIPTION:**

Stirrup Iron Creek and the Tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek are in the Neuse River Basin. The stream classification for Stirrup Iron Creek and Tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek is Class C – NSW (aquatic life, secondary recreation, and nutrient sensitive waters). There are several small – unnamed streams that appear on the soils map. There are a total of three permitted sites on the project, with impacts totaling 359 m (1178 ft.) of stream, 0.0005 ha (.0012 ac.) of wetlands, and 1.14 ha (2.82 ac.) of Neuse River Riparian Buffers.

#### **BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND MAJOR STRUCTURES:**

Best Management Practices (BMP's) utilized on this project consist of Grassed Swales and pre-formed scour holes.

The following summarizes the locations of each BMP:

#### **Grassed Swales**

Station 74+00 to 74+50 -L- Right

Station 74+00 to 74+50 –L- Median

Station 74+00 to 74+50 -L- Left

Station 74+50 to 76+10 –L- Median

Station 75+20 to 75+40 -L- Right

Station 75+80 to 76+80 -L- Left

Station 74+00 to 74+50 -L- Right

Station 76+10 to 77+00 –L- Median

Station 13+00 to 14+00 –Y1- Right

Station 76+00 to 77+00 –L- Left

Station 77+00 to 78+00 –L- Median

Station 77+00 to 78+00 –L- Left

Station 13+75 to 14+55-CD-Left

Station 12+00 to 13+00 –Y1- Right

Station 78+00 to 79+20 -L- Right

Station 78+00 to 79+60 -L- Median

Station 78+00 to 79+60 -L- Left

Station 14+80 to 15+80-CD-Left

Station 11+40 to 12+00 -Y1- Right

Station 11+00 to 11+40 -Y1- Right

Station 79+20 to 79+60 -L- Right

Station 79+60 to 80+60 –L- Median

Station 79+60 to 80+60 –L- Left Station 79+60 to 80+00 –L- Right Station 14+60 to 15+40 –Ramp C- Right Station 25+60 to 26+80 –Y3- Right Station 26+80 to 27+50 –Y3- Right Station 27+50 to 27+80 –Y3- Right Station 27+80 to 29+40 –Y3- Right Station 30+80 to 31+80 –Y3- Right

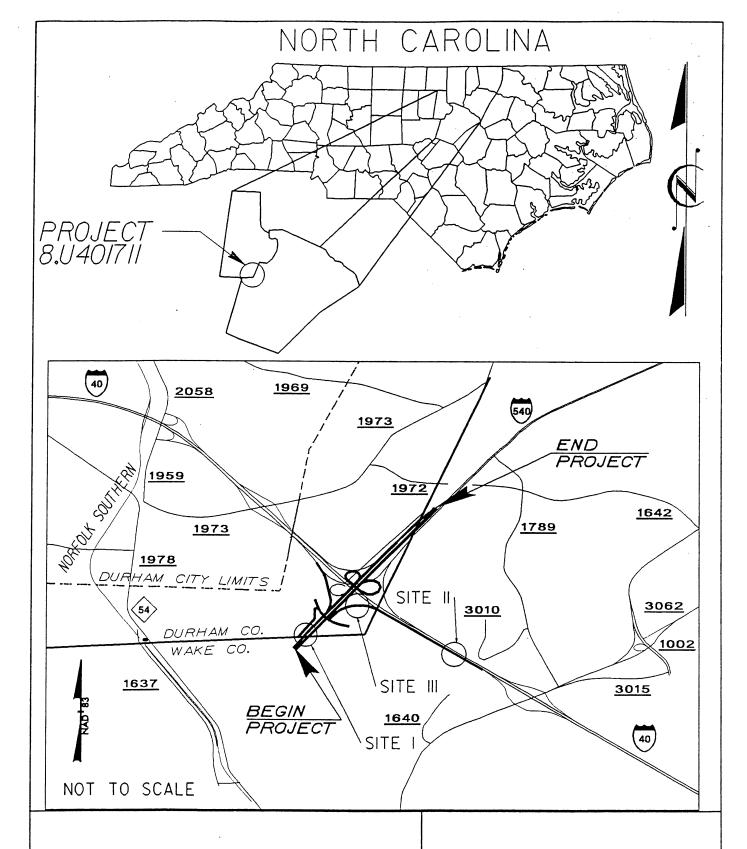
#### **Preformed Scour Holes**

Station 76+12 –L- Right Station 13+44 –Ramp B- Right Station 82+10 –L- Right Station 13+60 –Ramp C- Right Station 34+15 –Y3- Right

#### **Major Structures**

Station 75+75.4 –L- (Tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek) New 2 @ 3.0m x 2.4m (10 ft. x 8 ft.) reinforced concrete box culvert is to be constructed. The culvert will be buried one foot.

Station 30+21 –Y3- (Stirrup Iron Creek) Existing 3 @ 3.0m x 3.0m (10 ft. x 10 ft.) reinforced concrete box culvert will be extended.



# VICINITY MAPS

WETLAND AND STREAM IMPACTS

# DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS WAKE/DURHAM COUNTY

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AC)

I-540 (NORTHERN WAKE EXPRESSWAY)
FROM 0.9 KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TO 0.7 KM
NORTHEAST OF I-40

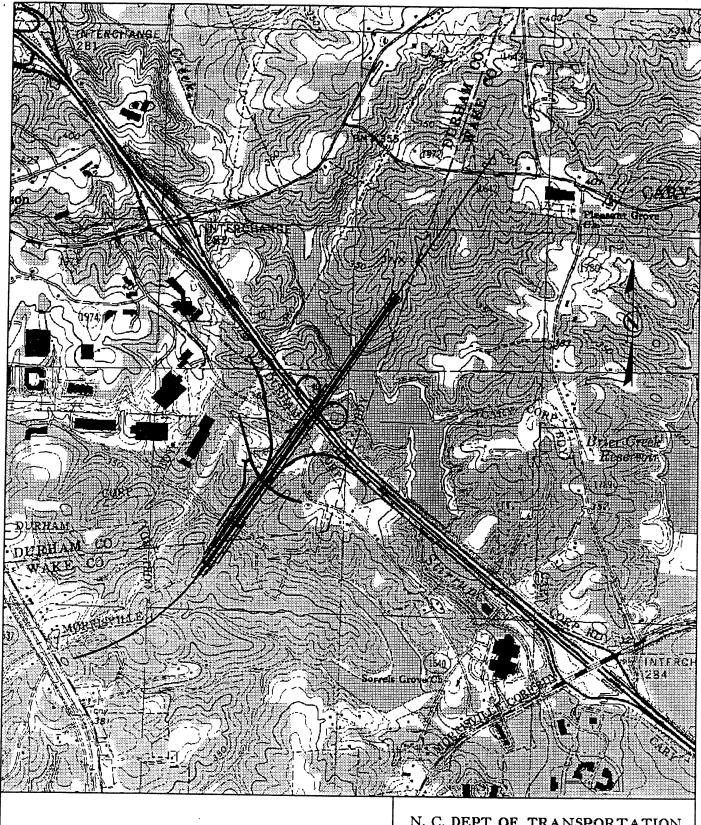
SHEET 1 OF 9

11 / 26 / 02

#### LEGEND WETLAND WLB-- WETLAND BOUNDARY PROPOSED BRIDGE PROPOSED BOX CULVERT WETLAND DENOTES FILL IN PROPOSED PIPE CULVERT WETLAND 12"-48" PIPES (DASHED LINES DENOTE EXISTNG STRUCTURES) DENOTES FILL IN SURFACE WATER 54" PIPES & ABOVE DENOTES FILL IN SURFACE WATER (POND) SINGLE TREE DENOTES TEMPORARY FILL IN WETLAND WOODS LINE DENOTES EXCAVATION IN WETLAND DRAINAGE INLET DENOTES TEMPORARY FILL IN SURFACE ROOTWAD WATER DENOTES MECHANIZED CLEARING > --> FLOW DIRECTION BR 20 RIP RAP TOP OF BANK WE ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNER - EDGE OF WATER 5 OR PARCEL NUMBER IF AVAILABLE - $\stackrel{ extsf{C}}{-}$ - PROP.LIMIT OF CUT PREFORMED SCOUR HOLE -F- - PROP. LIMIT OF FILL - PROP. RIGHT OF WAY LEVEL SPREADER (LS) — — NG — — NATURAL GROUND — — PL — PROPERTY LINE DITCH / GRASS SWALE TDE TEMP. DRAINAGE EASEMENT -- PDE --- PERMANENT DRAINAGE EASEMENT - EAB - EXIST. ENDANGERED ANIMAL BOUNDARY - EPB - EXIST. ENDANGERED PLANT BOUNDARY - WATER SURFACE LIVE STAKES N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION BOULDER DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS WAKE / DURHAM COUNTY CORE FIBER ROLLS PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AC) I-540 (NORTHERN WAKE EXPRESSWAY) FROM 0.9 KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TO 0.7 KM NORTHEAST OF I-40

11 / 26 / 02

SHEET 2 OF 9



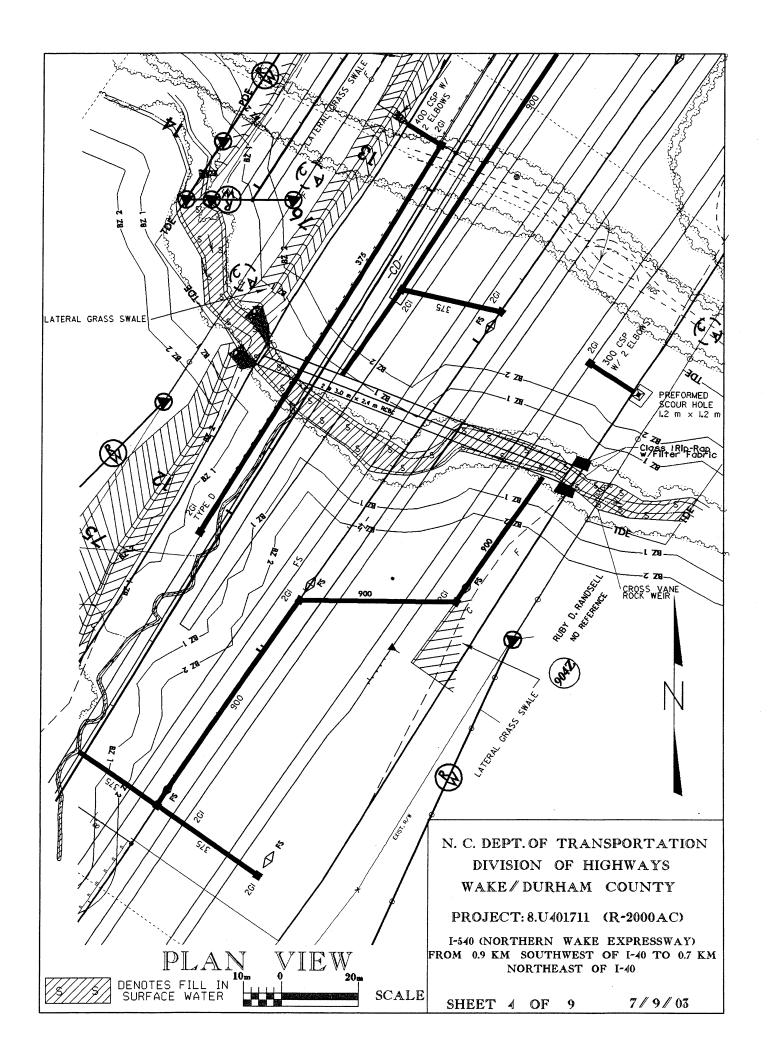
LOCATION
MAPS

N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE/DURHAM COUNTIES

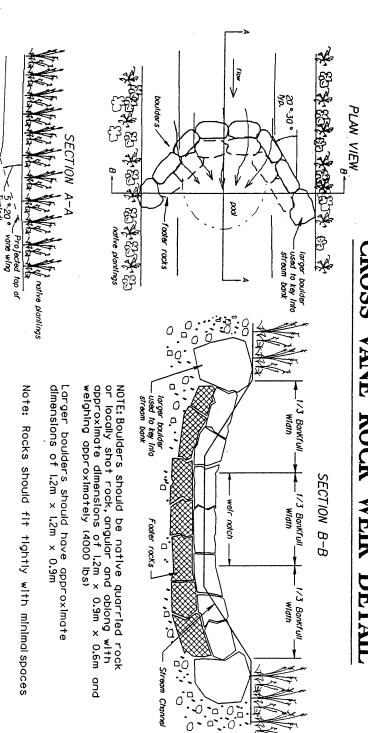
PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AC)

I-540 (NORTHERN WAKE EXPRESSWAY) FROM 0.9 KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TO 0.7 KM NORTHEAST OF I-40

SHEET 3 OF 9 11 / 26 / 02



# CROSS VANE ROCK WEIR DETAIL



N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AC)

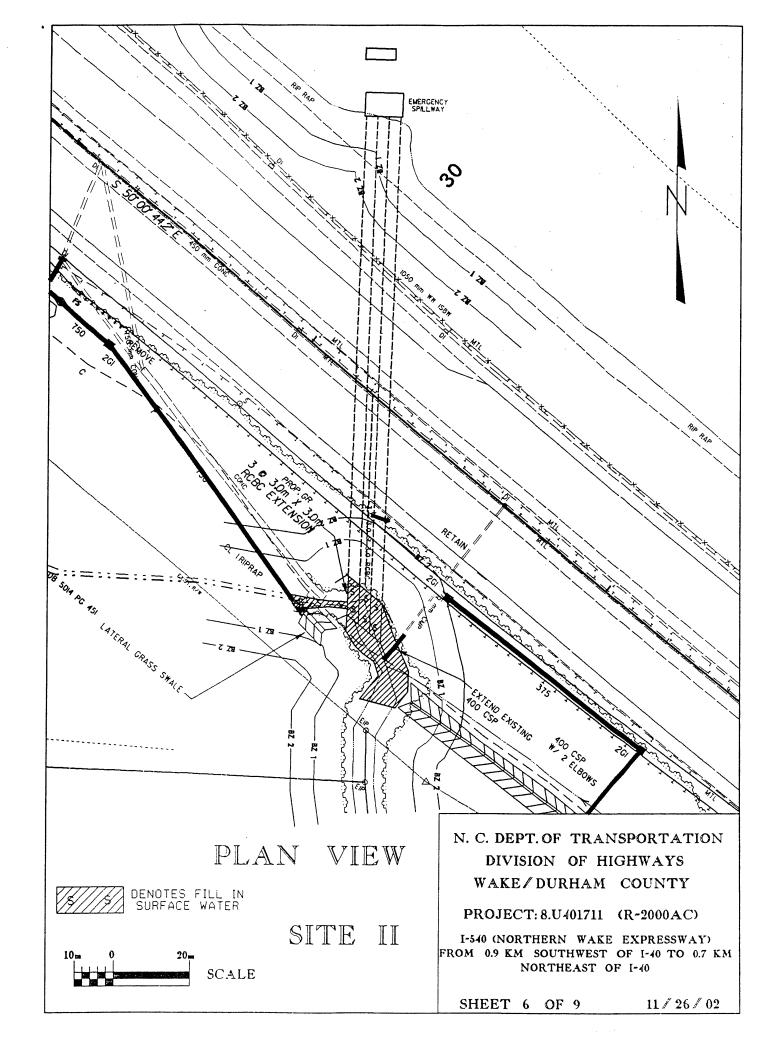
WAKE/DURHAM COUNTY

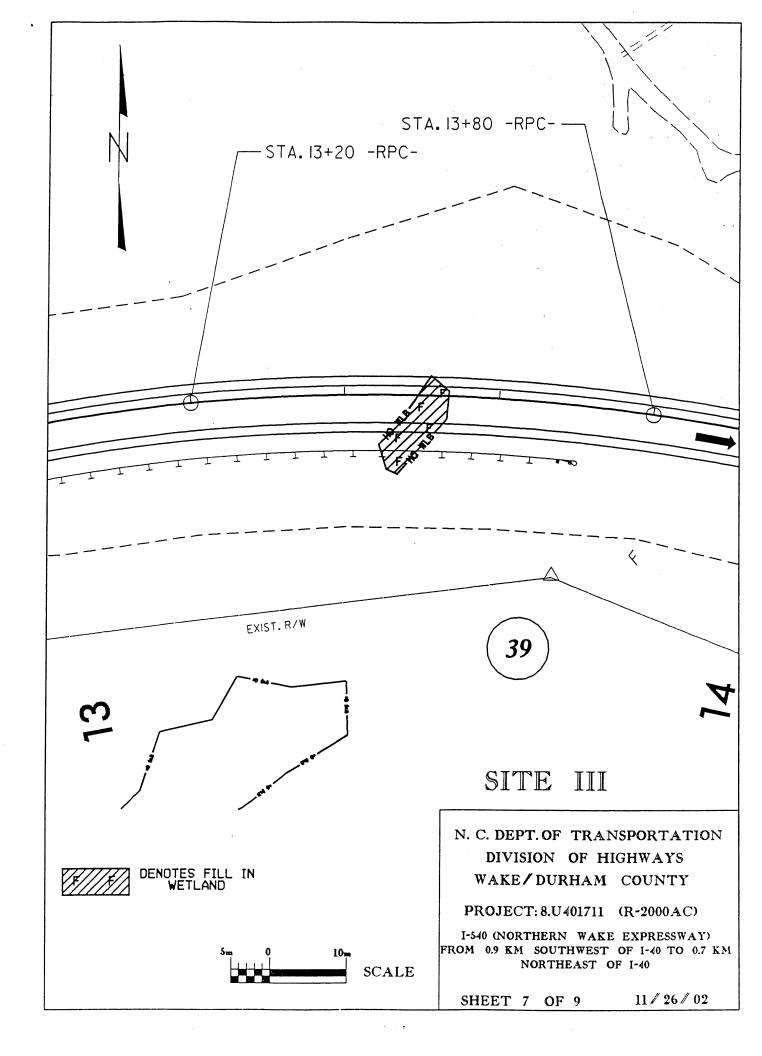
footer rocks

I-540 (NORTHERN WAKE EXPRESSWAY)
FROM 0.9 KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TO 0.7 KM NORTHEAST OF 1-40

SHEET 5 OF 9

11 / 26 / 02





# PROPERTY OWNERS

#### NAMES AND ADDRESSES

PARCEL NO.	NAMES	ADDRESSES
	Ruby D. Randsell	303 Broad St. Fuquay-Varina, NC 27526
	Concourse Development,I,L.L.C.	1400 Commonwealth Dr. Suite 250 Wilmington, NC 28403
	CSM RealEstate Partners	300 W. Millbrook Road Suite B Raleigh, NC 27609
	Investors Of The Triangle	Post Offfice Box 1551 Durham, NC 27702-1551

N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE / DURHAM COUNTY

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AC)

I-540 (NORTHERN WAKE EXPRESSWAY)
FROM 0.9 KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TO 0.7 KM
NORTHEAST OF I-40

SHEET 8 OF 9

11 / 26 / 02

•	-	Natural Stream	Design																0
	APACTS	Existing Channel	Impacted (m)	()			176		151		32								359
	SURFACE WATER IMPACTS	Temp. Fill	In SW																Ō
	SURFAC	Fill In SW	(Pond)			•													0
			(Natural) (ha)				0.122		0.015		0.032								0.169
WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY			(Method III) (ha)											,					0
RMIT IMPAC	WETLAND IMPACTS	Excavation	In Wetlands (ha)																0
ETLAND PE	WETLAND	Temp. Fill	In Wetlands (ha)																0
M		Fill In	Wetlands (ha)	0.0005															0.0005
		Structure	Size / Type	NA			2@ 3.0m x 2.4m RCBC		TRIBUTARY		3@ 3.0m x3.0m RCBC	EXTENSION							
		Station	(From/To)	13+44 -RPC- TO	13+54 -RPC-		73+80 -L- TO	75+90 -L-	73+80 -L- TO	75+90 -F-	30+50 -Y3- RT.								.S.
		Site	o Z	-			2				က								TOTALS

# NCDOT

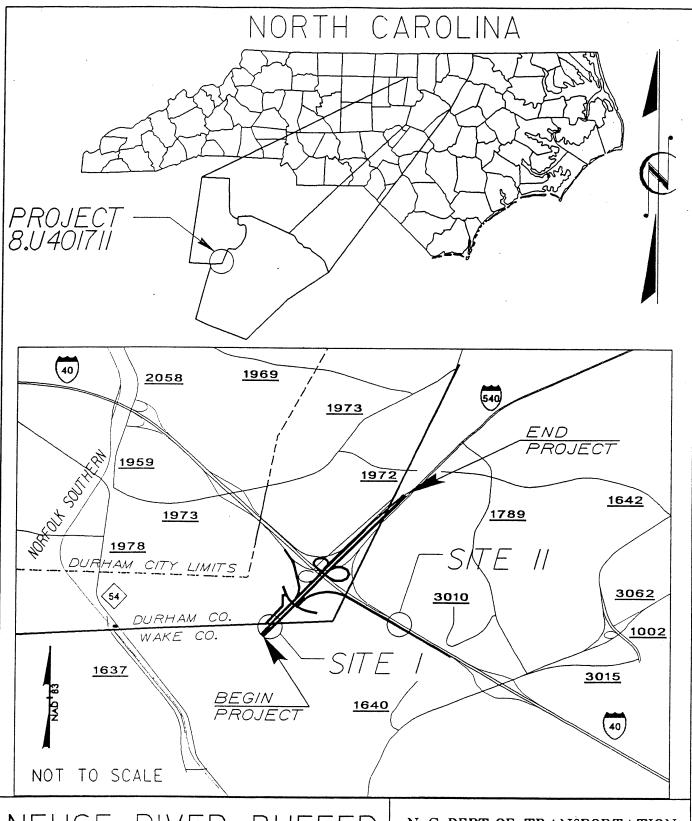
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE/DURHAM COUNTY
PROJECT 8.U401711 (R-2000AC)
I-540 (NORTHERN WAKE EXPRESSWAY)
FROM 0.9KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TO
0.7KM NORTHEAST OF I-40

SHEET 9

OF 9

11/26/02

Form Revised 3/22/01



NEUSE RIVER BUFFER

VICINITY MAPS N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE / DURHAM COUNTY

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AC)

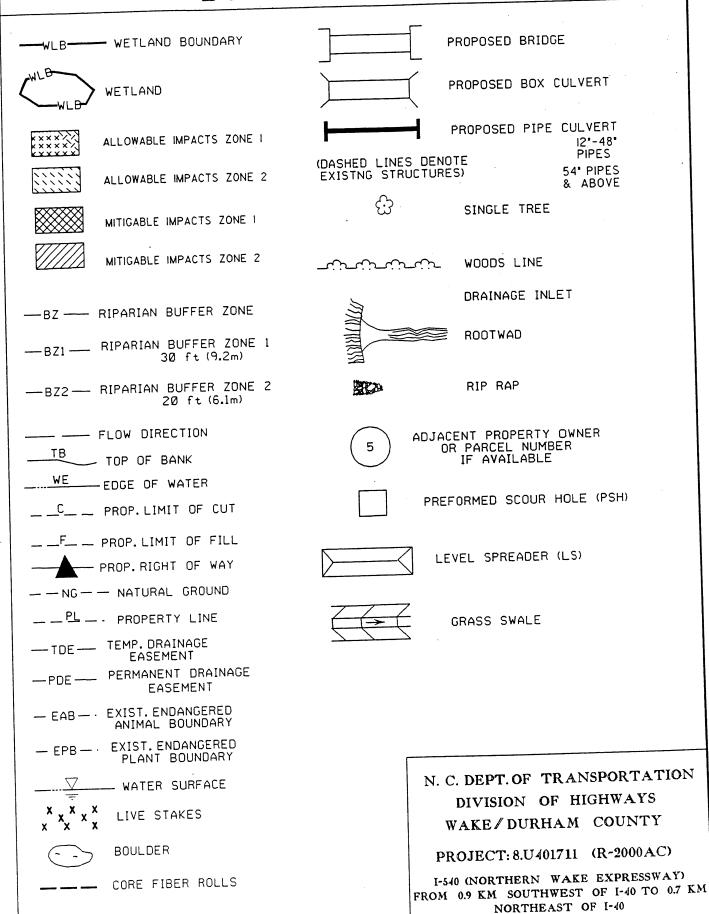
I-540 (NORTHERN WAKE EXPRESSWAY)
FROM 0.9 KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TO 0.7 KM
NORTHEAST OF I-40

SHEET 1 OF 14

11 / 26 / 02

# BUFFER

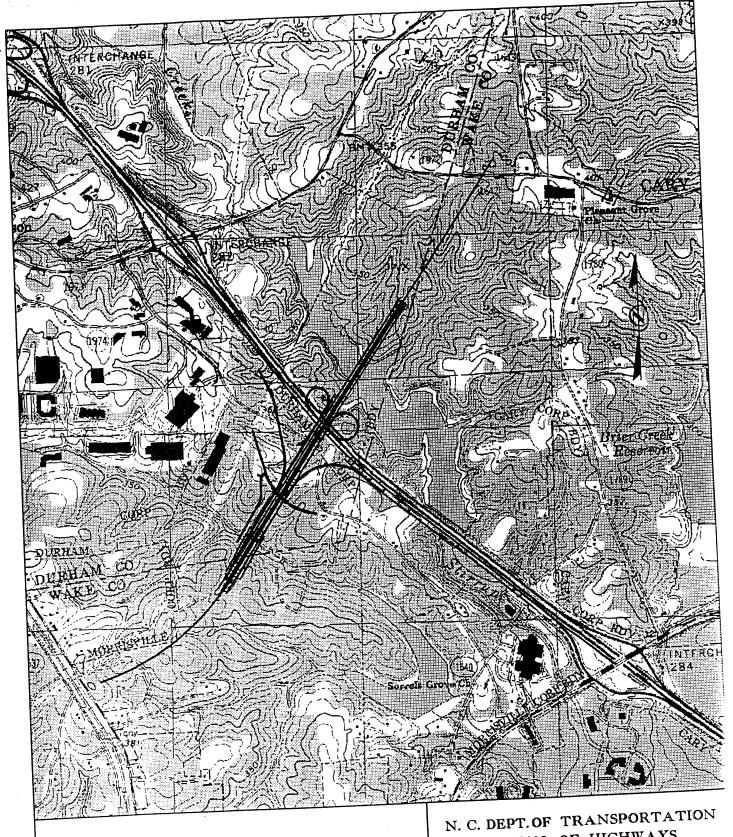
# LEGEND



11 / 26 / 02

SHEET 2

OF 14



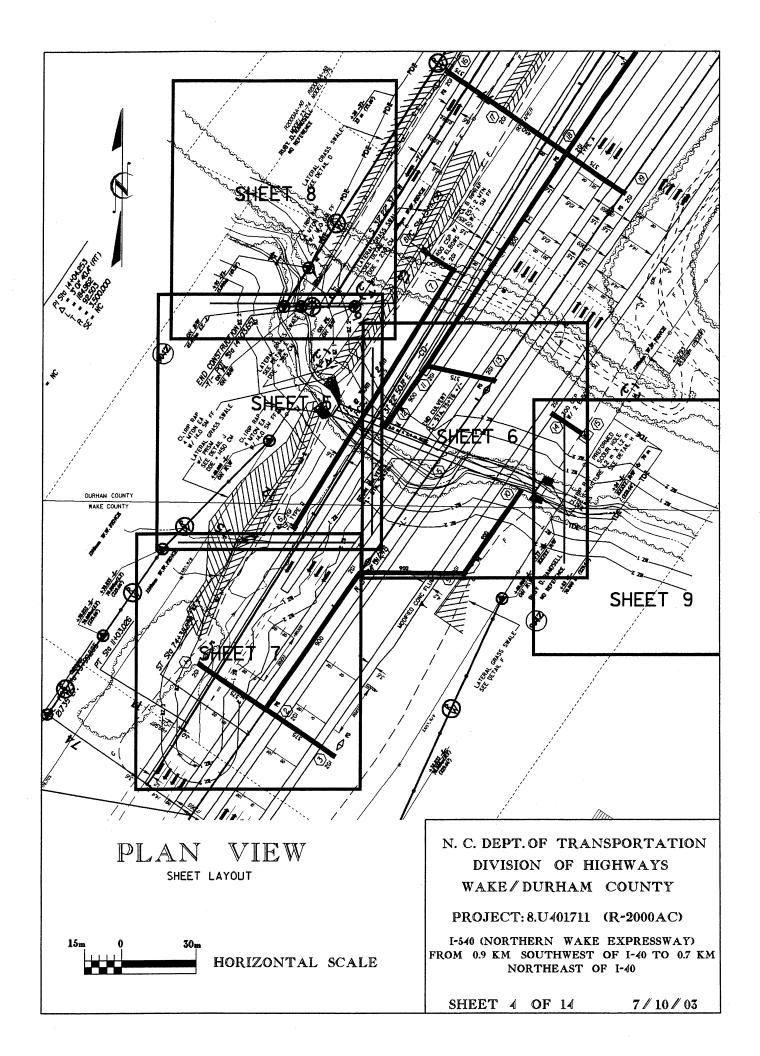
LOCATION
MAPS

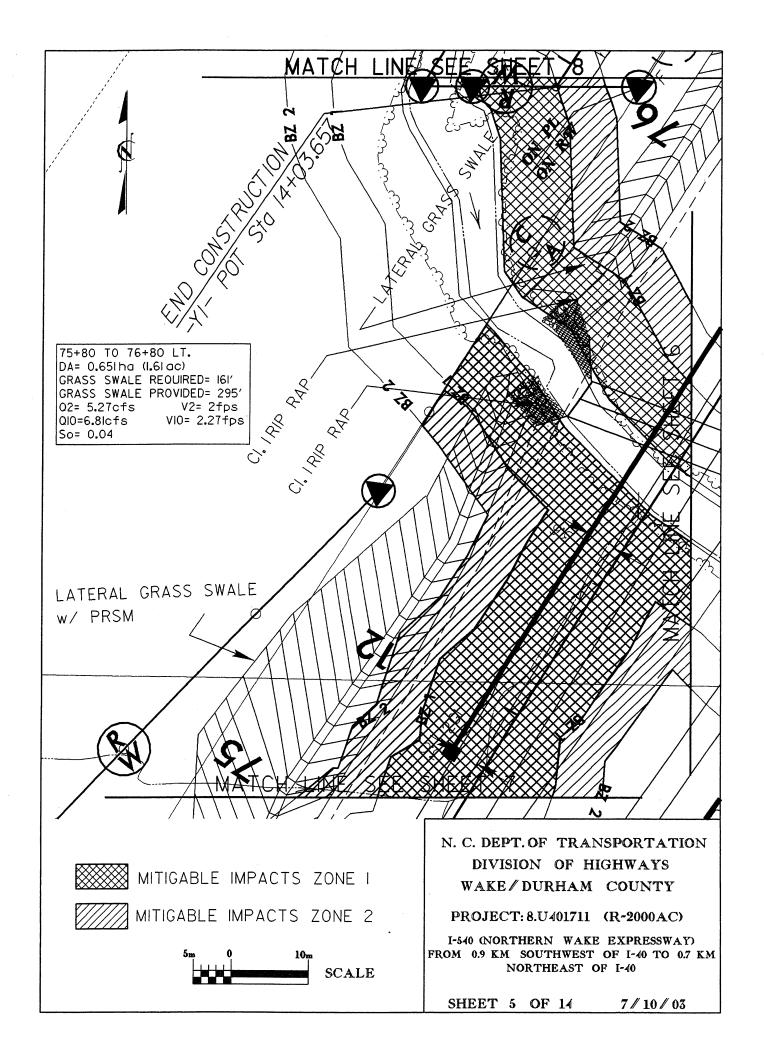
N. C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS WAKE/DURHAM COUNTIES

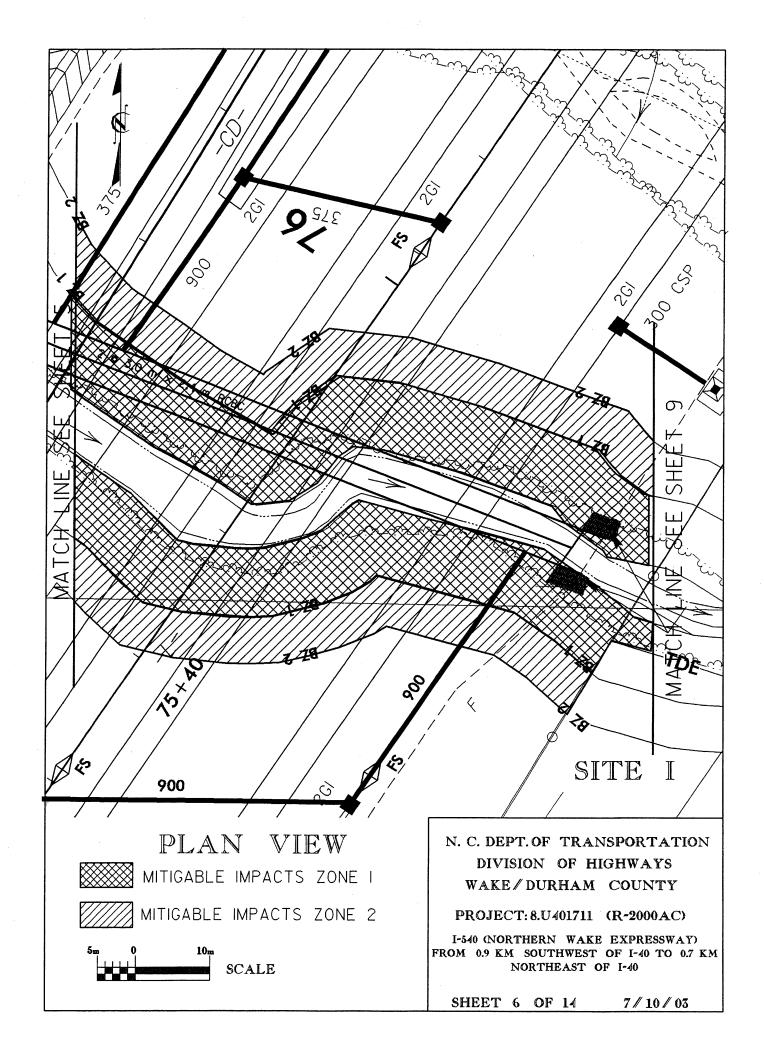
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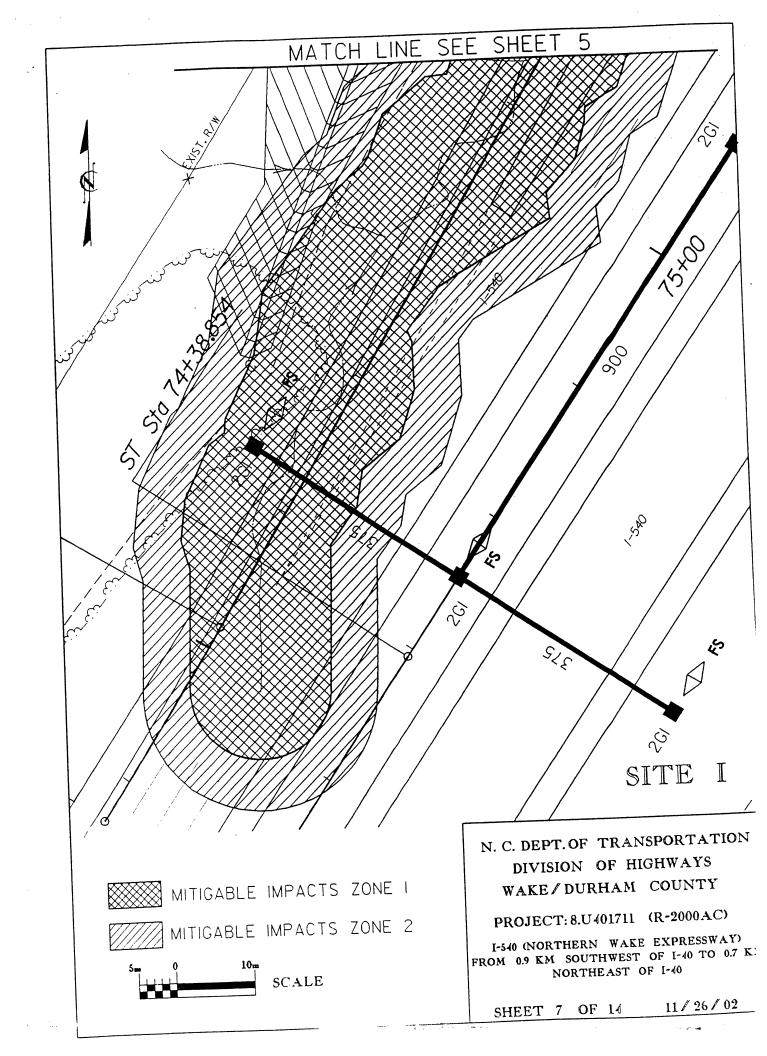
I-540 (NORTHERN WAKE EXPRESSWAY) FROM 0.9 KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TC 0.7 KM NORTHEAST OF I-40

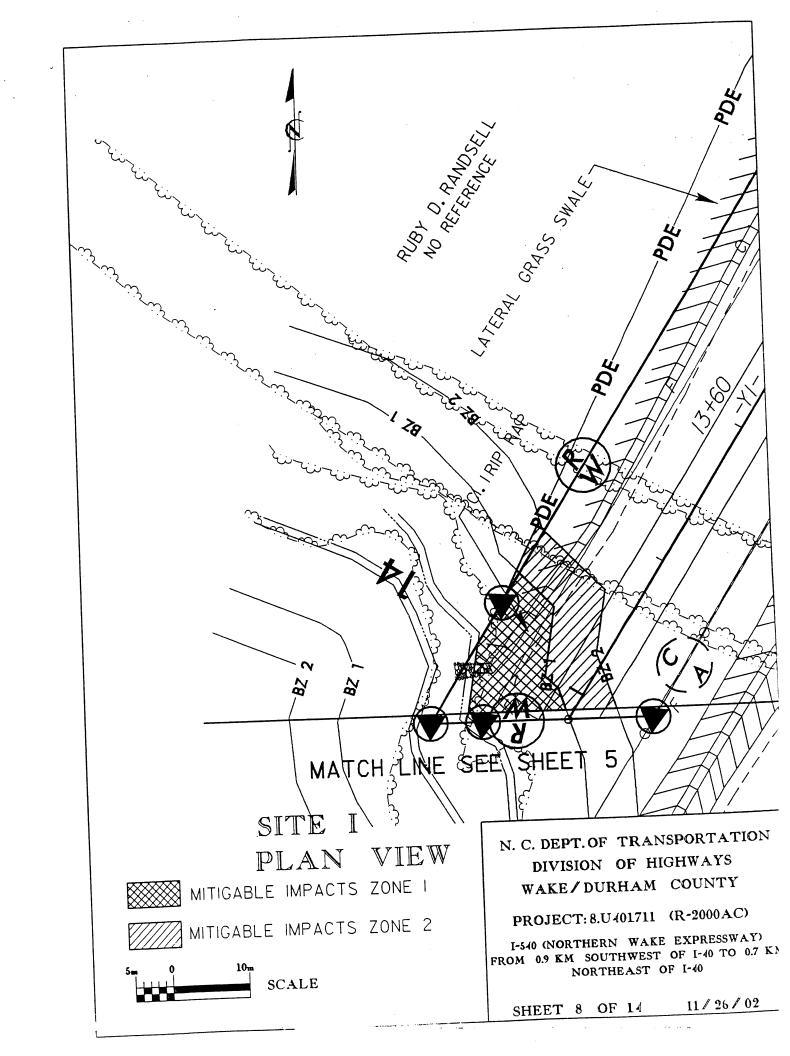
SHEET 3 OF 14 11 / 26 / 02

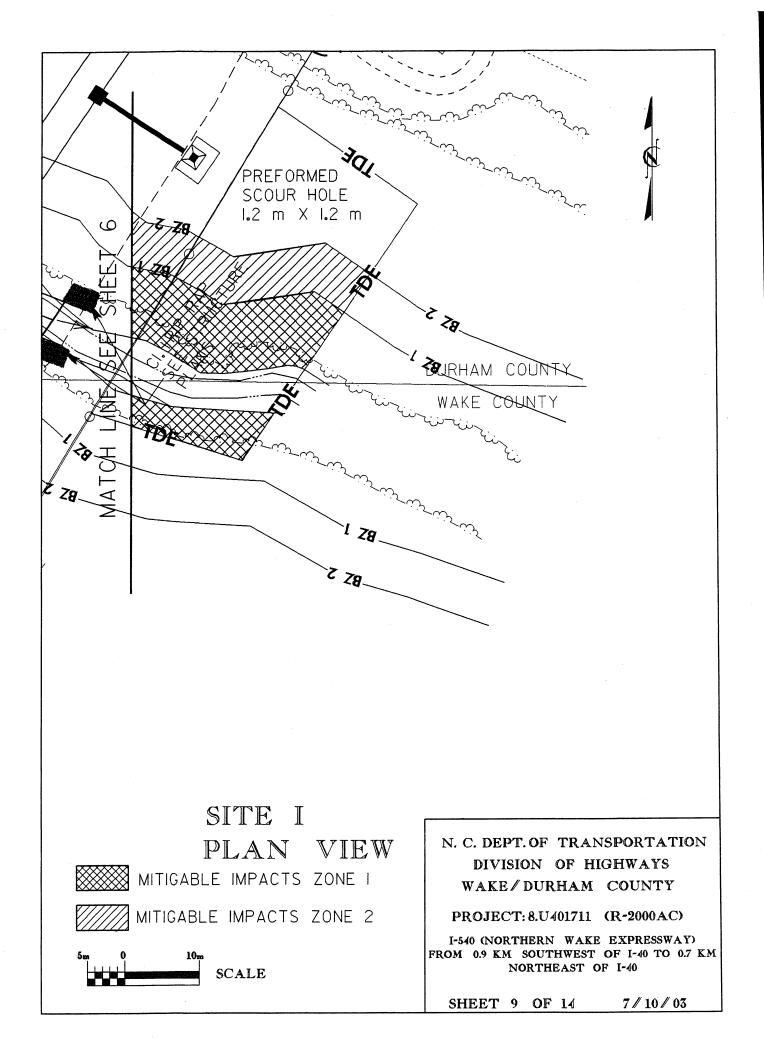


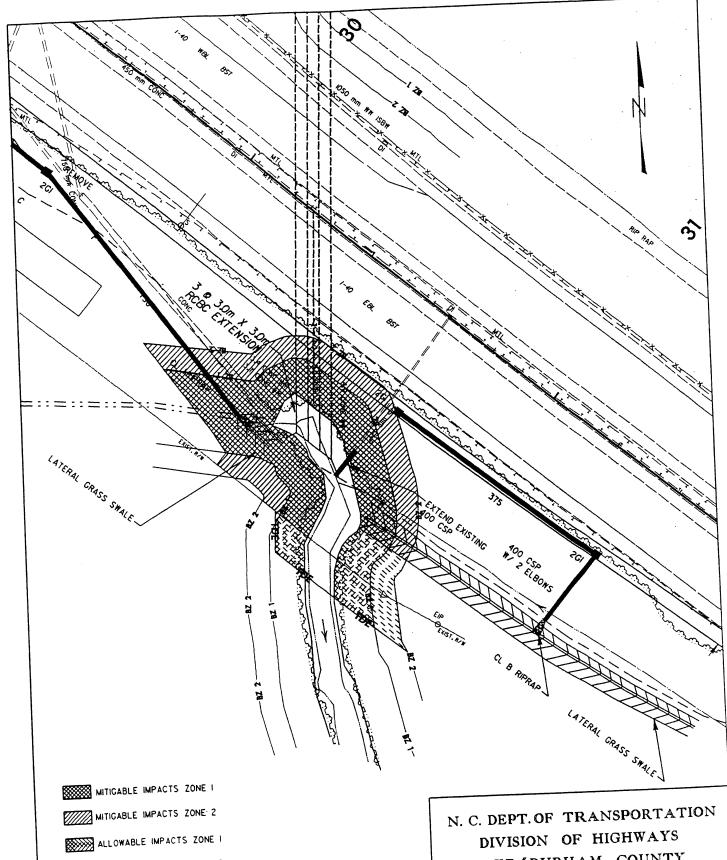












ALLOWABLE IMPACTS ZONE 2

### SITE II PLAN VIEW

SCALE= 1: 1000

WAKE/DURHAM COUNTY

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AC)

I-540 (NORTHERN WAKE EXPRESSWAY) FROM 0.9 KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TO 0.7 KM NORTHEAST OF I-40

SHEET 10 OF 14

11/26/05

### PROPERTY OWNERS

#### NAMES AND ADDRESSES

PARCEL NO.	NAMES	ADDRESSES
TARCODE	Ruby D. Randsell	303 Broad St. Fuquay-Varina,NC 27526
	Concourse Development,I,L.L.C.	1400 Commonwealth Dr. Suite 250 Wilmington, NC 28403
	CSM RealEstate Partners	300 W. Millbrook Road Suite B Raleigh, NC 27609
	Investors Of The Triangle	Post Offfice Box 1551 Durham, NC 27702-1551

N. C. DEPT.OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE / DURHAM COUNTY

PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AC)

I-540 (NORTHERN WAKE EXPRESSWAY)
FROM 0.9 KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TO 0.7 KM
NORTHEAST OF I-40

SHEET 11 OF 14

11 / 26 / 0

	0.0	MENT	ZONE 2												
	ם ובכבם	REPLACEMENT	ZONE 1												
		Ш	TOTAL (m²)	4677.0	4462.0		1855.0								10994.0
		MITIGABLE	ZONE 2 (m²)	1765.0	1803.0		782.0								4350.0
<b> </b>			ZONE 1 (m²)	2912.0	2659.0		1073.0								6644.0
IMAR	5	LE	TOTAL (m²)				415.3								415.3
SSUN	IMPACT	ALLOWABLE	ZONE 2 (m²)				143.4								143.4
ACT		AI	ZONE 1 (m²)				271.9								271.9
BUFFER IMPACTS SUMMARY		크	PARALLEL IMPACT		×										
BUF		TYPE	ROAD CROSSING	×			×					-			
			STATION (FROM/TO)	-L- Sta 75+71+/-	-L- Sta 74+10+/- -L-Sta 75+49+/-		-Y3- Sta 30+21+/-								
			STRUCTURE SIZE / TYPE	2@3.0x2.4 RCBC			3@3.0x3.0 RCBC EXT.				,				
			SITE NO.	1	-		2								TOTAL:

N.C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE COUNTY
PROJECT: 8.U401711 (R-2000AC)
I-540 (NORTH WAKE EXPRESSWAY) FROM
0.9 KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TO0.7 KM
NORTHEAST OF I-40

EET 12 OF 14

SITE 1 - SHEET 4

			TREATE	D.A.	
STRUCTURE	STATION	TYPE	HECTARES	ACRES	GRASSED SWALE
3	(-L-) 74+50 R	2GI	0.7	1.73	197'
2	(-L-) 74+50 M	2GI	0.34	0.84	197'
1	(-L-) 74+50 L	2GI	0.33	0.82	197'
DITCH	75+80 TO 76+80 -L-	SWALE	0.65	1.61	295'
DITCH	14+00 TO 14+80 Y1-	SWALE	0.1	0.24	213'
13	(-L-) 76+10 M	2GI	0.218	0.54	295'
11	(-L-) 76+00L	2GI	0.21	0.52	328'
14	(-L-) 76+12 R	2GI	0.18	0.44	PSH
4	(-L-) 75+17 <b>M</b>	2GI	0.38	0.93	515'
9	(-L-) 75+40.R	2GI	0.23	0.57	70'

SITE 1 - SHEET 5

			TREATE	D.A.	
STRUCTURE	STATION	TYPE	HECTARES	ACRES	GRASSED SWALE
32	(-L-) 79+60 L	2GI	0.484	1.20	262'
33	(-L-) 79+60 M	2GI	0.42	1.04	197'
34	(-L-) 79+60 R	2GI	0.28	0.69	120'
26	(-L-) 78+00 R	2GI	0.3	0.74	295'
25	(-L-) 78+00 M	2GI	0.242	0.60	262'
24	(-L-) 78+00 L	2GI	0.52	1.28	328'
23	(-CD-) 14+75 L	2GI	0.9	2.22	656'
22	(-Y1-) 12+00 R	2GI	0.36	0.89	197'
19	(-L-) 77+00 M	2GI	0.242	0.60	328'
18	(-L-) 77+00 L	2GI	0.21	0.52	328'
17	(-CD-) 13+73 L	2GI	0.5	1.23	295'
16	(-Y1-) 13+00 R	2GI	0.63	1.56	328'
27	(-Y1-) 11+40 R	2GI	0.4	0.99	197'

#### SEE HALF SIZE PLAN SHEETS FOR STRUCTURE NUMBERS

#### NCDOT

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE/DURHAM COUNTY
PROJECT 8.U401711 (R-2000AC)
I-540 (NORTHERN WAKE EXPRESSWAY)
FROM 0.9KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TO
0.7KM NORTHEAST OF I-40

SHEET 13 OF 14 11/26/02

SITE 2 - SHEET 11

			TREATE		
STRUCTURE	STATION	TYPE	HECTARES	ACRES	GRASSED SWALE
60	(-Y3-) 25+63 R	BDO	0.89	2.20	OVERLAND FLOW
59	(-Y3-) 25+63 R	2GI	0.275	0.68	197'
62	(-Y3-) 26+80 R	BDO	1.1	2.72	OVERLAND FLOW
61	(-Y3-) 26+80 R	2GI	0.41	1.01	262'
64	(-Y3-) 27+53 R	BDO	1.1	2.72	OVERLAND FLOW
63	(-Y3-) 27+53 R	2GI	0.24	0.59	262'

#### SITE 2 - SHEET 12

			TREATE	D.A.	
STRUCTURE	STATION	TYPE	HECTARES	ACRES	GRASSED SWALE
65	(-Y3-) 29+40 R	2GI	0.82	2.03	689'
67	(-Y3-) 29+60 R	2GI	0.05	0.12	60'
DTICH	Y3-) 30+80 TO 31+80	SWALE	0.7	1.73	230'

SEE HALF SIZE PLAN SHEETS FOR STRUCTURE NUMBERS

#### NCDOT

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
WAKE/DURHAM COUNTY
PROJECT 8.U401711 (R-2000AC)
I-540 (NORTHERN WAKE EXPRESSWAY)
FROM 0.9KM SOUTHWEST OF I-40 TO
0.7KM NORTHEAST OF I-40

SHEET 14 OF 14 11/26/02

## HYDRAULIIC DESIGN AND PERMIT REVIEW MEETING FOR R-2000AC, WAKE/DURHAM CO.

#### Prepared by Bill Elam October 21, 2002

#### Contents:

- I. Minutes of the Interagency "4C" Meeting on 10/17/02
- II. Minutes of the DWQ Buffer Meeting on 5/14/02
- III. Minutes of the Interagency "4B" Meeting on 4/18/02
- IV. Agency Comments and Post Meeting Activities
- V. Attachments: Stormwater Management Plan
- I. Minutes of the Interagency "4C" Meeting on 10/17/02

**Participants:** 

David Chang, NCDOT Hydraulics Bill Elam, NCDOT Hydraulics Max Price, NCDOT Hydraulics

Eric Alsmeyer, USACE

Alice Gordon, NCDOT PD&EA

David Cox, WRC

Howard Hall, USFWS (not present) Chris Militscher-EPA (not present)

John Hennessy, NCDENR

The meeting began with a brief overview of the project. It was explained that this meeting was a final permit review for the Wetland and Stream Impact permit and the Buffer permit. Max Price proceeded to review each permit sheet.

- 1. Site 1. A cross vane will be used at the culvert.
- 2. Hydraulics notified the agencies that we were confirming the stream topography to ensure correct stream impacts.
- 3. John Hennessy said that he would have to review the use of grass swales as treatment for the buffer impacts. Max Price review with John Hennessy why level spreaders and detention basins would not work based on topography, slope, or drainage area.
- 4. John Hennessy and Alice Gordon requested that we put a title block on the Grass Swale data sheet.
- II. Minutes of the DWQ Buffer Meeting on 5/14/02

Participants:

David Chang, NCDOT Hydraulics

Bill Elam, NCDOT Hydraulics

Max Price, NCDOT Hydraulics John Hennessy, NCDENR

The meeting began with a brief overview of the project. It was explained that this meeting was a plan review focused on the streams with buffers. Max Price proceeded to review each redline plan sheet.

1. Grass Swales used as the Stream Buffer BMP. Max Price explained to John Hennessy on a site by site basis why grass swales were used instead of level spreaders or detention ponds. John did not express any major concerns or problems with the design.

#### III. Minutes of the Interagency "4B" Meeting on 4/18/02

Participants:

Eric Alsmeyer, USACE Alice Gordon, NCDOT PD&EA Bill Elam, NCDOT Hydraulics Howard Hall, USFWS John Hennessy, NCDWQ Max Price, NCDOT Hydraulics Dave Henderson, NCDOT Hydraulics David Cox, NCWRC

The meeting began with a brief overview of the project. It was explained that this meeting was a thirty- percent plan review. The history of the project was discussed. Max Price proceeded to review each redline plan sheet. The Neuse River Buffers are a major issue with this project.

- 1. Stream Mitigation 74+00 to 75+60 -L. There is an intermittent channel that will be under fill to the left of the -L- line. Eric Alsmeyer stated that stream mitigation was not required, but the stream would be counted as an impact.
- 2. <u>Tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek.</u> Ditches will be tied in to stream channel at a minimum depth and the stream bank will be protected with rip rap. David Cox and Eric Alsmeyer were concerned that the ditches would be tied into stream bed.
- 3. Pocket Wetland on Ramp C. Max Price showed where 0.01 ha (0.025 Ac) of wetland were being impacted at Station 13+55 Ramp C.
- 4. Grass Swales as Treatment. Grass swales are being used everywhere possible even if it is not a "buffered" stream.

#### IV. Post Meeting Activities

As noted in the Interagency "4C" meeting, the stream topography at Tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek was rechecked. The alignment of the culvert was adjusted slightly to align better with the stream. The ditches were tied into the stream channel at minimum depth and the stream bank will be protected with rip rap. The ditches changed slightly due to the adjustments in the topography around the stream.

#### V. Attachments: Stormwater Management Plan

#### **ROADWAY DESCRIPTION:**

The R-2000AC project is a leg of the I-540 project in Wake and Durham County. The length of the project is 1.707km (1.06 mi.). There is new stream crossing on Tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek and one box culvert extenuation on Stirrup Iron Creek on the project.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL DESCRIPTION:**

Stirrup Iron Creek and the Tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek are in the Neuse River Basin. The stream classification for Stirrup Iron Creek and Tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek is Class C – NSW (aquatic life, secondary recreation, and nutrient sensitive waters). There are several small – unnamed streams that appear on the soils map. There are a total of three permitted sites on the project, with impacts totaling 359 m (1178 ft.) of stream, 0.0005 ha (.0012 ac.) of wetlands, and 1.14 ha (2.82 ac.) of Neuse River Riparian Buffers.

#### **BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND MAJOR STRUCTURES:**

Best Management Practices (BMP's) utilized on this project consist of Grassed Swales and pre-formed scour holes.

The following summarizes the locations of each BMP:

#### **Grassed Swales**

Station 74+00 to 74+50 -L- Right

Station 74+00 to 74+50 -L- Median

Station 74+00 to 74+50 -L- Left

Station 74+50 to 76+10 -L- Median

Station 75+20 to 75+40 -L- Right

Station 75+80 to 76+80 -L- Left

Station 74+00 to 74+50 –L- Right

Station 76+10 to 77+00 -L- Median

Station 13+00 to 14+00 -Y1- Right

Station 76+00 to 77+00 -L- Left

Station 77+00 to 78+00 -L- Median

Station 77+00 to 78+00 -L- Left

Station 13+75 to 14+55-CD- Left

Station 12+00 to 13+00 -Y1- Right

Station 78+00 to 79+20 -L- Right

Station 78+00 to 79+60 -L- Median

Station 78+00 to 79+60 -L- Left

Station 14+80 to 15+80-CD- Left

Station 11+40 to 12+00 -Y1- Right

Station 11+00 to 11+40 -Y1- Right

Station 79+20 to 79+60 -L- Right

Station 79+60 to 80+60 -L- Median

Station 79+60 to 80+60 -L- Left

Station 79+60 to 80+00 -L- Right

Station 14+60 to 15+40 -Ramp C- Right

Station 25+60 to 26+80 -Y3- Right

Station 26+80 to 27+50 –Y3- Right Station 27+50 to 27+80 –Y3- Right Station 27+80 to 29+40 –Y3- Right Station 30+80 to 31+80 –Y3- Right

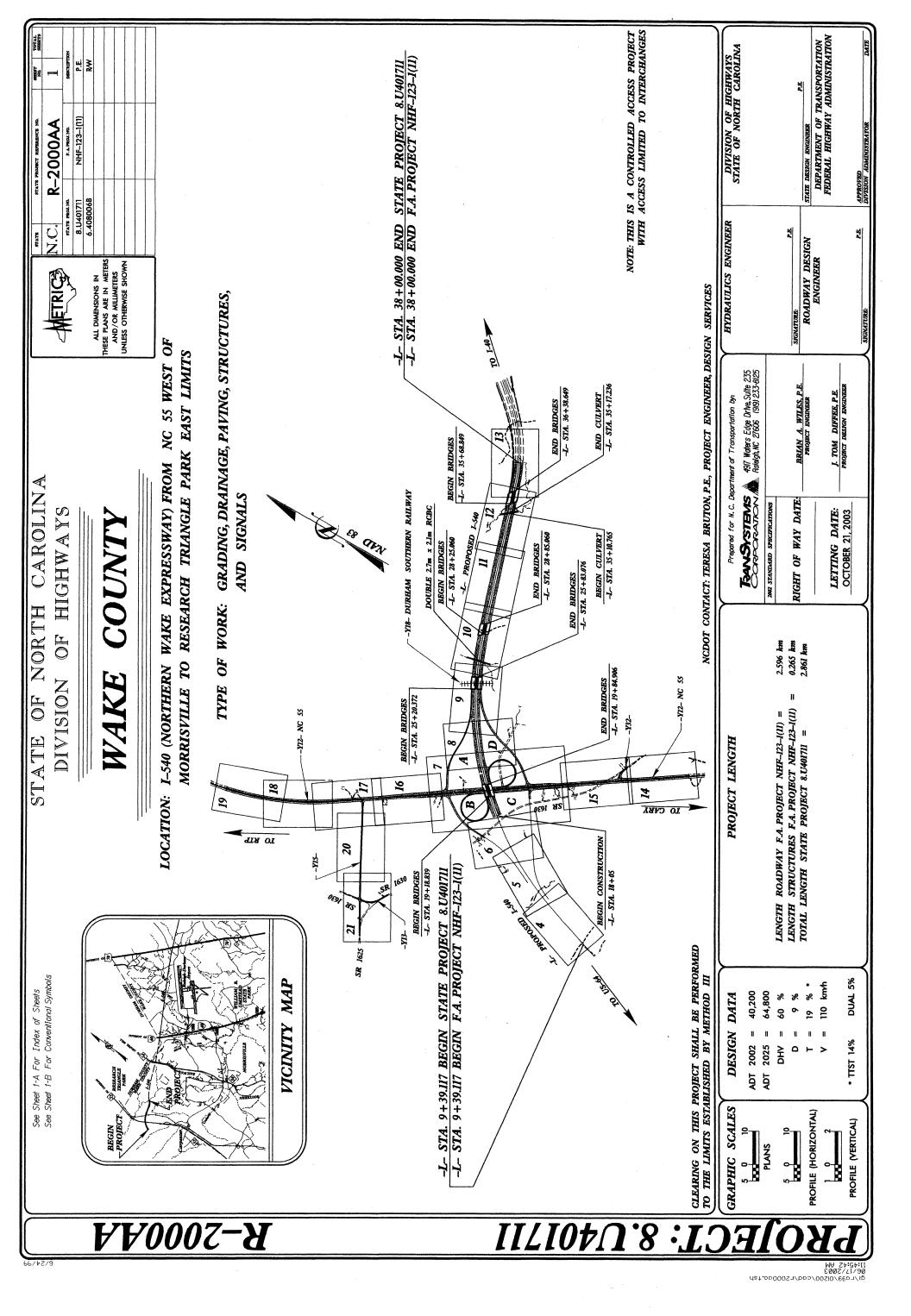
#### **Preformed Scour Holes**

Station 76+12 –L- Right Station 13+44 –Ramp B- Right Station 82+10 –L- Right Station 13+60 –Ramp C- Right Station 34+15 –Y3- Right

#### **Major Structures**

Station 75+75.4 –L- (Tributary to Stirrup Iron Creek) New 2 @  $3.0m \times 2.4m$  (10 ft.  $\times 8$  ft.) reinforced concrete box culvert is to be constructed. The culvert will be buried one foot.

Station 30+21 –Y3- (Stirrup Iron Creek) Existing 3 @ 3.0m x 3.0m (10 ft. x 10 ft.) reinforced concrete box culvert will be extended.



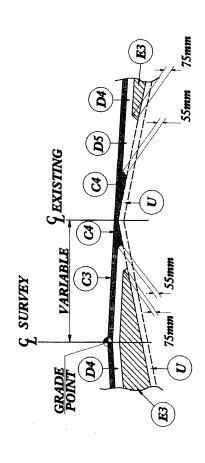
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_	_		,
SHEET NO.	2	PAVEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER	497 Waters Edge Drive, Suite 235 Raleigh, NC 27606 (919) 233-8125
ō.		₹	A97 Wa Raleigh
PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	R-2000AA	ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	TANSPSTEMS A
	が Clats		

PAVEMENT SCHEDULE

AI	340 mm PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT (WITH DOWELS)	EI	PROPOSED APPROX. 75 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 184 kg. PER SQ. METER.
כז	PROPOSED APPROX. 30 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 96 kg. PER SQ. METER.	EZ	PROPOSED APPROX. 200 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C, AI AN AVERAGE RATE OF 245 kg. PER SQ. METER IN EACH OF TWO LAYERS.
z <sub>2</sub>	PROPOSED APPROX. 60 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 72 kg. PER SQ. METER IN EACH OF TWO LAYERS.	EB	PROP. VAR. DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C, AT AN AYERAGE RATE OF 2.45 kg PER SQ. METER PER 1 mm DEPTH. TO BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT LESS THAN 75 mm IN DEPTH OR GREATER THAN 150 mm IN DEPTH.
: ::3	PROPOSED APPROX. 80 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S12.5C, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 96 kg, PER SQ. METER IN EACH OF TWO LAYERS.	п	PROPOSED 200 mm AGGREGATE BASE COURSE.
C4	PROPOSED VARIABLE DEPTH ASPHALIT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S12.5C, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 2.40 kg. PER SQ. METER PER 1 mm DEPTH, TO BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT TO EXCRED 40 mm IN DEPTH.	×	SUBGRADE STABILIZATION.
, <b>Z</b> Q	PROPOSED APPROX. 55 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TIPE 119.0B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 135 kg. PER SQ. METER.	RI	PROPOSED 750 mm CONCRETE CURB AND GUITER.
<i>2a</i>	PROPOSED APPROX. 80 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 196 kg. PER SQ. METER.	RZ	PROPOSED 450 mm CONCRETE CURB AND GUITER.
D3	PROPOSED APPROX. 120 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 196 bg, PER SQ. METER.	I	EARTH MATERIAL
Z	PROPOSED APPROX. 100 mm. ASPH. CONC. INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0C, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 245 kg. PER SQ. METER.	U	EXISTING PAYEMENT
DS	PROPOSED VAR DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0C, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 2.45 kg. PER SQ. METER PER 1 mm DEPTH, TO BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT LESS THAN 55 mm OR GREATER THAN 110 mm IN DEPTH.	<b>3</b> 2	VARIABLE DEPTH ASPHALT PAVEMENT (SEE WEDGING DETAIL)

NOTE: PAVEMENT EDGE SLOPES ARE 1:1 UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE.



Detail Showing Method of Wedging

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEFT NO.

R-2000AA

ROADWAY DESIGN
ENGINEER

SAME TO SHEFT NO.

12-4

ROADWAY DESIGN
ENGINEER

SAME TO SHEFT NO.

13-4

14-4

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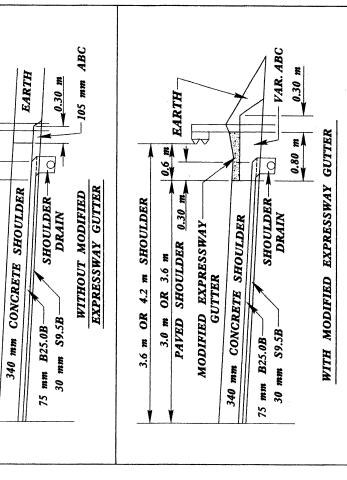
15-4

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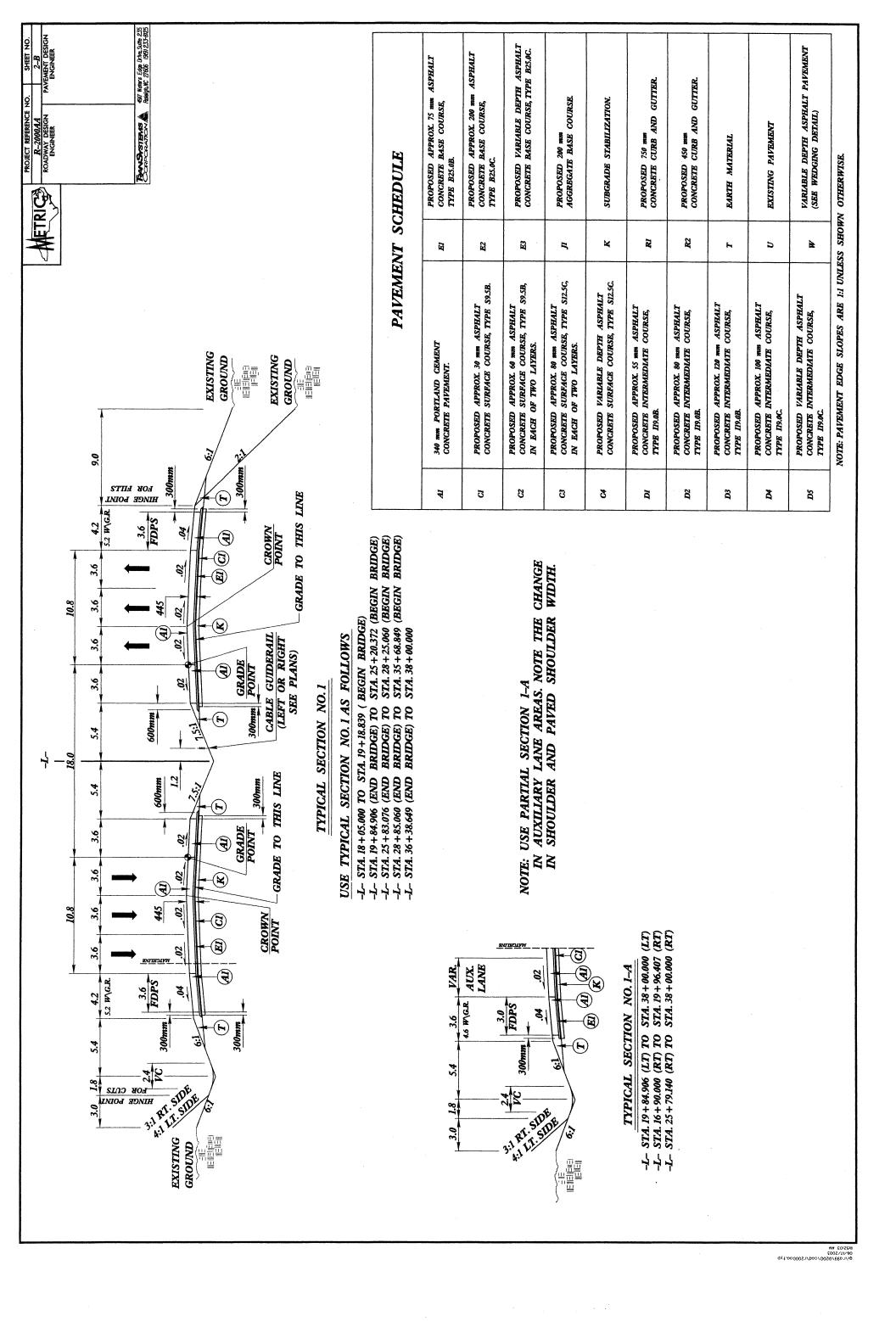
SHOULDER DRAIN DETAILS SEE SHEET NO. 3- FOR SUMMARY OF SHOULDER DRAINS MEDIAN DITCH SLOPE 300 mm USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH TYPICAL SECTION NO. I
ON OUTSIDE SHOULDERS LINE -L. 0.3 m mm PERFORATED-EARTH 340 mm CONCRETE PAVED SHOULDER 0.6 ш FABRIC STABILIZED SUBGRADE EARTH STABILIZED SUBGRADE 100 mm PERFORATED-PIPE 75 mm B25.0B 30 mm S9.5B CONCRETE SHOULDER mm B25.0B 89.5B 340 mm CONCRETE
PAVEMENT

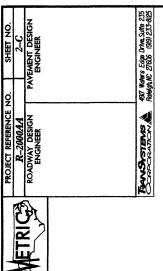
# DETAILS OF CONCRETE SHOULDERS AT GUARDRAIL LOCATIONS USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH TYPICAL SECTION NO. 1 (SEE STD. 862.01 FOR GUARDRAIL PLACEMENT)

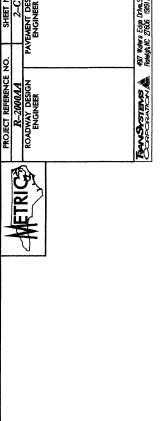
3.6 m OR 4.2 m SHOULDER
3.0 m OR 3.6 m
PAVED SHOULDER 0.30 m

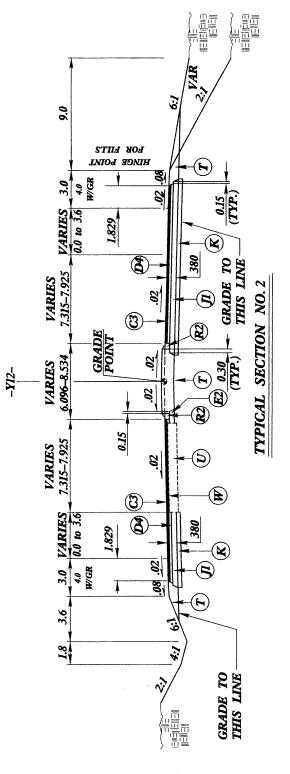


USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH TYPICAL SECTION NO. I
ON MEDIAN SHOULDERS LINE -L-

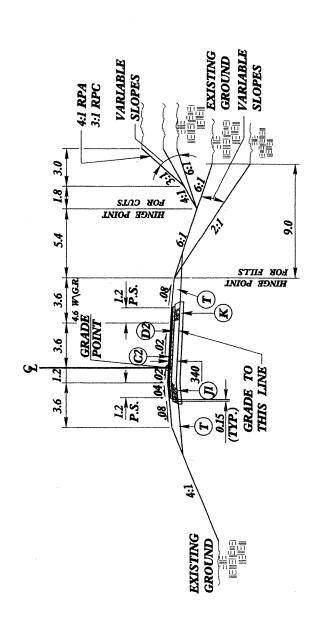








## USE TYPICAL SECTION NO.2 AS FOLLOWS -Y12- STA. 103+70.268 TO STA. 129+23.439

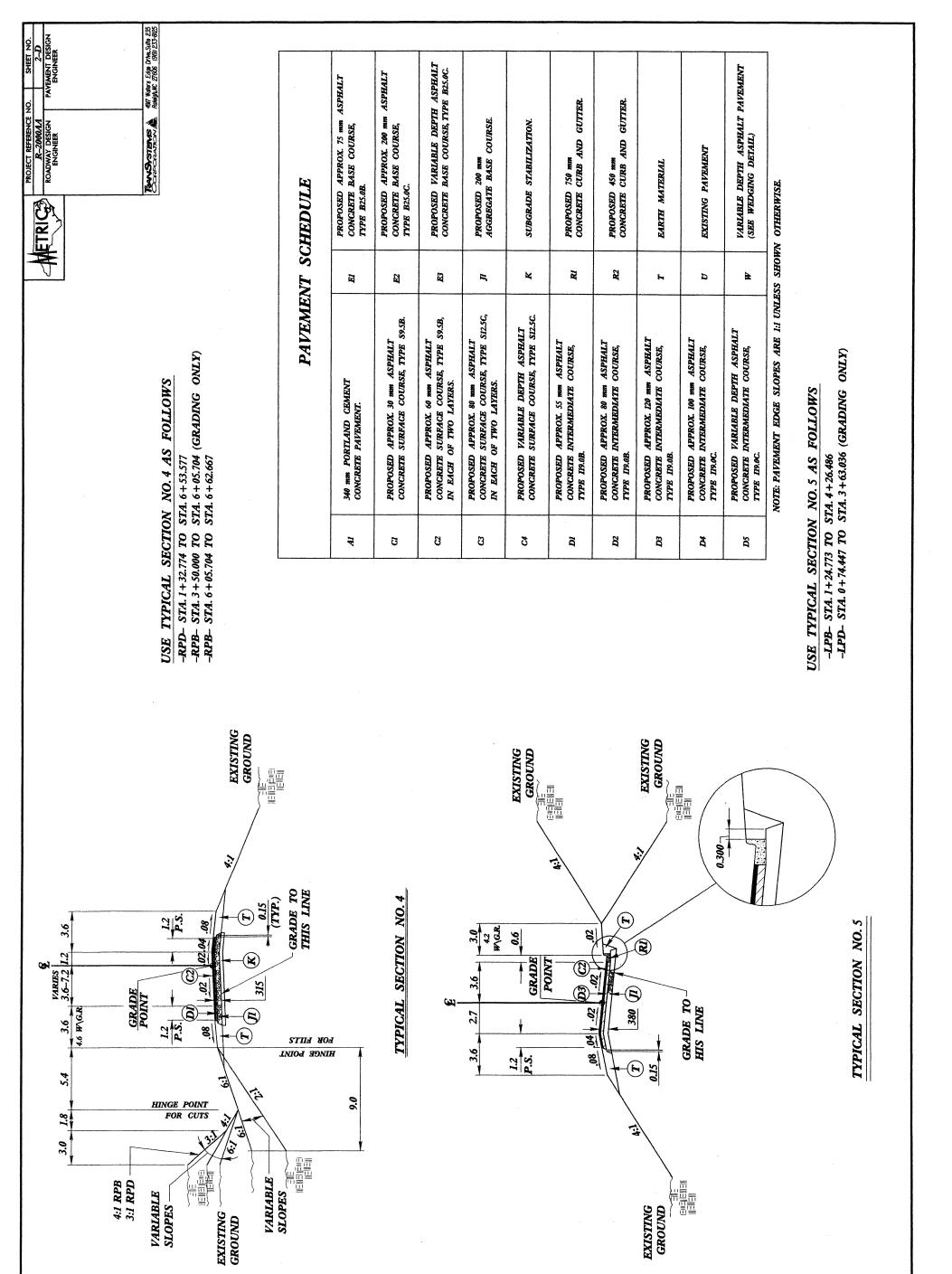


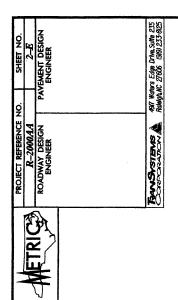
# TYPICAL SECTION NO.3

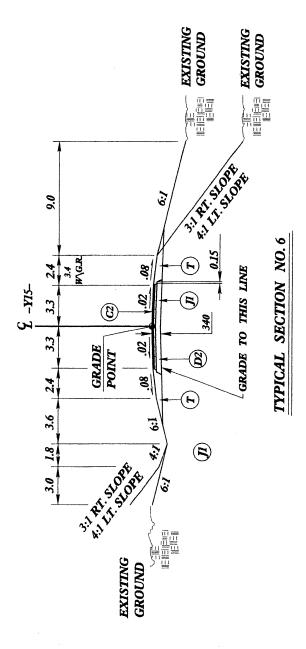
USE TYPICAL SECTION NO. 3 AS FOLLOWS
-RPA- STA. 1+73.228 TO STA. 5+93.024
-RPC- STA. 5+80.000 TO STA. 6+25.581

PAVEMENT SCHEDULE	PROPOSED APPROX. 75 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0B.	PROPOSED APPROX 200 mm ASPHALI CONCRETE BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C.	PROPOSED VARIABLE DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C.	PROPOSED 200 mm AGGREGATE BASE COURSE.	SUBGRADE STABILIZATION.	PROPOSED 750 mm CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER.	PROPOSED 450 mm CONCRETE CURE AND GUTTER.	EARTH MATERIAL	EXISTING PAYEMENT	VARIABIE DEPTH ASPHALT PAVEMENT (SEE WEDGING DETAIL)
VT S	E	EZ	E3	ц	K	RI	R2	T	U	£
PAVEME	340 mm PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAYEMENT.	PROPOSED APPROX. 30 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B.	PROPOSED APPROX 60 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B, IN EACH OF TWO LAYERS.	PROPOSED APPROX. 80 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S12.5C, IN EACH OF TWO LAYERS.	PROPOSED VARIABLE DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S12.5C.	PROPOSED APPROX. 55 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0B.	PROPOSED APPROX. 80 mm. ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0B.	PROPOSED APPROX 120 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0B.	PROPOSED APPROX. 100 mm ASPHALIT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0C.	PROPOSED VARIABLE DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0C.
	All	CJ.	Ö	8	2	DI	D2	<i>D3</i>	Ä	DS

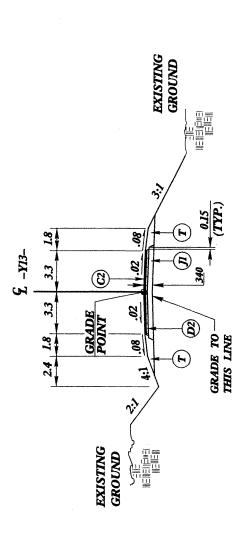
NOTE: PAVEMENT EDGE SLOPES ARE 1:1 UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE.







USE TYPICAL SECTION NO. 6 AS FOLLOWS
-YIS- 10+40.000 TO 17+68.947

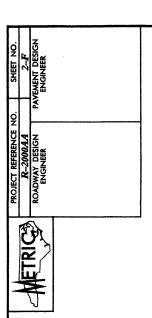


USE TYPICAL SECTION NO. 7

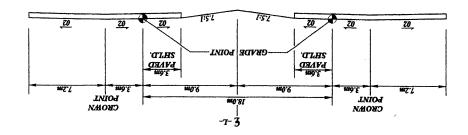
USE TYPICAL SECTION NO. 7 AS FOLLOWS

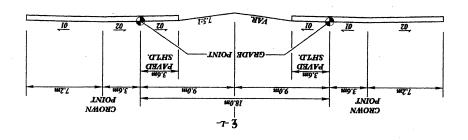
-Y13- 10+20.000 TO 12+00.000

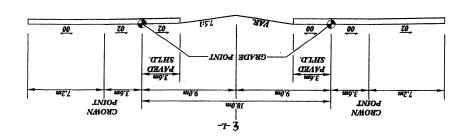
		PAVEME	VT SC	PAVEMENT SCHEDULE
Ψ.	AI.	340 mm PORILAND GEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT.	EI	PROPOSED APPROX. 75 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE, IYPE B25.0B.
0	C	PROPOSED APPROX. 30 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B.	E2	PROPOSED APPROX. 200 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE, IYPE B25.0C.
	23	PROPOSED APPROX. 60 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B, IN EACH OF TWO LAYERS.	E3	PROPOSED VARIABLE DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE, TYPE B2S.0C.
G	ප	PROPOSED APPROX. 80 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE SIZSC, IN EACH OF TWO LAYERS.	Л	PROPOSED 200 mm AGGREGATE BASE COURSE.
0	2	PROPOSED VARIABLE DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S12.5C.	Ж	SUBGRADE STABILIZATION.
g	и	PROPOSED APPROX. 55 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0B.	RI	PROPOSED 750 mm CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER.
0	<b>D</b> 2	PROPOSED APPROX. 80 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0B.	R2	PROPOSED 450 mm CONCRETE CURB AND GUITER.
n l	ъз	PROPOSED APPROX. 120 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0B.	I	EARTH MATERIAL
D	ħ	PROPOSED APPROX. 100 mm ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0C.	$\boldsymbol{v}$	EXISTING PAVEMENT
n l	DS	PROPOSED VARIABLE DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0C.	<i>M</i>	VARIABLE DEPTH ASPHALT PAVEMENT (SER WEDGING DETAIL)

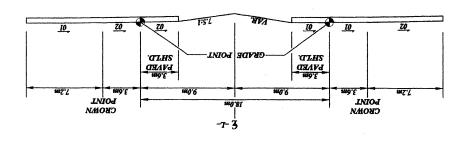


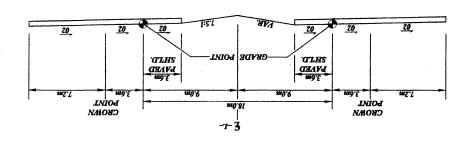
#### DELVIT OF SUPERFLEVATION TREATMENT

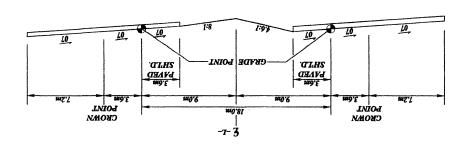


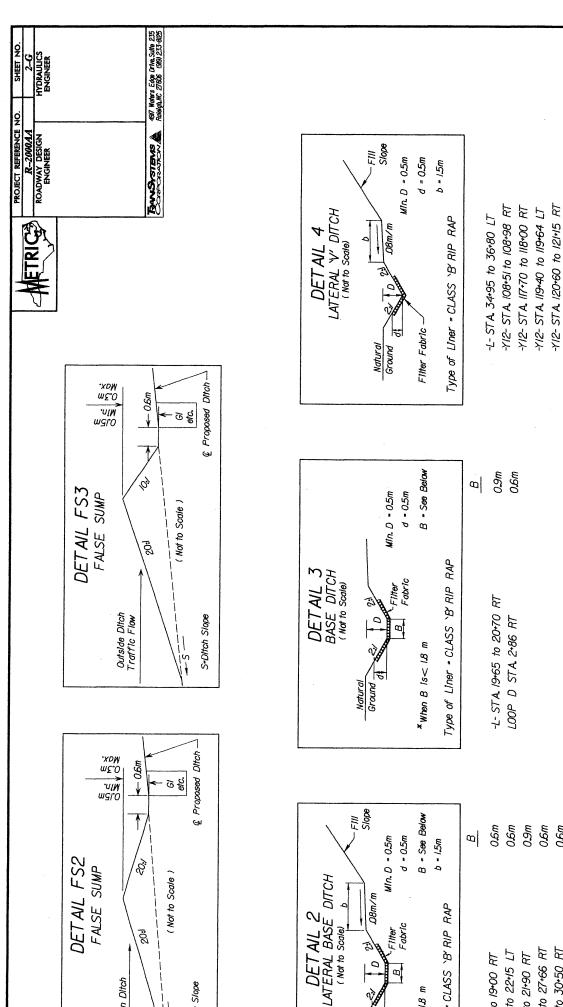












ä

S=Ditch Slope

Proposed Ditch

S-Ditch Slope

-S-

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d = 0.40 m

G/ etc.

( Not to Scale )

Median Ditch

т**5.**О Мах.

0.15m Min.

DETAIL FSI

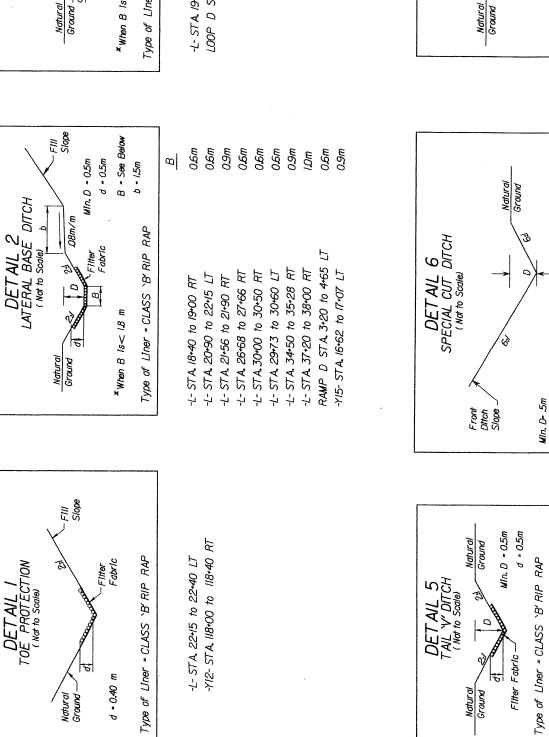
FALSE SUMP

*~*−0.6*m* 

70.

Ö

Outside Ditch Traffic Flow



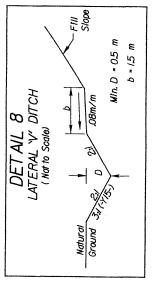
-YI2- STA. I2H6 to I2H60 RT -YI2- STA.I23+70 to I24+22 RT -YI2- STA. I24+24 to I24+65 RT

-Y12- STA, 120+70 to 121+22 LT

1

-Y15- STA, 10+20 to 10+80 RT

-YI2- STA, 166+55 LT -YI5- STA, 16+12 to 16+31 LT



- FIII Slope

0

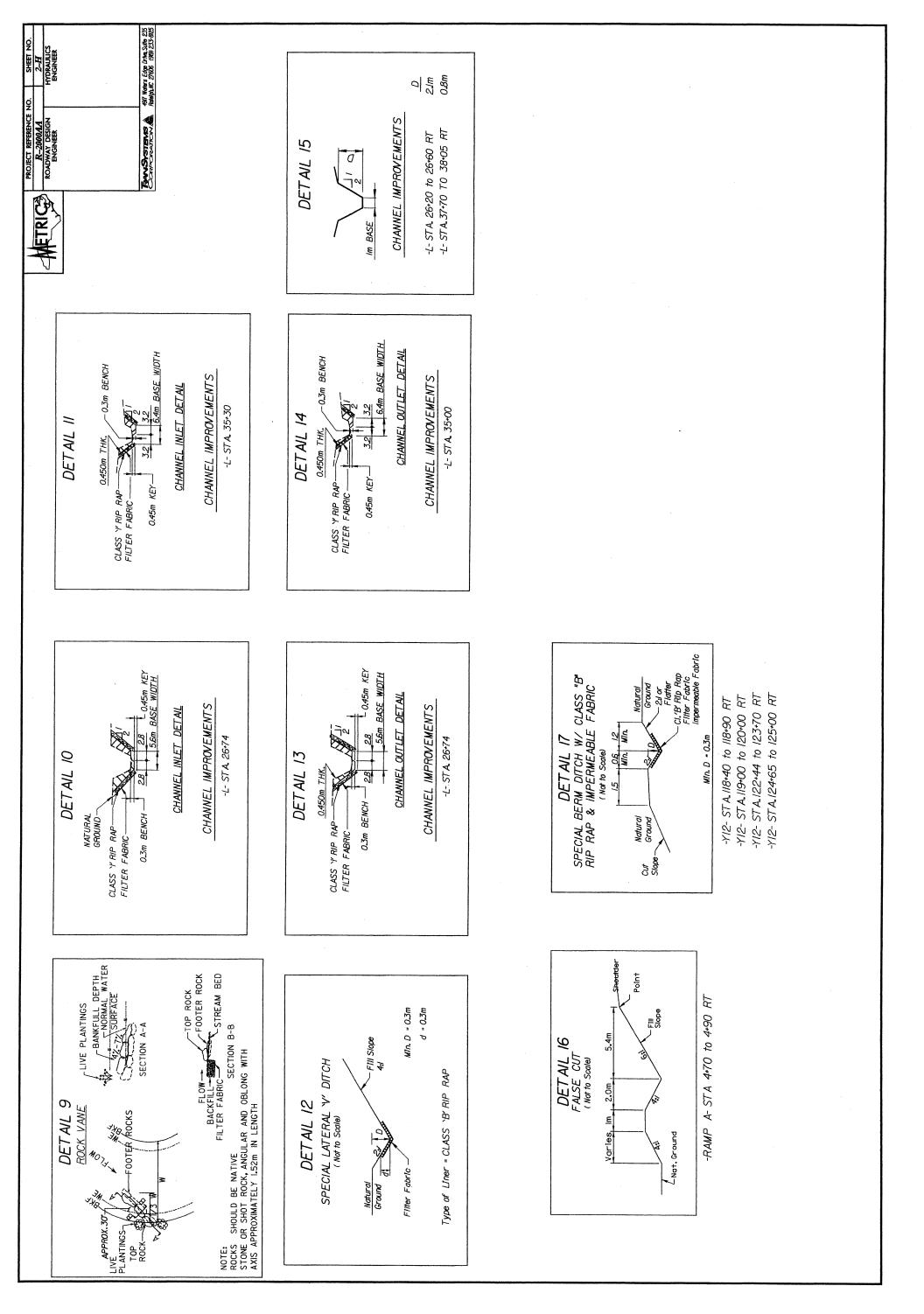
DETAIL 7 LATERAL BASE DITCH (Not to Scale)

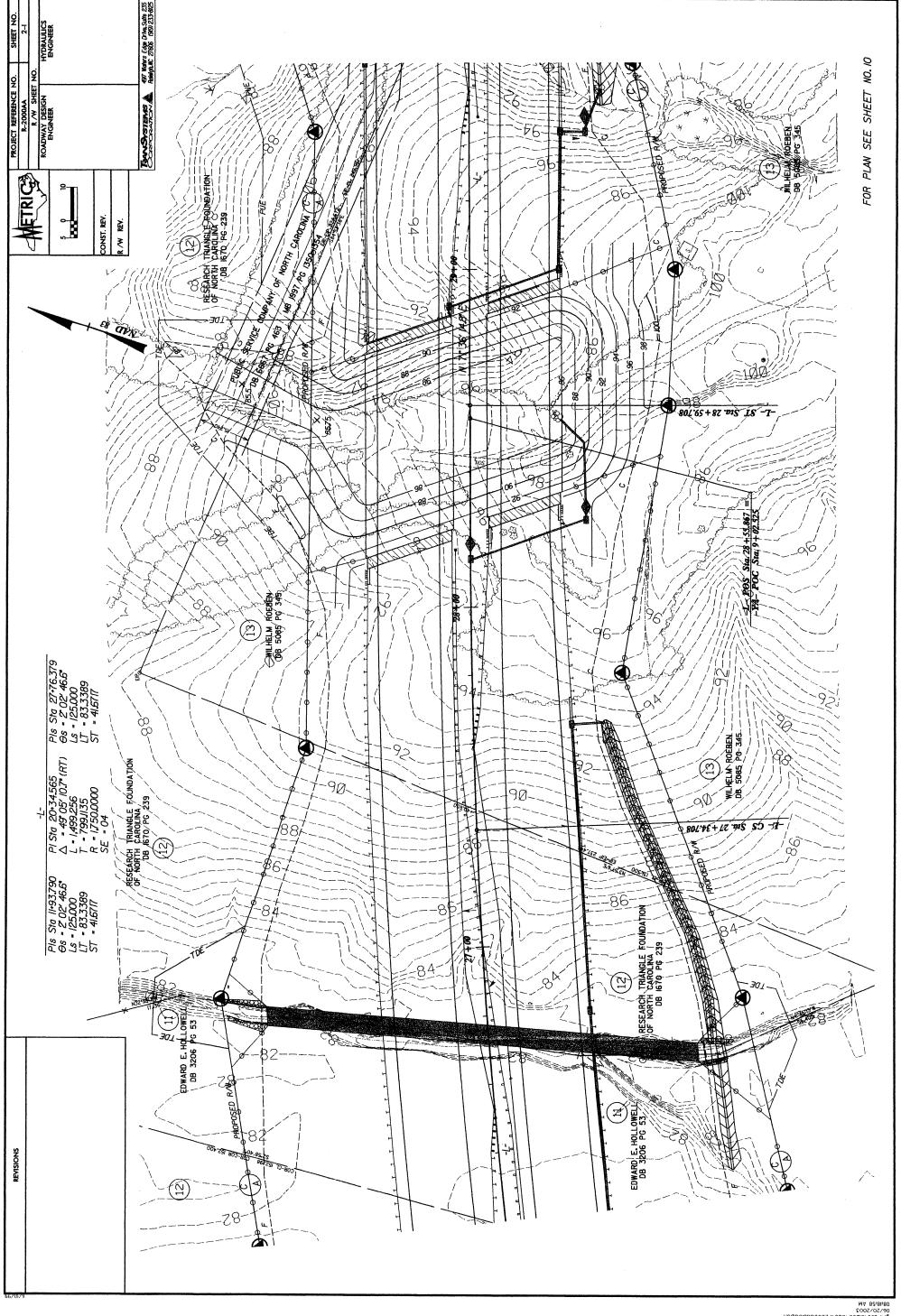
B = 0.6m Min. D - 0.5m

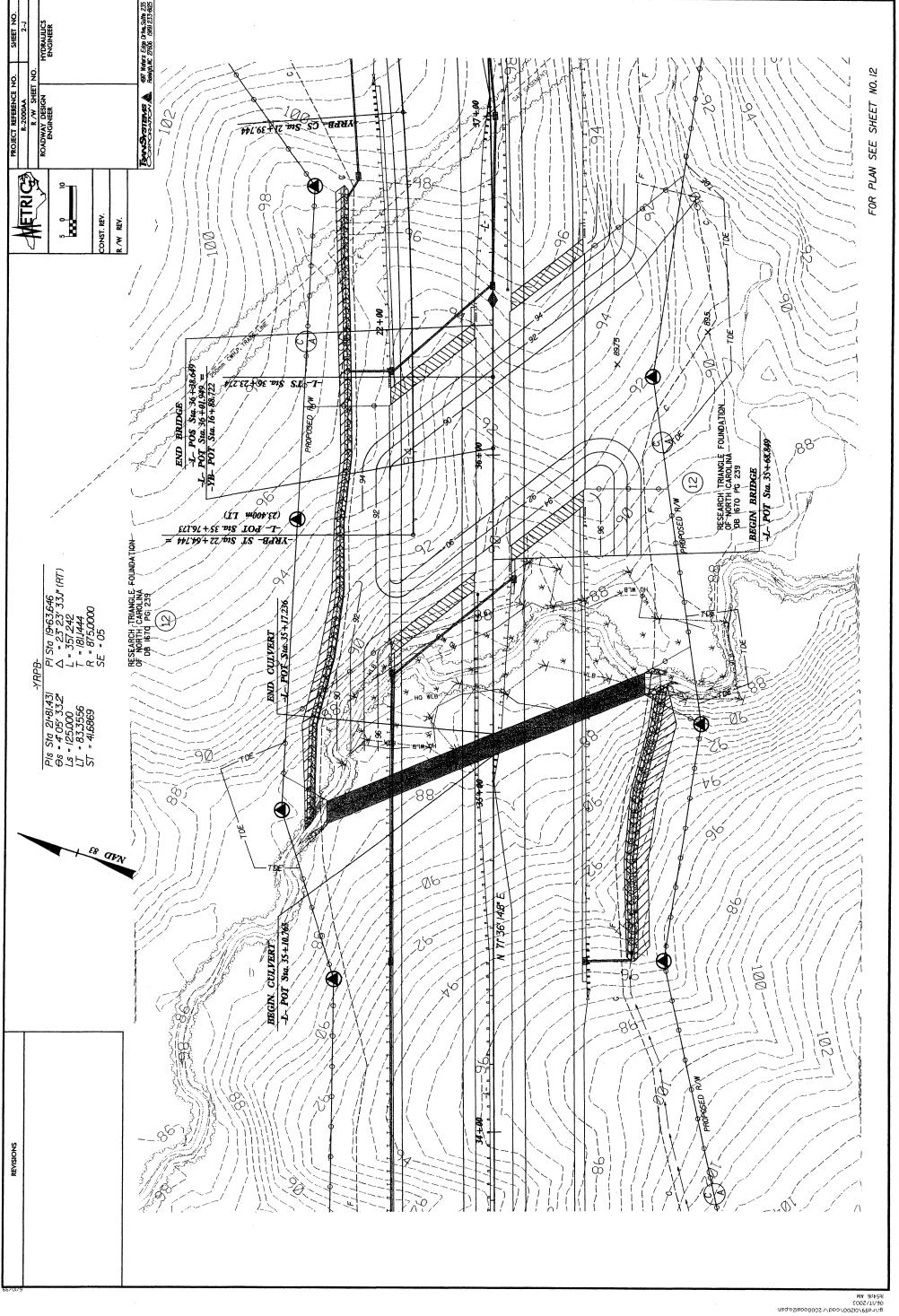
b = 1.5m

-L-STA, 29:48 to 30:00 RT

-Y12- STA. 108+35 to 108+51 RT -Y15- STA, 14-29 to 15-10 RT



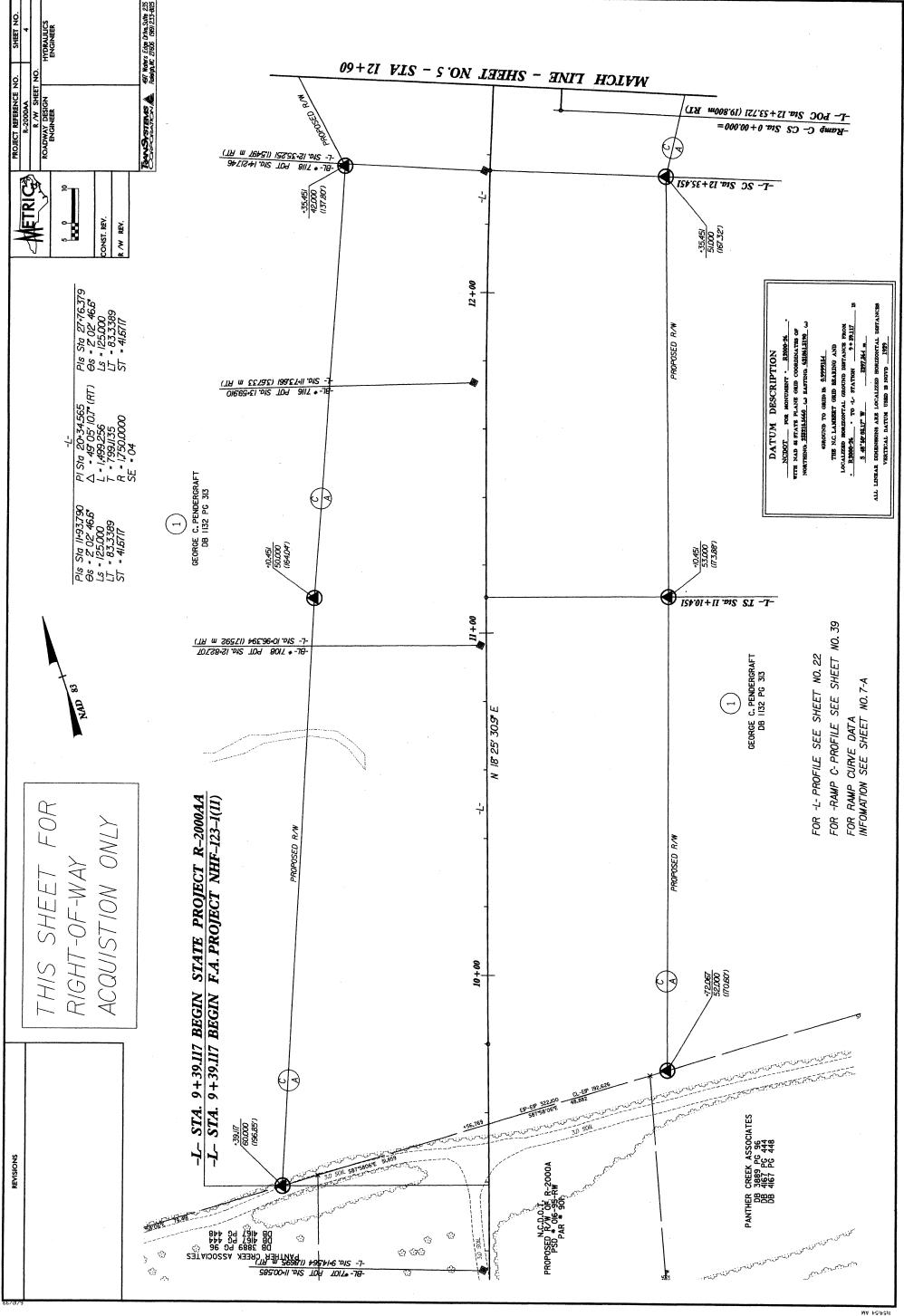




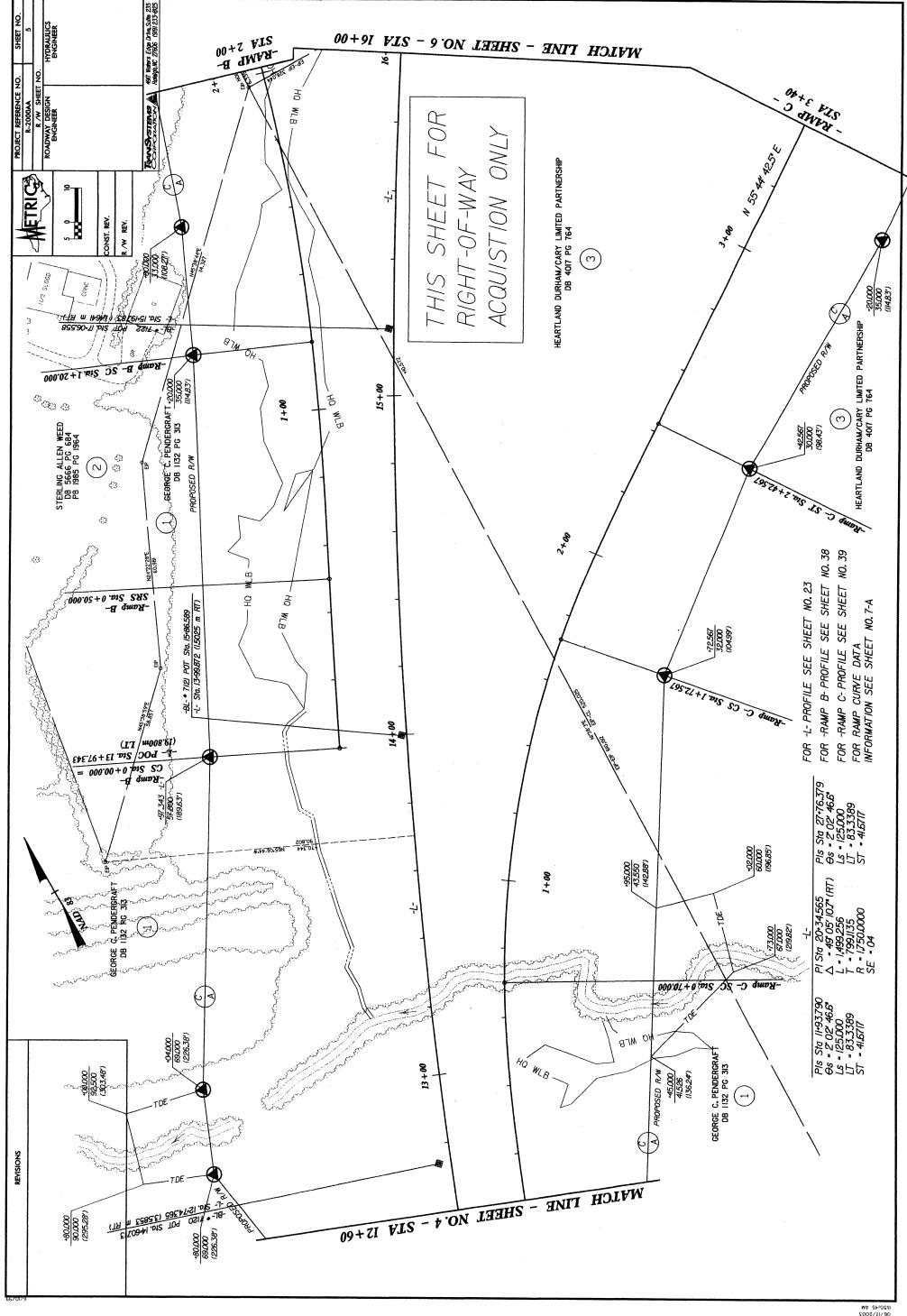
# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS PARCEL INDEX SHEET

PRUJECI REFERENCE	R-2000AA	TANSTENS CORPORATION .	
	SCIOLE TO	人工	

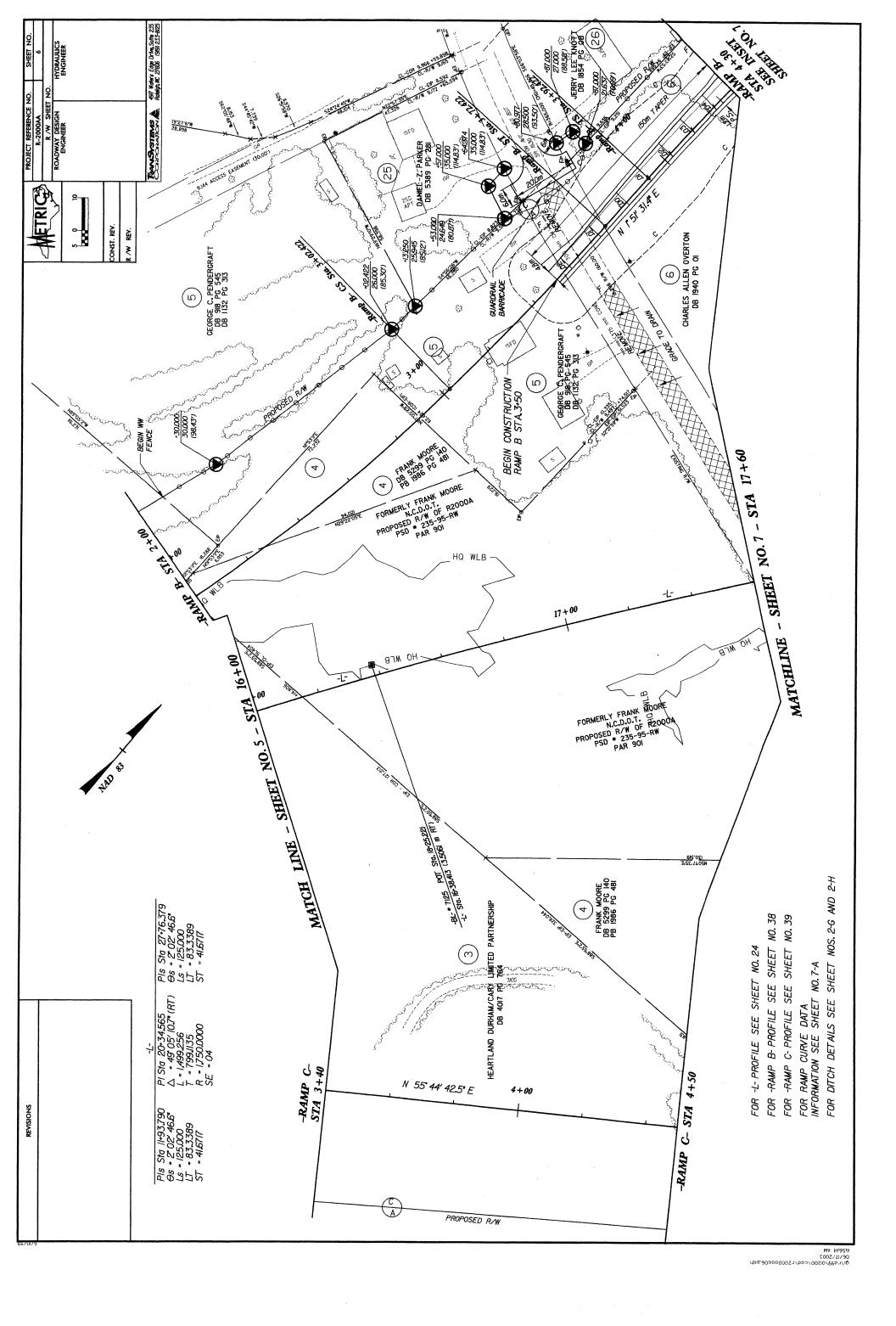
PARCEL NO.	N O O	SHEET NO.	PROPERTY OWNERS NAME	PARCEL NO.	SHEET NO.	PROPERTY OWNERS NAME
		4,5	GEORGE C. PENDERGRAFT	20	21	BERNARD F. McLEOD, JR.
2	01	വ	STERLING ALLEN WEED	21	21	HIGHLAND DEVELOPMENT
e	~	5, 6, 7, 15	HEARTLAND DURHAM/CARY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	22	16, 17, 19	ROBERT ERNEST SEAGROVES
4		6,7	FRANK MOORE	23	18	RESEARCH TRIANGLE FOUNDATION OF NORTH CAROLINA
D.		9	GEORGE C. PENDERGRAFT	24	7, 15	ROEBEN INVESTMENT, LLC
9		6,7	CHARLES ALLEN OVERTON	25	9	DANEIL Z. PARKER
7		7	HERBERT JUNIOR FUTRELL	26	9	JERRY LEE KNOTT
ω		7, 16	W. R. EVANS			
σ		7, 8, 9, 15	TRIANGLE BRICK COMPANY			
10	, a	7	GERALD A. DEMARRAIS			
11		7, 8, 9, 10, 16	EDWARD E. HOLLOWELL			
12	01	9, 10, 11, 12, 13	RESEARCH TRIANGLE FOUNDATION OF NORTH CAROLINA			
13		10, 11	WILHELM ROEBEN			
14		15	PHYLLIS W. CLAYTON			
15		16	JAMES HIGH, III			
16		16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21	RTP 55 PARTNERSHIP			
17		17, 18	ERNEST W. DIXON			
18		17	HENRY B. EDWARDS			
19		17	HENRY B. EDWARDS			

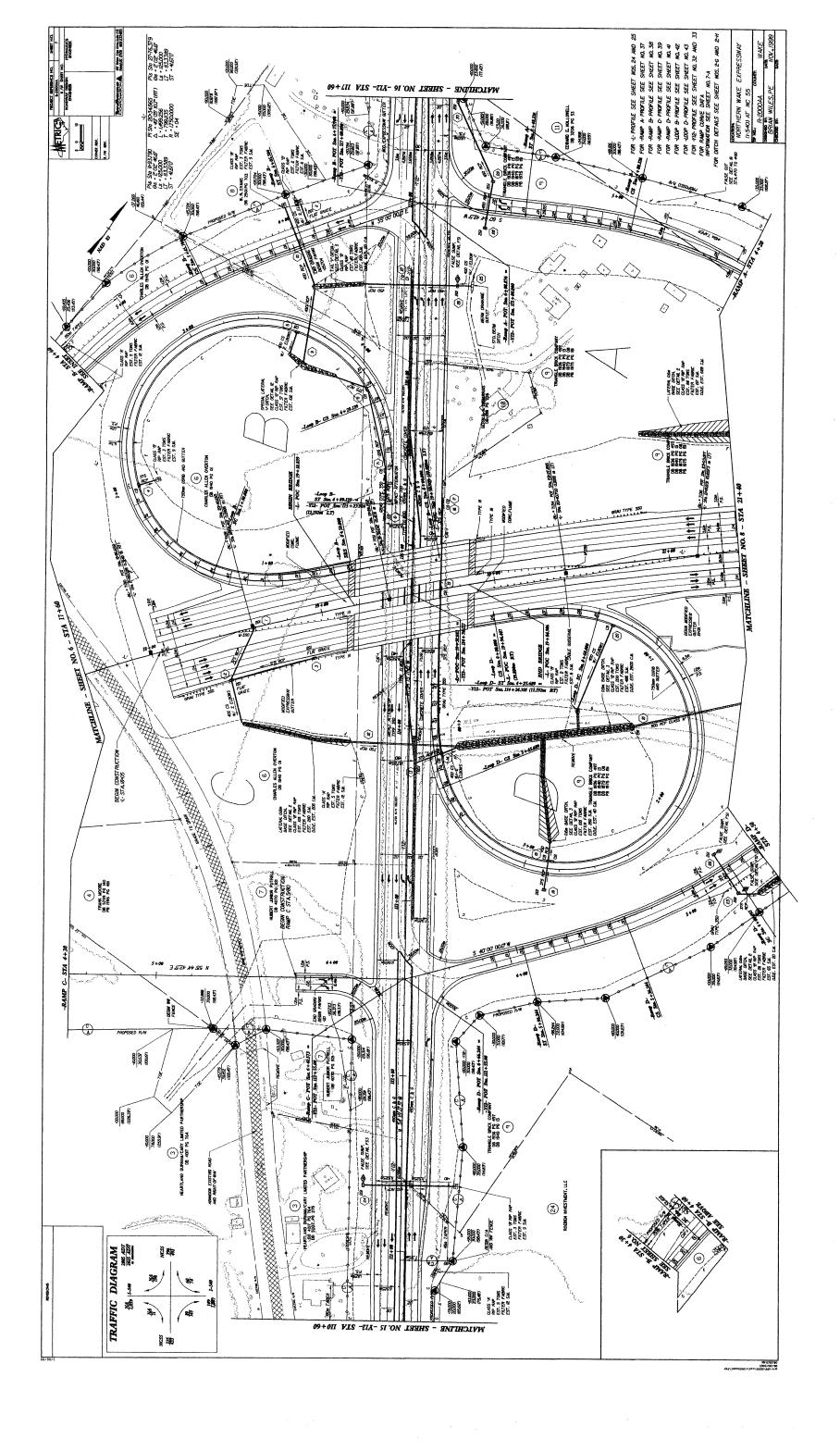


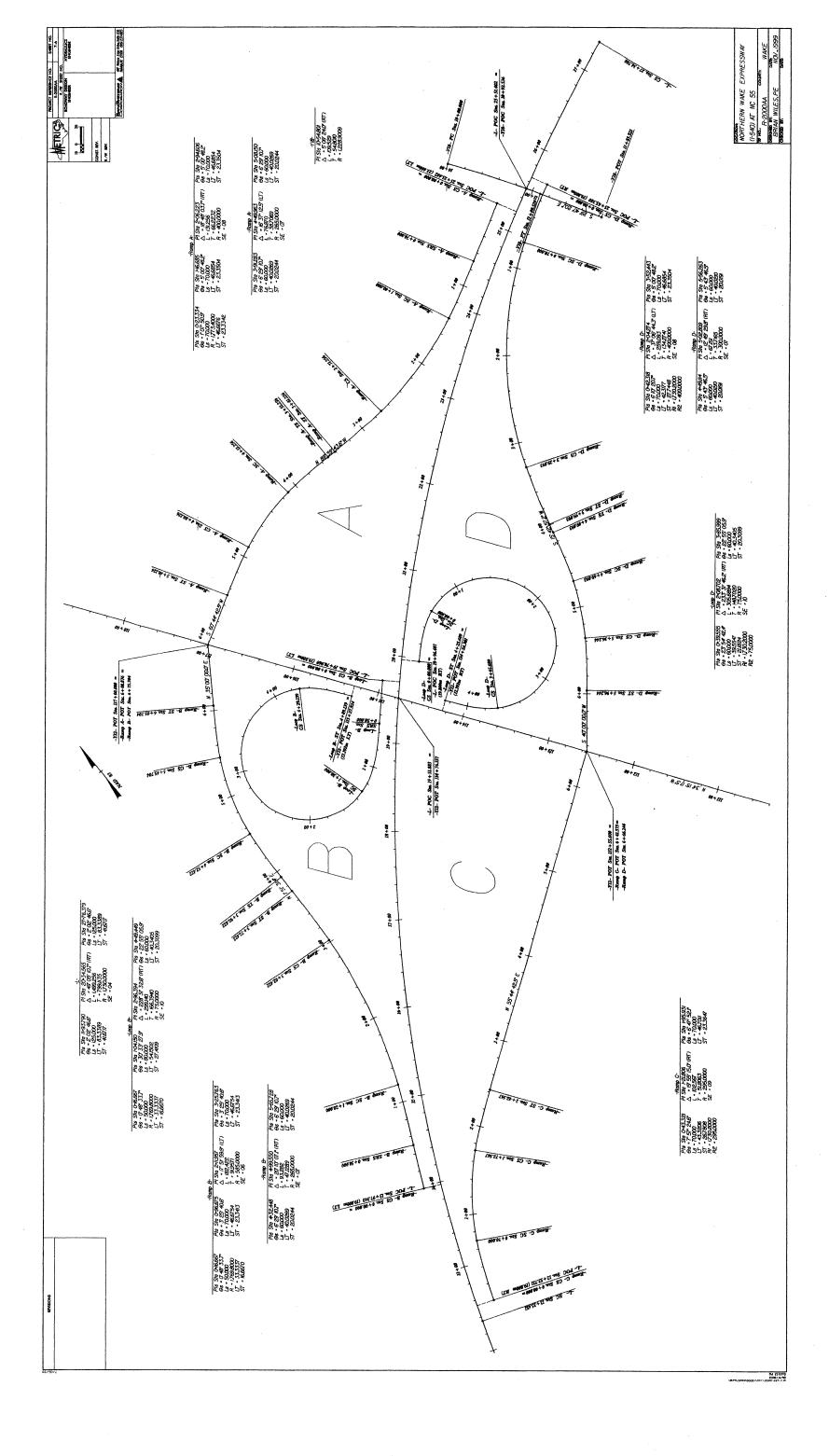
EOOS\TI\AO

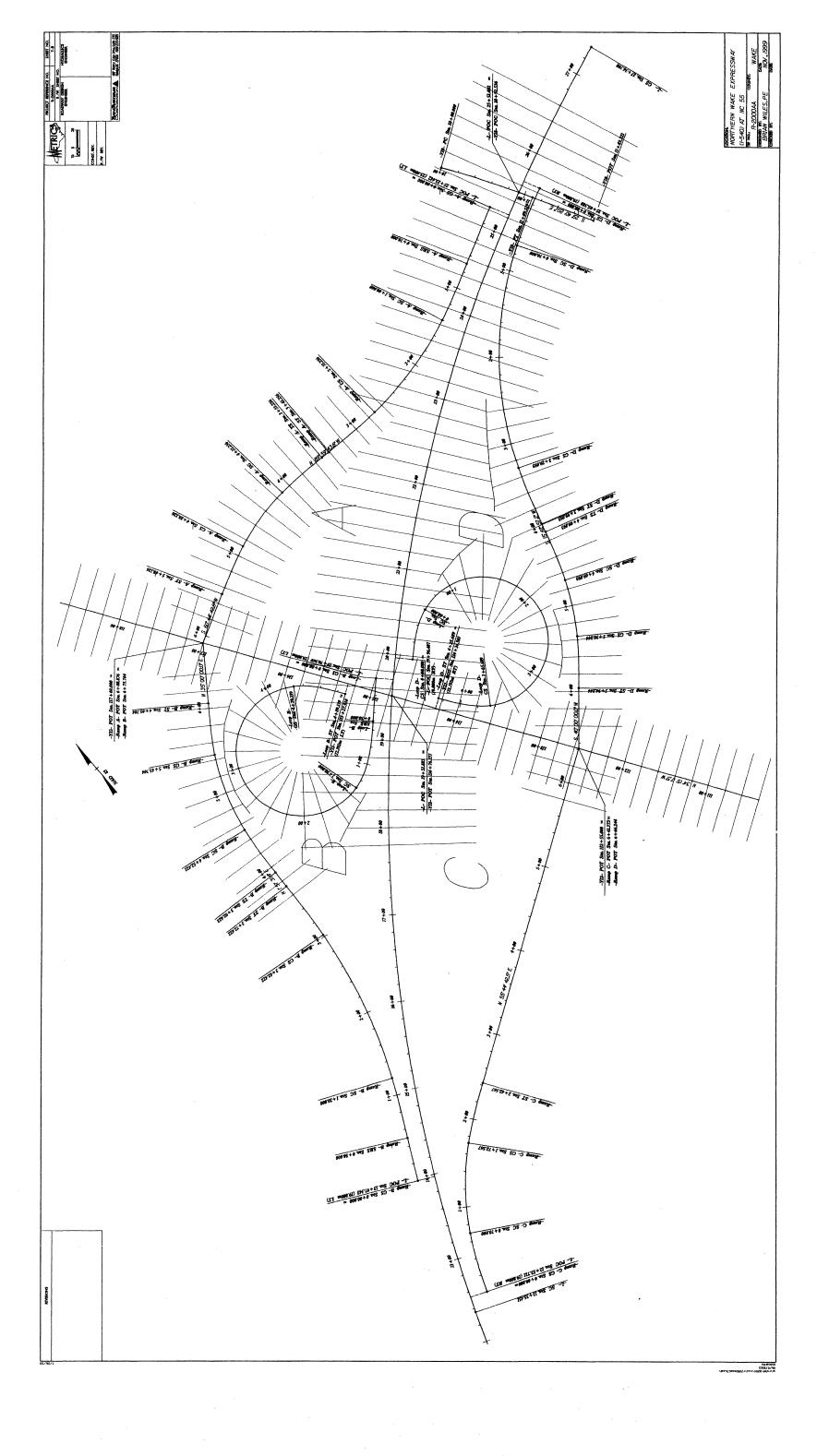


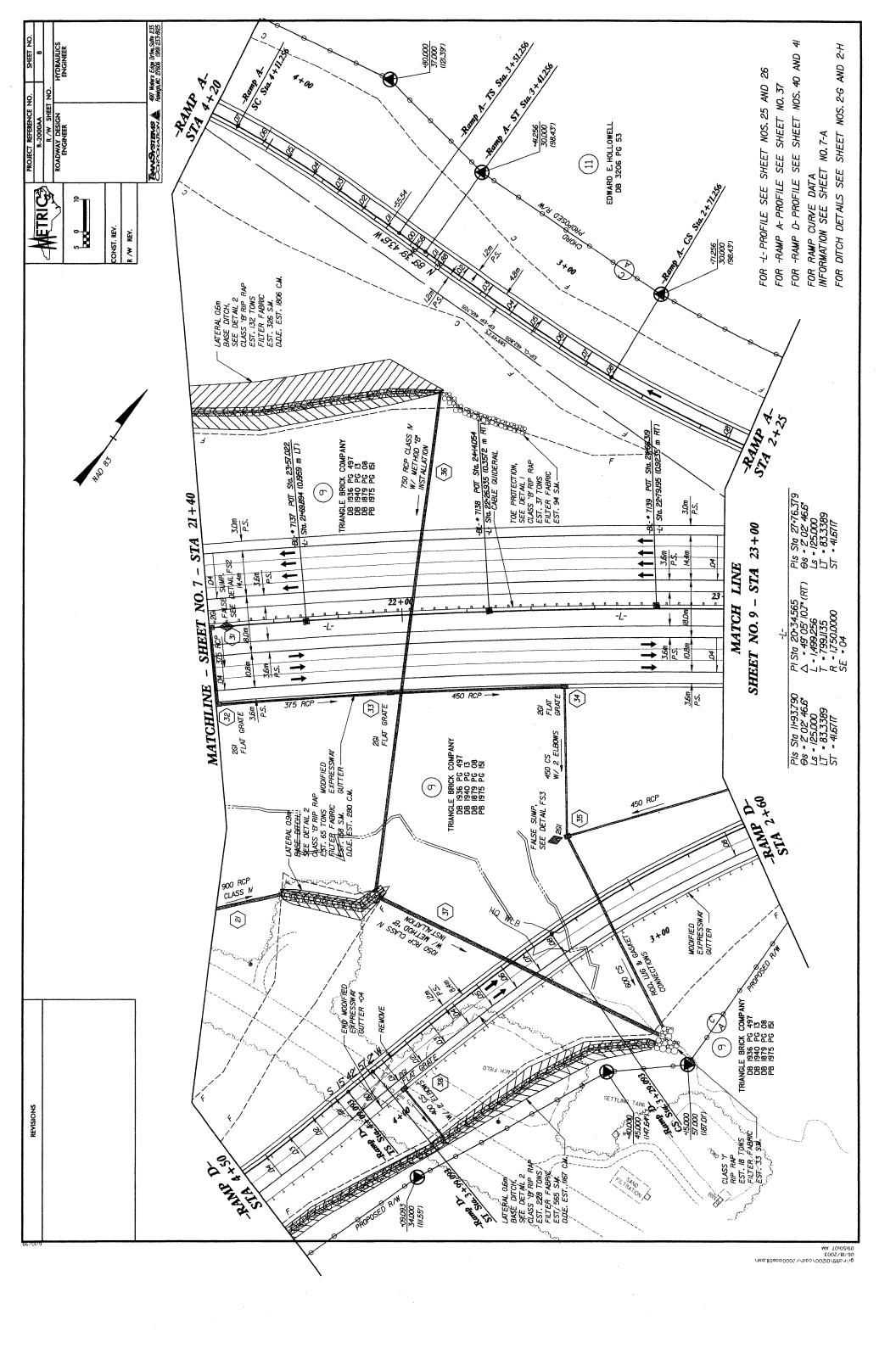
g:\raya\030300\cad\r\2000aas05.pah 05\11\2003 HA 2+i25i4S **AM** 

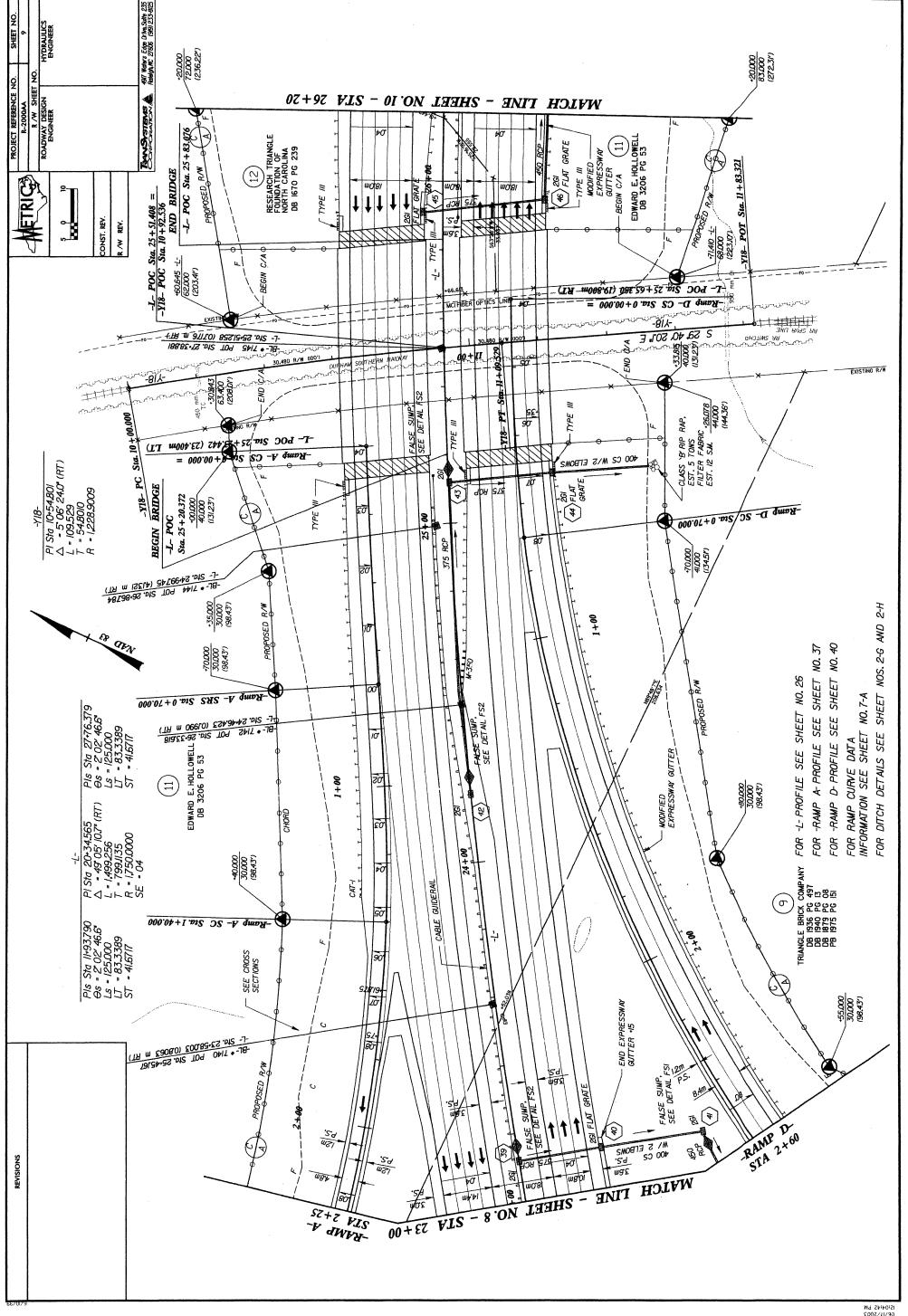


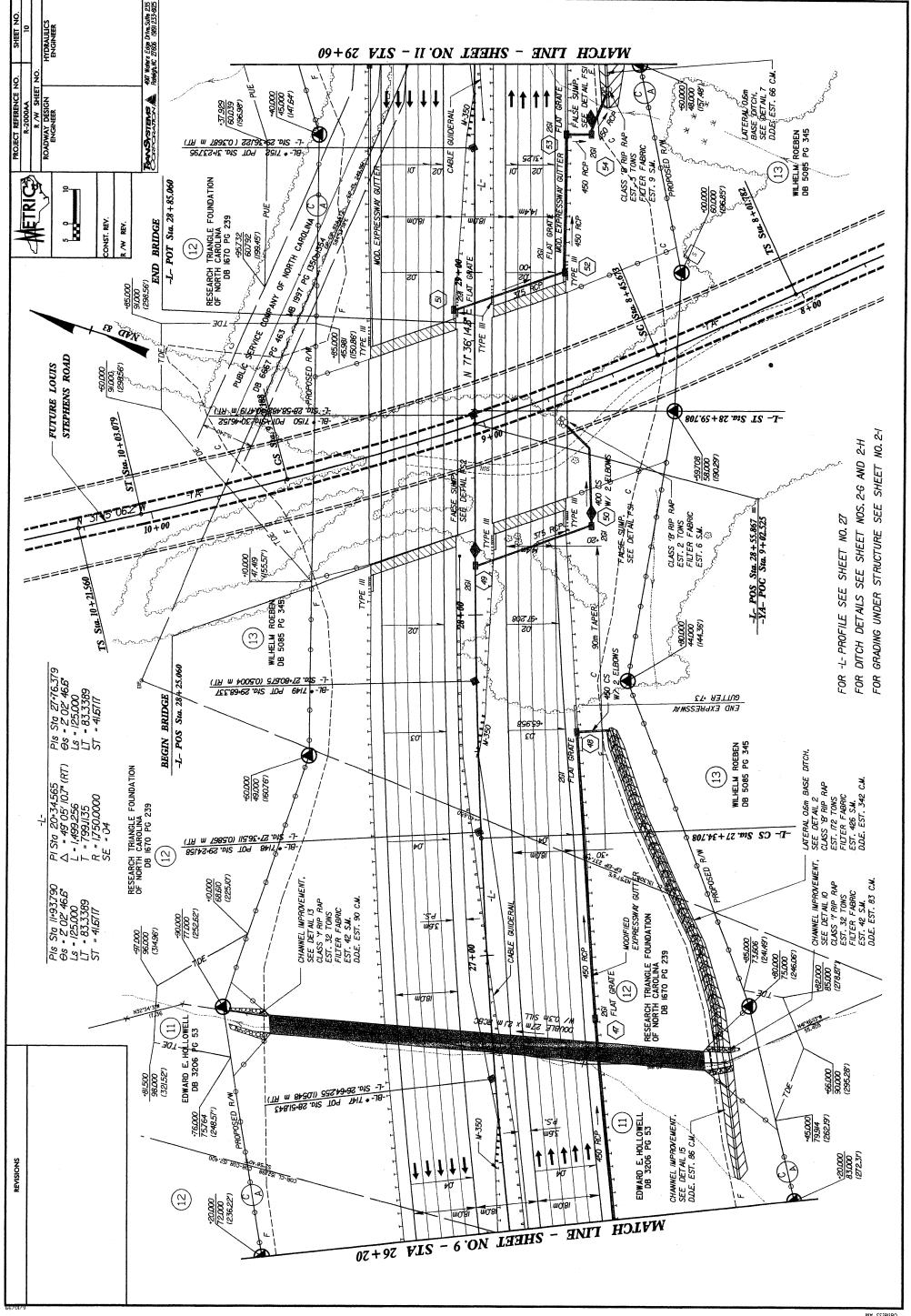




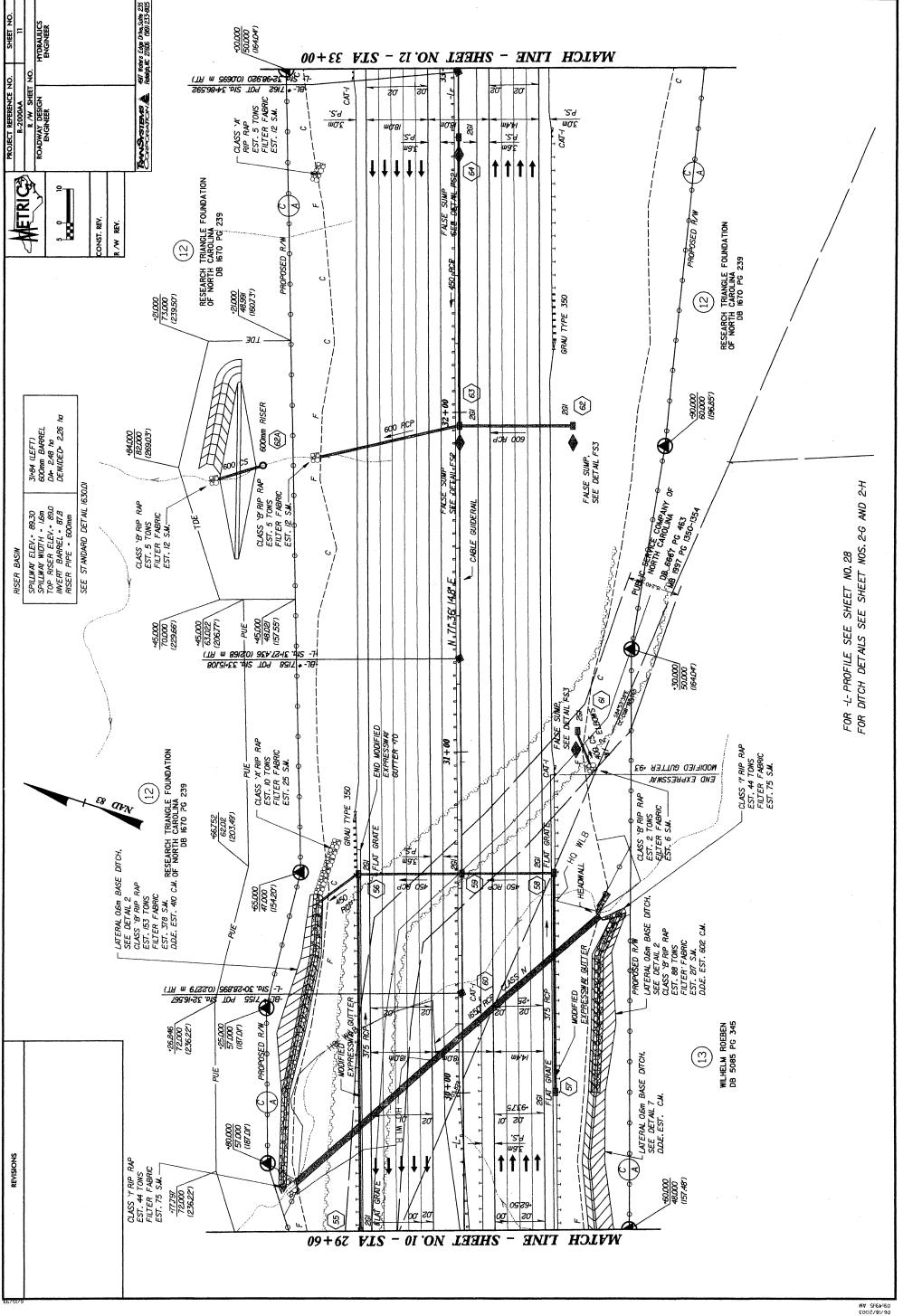


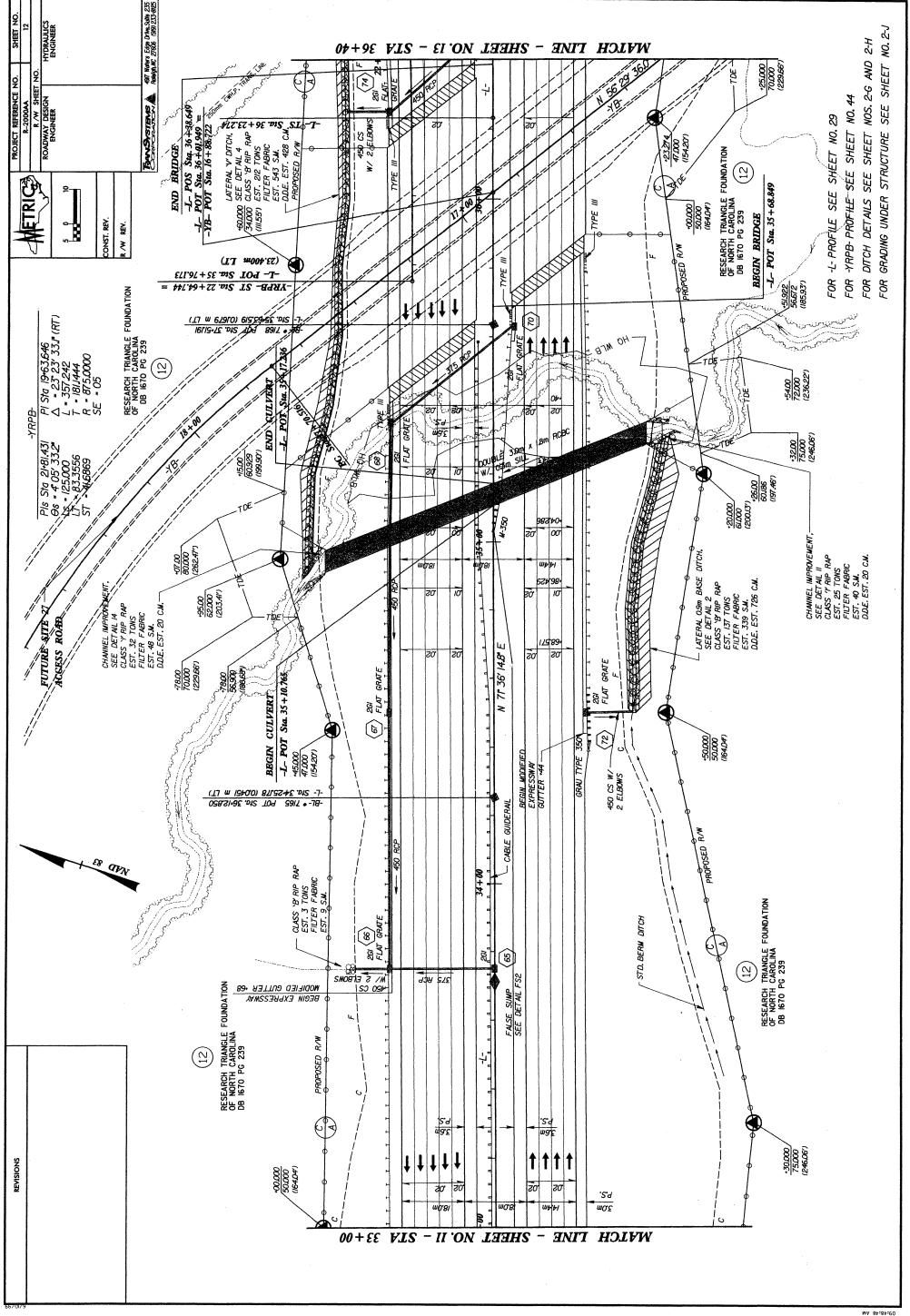


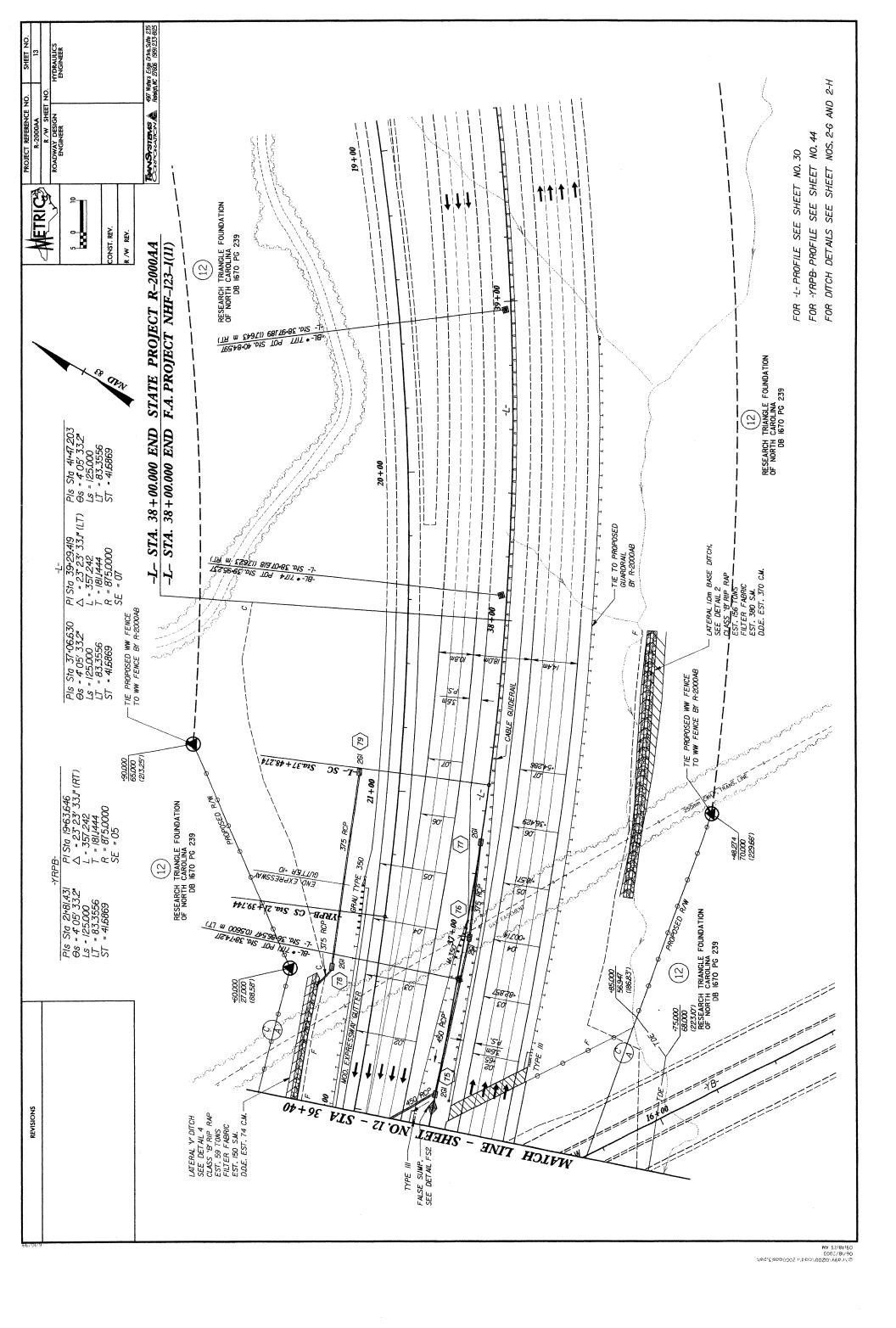


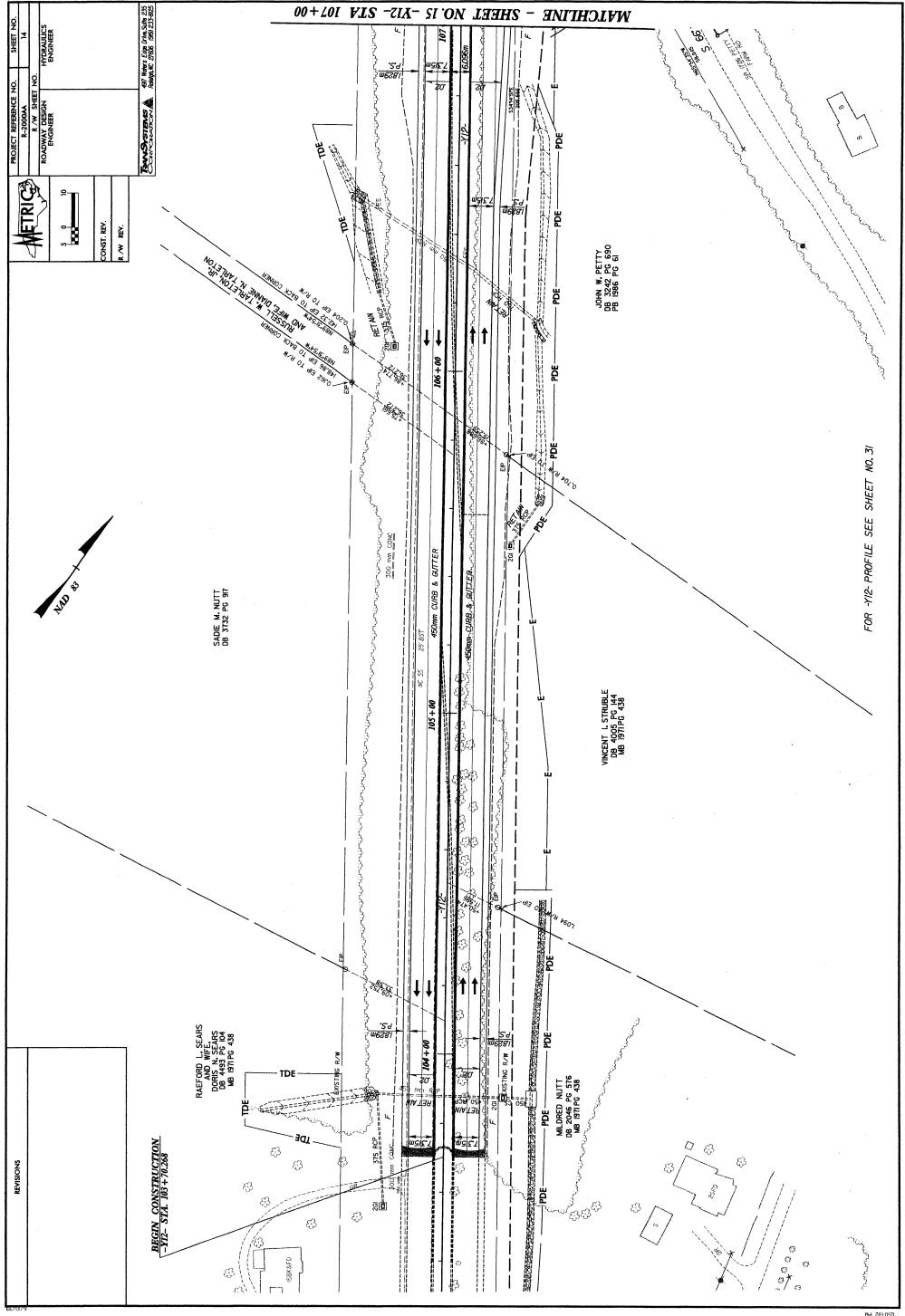


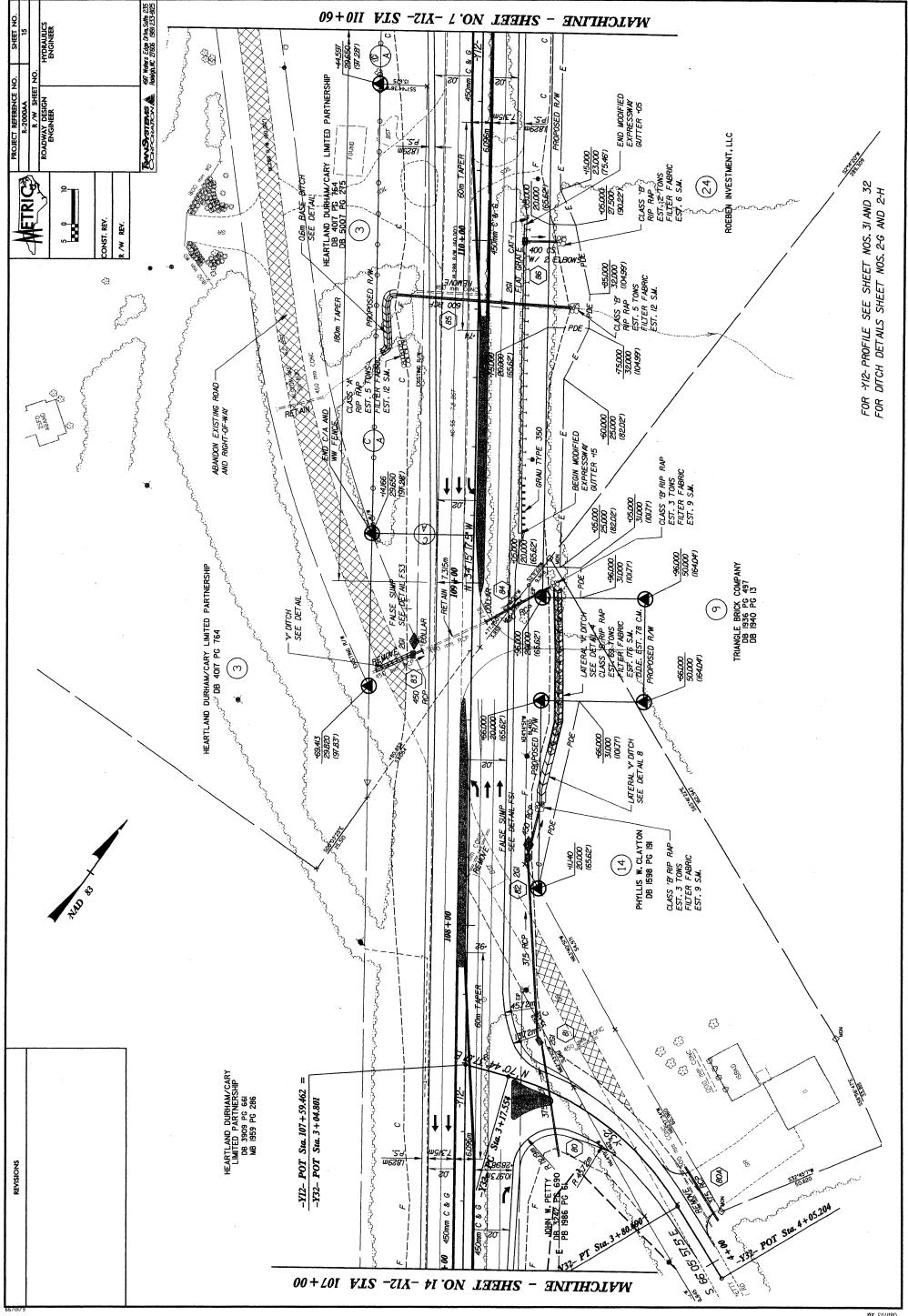
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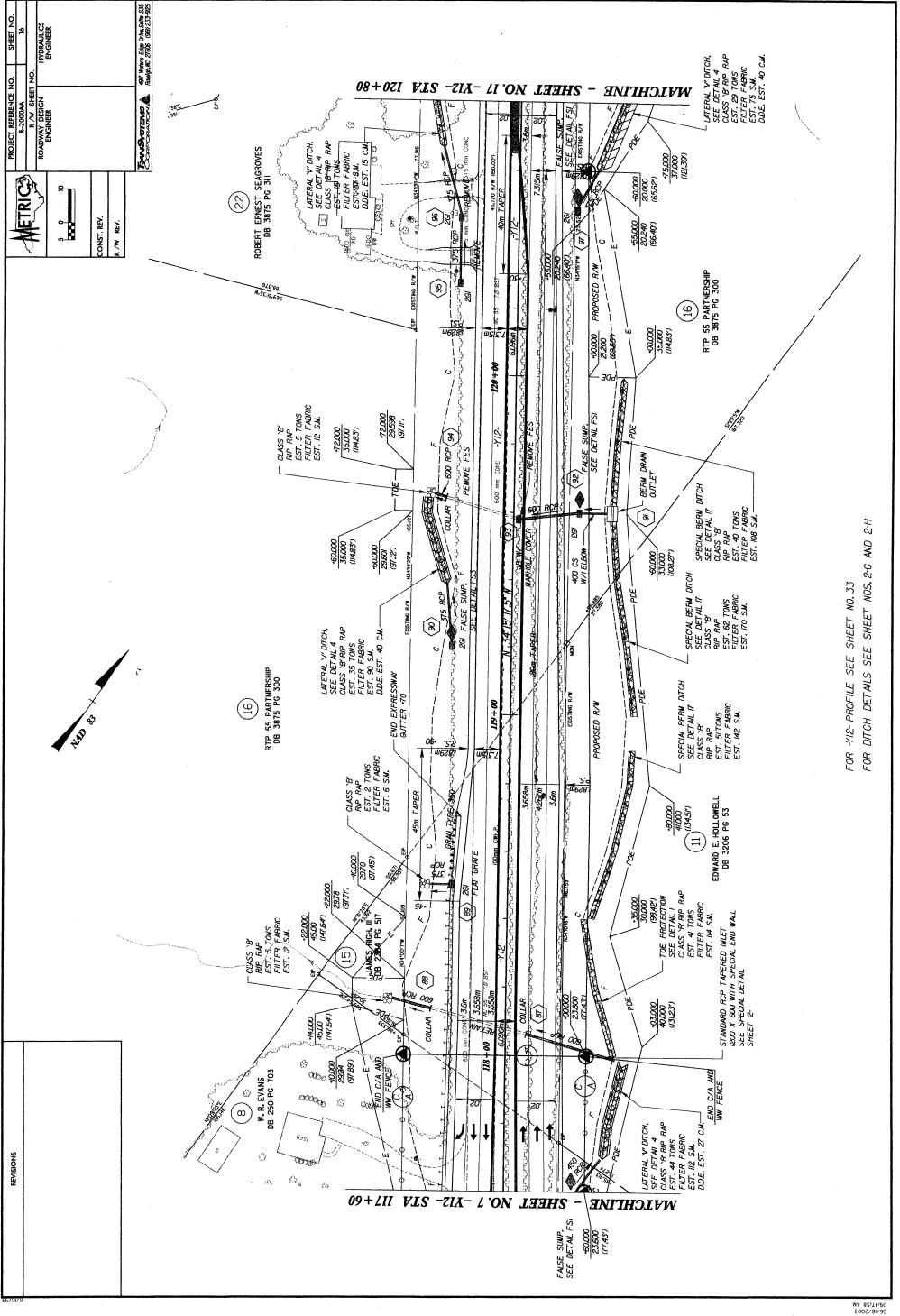


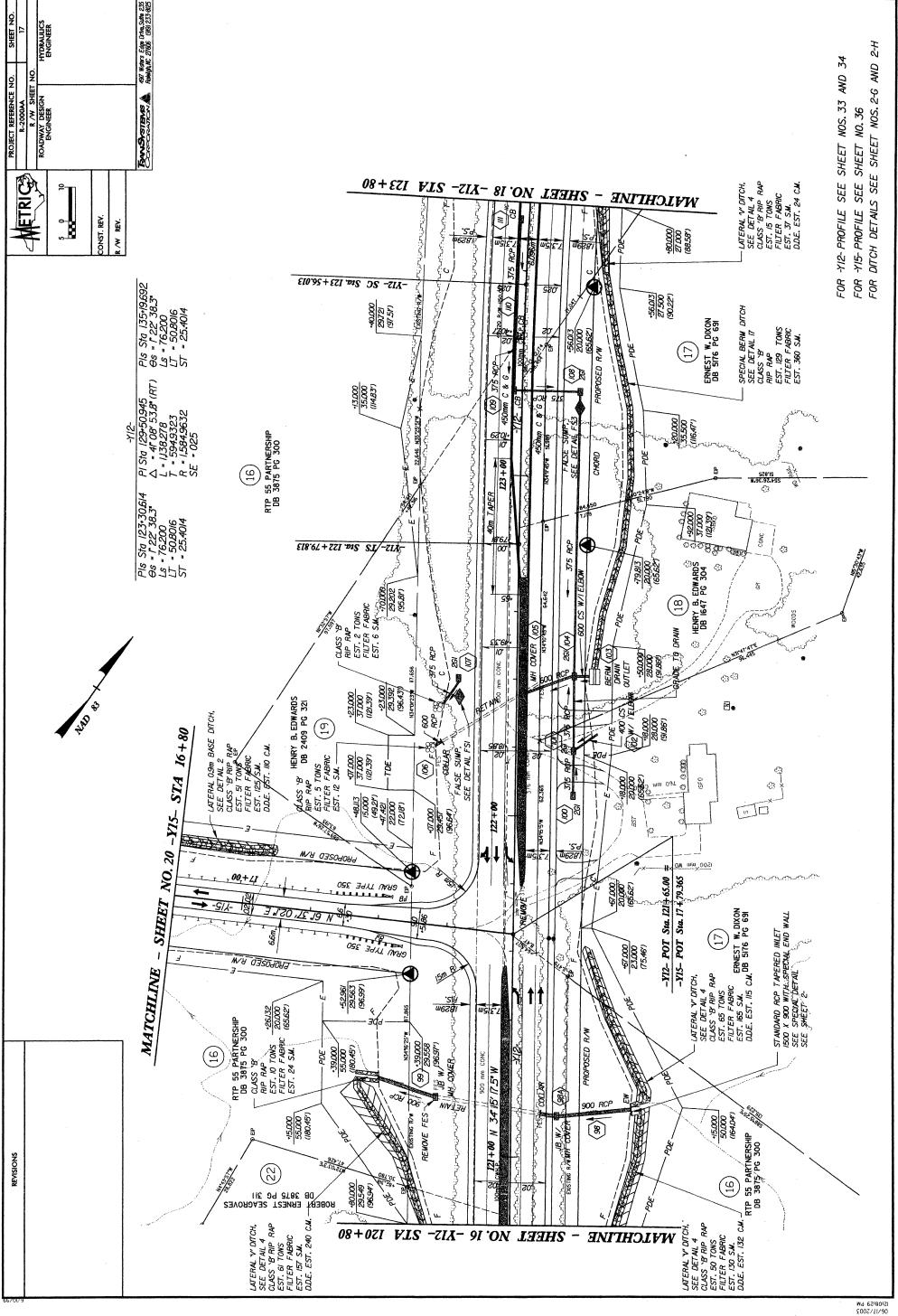


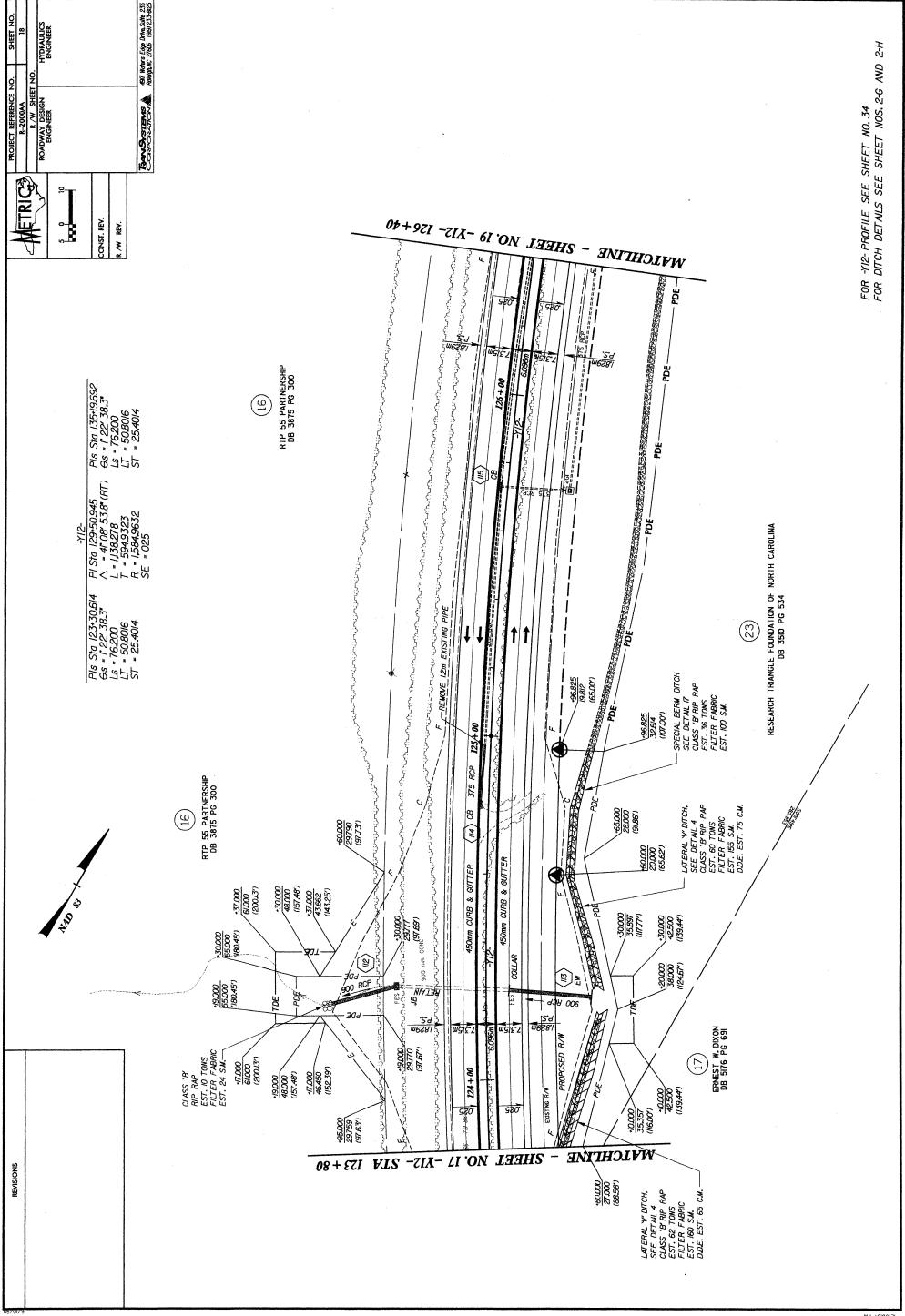


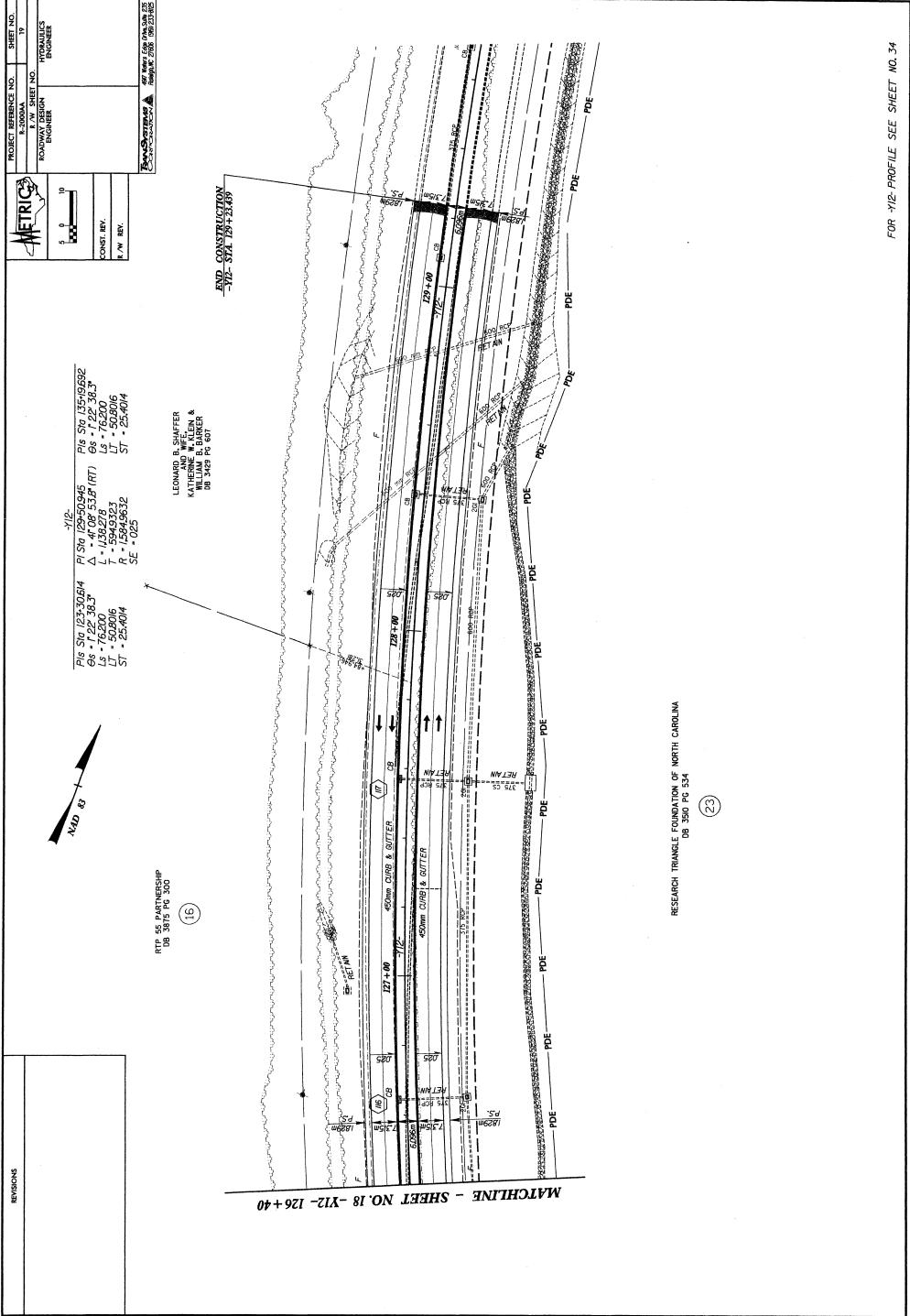


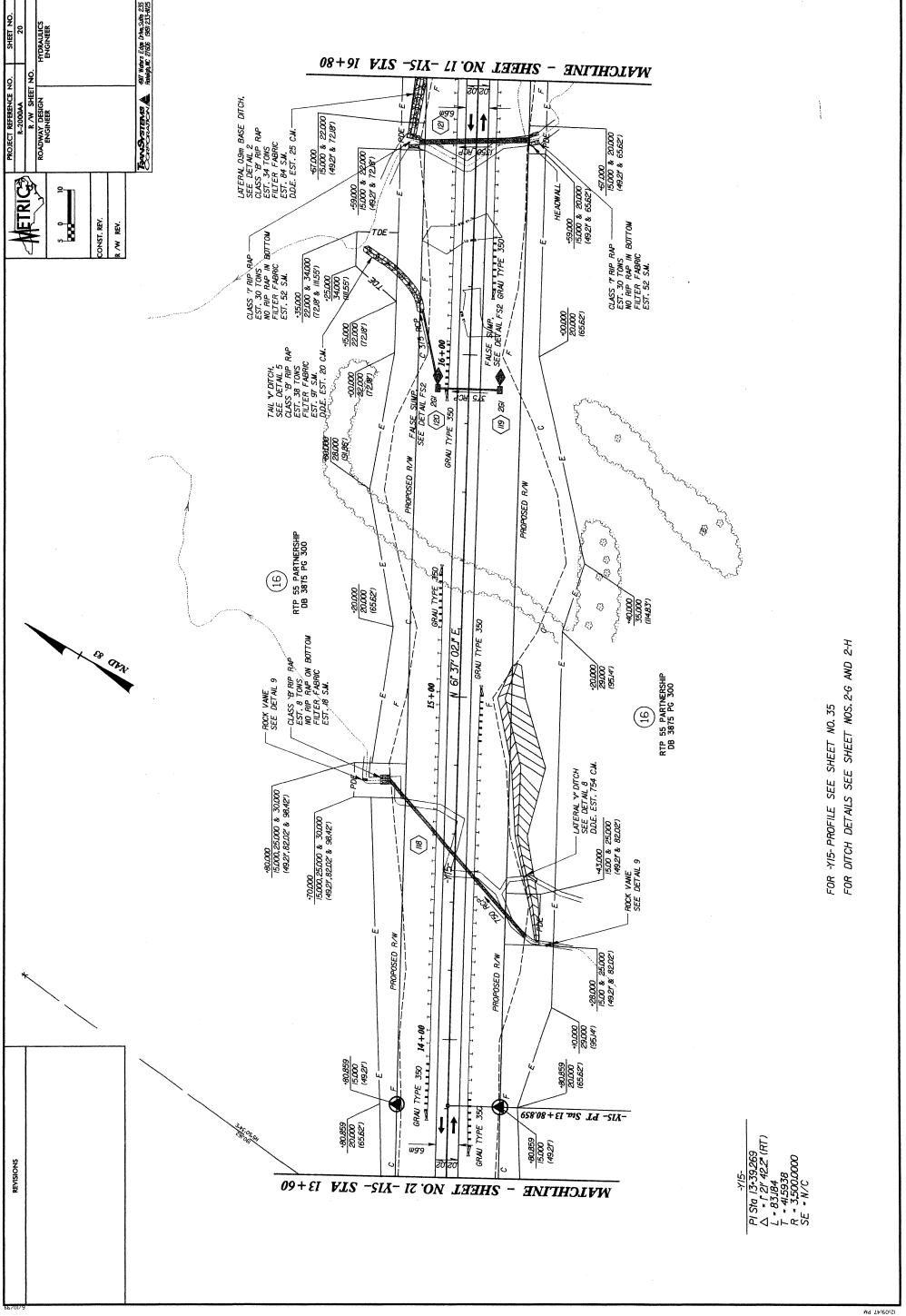
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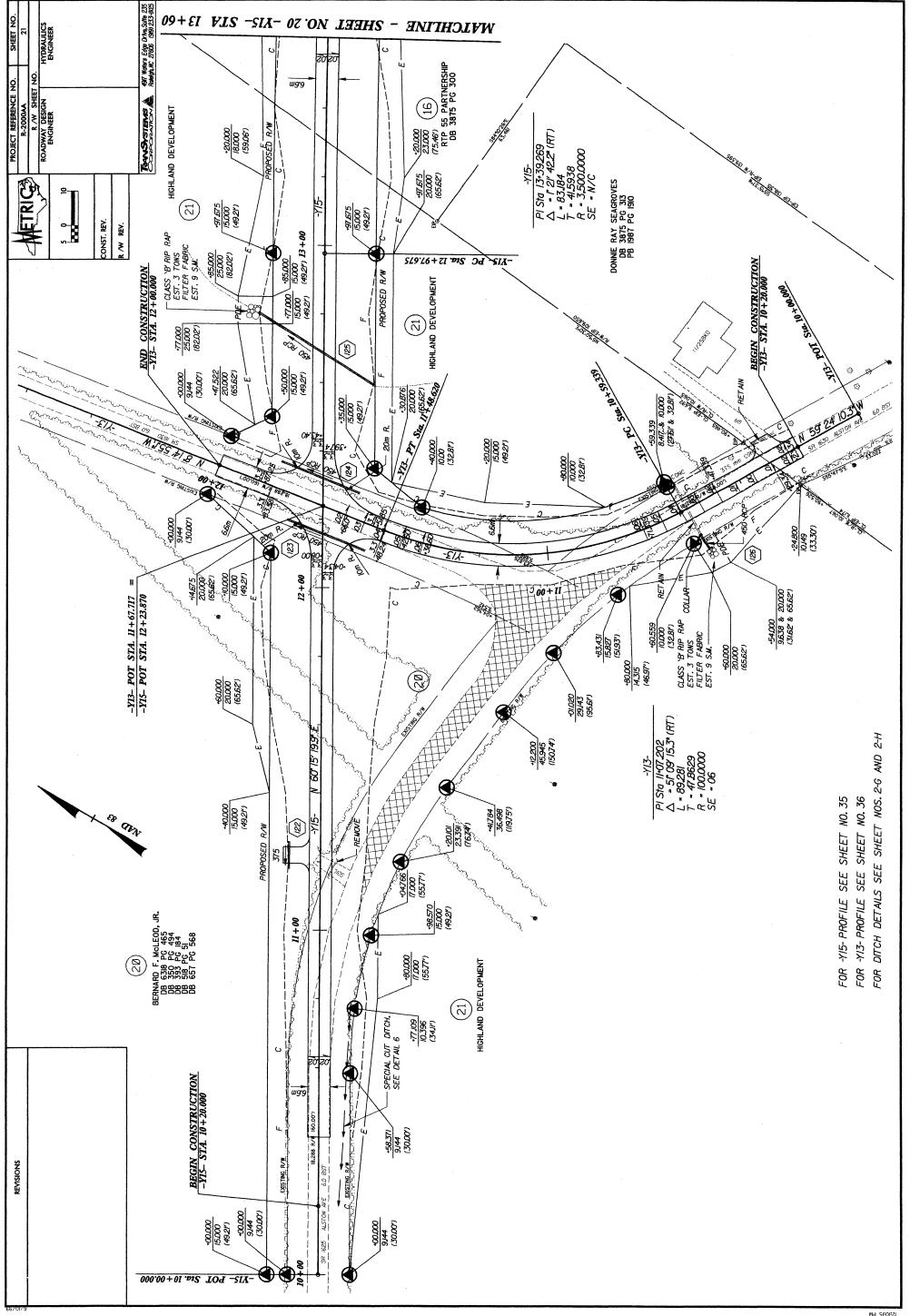




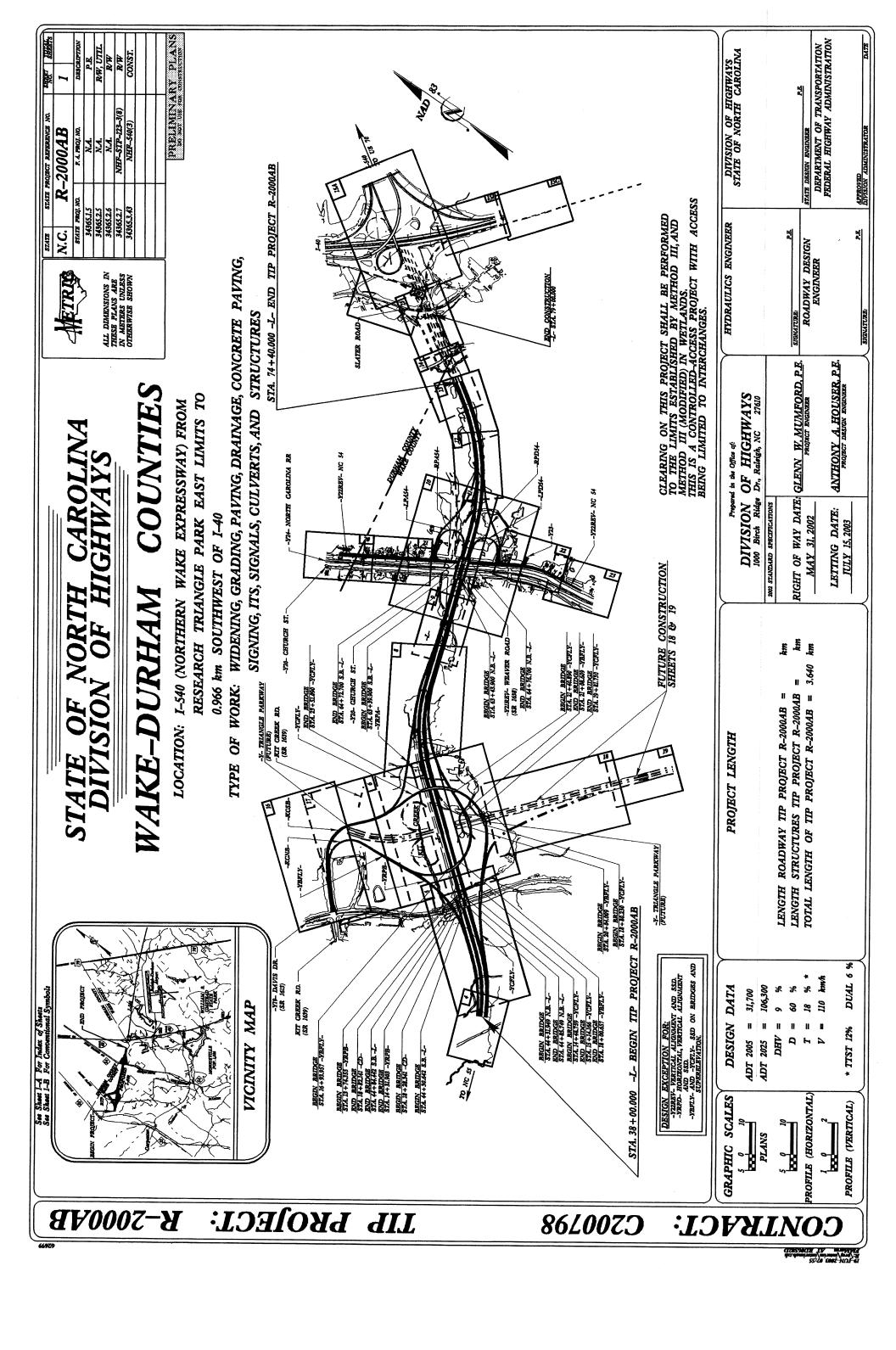




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### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

\*S.U.E = SUBSURFACE UTILITY ENGINEER

## DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS



BUILDINGS & OTHER CULTURE

Buildings .....

ROADS & RELATED ITEMS	CONVENTIONAL	NAL SYMBO
ge of Pavement	- MINOR	ğ
<b>Q</b>	- Head & End Wall	Designation Water Line (C. 1. E. St.
pp. Slope Stakes Cut	CONC HAND	Designated Water Line (5.0.E.*)
p. Slope Stakes Fill	ripe Culver	Sanitary Sewer
p. Woven Wire Fence	Footbridge	Recorded Sanitary Sewer Force Main
p. Chain Link Fence	Drainage Boxes	Designated Sanitary Sewer Force Main(S.
9	Paved Ditch Gutter	
Wheelchair Ramp		Designated Gas Line (S.U.E.*)
rb Cut For Future Wheelchair Ramp	UTILITIES	Gorm Causa
b. Guardrail	Exist: Pole	Recorded Power line
st. Cable Guiderail	Exist. Power Pole	
p. Cable Guiderail	Prop. Power Pole	Designated rower Line (5.0.E.*)
• lodiity Symbol	Exist. Telephone Pole	Recorded Telephone Cable
/ement Kemoval	Prop. Telephone Pole	Designated Telephone Cable (S.U.E.*)
RIGHT OF WAV		Recorded UG Telephone Conduit
		Designated UG Telephone Conduit (S.U.
isting Right of Way Marker		Unknown Utility (S.U.E.*)
ist. Right of Way Line wMarker		Recorded Television Cable
op. Right of Way Line with Proposed		Designated Television Cable (S.U.E.*)
W marker (Iron Pin & Cap)	nyarani	Recorded Fiber Optics Cable
op. Right of Way Line with Proposed		Designated Fiber Optics Cable (S.U.E.*)
oncrete or Granite) R/w Marker	Exist. Water Valve	Exist. Water Meter
	- Sawar Cledn Out	UG Test Hole (S.U.E.*)
bb. Control of Access line	Power Manhole	Abandoned According to UC Record
it Freement line	Telephone Booth	End of Information
	- Water Manhole	BOUNDARIES & PROI
op. Temp. Construction Easement Line	— Light Pole	
op: Tellip: Drainage casement Line	H-Frame Pole	County line
op. Yerm. Urainage Easement Line	— Power Line Tower	Township Line
HYDROLOGY	Pole with Base	Cit Line
aam or Body of Water	Gas Valve	Reservation Line
ər Basin Buffer	Gas Meter	Property line
w Arrow	Telephone Manhole	
	<b>→</b>	Property Line Symbol

				1 1 1	+{]	4			•	va O∋	* *							R/W	a 9 O					¥		\	*	VEGETATION	£	3 0			<ul><li></li></ul>	1	RAILROADS — = = =	NO BINDASAMATI XX	The state of the s
	Foundations	Area Outline	Gate	Gas Pump Vent or UG Tank Cap	Church	School	rark	Cemetery Dam	Sign	Well	Small Mine	Swimming Pool	TOPOGRAPHY	Loose Surface	Hard Surface	Change in Road Surface	Curb	Right of Way Symbol	Guard Post	Paved Walk	Bridge	Box Culvert or Tunnel	<b>Ге</b> пту	Culvert	Footbridge	Trail, Footpath	Light House		Single Tree	Single Shrub	Hedge	Woods Line	Orchard	Vineyard	•	Standard Gauge	
***************************************		8	rce Mainrssrss	orce Main(S.U.E.*) - FSS FSS	9					* (S.U.E.*)	- <u> </u>	Conduit (S.U.E.*)		\tau \tau \tau	(S.U.E.*)	F0	le (S.U.E.*)	0	B	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	E-0.1	<b>PROPERTIES</b>					-		₽	<b>⊙</b> ₽	+	□33 ·	([3]	9			0 7

⊕ Ø

Property Corner .... Property Monument Property Number Parcel Number

**(** 

Sanitary Sewer Manhole Storm Sewer Manhole Tank; Water, Gas, Oil Water Tank With Legs

Power Transformer

Prop. Temp. Drainage Easement Line Prop. Perm. Drainage Easement Line

Stream or Body of Water

River Basin Buffer

Disappearing Stream\_\_\_\_

Spring .....

Flow Arrow

I

Prop. Temp. Construction Easement Line

Prop. Right of Way Line with Proposed

Exist. Right of Way Line wMarker

Existing Right of Way Marker

Baseline Control Point

Prop. Wheelchair Ramp Curb Cut For Future Wheelchair Ramp Exist. Guardrail

Prop. Woven Wire Fence

Prop. Slope Stakes Cut Prop. Slope Stakes Fill

Edge of Pavement ...

Curb

Prop. Barbed Wire Fence

Prop. Chain Link Fence

Prop. Cable Guiderail

Exist. Cable Guiderail

Prop. Guardrail

Pavement Removal

**Equality Symbol** 

Prop. Right of Way Line with Proposed

(Concrete or Granite) R/w Marker

Prop. Control of Access Line

Exist. Control of Access Line

Exist. Easement Line

RW marker (Iron Pin & Cap)

Exist. Iron Pin

RR Signal Milepost

Switch

- EAB -— -EPB —

Existing Endangered Plant Boundaries Existing Endangered Animal Boundaries...

Proposed Wetland Boundaries Existing Wetland Boundaries

Utility Power Line Connects to Traffic Signal Lines Cut Into the Pavement

)conc ww(

Bridge Wing Wall, Head Wall and End Wall Bridge, Tunnel, or Box Culvert

Television or Radio Tower

Traffic Signal Junction Box

Prop Lateral, Tail, Head Ditches

Shoreline Swamp Marsh

Falls, Rapids

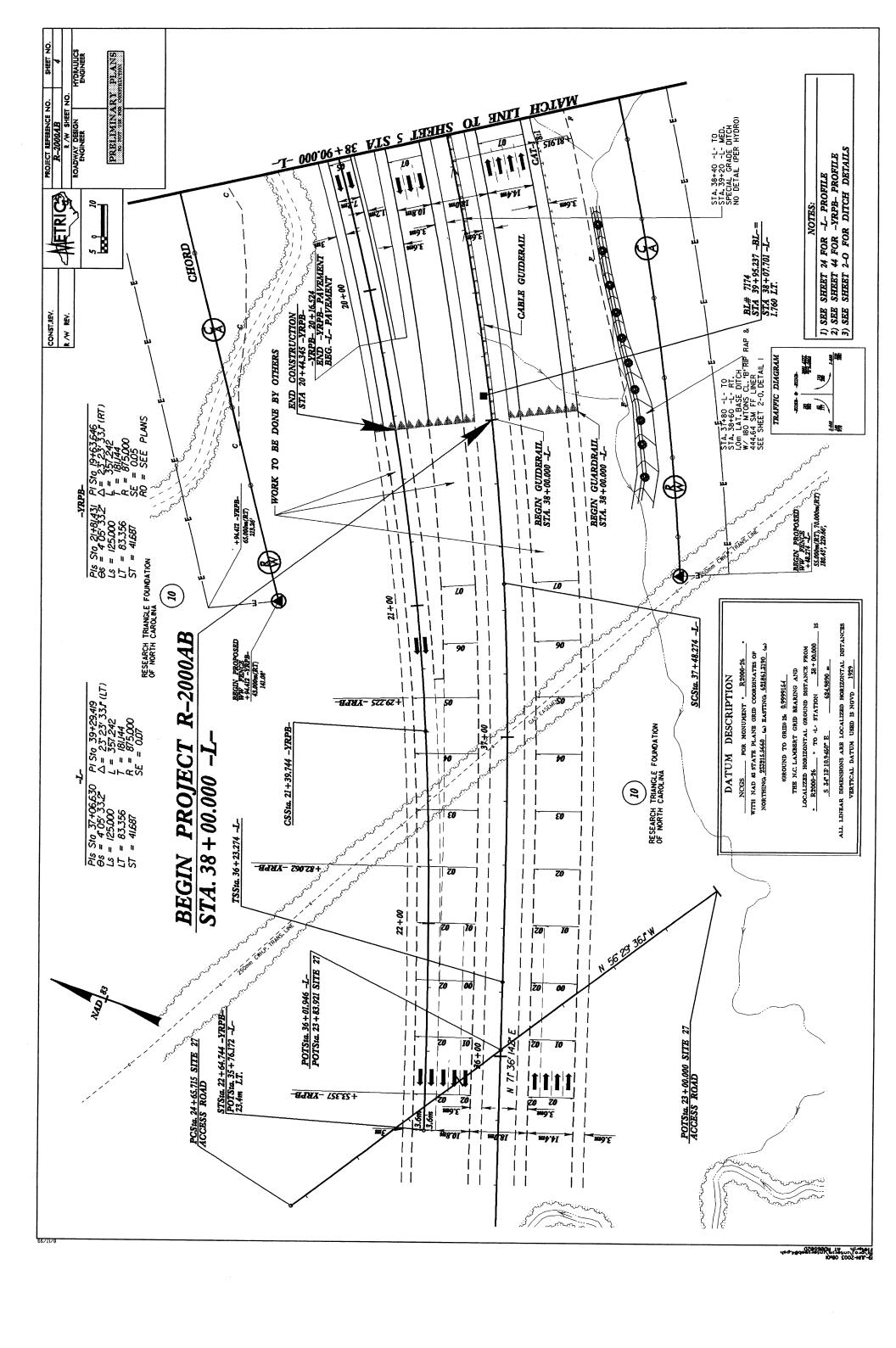
STRUCTURES

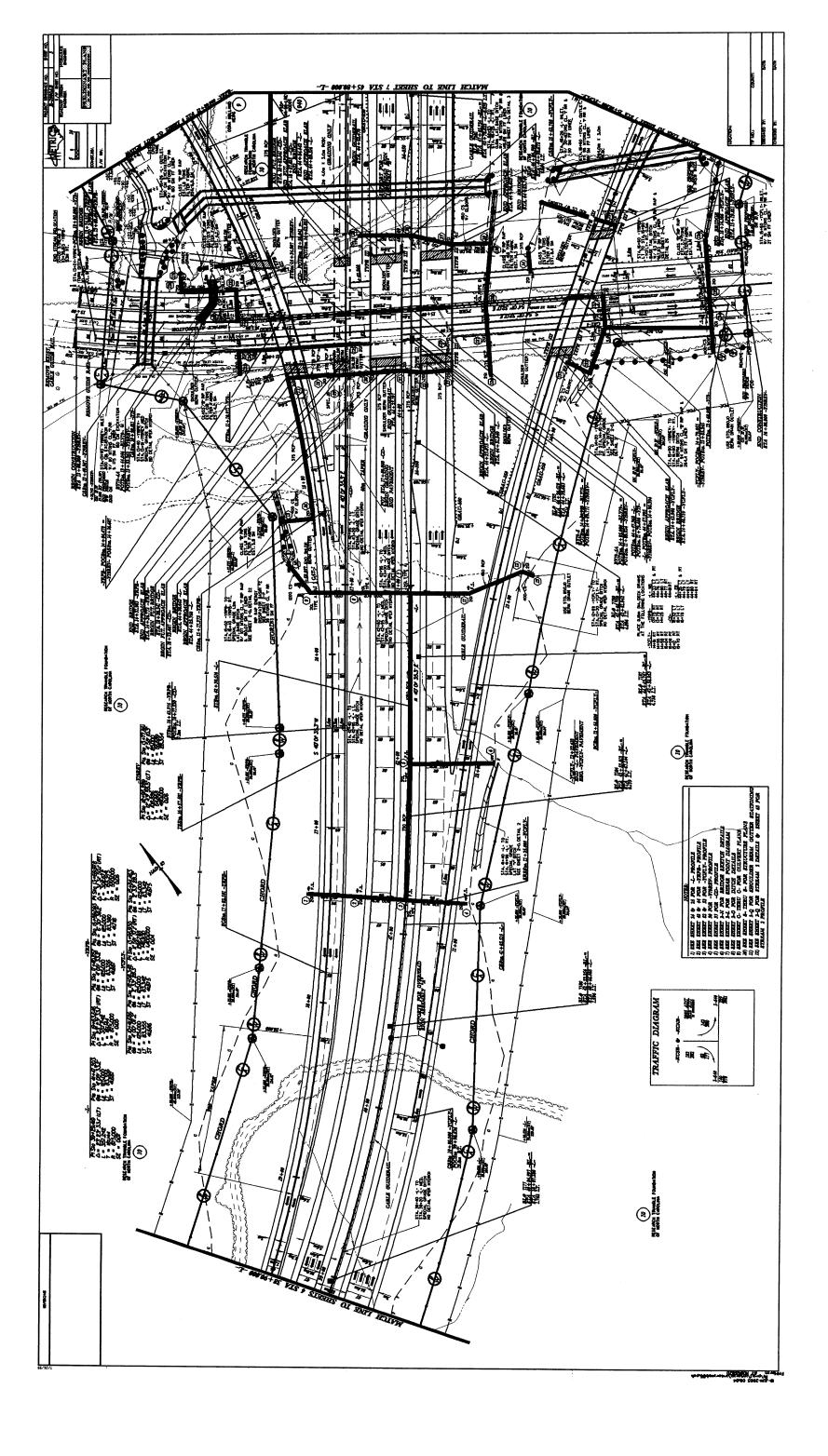
MAJOR

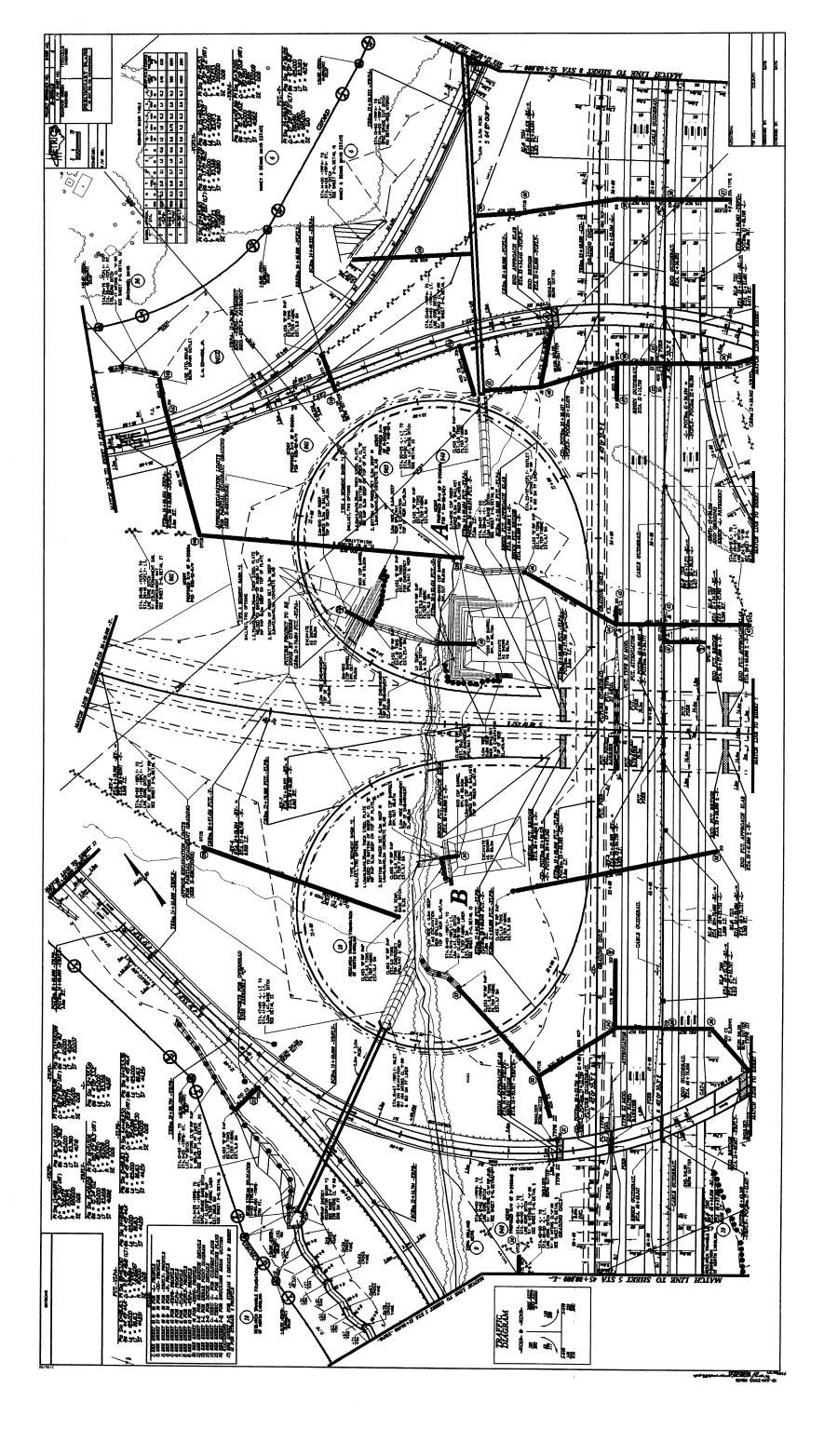
9-JUN-2003 07:55 8:0p-01/inferim/inferimab.tsh FMMarin AT RD06502D

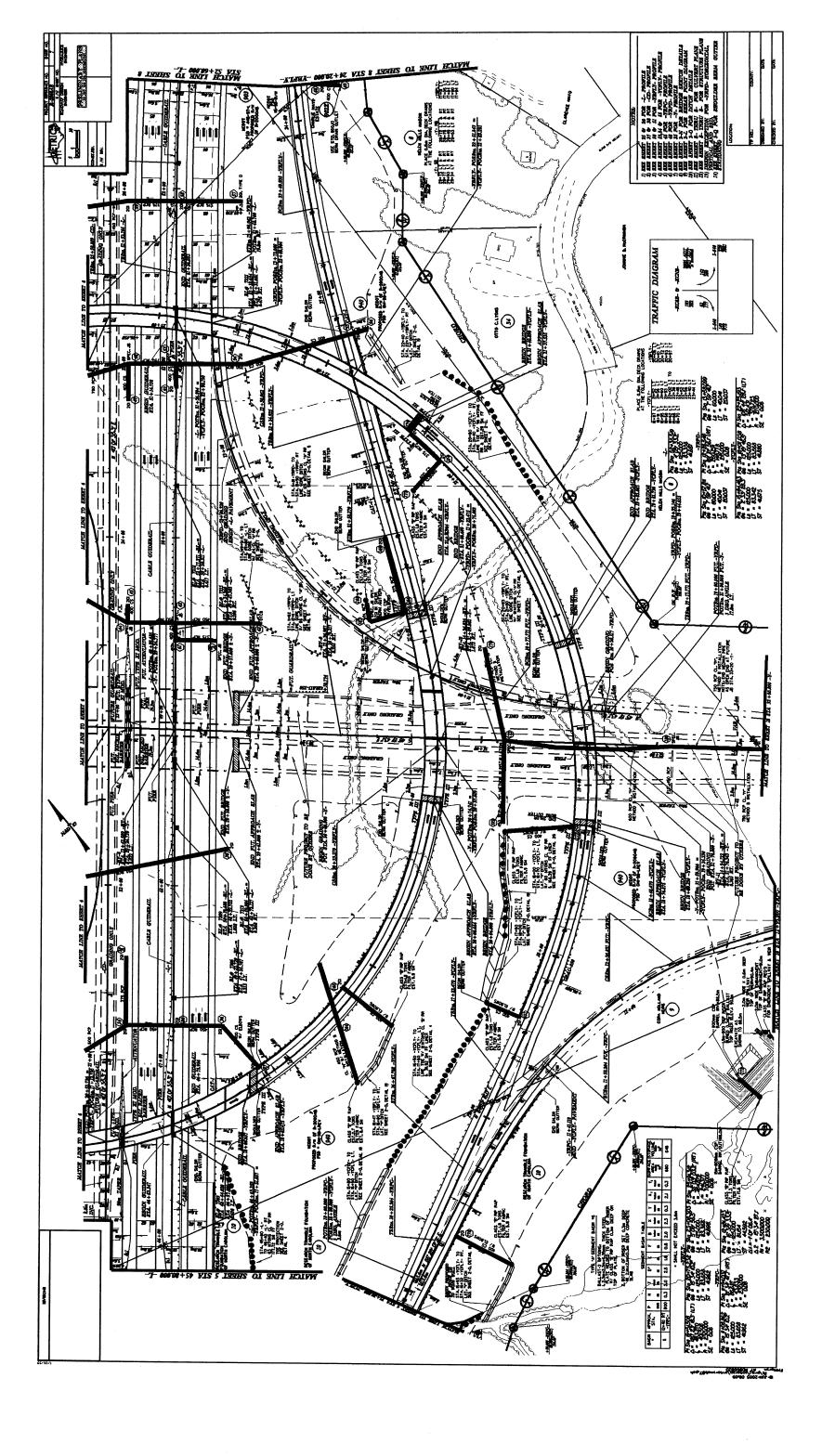
Fiber Optic Splice Box

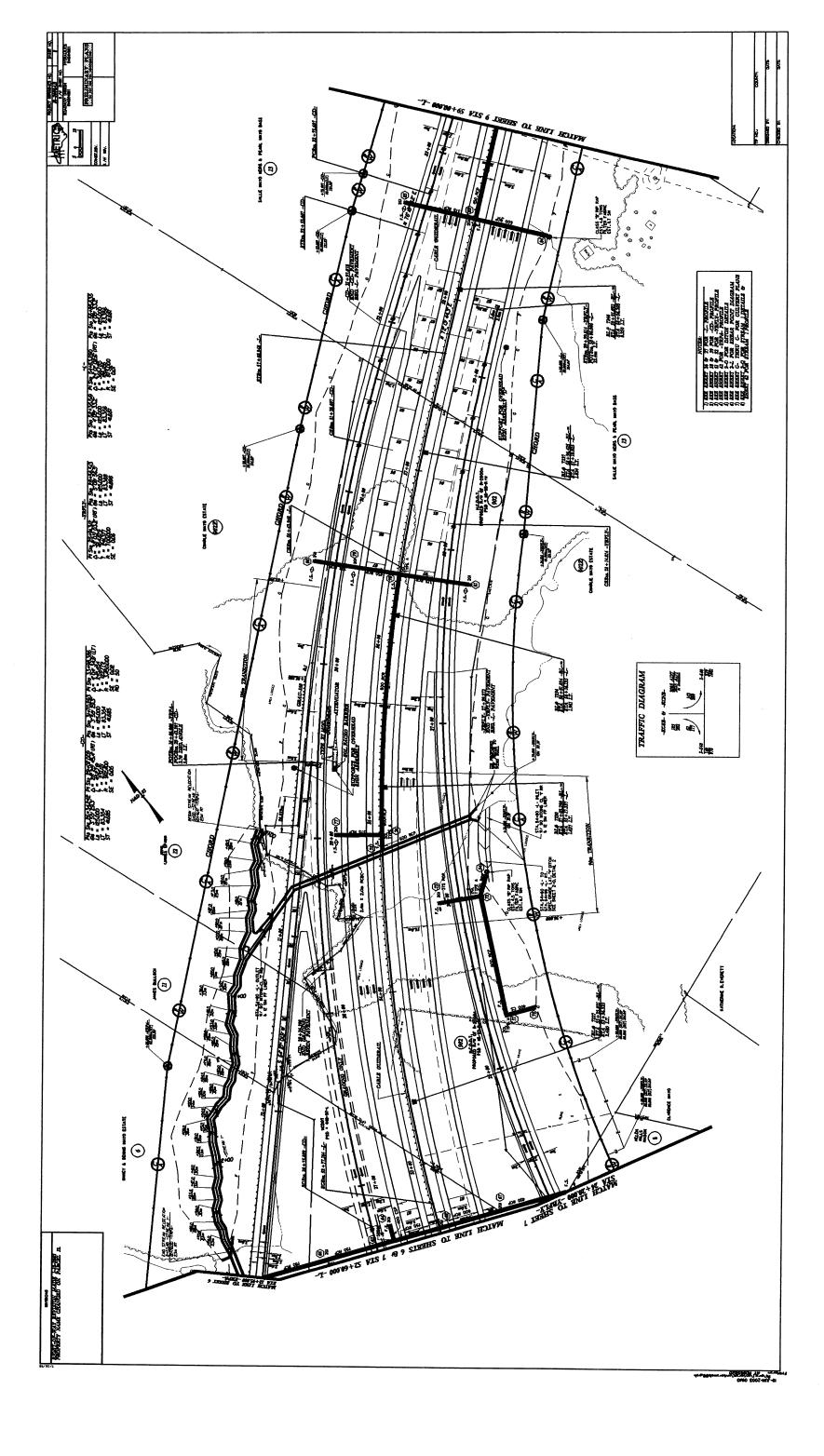
Fence Line

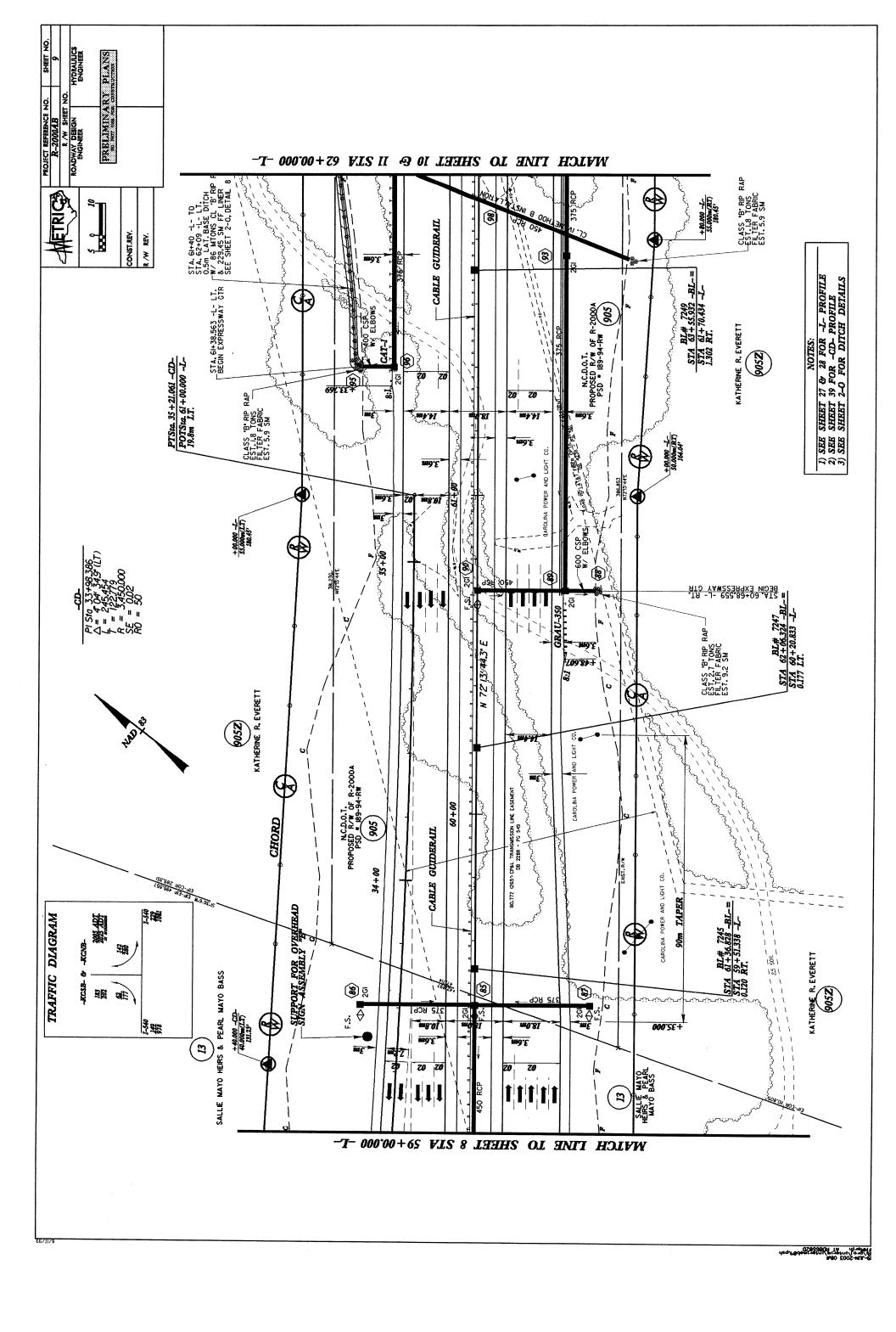




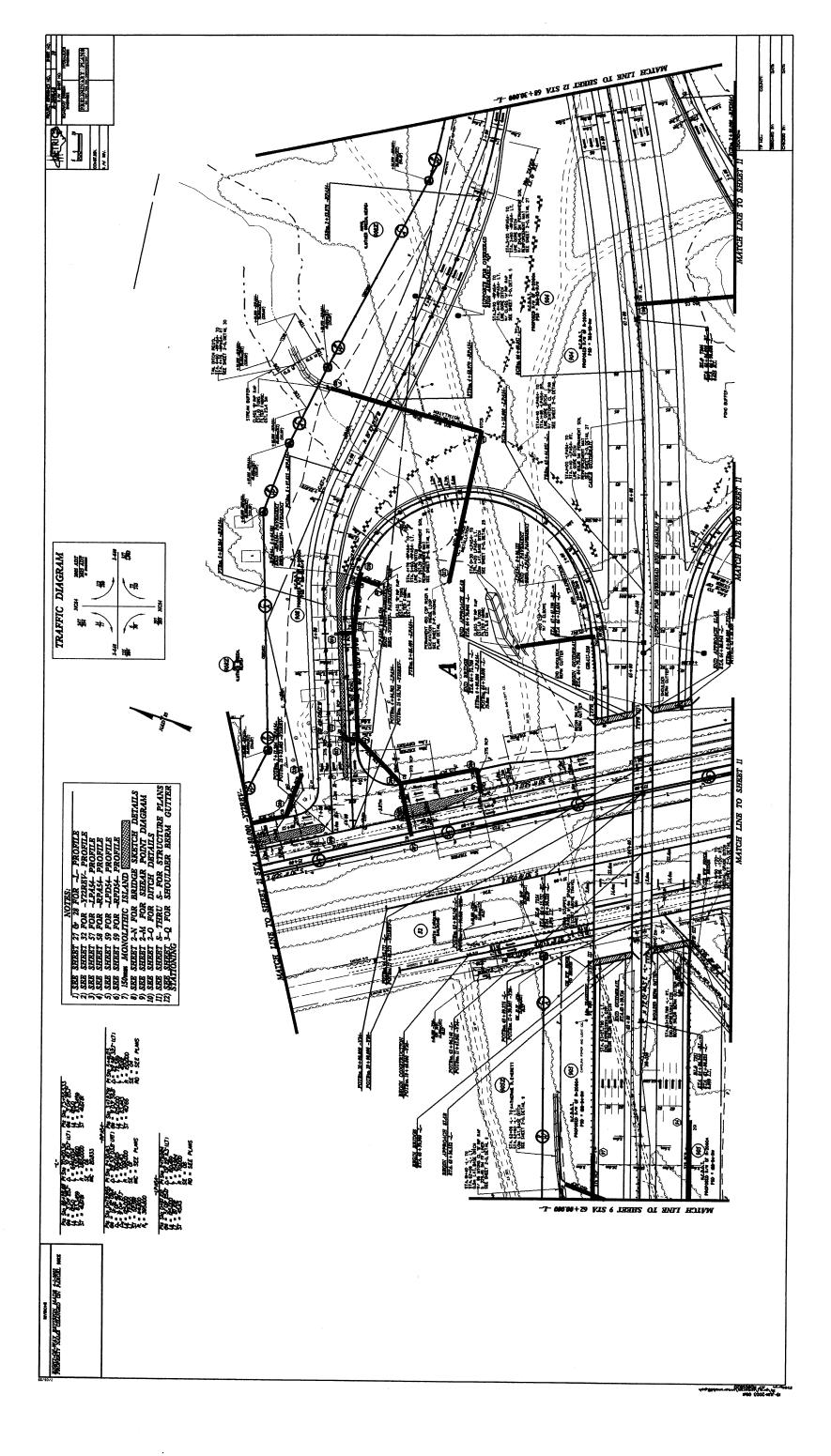


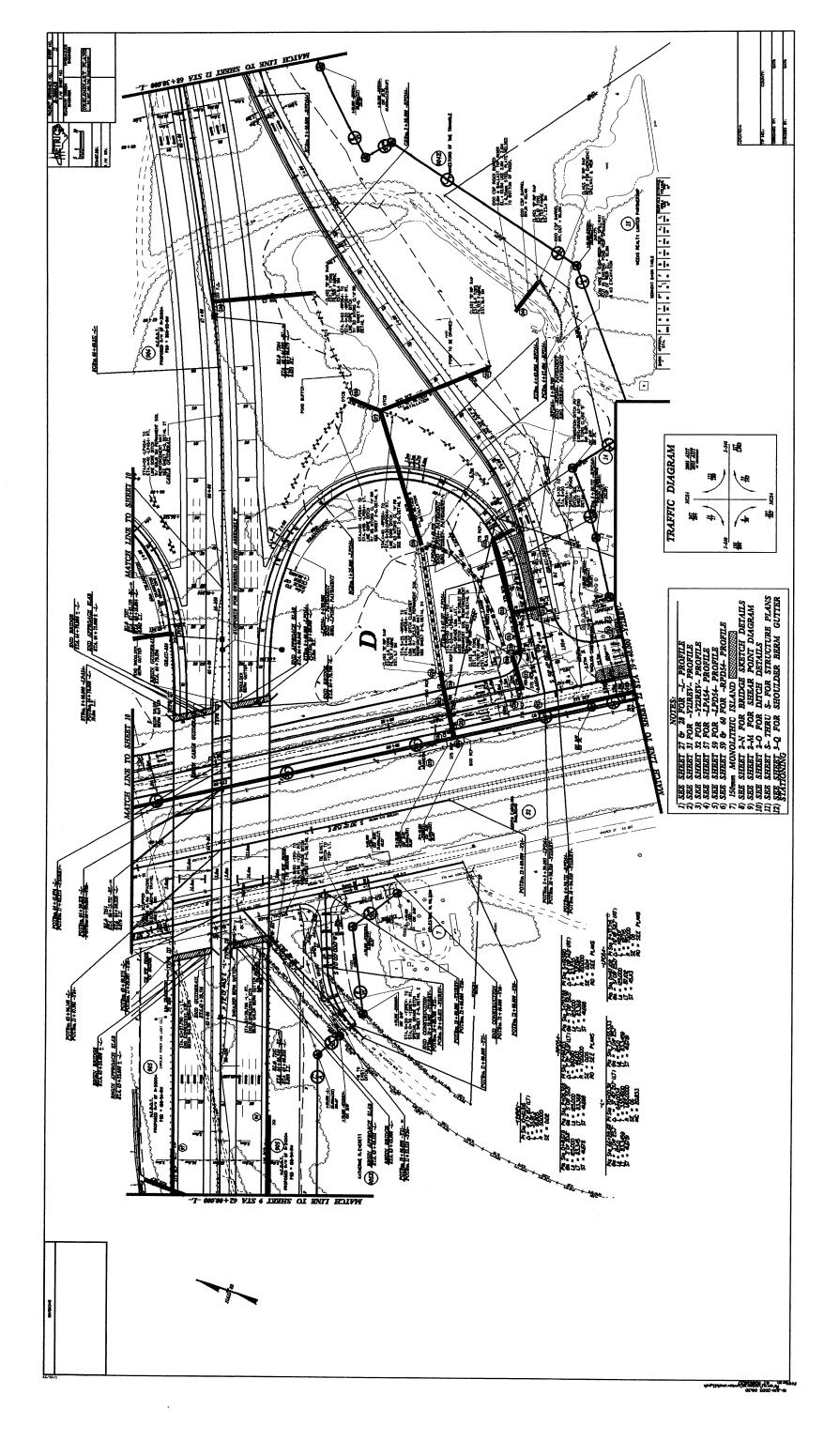


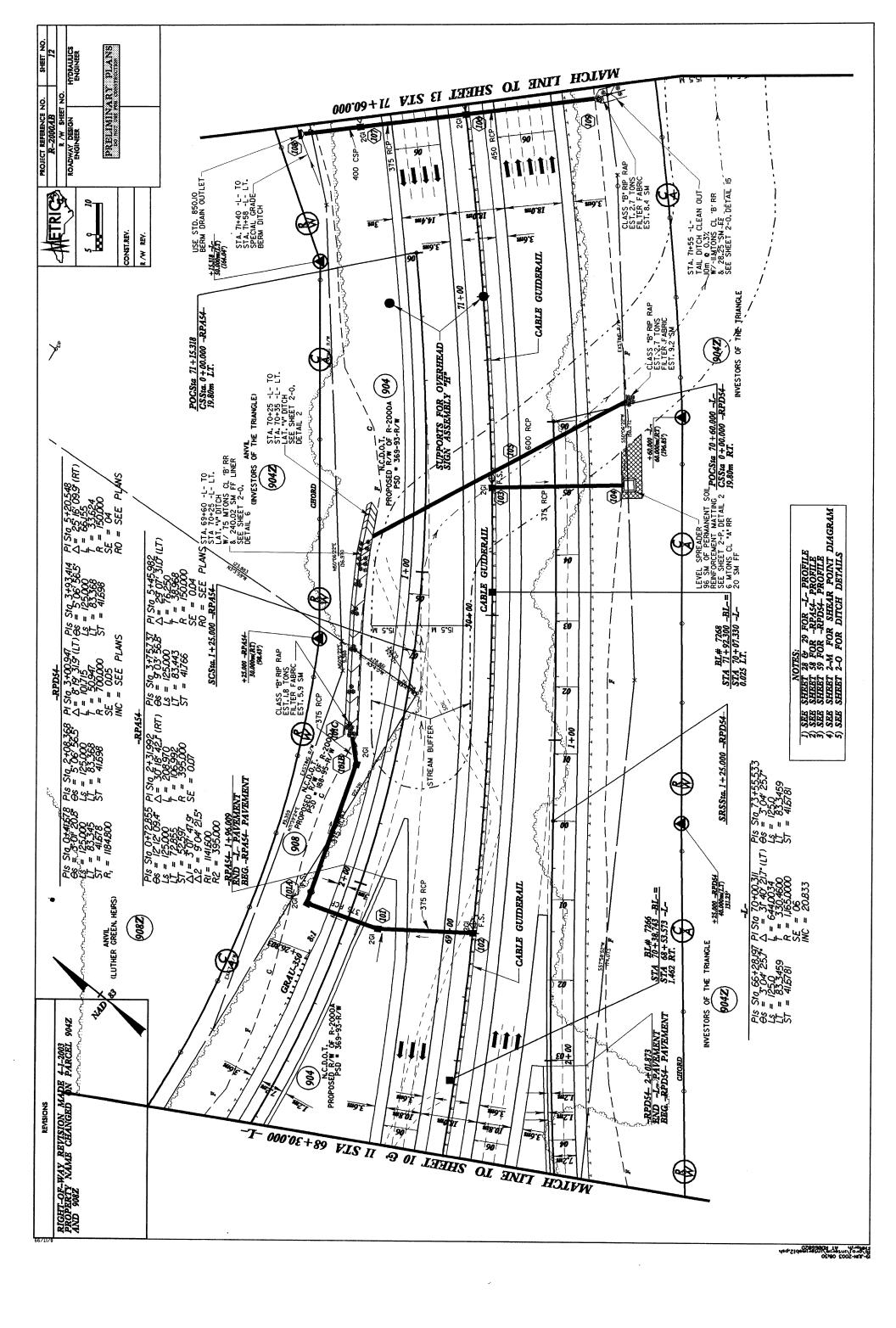


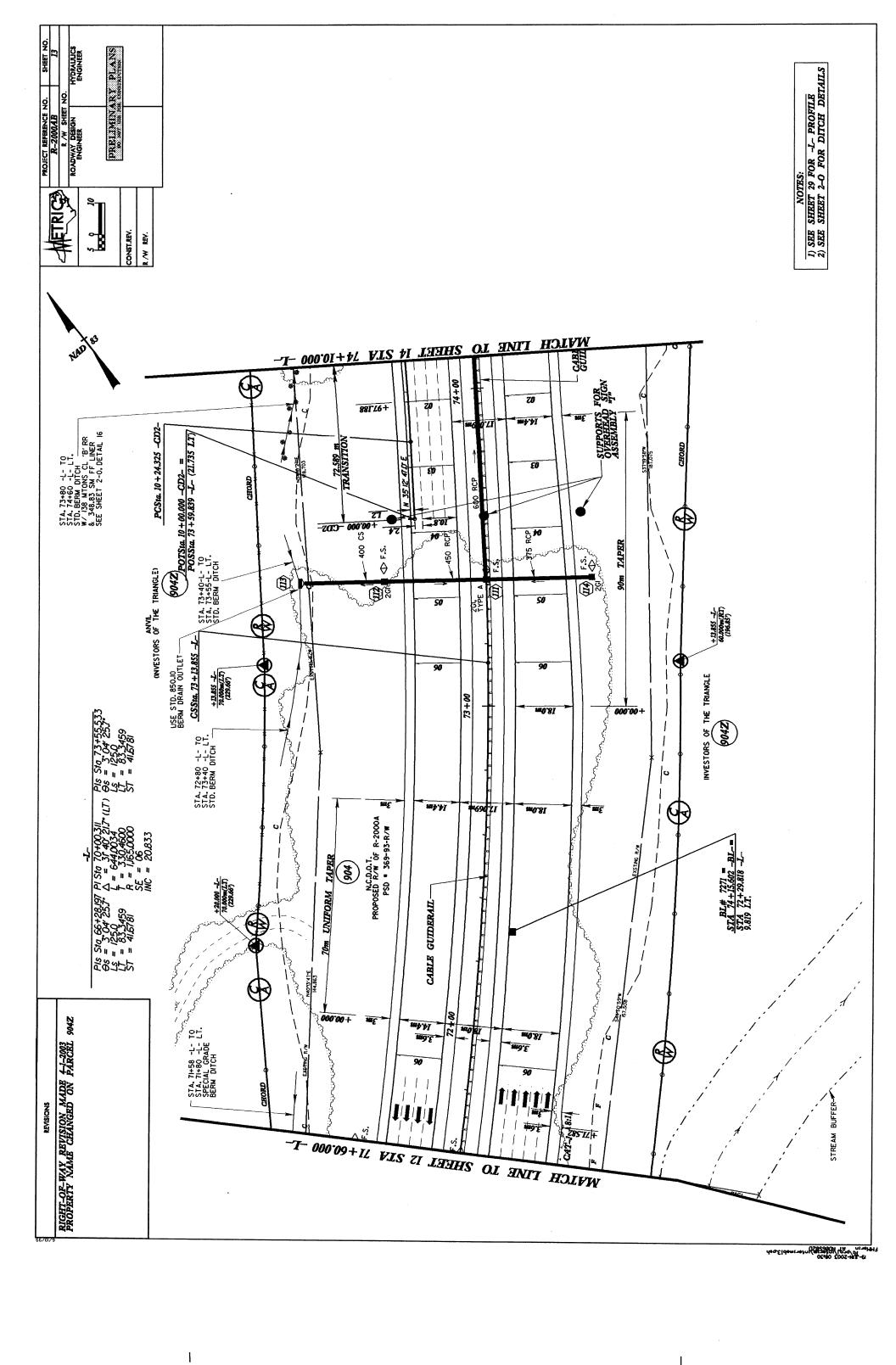


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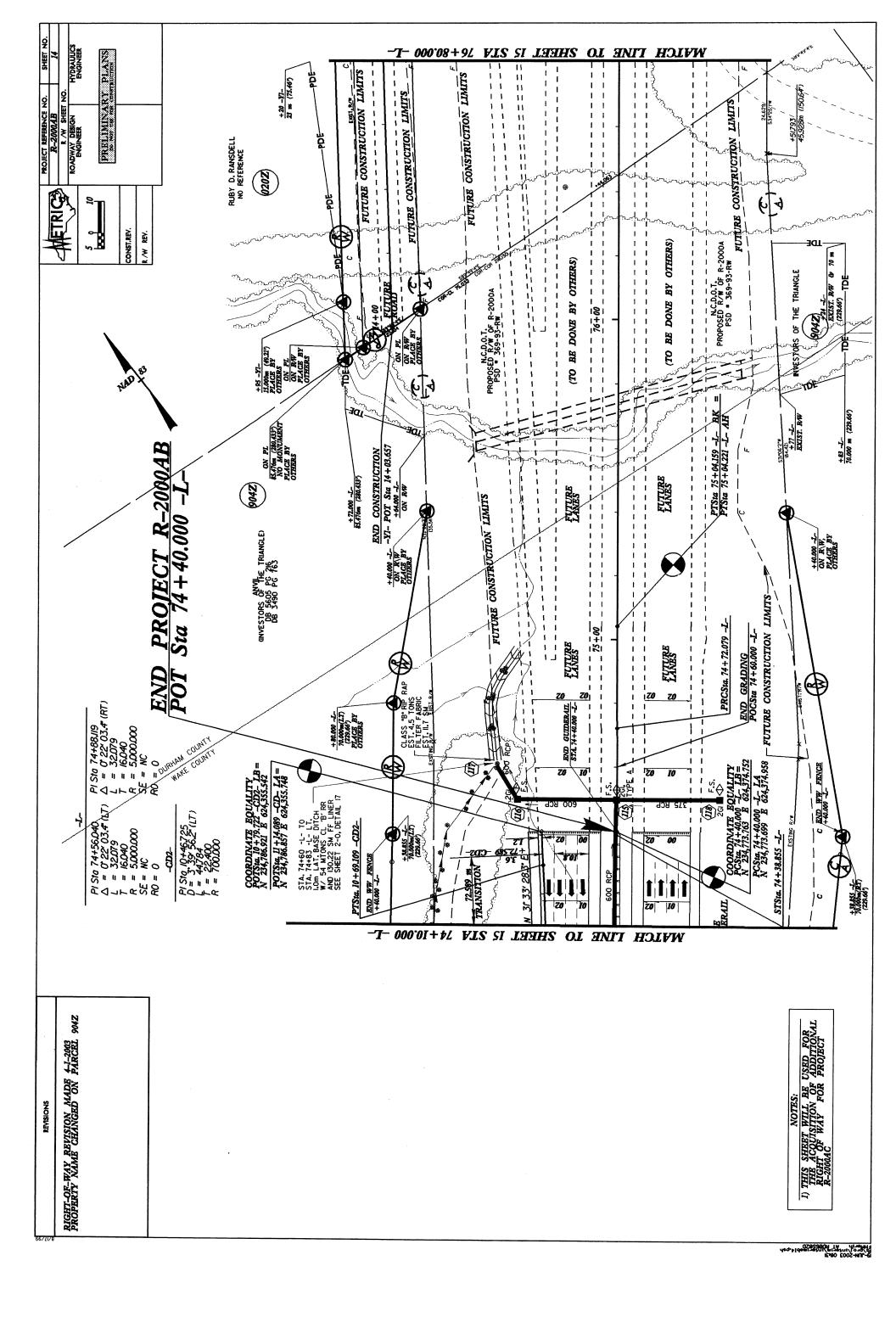




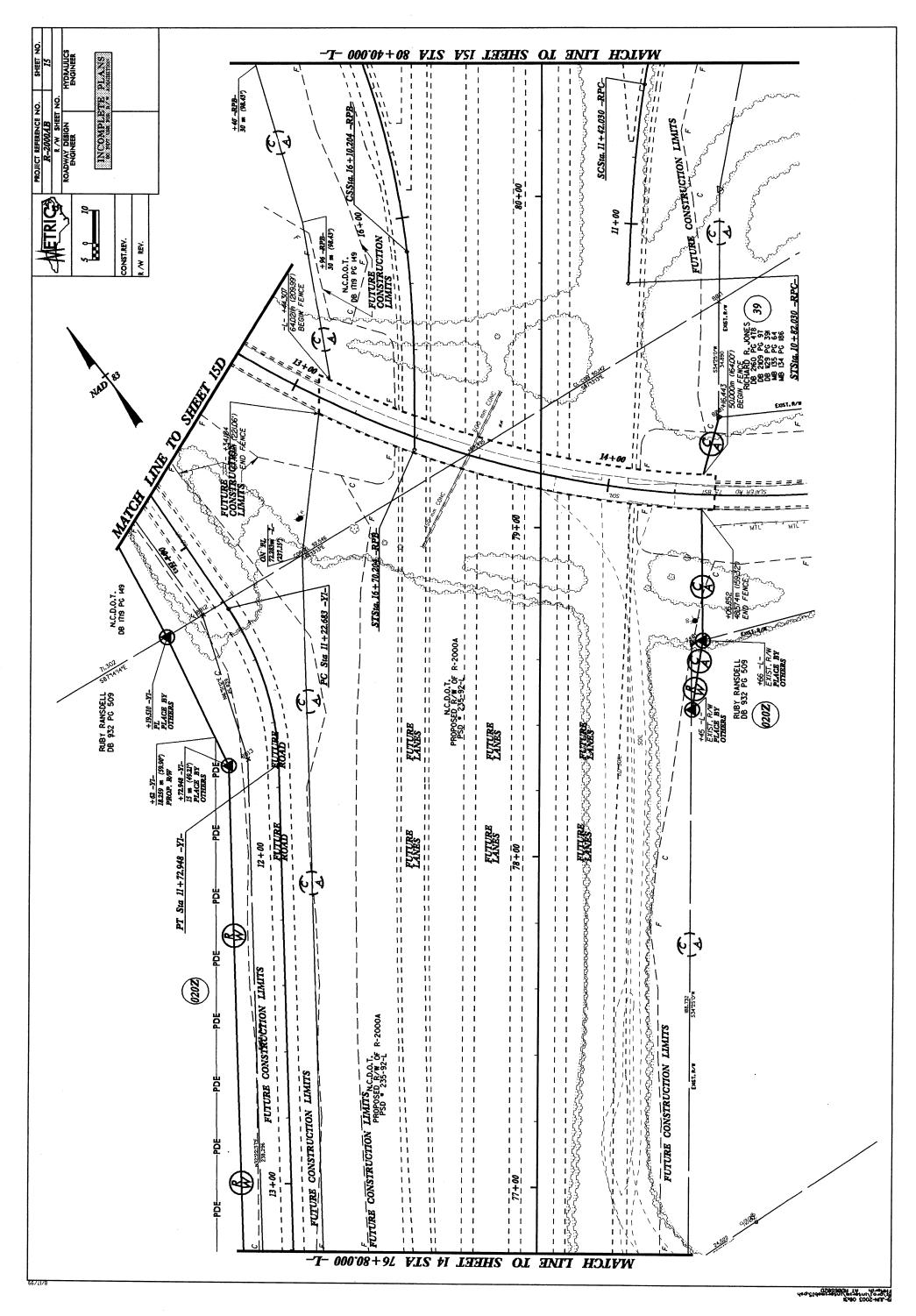




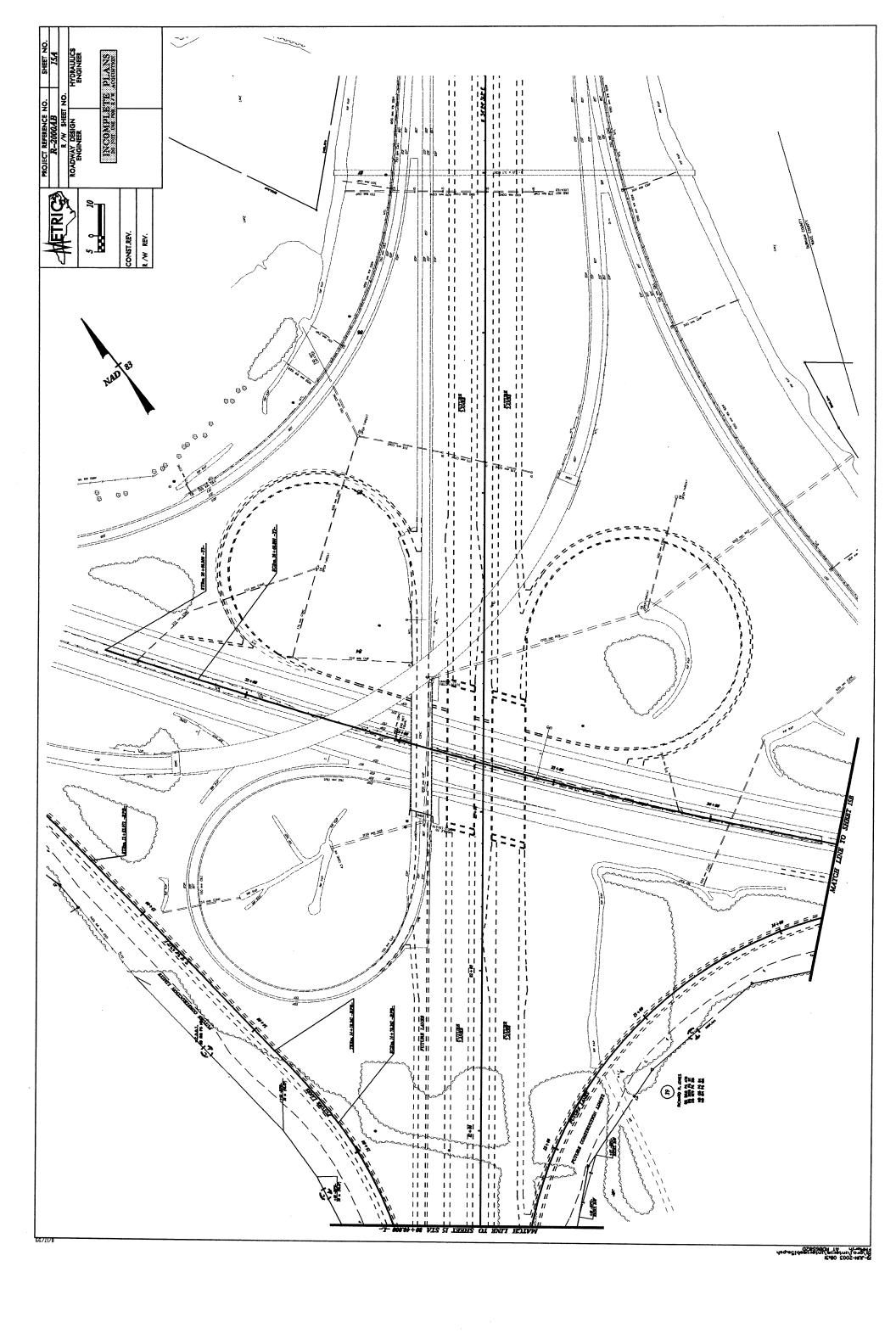
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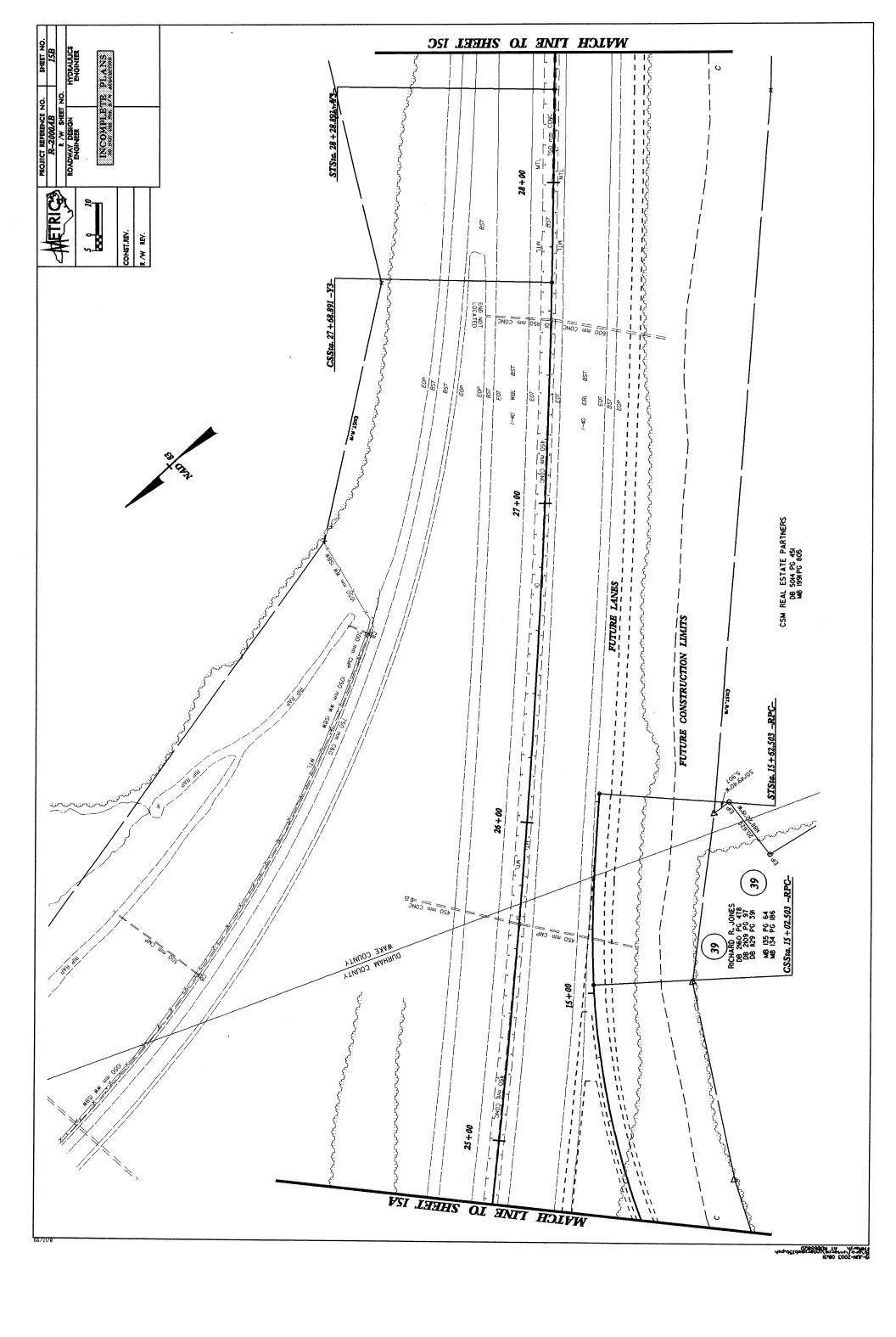


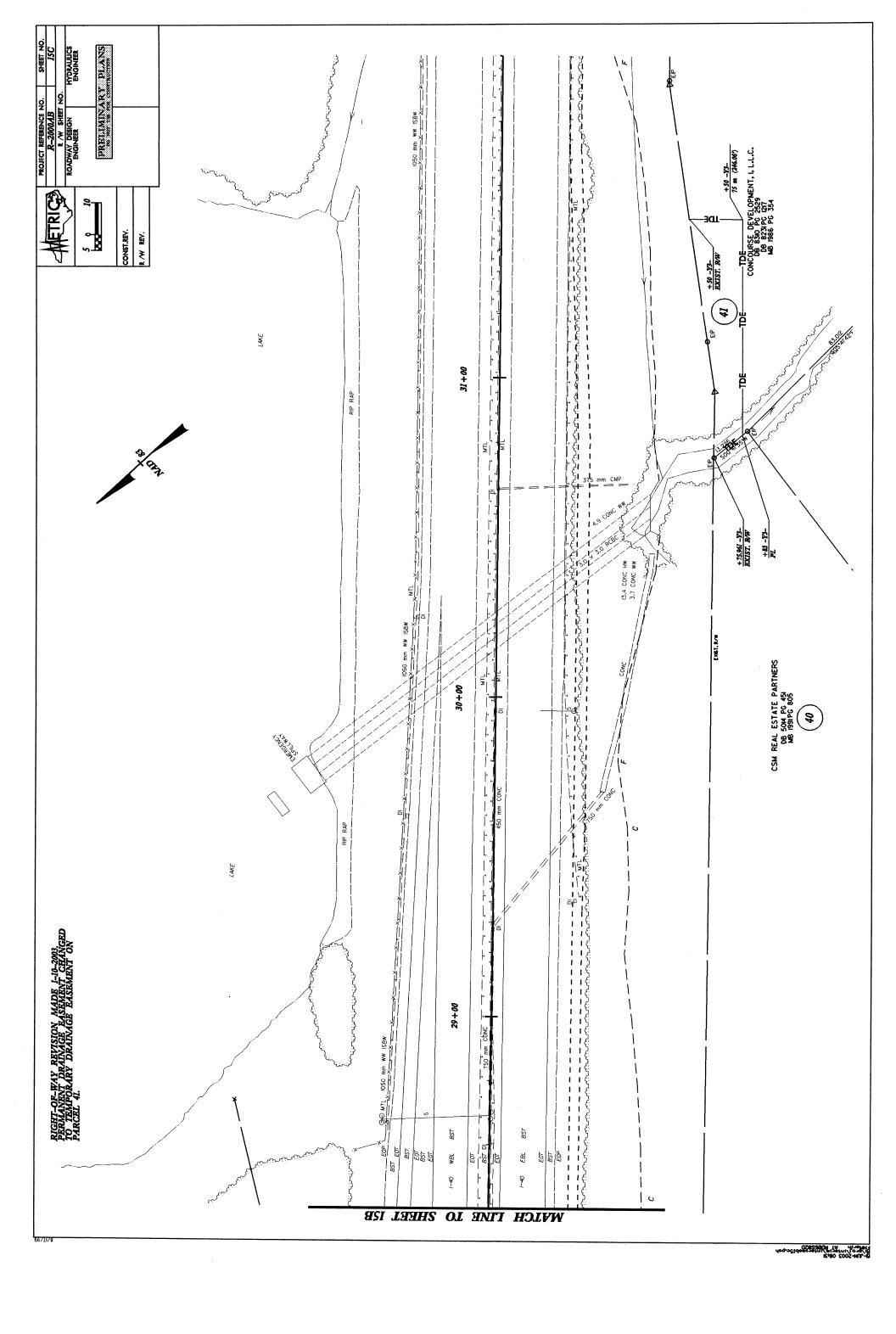
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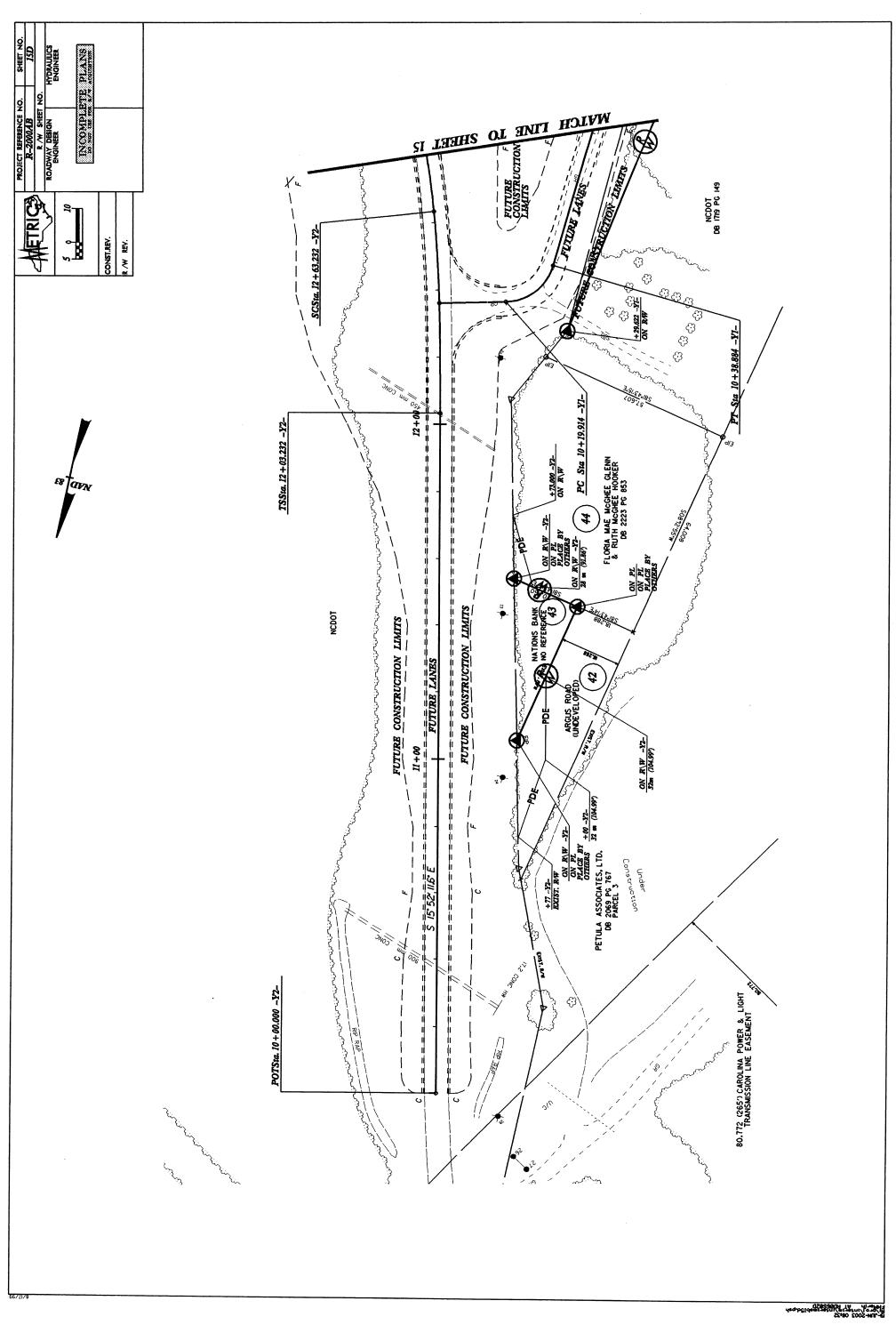


MVS EXLENDED BYCK IO LHE WONDWENL VI II+20-210 -XI-10+20-222 ON EXISLING BOM I'INE VND BOM I'INE WONDWENL MVS VEDDED ON -XI- VI SIVILON FYBROLLS BEÖNESL VI B-2000VC HI'V NEM BOM BICHL OF MVX BENISION WYDE 2-25-03 FEB IRVCY



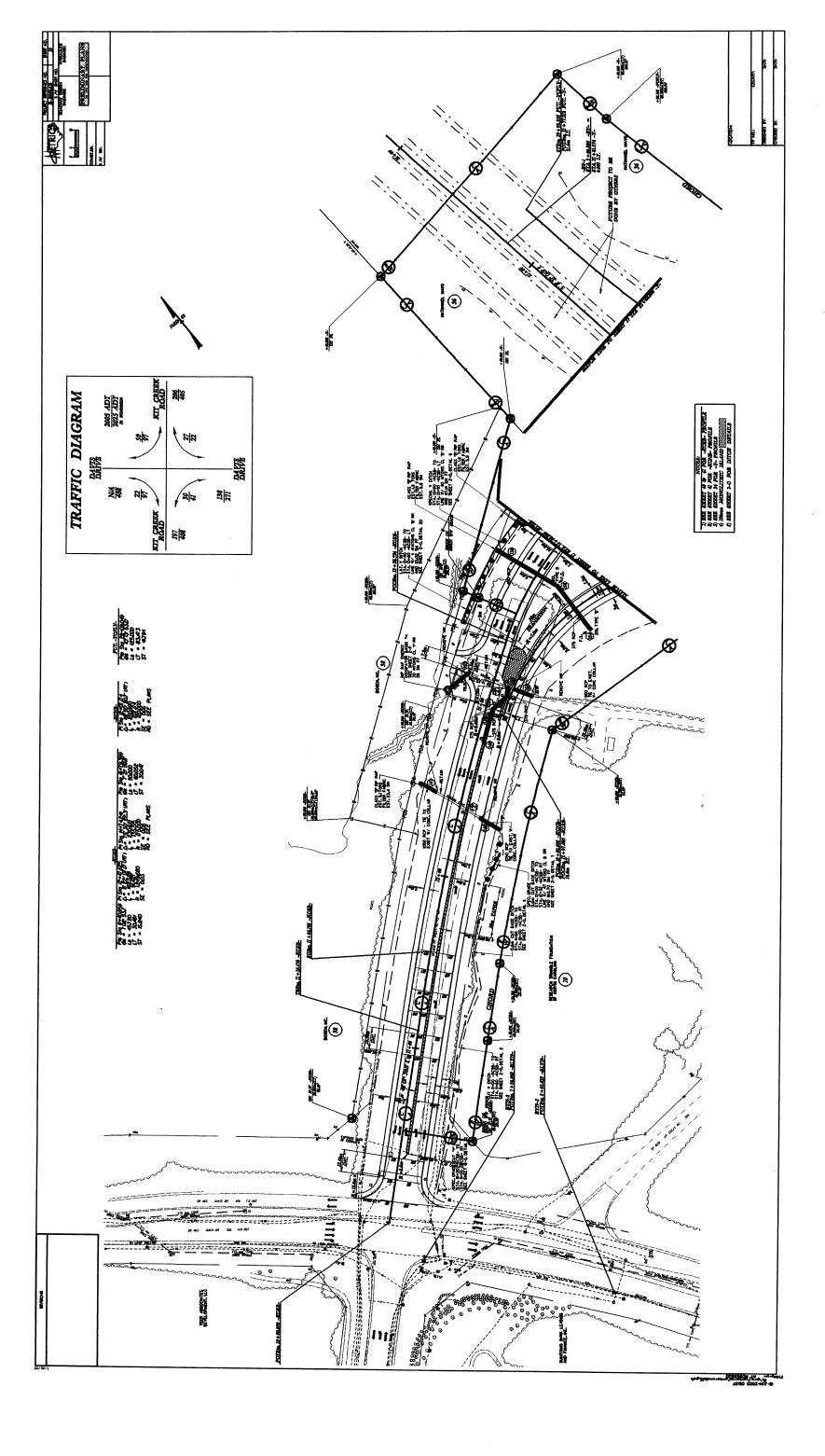


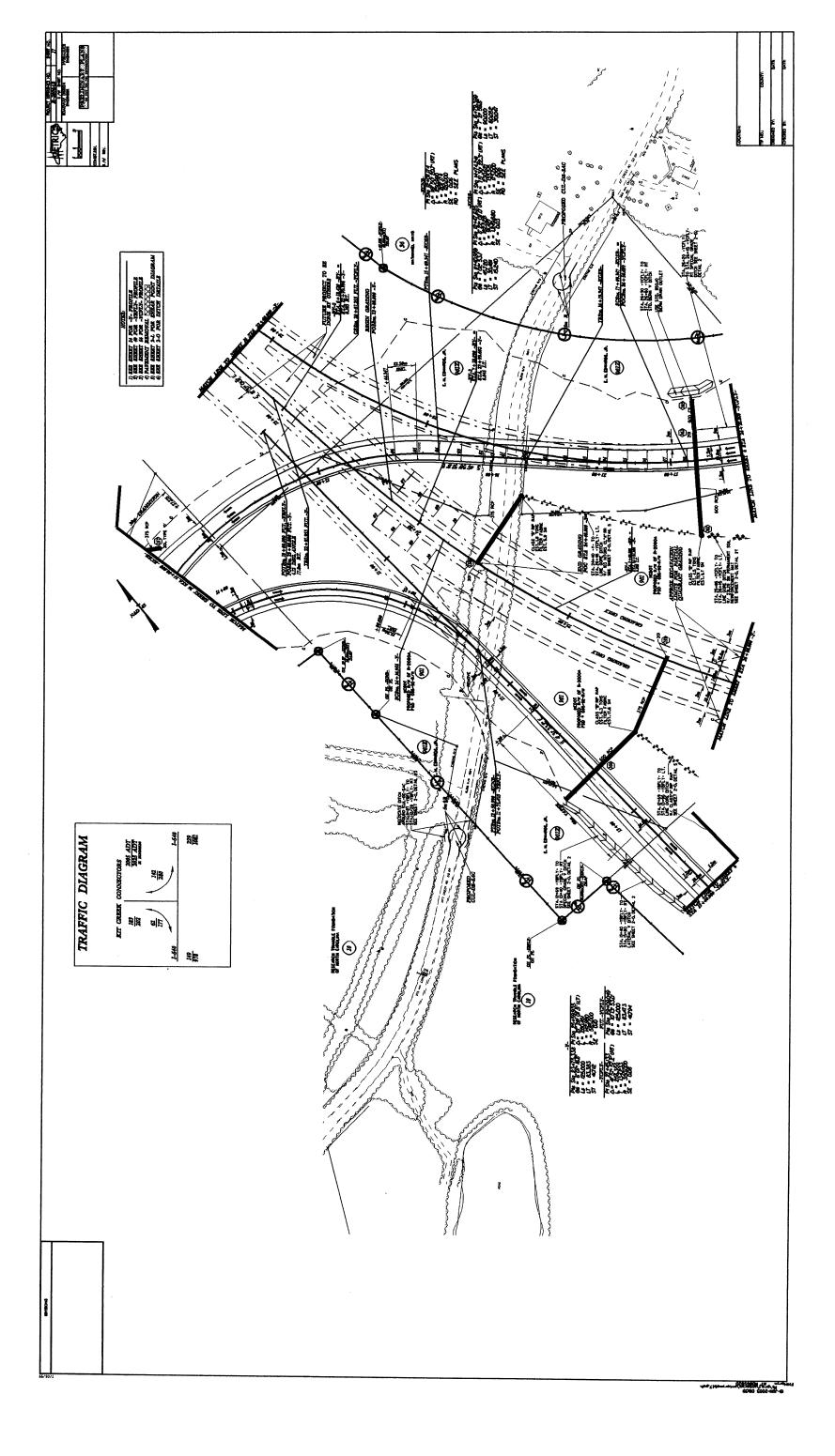


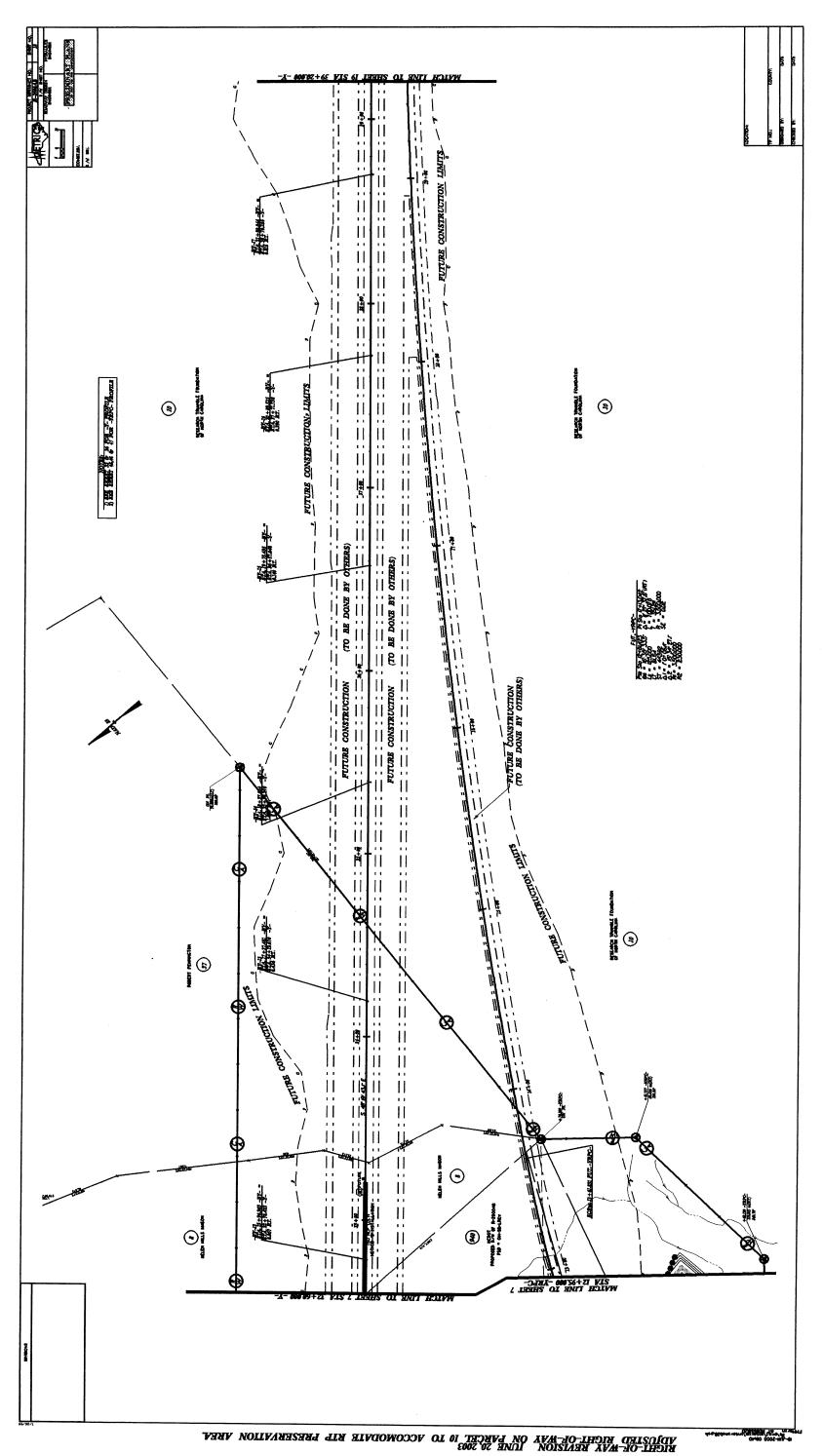


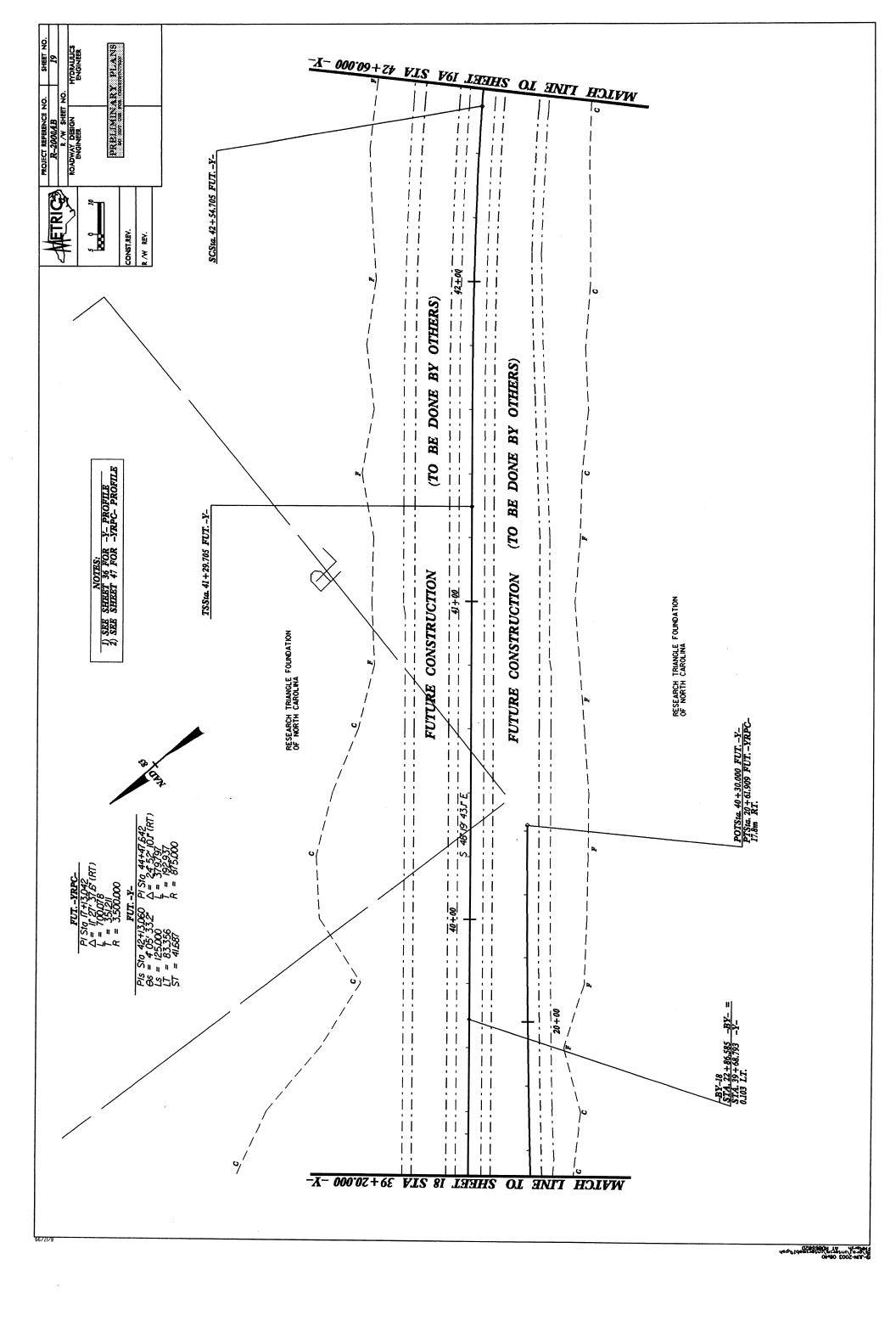
WAS EXTENDED BACK TO THE MONUMENT AT 11+59.510 -YI.
10+29.622 ON EXISTING ROW LINE AND ROW LINE
MONUMENT WAS ADDED ON -YI. AT STATION
PARROTTS REQUEST AT R-2000AC FFT. A NEW ROW
RICHT OF WAY REVISION MADE 5-22-03 FER TRACY

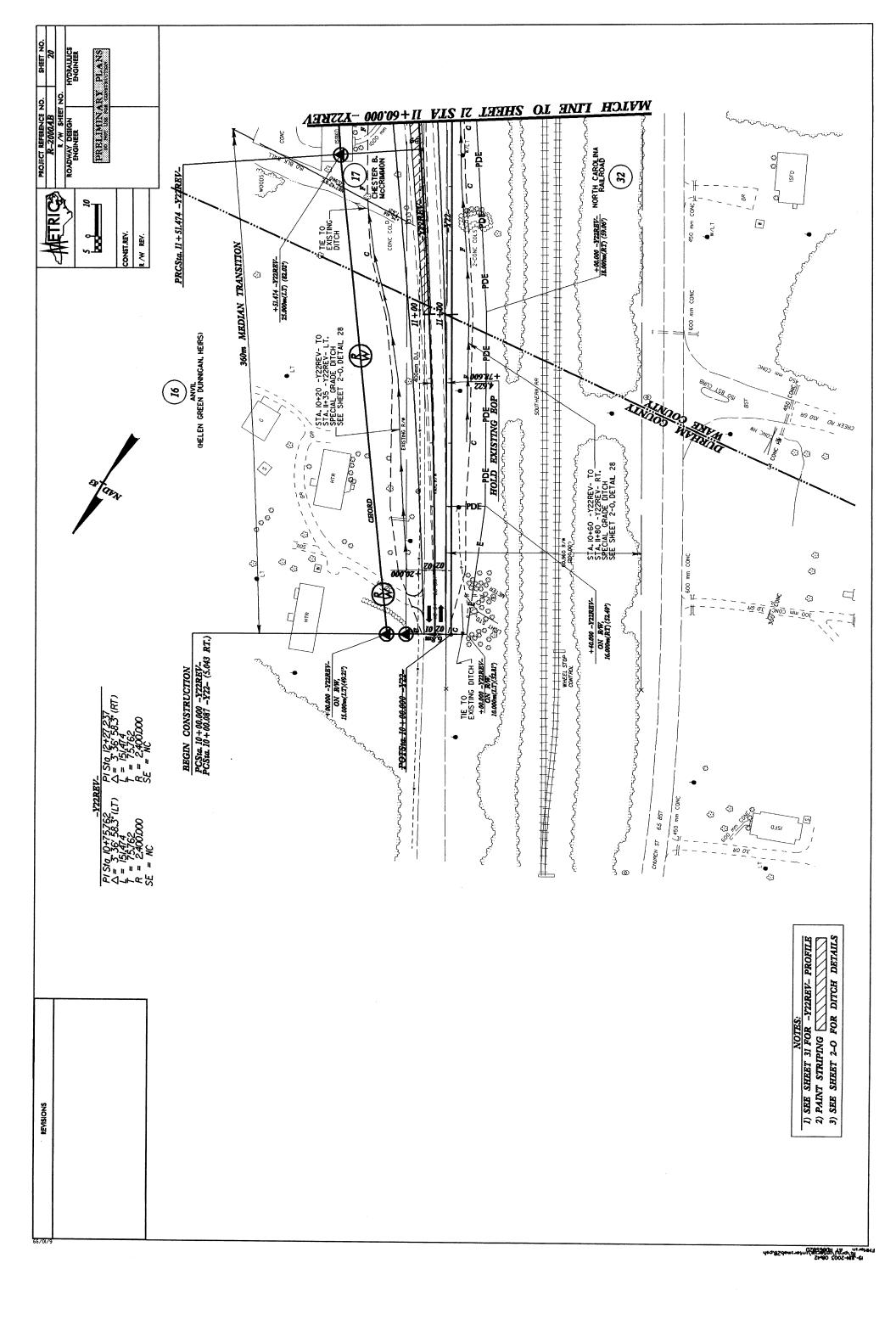
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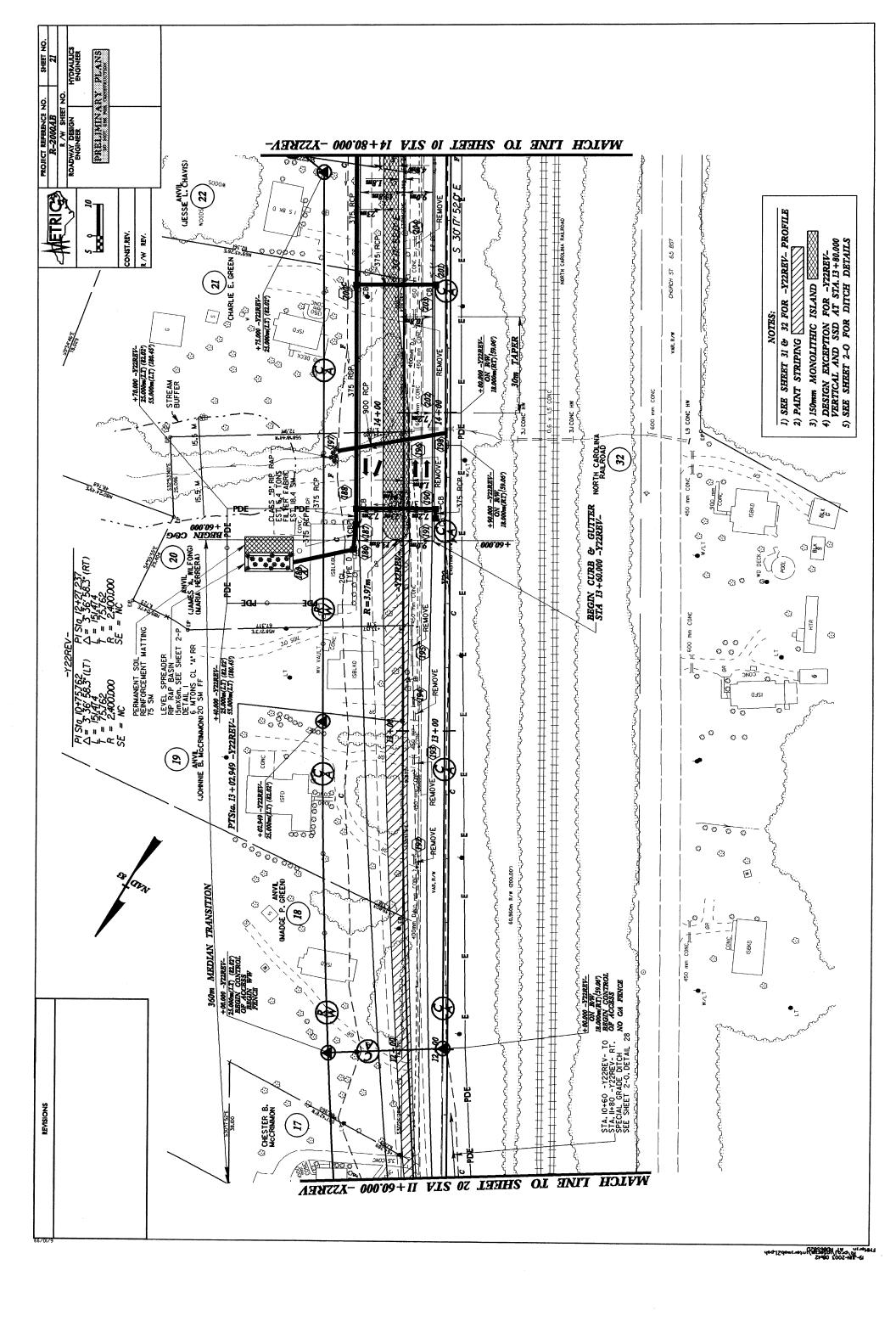


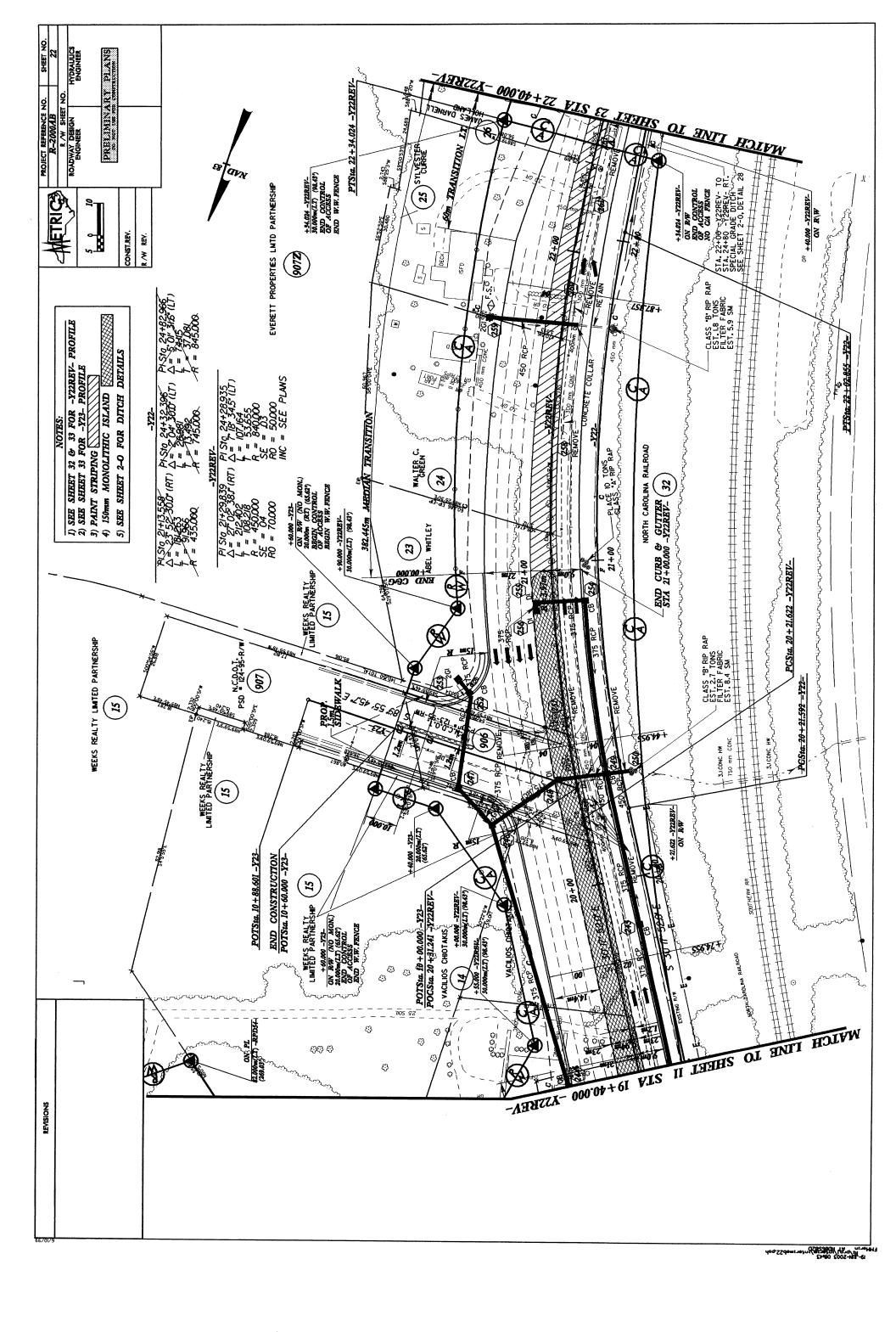


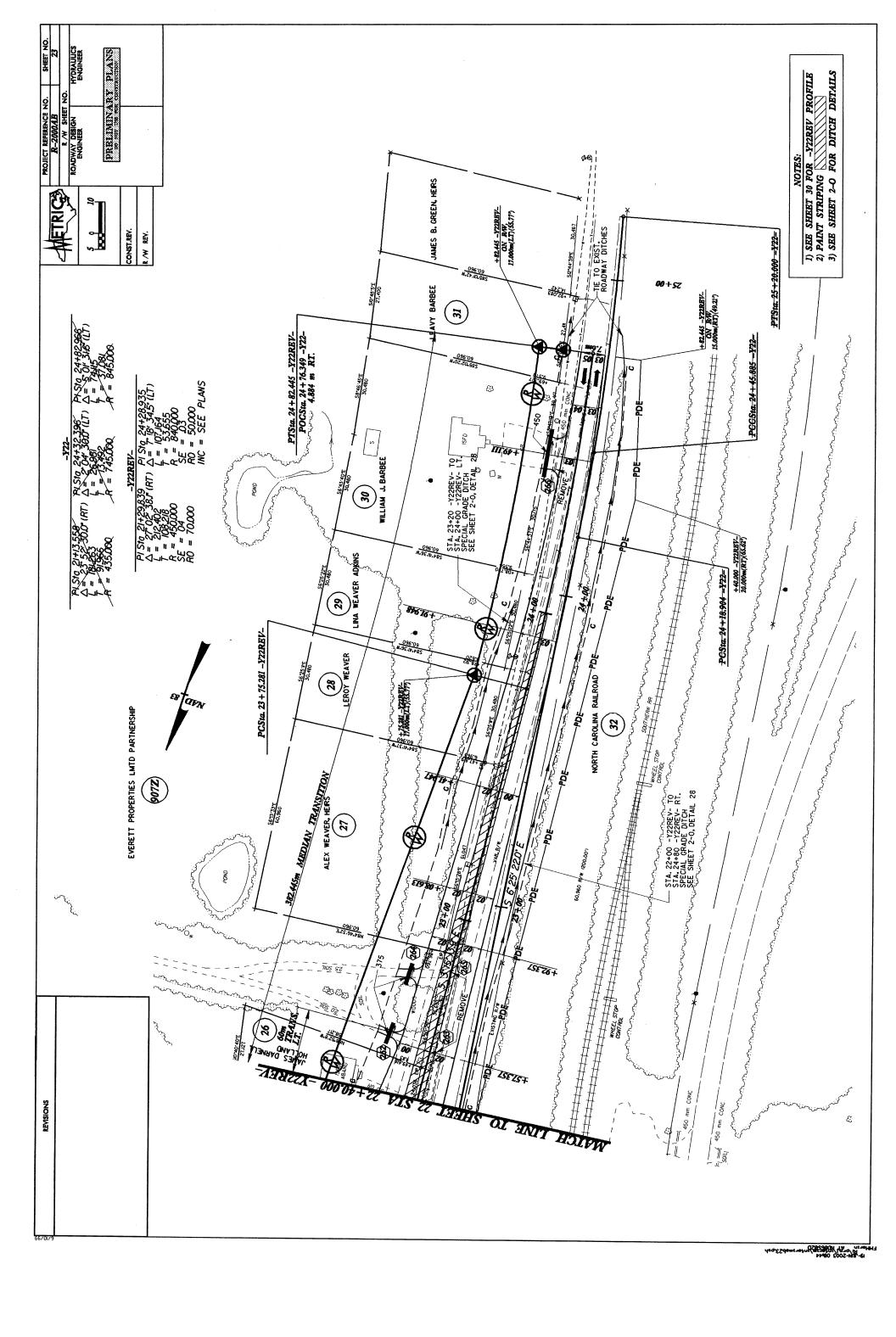


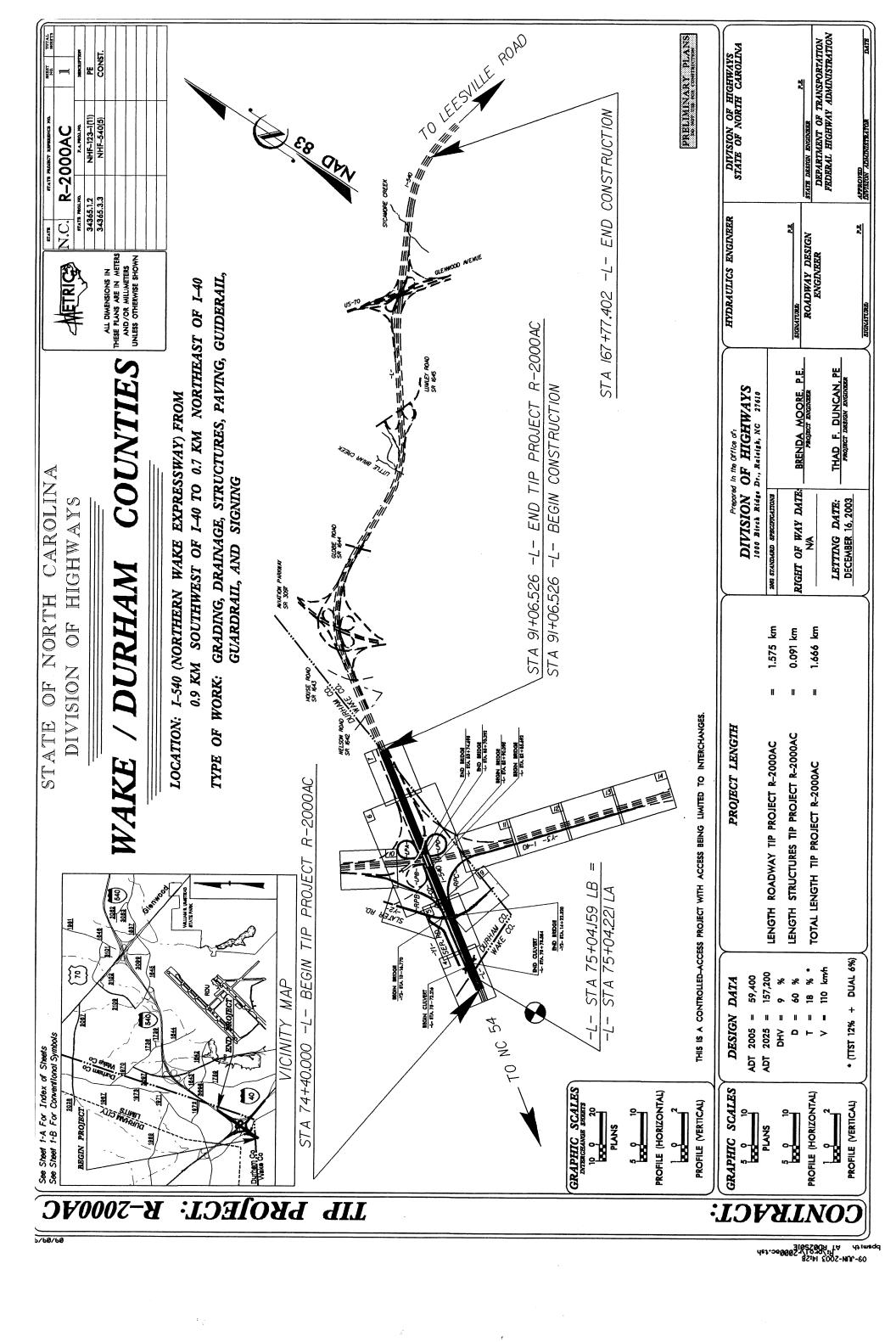












STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

\*S.U.E = SUBSURFACE UTILITY ENGINEER

ITEMS

**RELATED** 

ROADS &

# CONVENTIONAL SYMBOL

Prop. Power Pole Drainage Boxes Exist. Telephone Pole Prop. Telephone Pole Pipe Culvert Prop. Joint Use Pole Paved Ditch Gutter **Telephone Pedestal** Head & End Wall Footbridge Cable TV Pedestal Exist. Power Pole Exist. Pole Satellite Dish Hydrant MINOR Prop. Temp. Construction Easement Line Prop. Temp. Drainage Easement Line .... Prop. Right of Way Line with Proposed Prop. Right of Way Line with Proposed Curb Cut For Future Wheelchair Ramp Exist, Guardrail RIGHT OF WAY RW marker (Iron Pin & Cap) Prop. Perm. Drainage Easement Line Exist. Right of Way Line wMarker Existing Right of Way Marker (Concrete or Granite) R/w Marker HYDROLOGY Exist. Control of Access Line Prop. Control of Access Line Stream or Body of Water Prop. Woven Wire Fence Exist. Easement Line Prop. Barbed Wire Fence Prop. Chain Link Fence Prop. Cable Guiderail Prop. Slope Stakes Cut Prop. Wheelchair Ramp Baseline Control Point Prop. Slope Stakes Fill Exist. Cable Guiderail Equality Symbol
Pavement Removal Edge of Pavement Prop. Guardrail

Television or Radio Tower Tank; Water, Gas, Oil Traffic Signal Junction Box Sanitary Sewer Manhole Telephone Manhole Storm Sewer Manhole Water Tank With Legs Fiber Optic Splice Box Gas Valve Power Transformer Water Manhole ... H-Frame Pole Power Line Tower Gas Meter Telephone Booth Pole with Base Sewer Clean Out Power Manhole Light Pole Exist. Water Valve Prop Lateral, Tail, Head Ditches STRUCTURES River Basin Buffer Disappearing Stream. Swamp Marsh ... Spring

 $\boxtimes$ 

Designated Sanitary Sewer Force Main(S.U.E.\*)... FSS....FS Designated Water Line (S.U.E.\*) Designated UC Telephone Conduit (S.U.E.\*) Designated Fiber Optics Cable (S.U.E.\*) Designated Telephone Cable (S.U.E.\*) Abandoned According to U/G Record Designated Television Cable (S.U.E.\*) Recorded Sanitary Sewer Force Main Recorded UG Telephone Conduit Designated Power Line (S.U.E.\*) Recorded Power Line Designated Gas Line (S.U.E.\*) Recorded Telephone Cable Recorded Television Cable ... Recorded Fiber Optics Cable Jnknown Utility (S.U.E.\*) J/G Test Hole (S.U.E.\*) Recorded Water Line Exist. Water Meter End of Information Recorded Gas Line Sanitary Sewer Storm Sewer

- EAB -(2) BOUNDARIES & PROPERTIES Existing Endangered Plant Boundaries Existing Endangered Animal Boundaries... Proposed Wetland Boundaries ... Existing Wetland Boundaries .... County Line Fence Line Property Line Symbol Property Corner ..... Reservation Line Parcel Number Township Line Property Monument Property Line roperty Number State Line Exist. Iron Pin City Line

RR Signal Milepost

Switch

Utility Power Line Connects to Traffic Signal Lines Cut Into the Pavement

)conc ww

Bridge, Tunnel, or Box Culvert Bridge Wing Wall, Head Wall and End Wall

09-JUN-2003 II;20 8:/pro]/r2000ac,tsh sicauley AT RD2I230I

Shoreline

Falls, Rapids

Flow Arrow

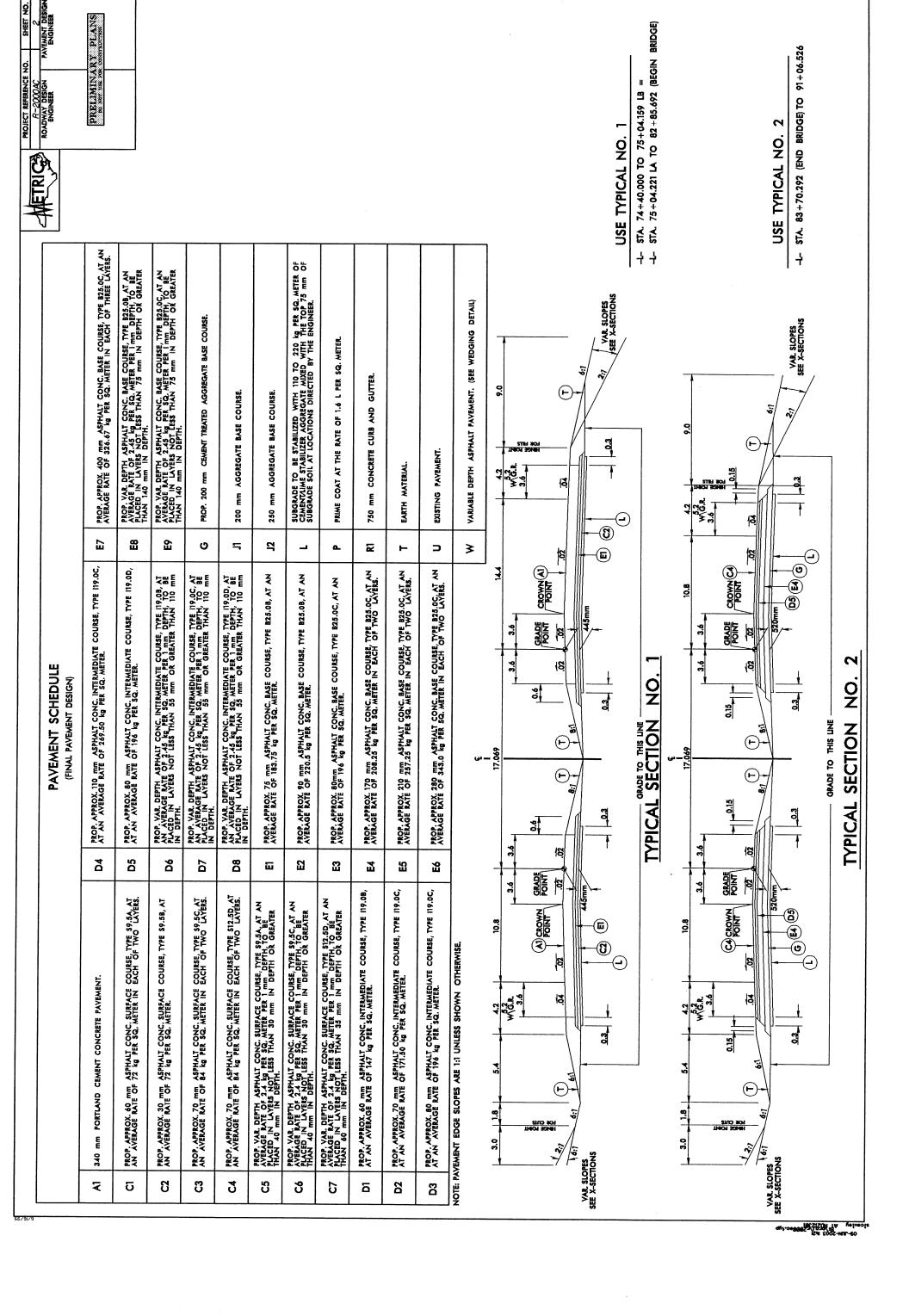
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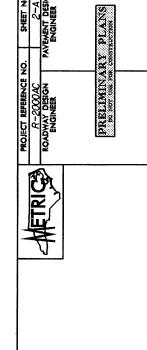
CULTURE				+ <b>{</b> ] ▲	]; ];; ;;		<b>⊙</b> u
& OTHER			Tank Cap				
BUILDINGS & OTHER CULTURE	Buildings Foundations	Area Outline	Gas Pump Vent or UG Tank Cap	Church School	Park	Cemetery Dam	Sign

**€** 

CONC HW 

	Gas Pump Yent or UG Tank Cap Church School Park Cemetery Dam Sign Well Swimming Pool TOPOGRAPHY Loose Surface Change in Road Surface Curb Right of Way Symbol Guard Post Paved Walk Bridge Box Culvert or Tunnel Ferry Culvert	\( \cdot \c
	Footbridge Trail, Footpath Light House  VEGETATION Single Tree	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
†	Hedge Woods Line Orchard Vineyard  RAILROADS Standard Gauge	\$\$\$\$\$\$\$





7.670

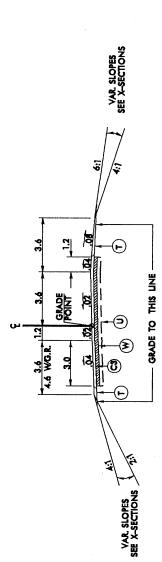
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### USE TYPICAL NO. 3

## USE -L- PAVEMENT DESIGN -CD- STA. 11+14.089 TO 12+70.302 (SEE TYPICAL SECTION NO. 1) -CD- STA. 12+70.302 TO 19+55.000

### USE TYPICAL NO. 4

-CD- STA. 19+55.000 TO 19+73.289 (BEGIN EXIST. BRIDGE) -CD- STA. 20+55.978 (END EXIST. BRIDGE) TO 21+60.000



TYPICAL SECTION NO.

GRADE TO THIS LINE

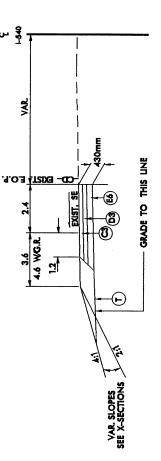
0.15

#### 4 o Z TYPICAL SECTION

1 200mm ABC.
2 250mm ABC.
SUBGRADE STABILIZER.
PRIME COAT.
1 750mm C & G.

EARTH MATERIAL EXIST. PAVEMENT WEDGING.

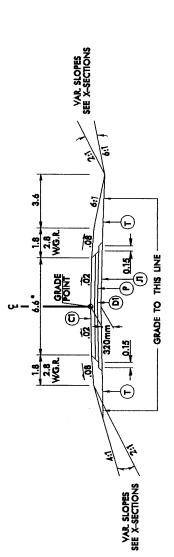
E2 90mm B25.0B.
E3 80mm B25.0C.
E4 170mm B25.0C.
E5 210mm B25.0C.
E6 280mm B25.0C.
E7 400mm B25.0C.
E8 VAR B25.0B.
E9 VAR B25.0C.
G 200mm CTABC.



-CD- STA. 25+75.374 TO 32+14.283

USE TYPICAL NO. 4-A

## TYPICAL SECTION NO.



### S Ö Z TYPICAL SECTION

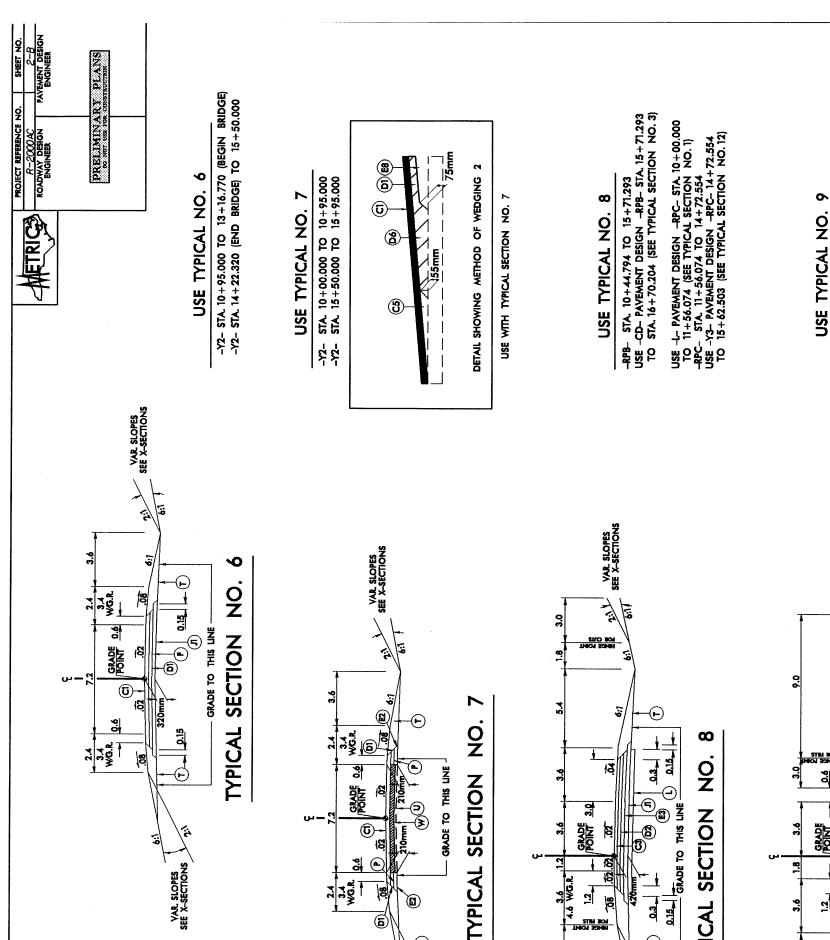
## USE TYPICAL NO. 5

-Y1- STA. 10+18.076 TO 10+48.884 TRANSITION FROM 8.6 LANE WIDTH TO 6.6 LANE WIDTH -Y1- STA. 10+48.884 TO 13+98.063

DETAIL SHOWING METHOD OF WEDGING 1

USE WITH TYPICAL SECTION NO

A1 340mm CONCRETE.
C1 60mm S9.5A.
C2 30mm S9.5B.
C2 70mm S9.5C.
C4 70mm S12.5D.
C5 VAR. S9.5C.
C7 VAR. S12.5D.
D1 60m 119.0C.
D2 70mm 119.0C.
D3 80mm 119.0C.
D4 110mm 119.0C.
D6 VAR. 119.0C.
D7 VAR. 119.0C.
D8 VAR. 119.0C.
D8 VAR. 119.0C.
D9 VAR. 119.0C.
E1 75mm 825.0B.



**6** 

Detail of Asphalt Wearing Surface on Approach Slab USE WITH TYPICAL NO. 6

C2 30mm \$9.58.
C3 70mm \$12.5D.
C4 70mm \$12.5D.
C5 VAR. \$9.54.
C6 VAR. \$9.56.
C7 VAR. \$12.5D.
D1 60m 119.0C.
D3 80mm 119.0C.
D4 110mm 119.0C.
D5 80mm 119.0C.
D6 VAR. 119.0B.
E1 75mm 825.0C.
E1 75mm 825.0C.
E4 170mm 825.0C.
E5 210mm 825.0C.
E6 280mm 825.0C.
E7 400mm 825.0C.
E8 400mm 825.0C.
E9 90mm 625.0C.
E9 90mm 625.0C.

Surface Course Over Approach Slab

(<u>u</u>

Approach Sith End Bent

**a** 

SUBGRADE STABILIZER.
PRIME COAT.
750mm C & G.
EARTH MATERIAL.

250mm ABC.

7

8

TYPICAL

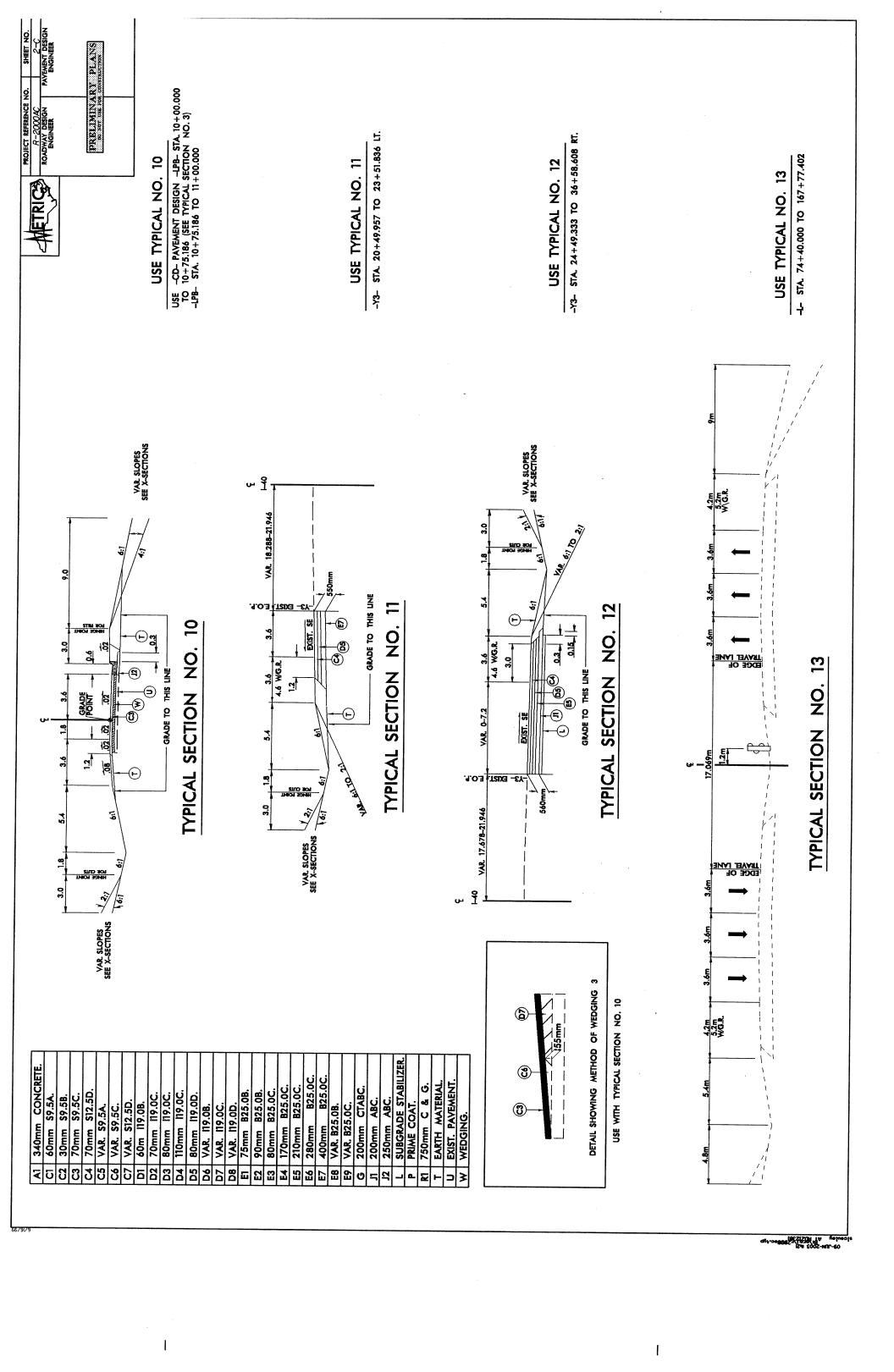
VAR. SLOPES SEE X-SECTIONS

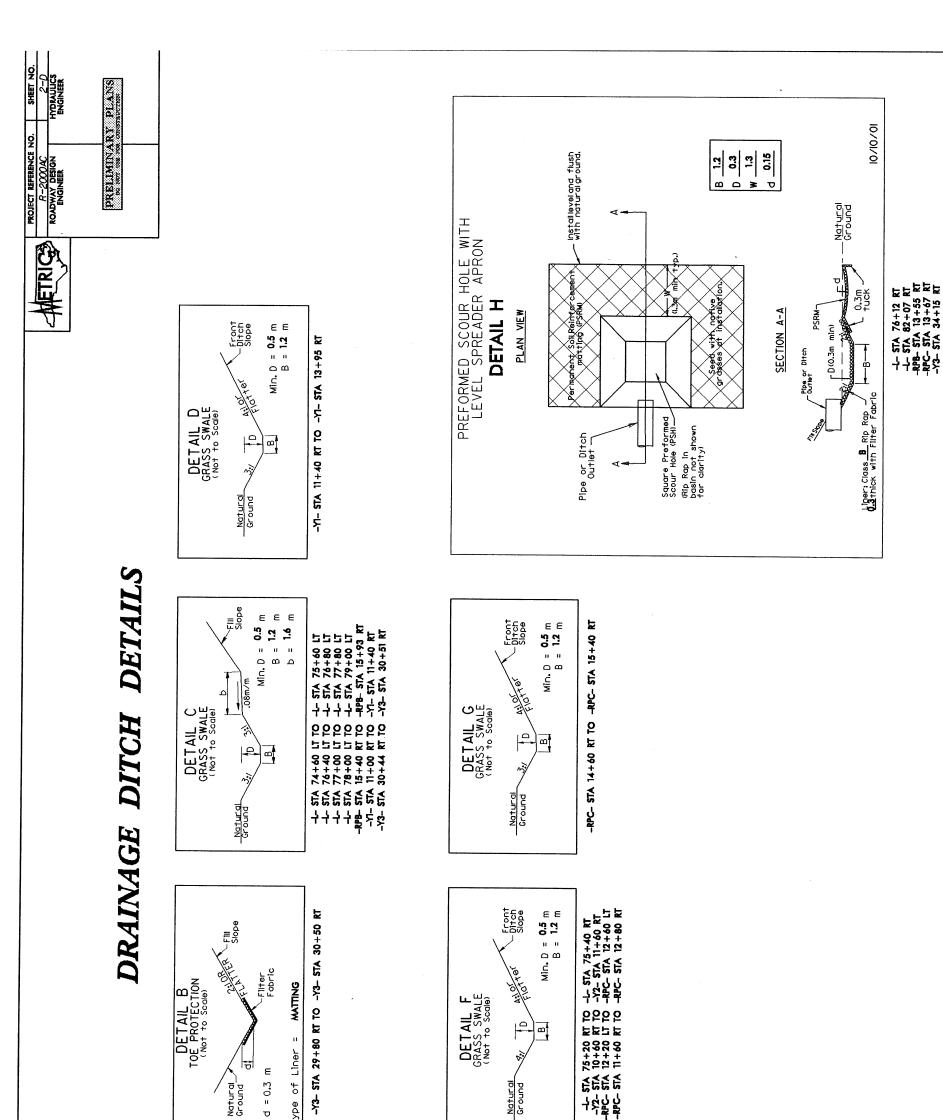
VAR. SLOPES SEE X-SECTIONS POINT 8. 18 6.9 0.15 匂 5,4 Ÿ VAR. SLOPES
SEE X-SECTIONS
(6:1)

USE -Y3- PAVEMENT DESIGN -LPA-STA. 10+00.000
TO STA. 10+78.141 (SEE TYPICAL SECTION NO. 11)
-LPA-STA. 10+78.141 TO 12+85.937
USE -CD- PAVEMENT DESIGN -LPA-STA. 12+85.937
TO 13+56.049 (SEE TYPICAL SECTION NO.4)
USE -L- PAVEMENT DESIGN -LPD-STA. 10+00.000
TO STA. 10+77.611 (SEE TYPICAL SECTION NO. 2)
-LPD-STA. 10+77.611 TO 13+68.778
USE -Y3- PAVEMENT DESIGN -LPD-STA. 13+68.778
TO STA. 14+37.003 (SEE TYPICAL SECTION NO. 1)

### 0 o Z TYPICAL SECTION

44 -2008 - 124 2008 - 140 A





Ground

Fill

10

DETAIL E GRASS SWALE (Not to Scale)

E E E

Min. D = **0.5** r B = **1.2** r b = **1.6** r

-L- STA 76+40 LT

-L- STA 75+80 LT TO

€ Proposed Ditch

(Not to Scale)

L (See chart below)

Oftch Grade

- 2002 FSI

DETAIL I FALSE SUMP

Type of Liner

Min. D = **0.5** m B = **0.6** m D = **1.6** m

-RPB- STA 12+90 RT TO -RPB- STA 13+20 RT -RPB- STA 14+00 RT TO -RPB- STA 15+00 RT -Y3- STA 30+80 RT TO -Y3- STA 31+80 RT

Fill Slope

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.

R. W. SHEET NO.

R. W. SHEET NO.

R. W. SHEET NO.

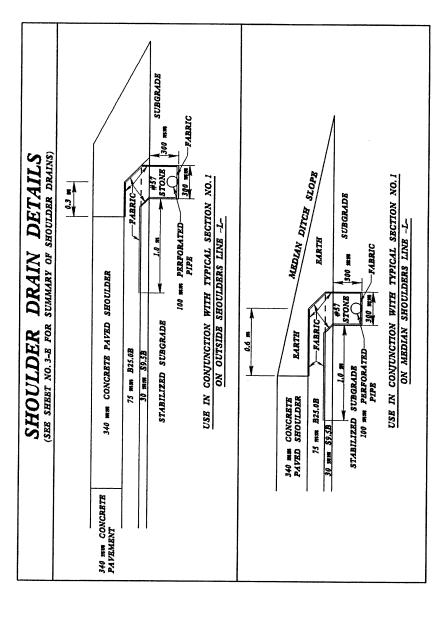
ROADWAY DESIGN

FINGINER

FINGINER

FOR ELIMINARY PLANS

FOR SOCI 158 POR CONSPRICETION



# DETAILS OF CONCRETE SHOULDERS AT GUARDRAIL LOCATIONS USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH TYPICAL SECTION NO. 1 (SEE STD. 862.01 FOR GUARDRAIL PLACEMENT)

3.6 m PAVED SHOULDER

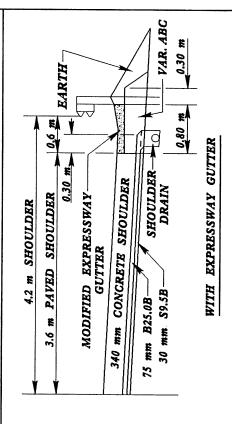
3.6 m CONCRETE SHOULDER

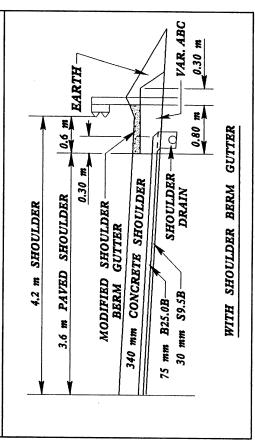
340 mm CONCRETE SHOULDER

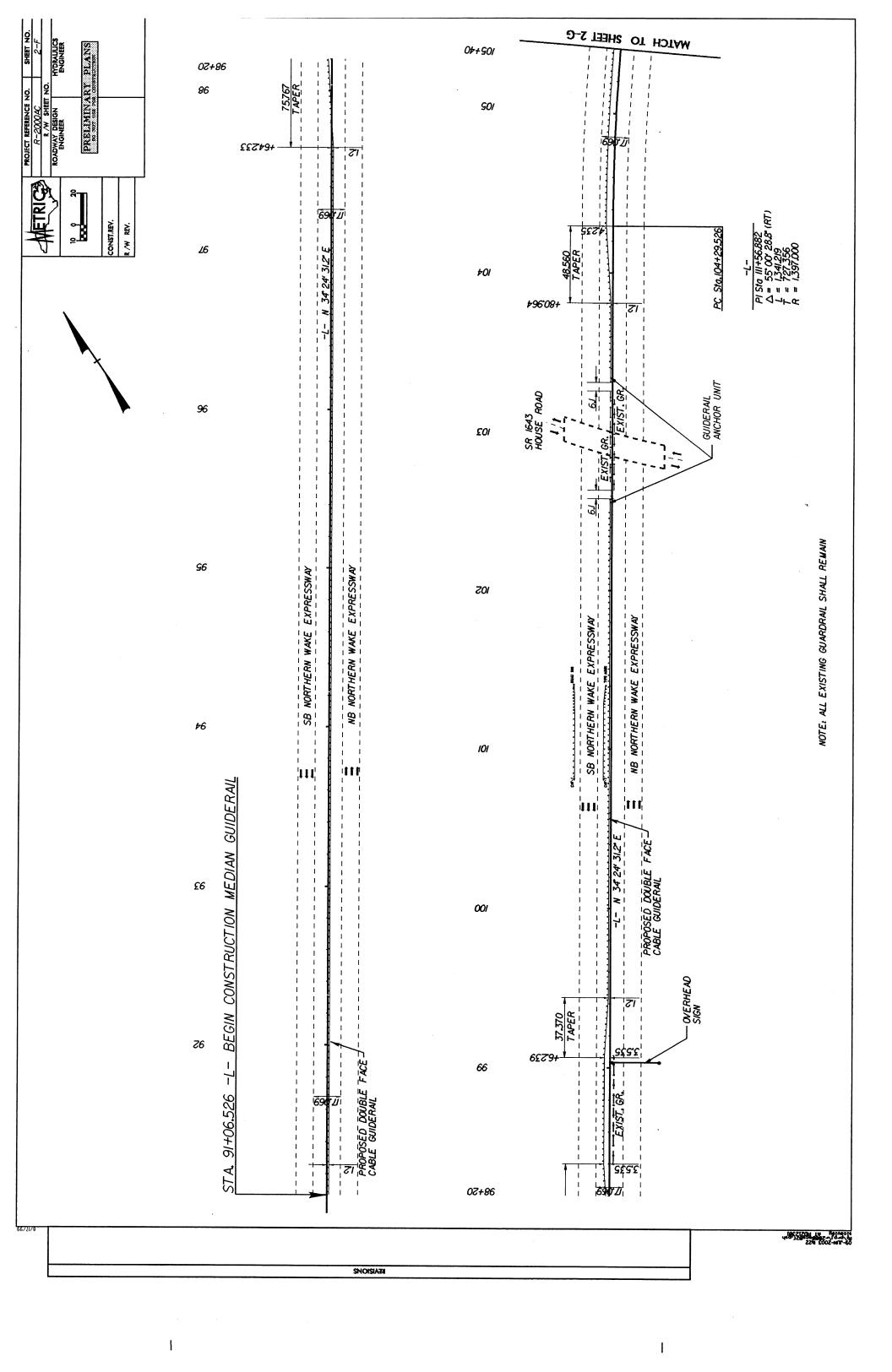
350 mm S9.5B

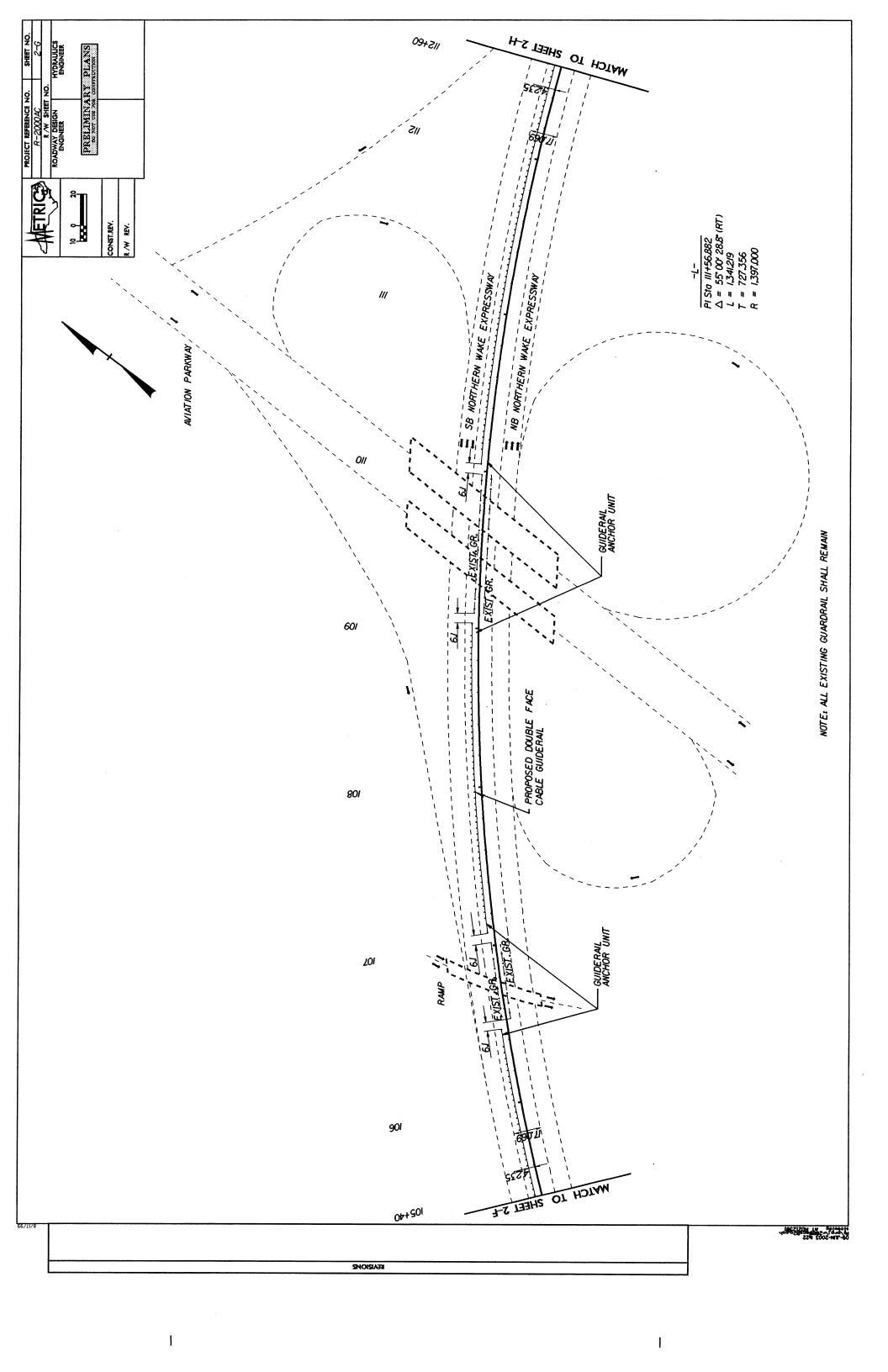
WITHOUT EXPRESSWAY GUTTER

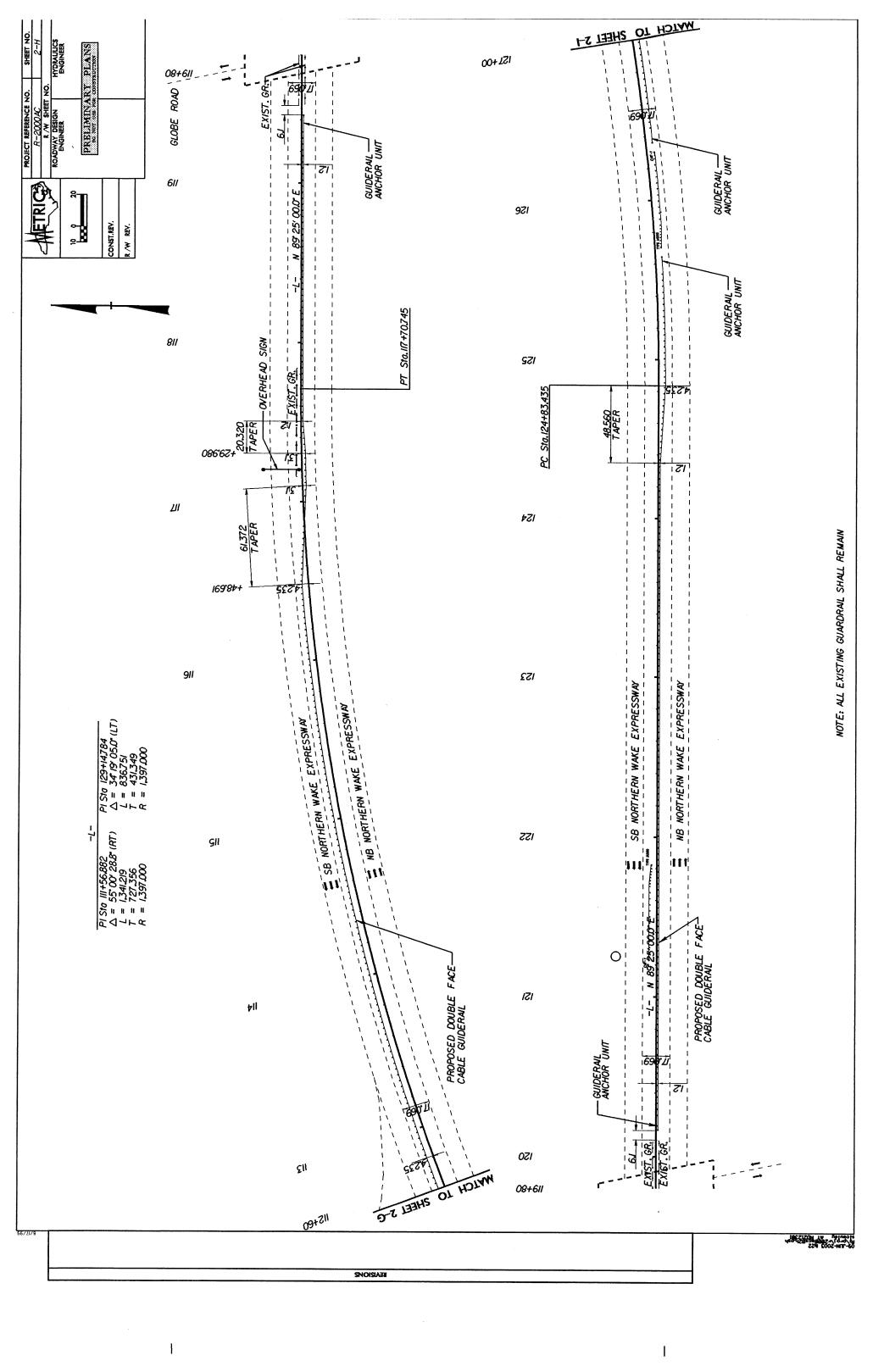
OR SHOULDER BERM GUTTER

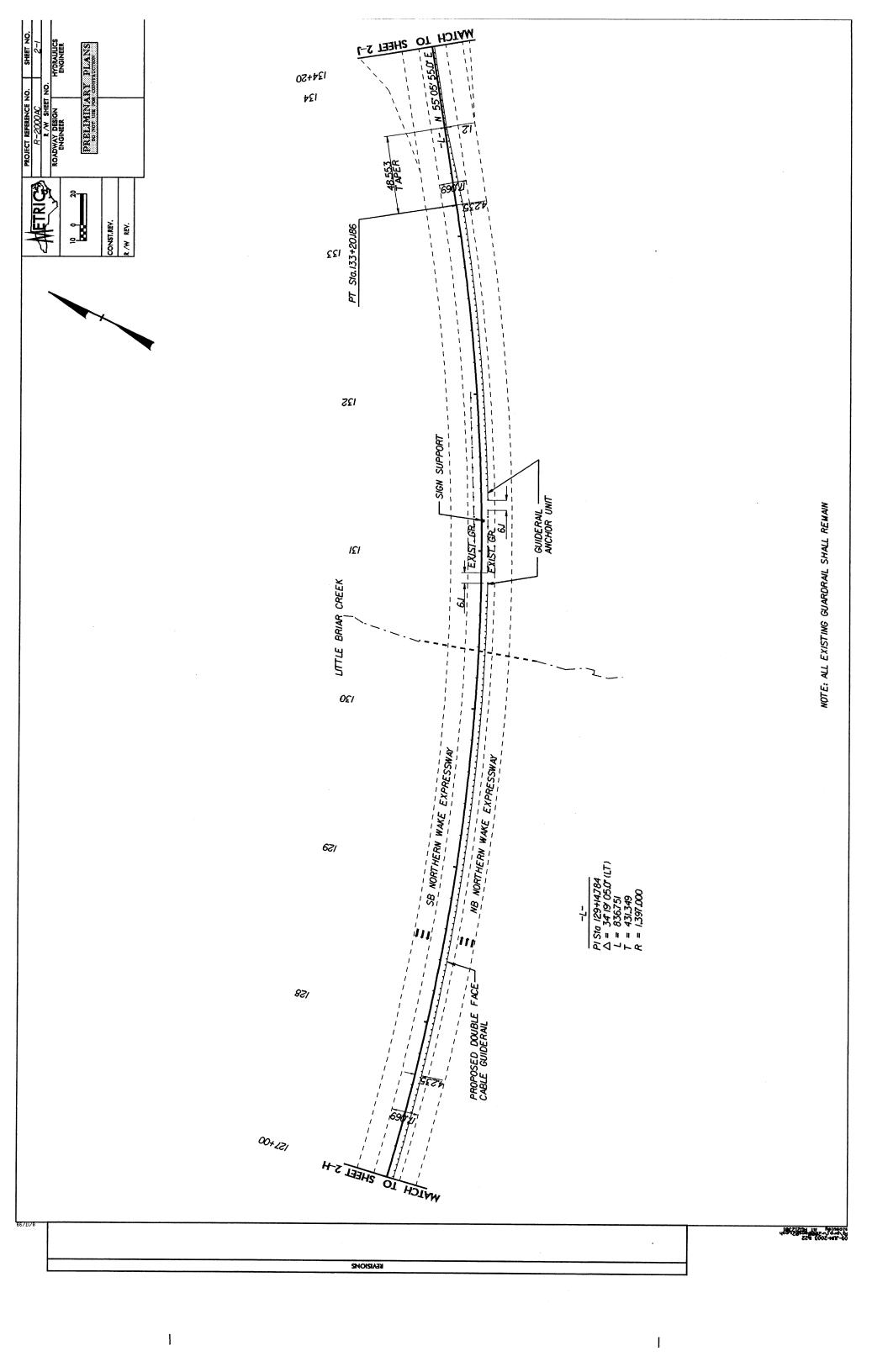


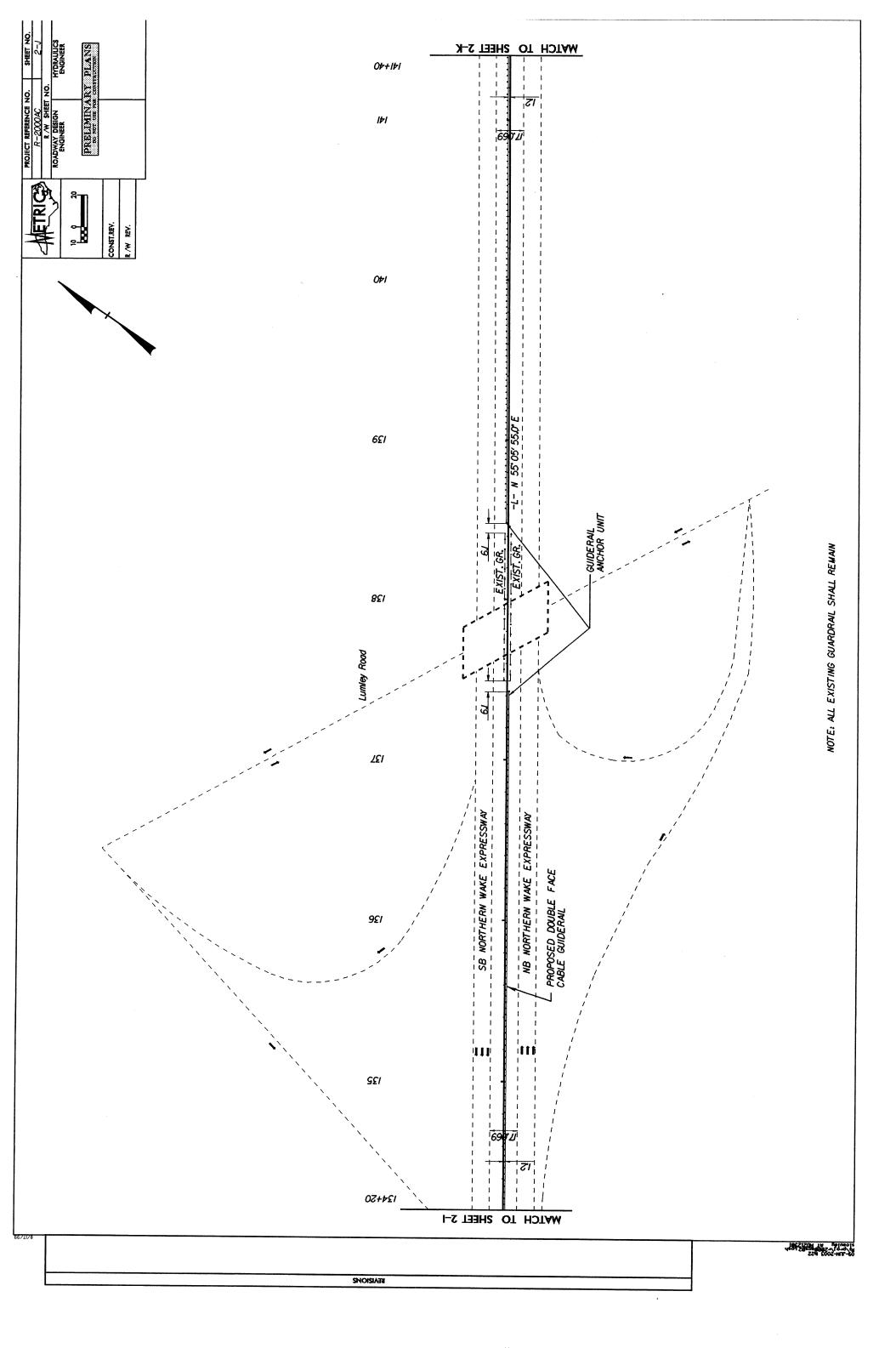


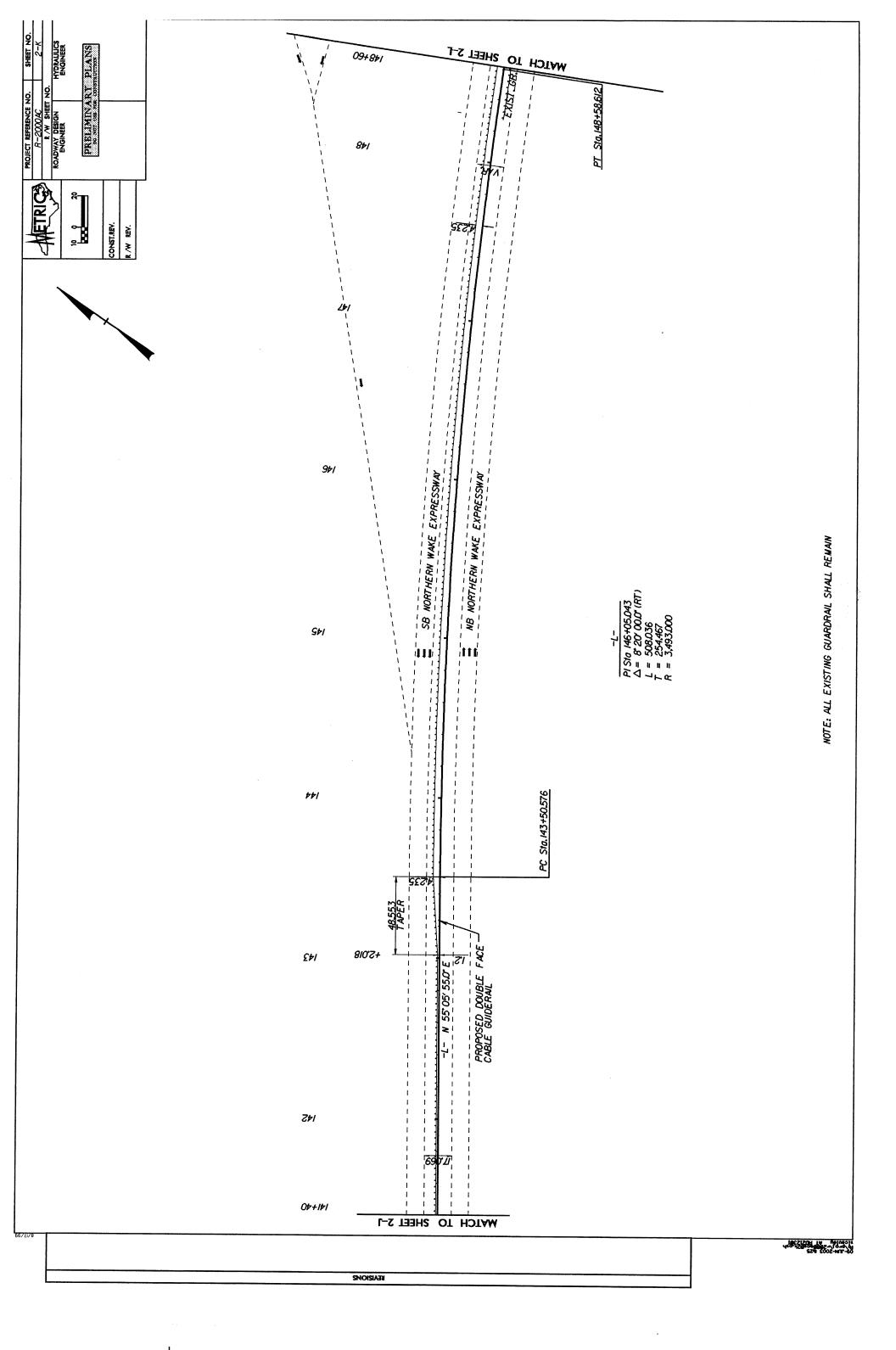




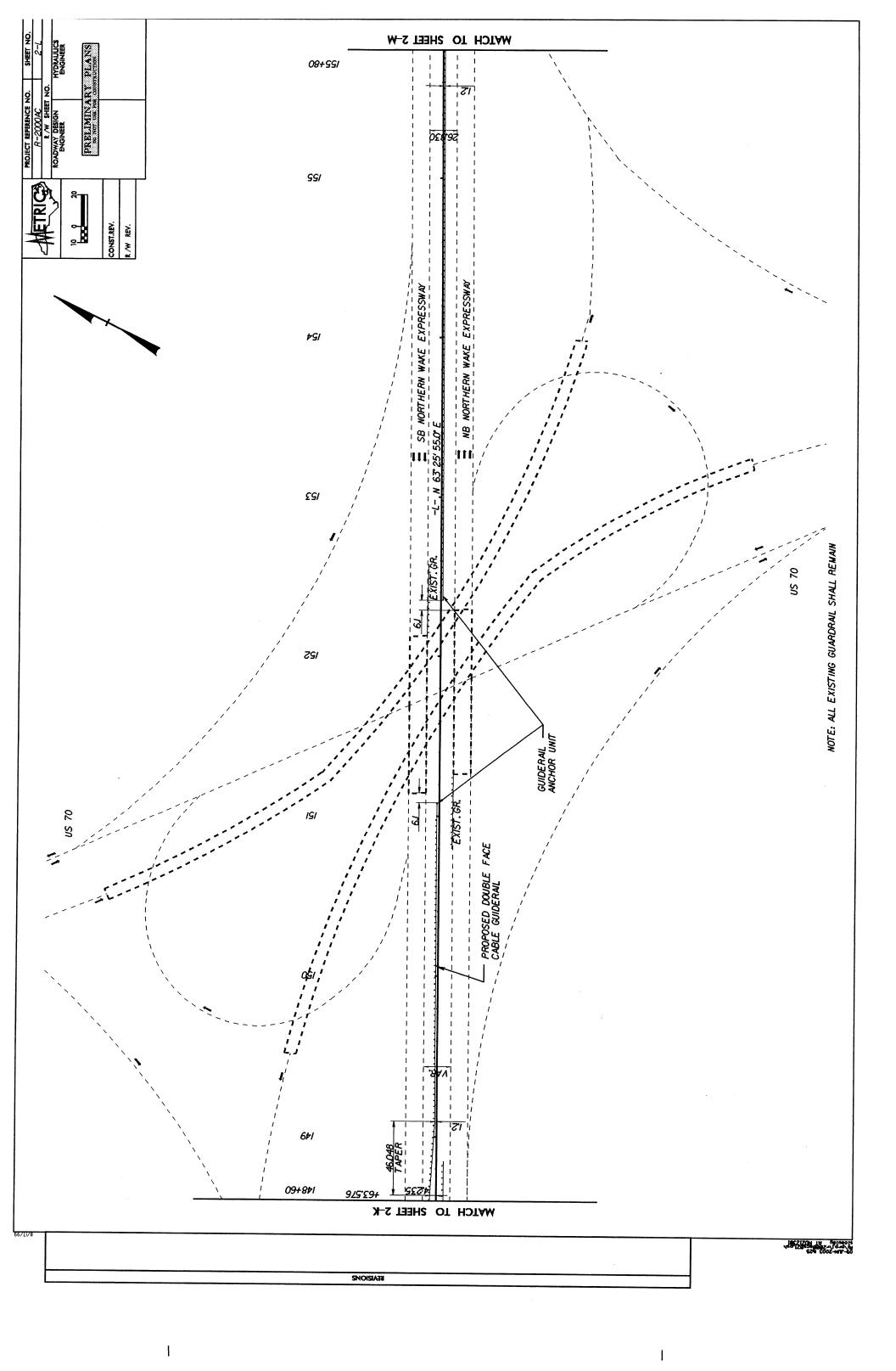


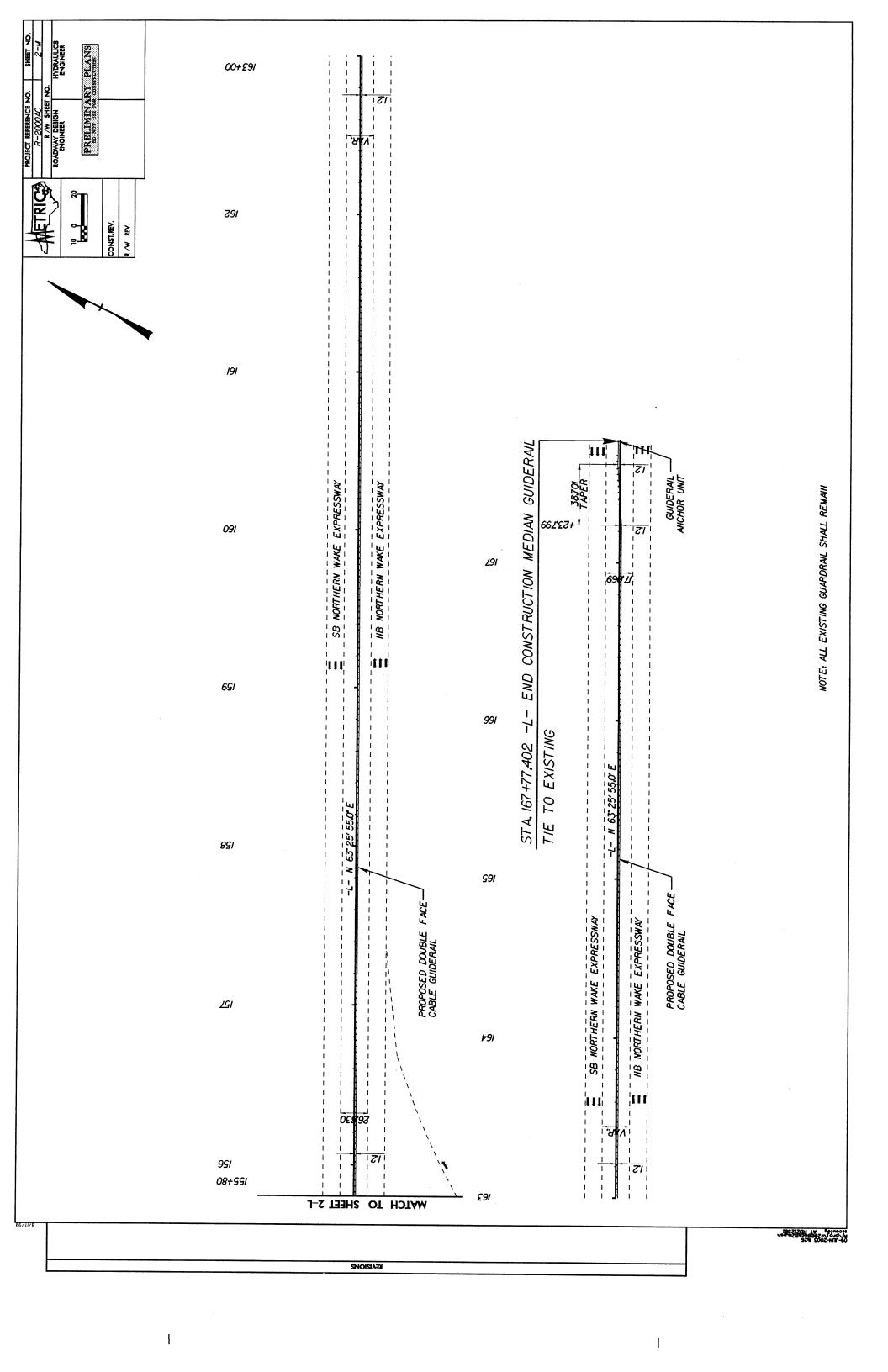


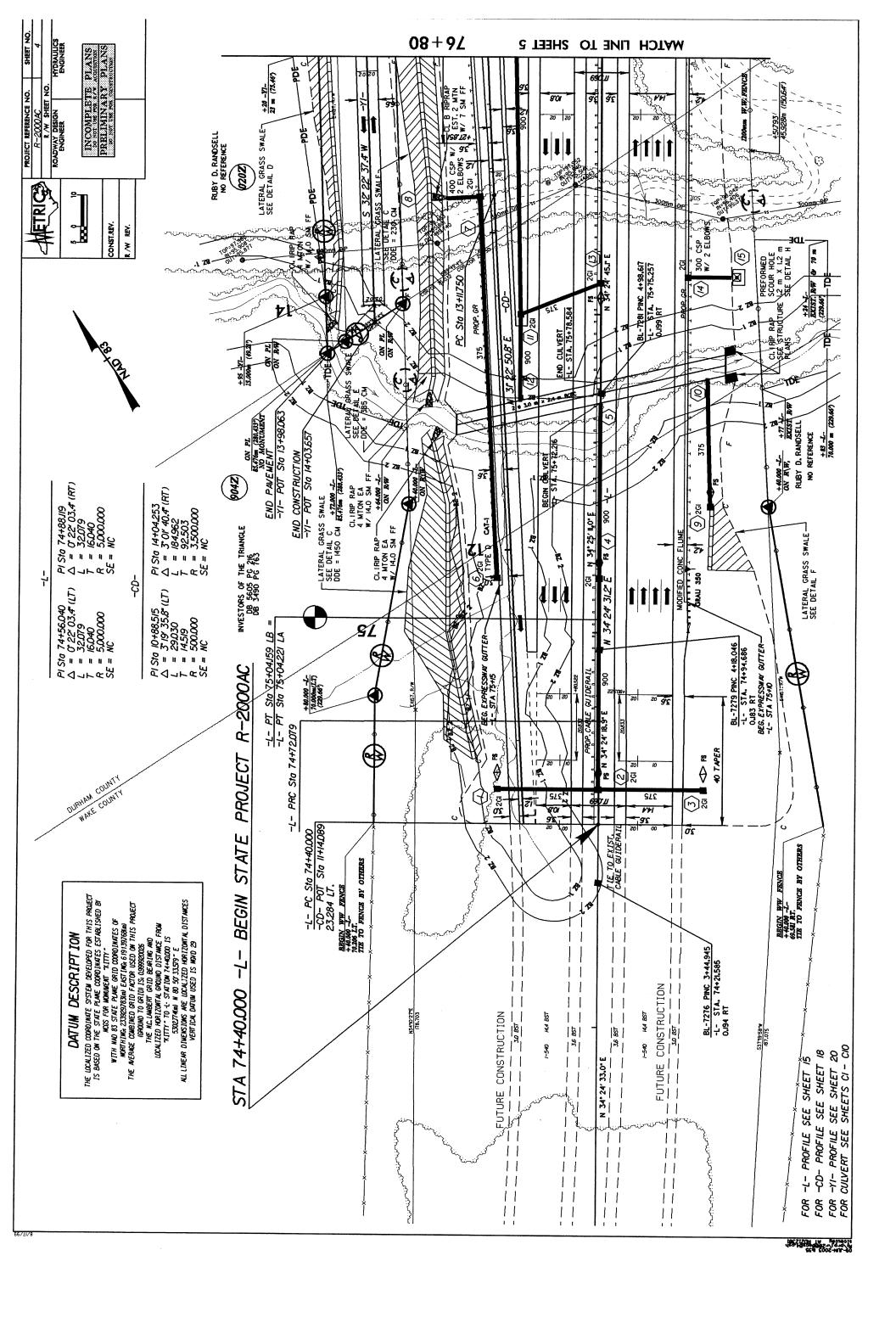


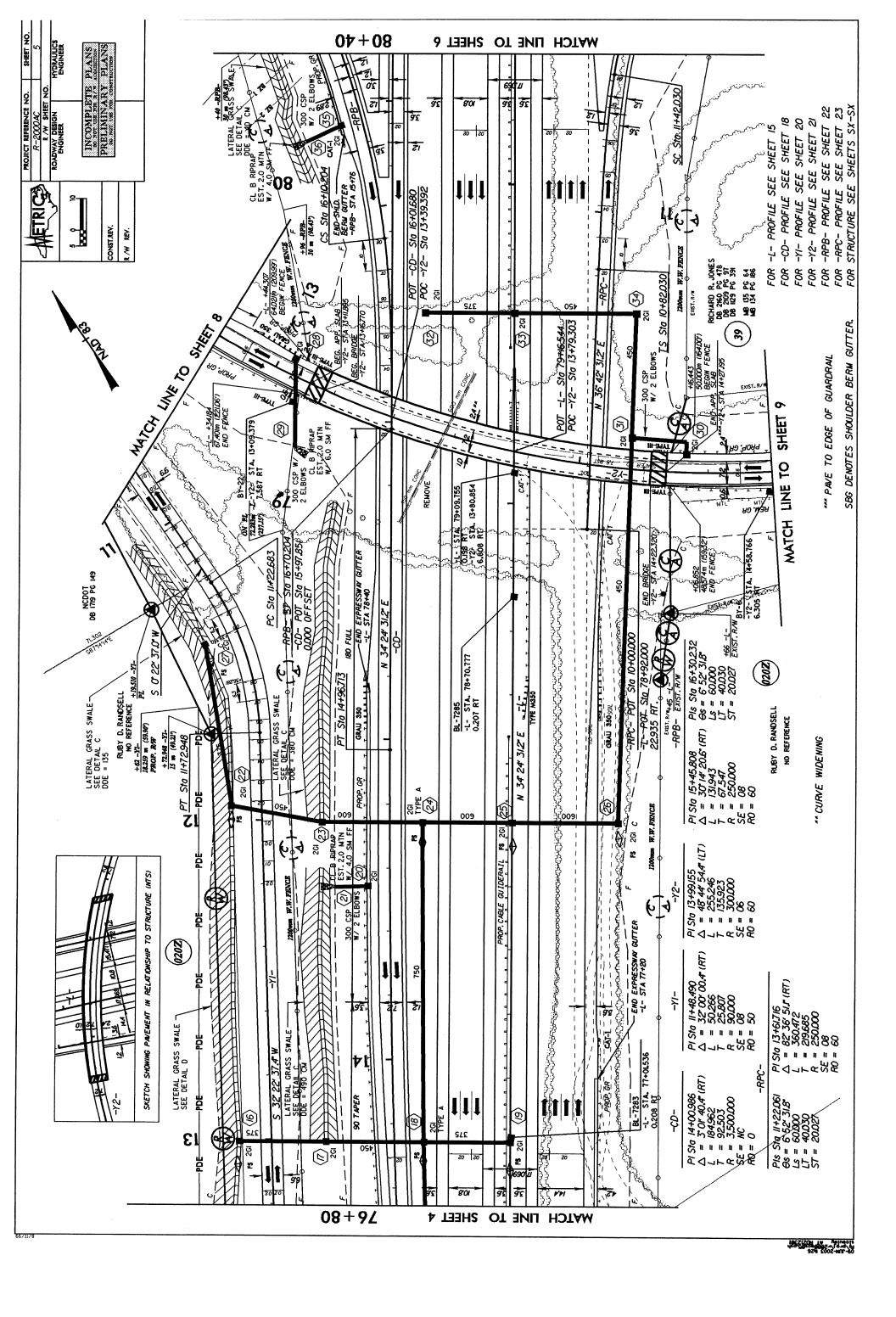


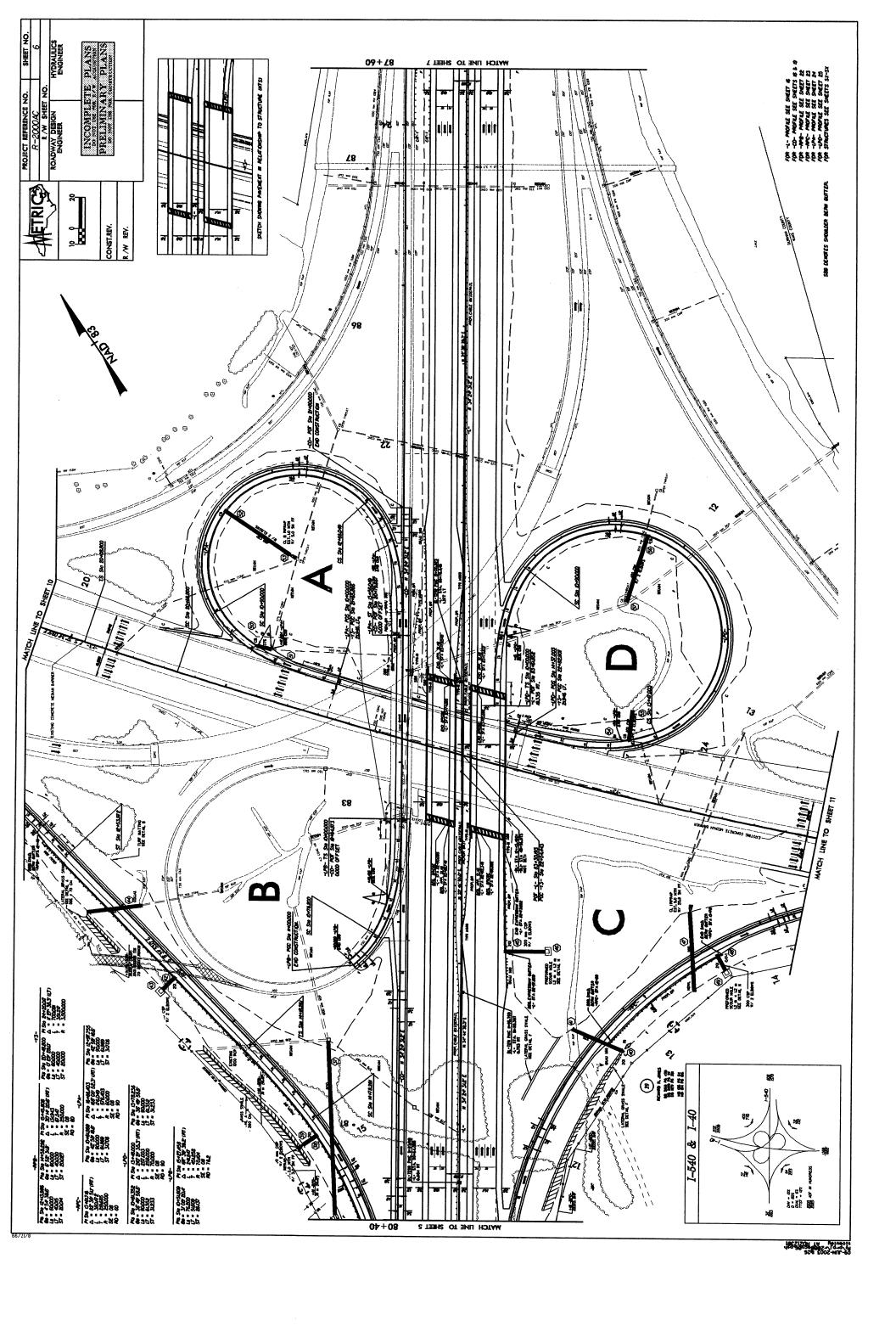
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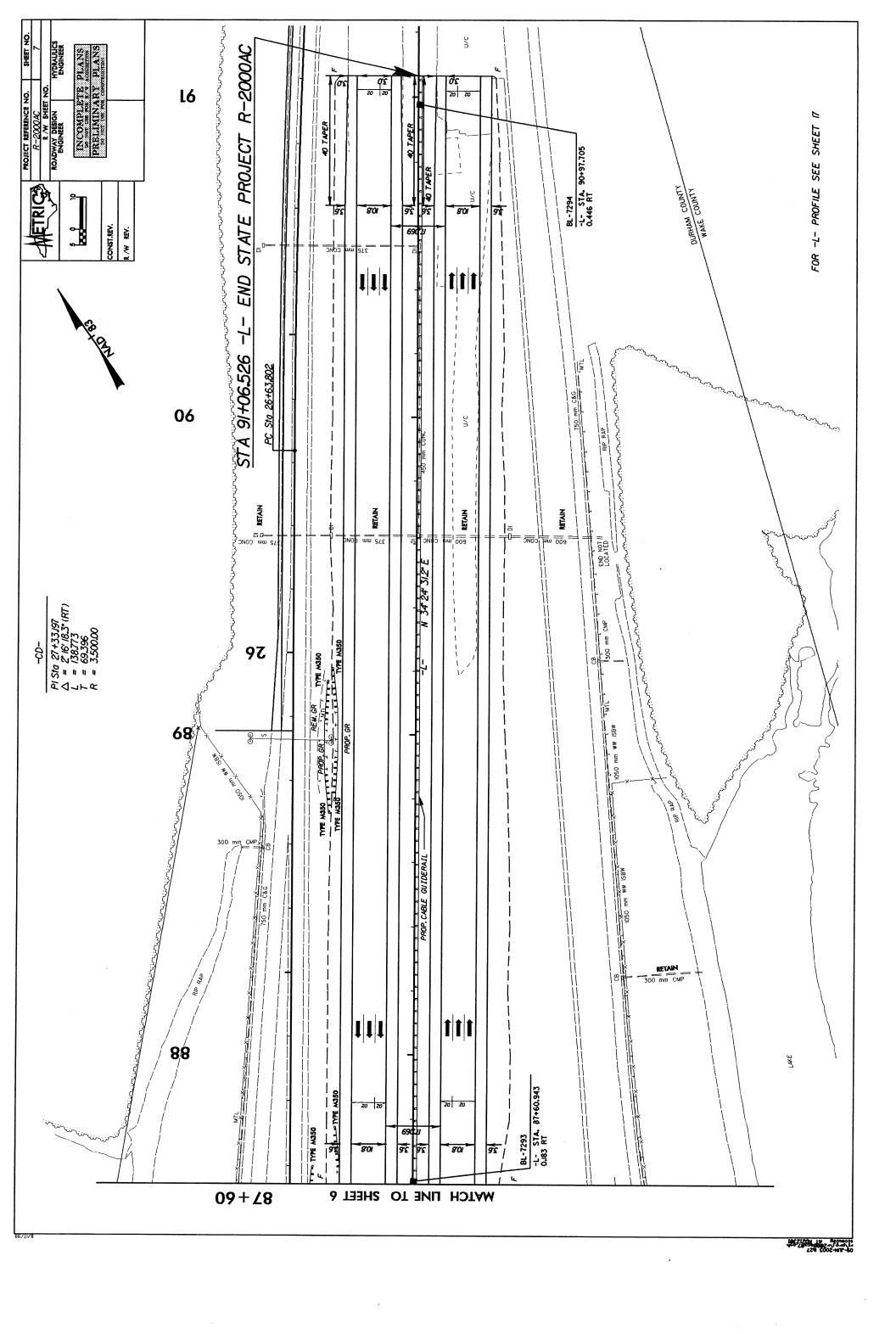




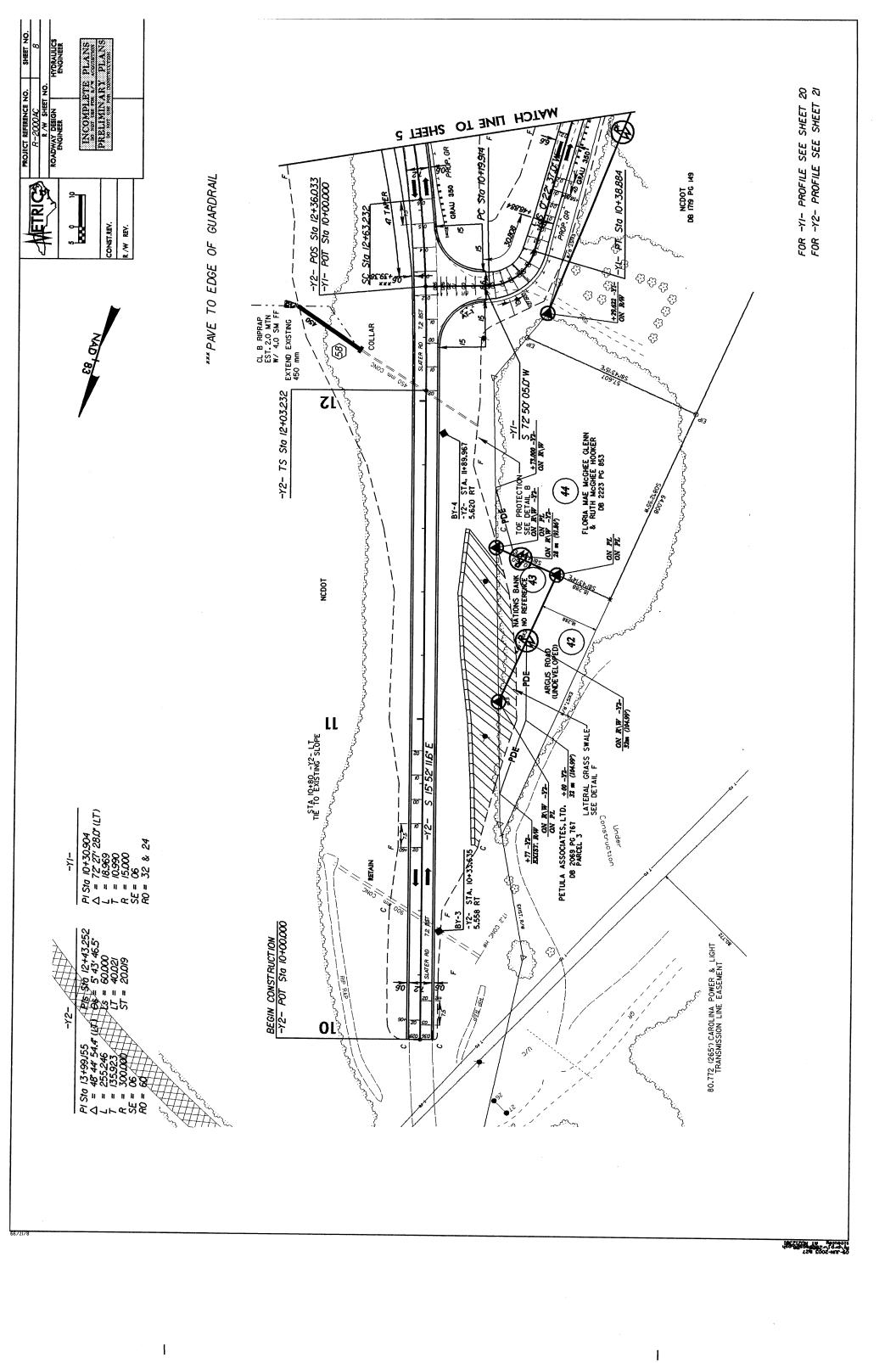


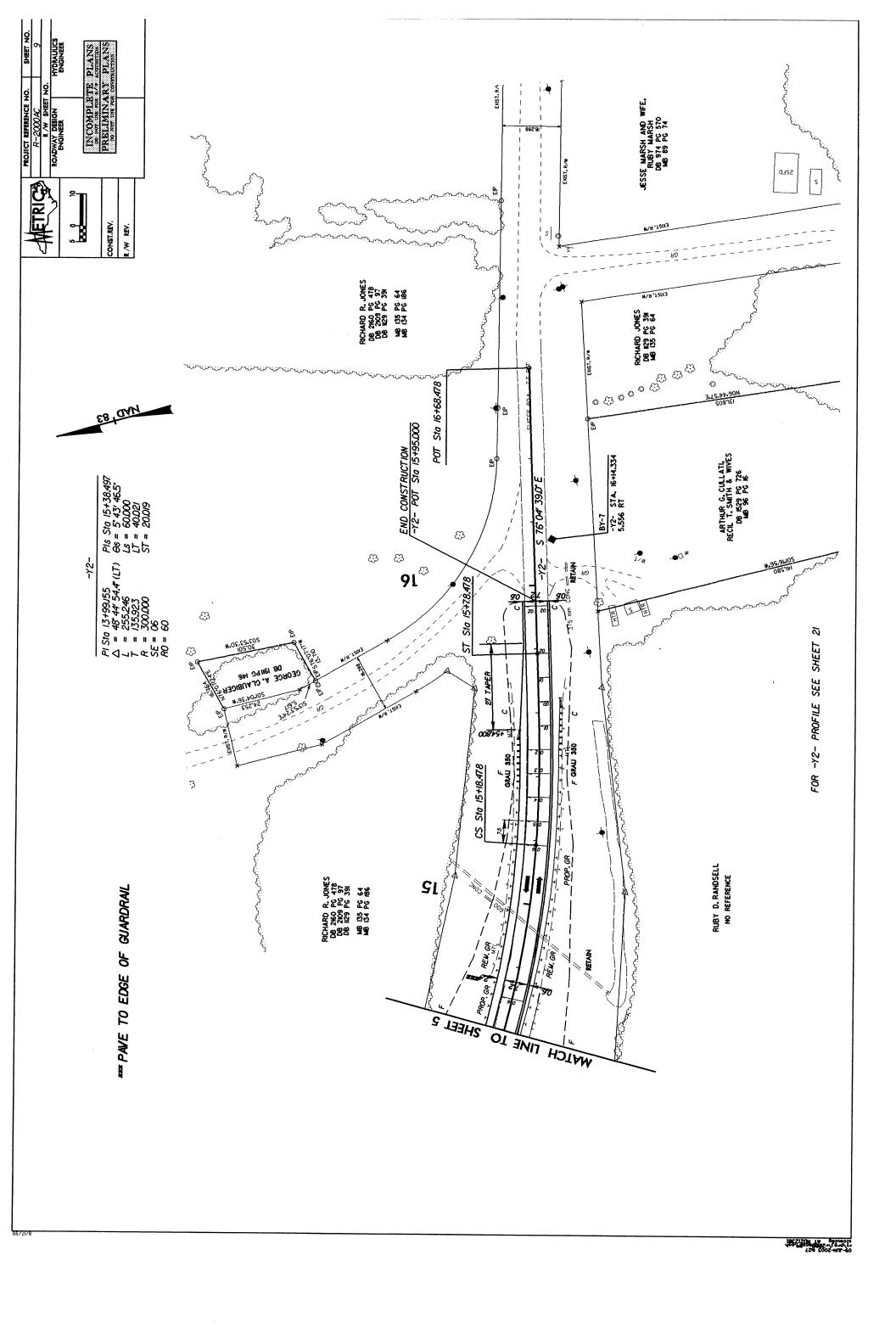


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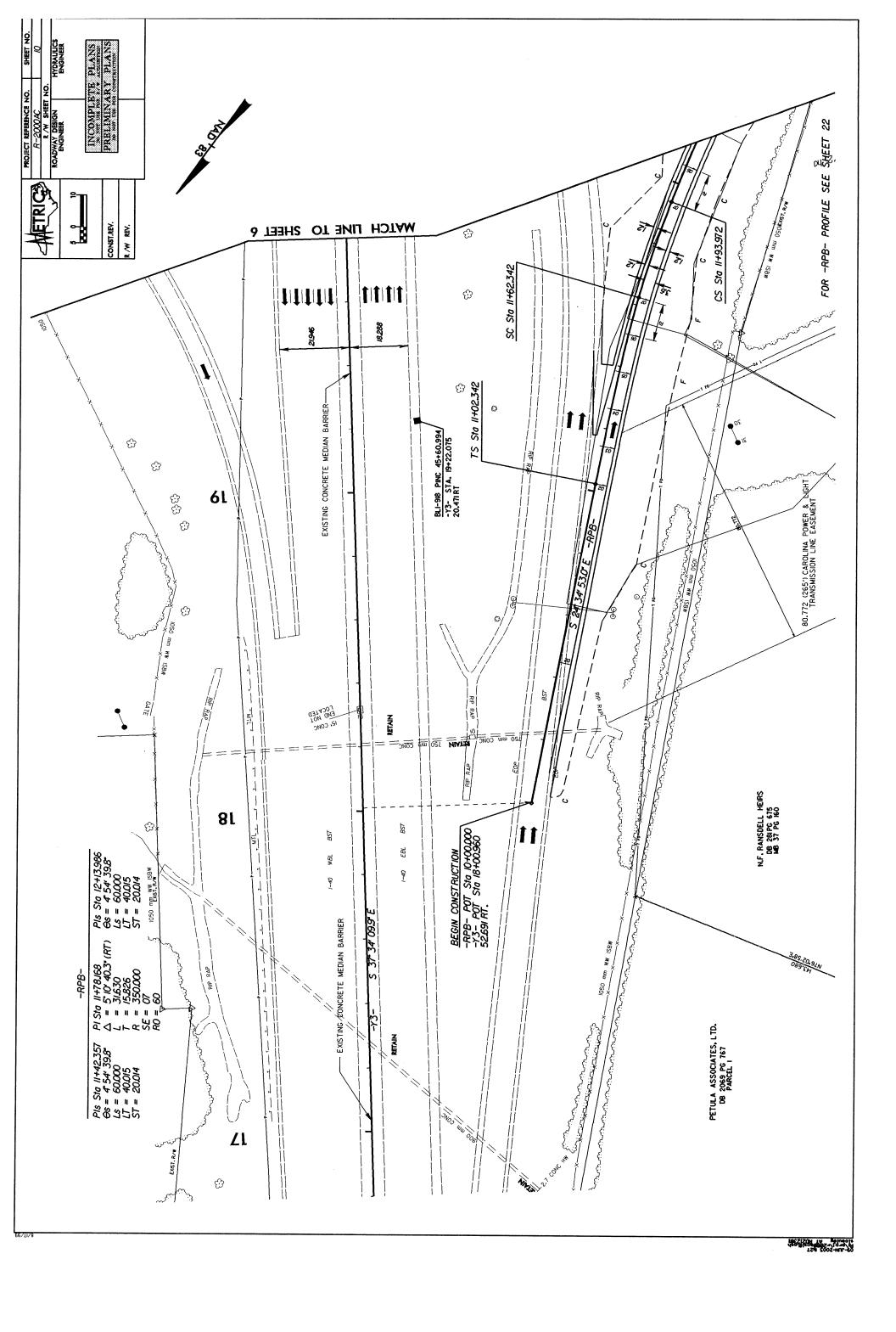


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